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SAINT MICHAEL THE ARCHANGEL

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THREE ENCOMIUMS

BY THEODOSIUS, ARCHBISHOP OF ALEXANDRIA,
SEVERUS, PATRIARCH OF ANTIOCH, AND
EUSTATHIUS, BISHOP OF TRAKE

THE COPTIC TEXTS WITH EXTRACTS FROM

ARABIC AND ETHIOPIC VERSIONS, EDITED, WITH A TRANSLATION BY

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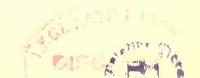
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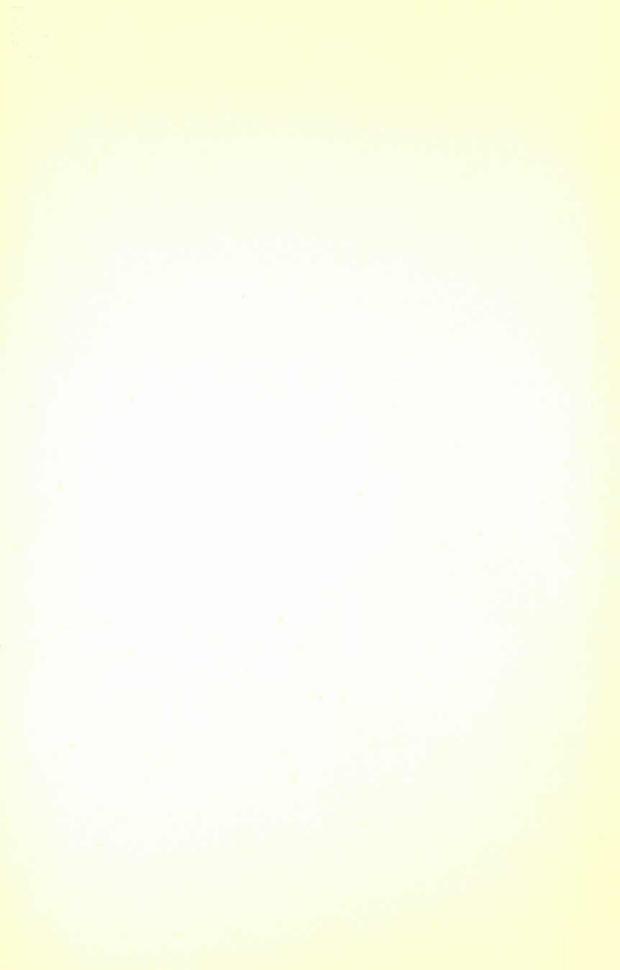
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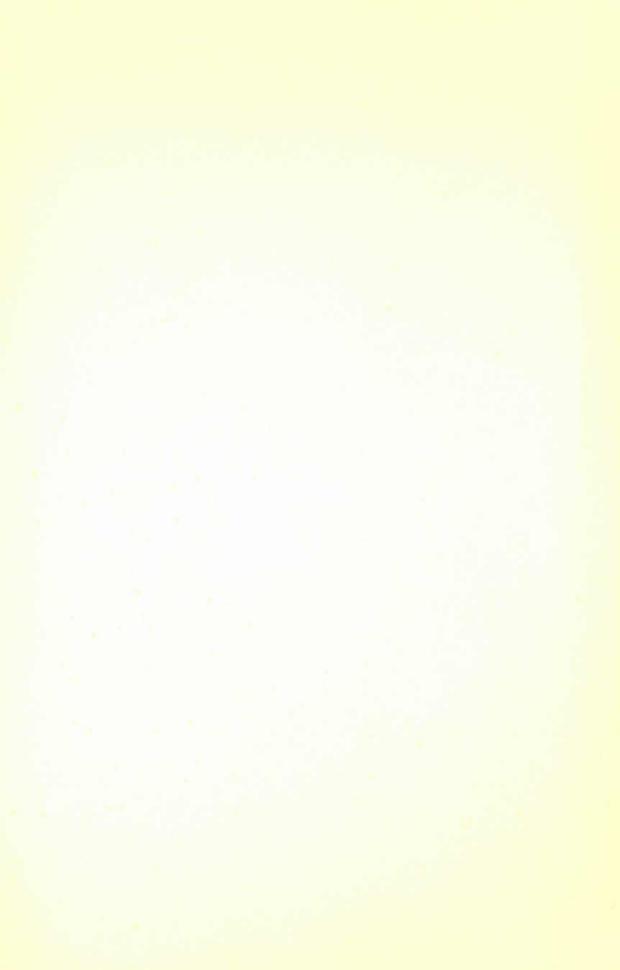






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PREFACE.

In the summer of the year 1892 I had the pleasure of showing to the Marquess of Bute, at the British Museum, a bilingual Coptic and Arabic manuscript containing three unpublished Encomiums upon Saint Michael the Archangel by Abba Theodosius, Archbishop of Alexandria, Severus of Antioch, and Eustathius, Bishop of Trake, respectively; this manuscript is the property of Lord Zouche, who was so kind as to allow me to take a complete copy of it so far back as 1885. Lord Bute enquired concerning the contents of the Encomiums, and regretted that these interesting documents were not accessible to the students of the early history and literature of Egyptian Christianity, and subsequently he undertook to defray the expenses connected with the printing of the same.

To Lord Bute we already owe a work on the Coptic Liturgy,* and it is to his help that those who occupy themselves with the Christian literature of Egypt owe the appearance of this contribution to printed Coptic texts.

There is no reason for doubting that the three Encomiums were written about the beginning of the

^{*} The Coptic Morning Service for the Lord's Day, translated into English by John, Marquess of Bute, K. T., with the original Coptic of those parts said aloud, London, 1882.

VIIth century of our era, and in them we see some of the earliest specimens of this class of Coptic literature in existence. The most ardent lover of Coptic literature must confess that the lives of Coptic saints and the Encomiums upon them are generally too full of miracles and somewhat monotonous exhortations to the listener and reader, but the Encomiums now published for the first time are interesting exceptions to the rule, for they contain narratives which are full of importance, not only for the philologist and antiquary, but also for the student of comparative folk-lore and demonology. To the Coptic texts are appended the complete narrative portions of the Arabic translation of the Encomiums, and the Ethiopic version of the Encomium upon Saint Michael by Severus of Antioch, edited from a venerable manuscript of the XVth century in the British Museum.

The Encomium by Eustathius, Bishop of Trake, is of special interest, for it supplies details concerning the making of an εἰκών of Saint Michael, and contains an extract from the Coptic version of *Physiologus*, which we now know existed. To my friend Prof. I. Guidi of Rome I am indebted for valuable assistance in reading the proof sheets of the Arabic portion of the work.

May 15. 1894.

E. A. WALLIS BUDGE.

INTRODUCTION.

The manuscript from which the Coptic texts printed in this volume are taken is the property of Lord Zouche, and was brought from Cairo by Curzon, the famous author of *Visits to Monasterics in the Levant*, London, 1849, some fifty years ago. It consists of 187 leaves of thick brownish-white paper, which now measure 115 in. by 95; the edges have been trimmed and gilded, and the book is bound in modern binding. On the inside of the front cover is written: —

"History of the wonders produced by the cabalistic "use of the name of the Archangel Michael. A very "early, and very fine Coptic Manuscript, with the Arabic "translation on the margin. It came from Cairo, and "is the finest Coptic manuscript on Paper I have seen."

Whether this is Mr. Curzon's handwriting I am unable to say.

Each page is occupied by one column of 21 lines of Coptic text, and to the right is a narrower column of Arabic which forms a version of the Coptic text; the paragraphs are short, and each begins with a capital letter. Nearly every page of the manuscript is bespattered with grease which fell from the candles, by the

(b)

light of which it was read in church on the twelfth day of the month Athôr. The quires are twenty-three in number, and are signed with letters on the top corners of the pages; twenty-one quires consist each of eight leaves, one of ten, and one of eleven. The page opposite to the first leaf inscribed with text is ornamented with a cross painted in gold, over which an intricate lace pattern in blue is traced, and bears upon it traces of inscriptions in red ink. The book is complete with the exception of a few lines of the title of the first Encomium therein, and a few lines at the end of the third or last Encomium; the titles of the Encomiums are written in red and black, and on fol. 88a are some designs in gold and blue somewhat similar to those reproduced from the Xth century Coptic MS. (Borgia Collection, No. 108) by M. Hyvernat in his splendid Album de Paléographie Copte, Paris, 1888, pl. 13. The manuscript, when finished, was carefully read by some one who made a number of alterations and corrections in the text (see foll. 14a, 31b, 43a, 48a, 506, 516, 59a, 149b &c.), who occasionally added variant readings (see fol. 696), and who added in the margins words which the scribe had omitted.

Bound up with the manuscript, at the end, is a leaf which belongs to another book which seems to have been written about the same period, and by the same scribe.

The colophon reads: —

Βεν φράν δι φιωτ νενι πωνρι νενι πίπνα ξο ογαβ όγος δι δινοογείος εςχη δενι ογμεθνού τ δι ογωτ φαι σαρ πε πενι νού τ

βεη ογμεθήμι λήση βα πιχρηστίαπος τεπογωώτ κίμος τεητωογ πας.

Αφωωπι ήχε παι ωε ή ερ φμεγί εθ нане q ήτε παι άριου ή χωμ έβολειτευ πιογαεσαενι νεω τπρομιά ή πενιωτ έτ ταιμογτ πι πατριαρχώς έθ ογαβ αββα ιωαννής πιρεσερεσιι ή νευψάχη πι μα ή εςωογ ετ ενεοτ φυ έτας ερ ογωίνι δευ πι εκκληςιά ήτε υιορθολοξος είτευ μεςςβωογί ή ππατικού εθ βεβι έβολδευ ρως πός ταχρός είχευ πες θρούος ή ελυ μηω ή ρόμπι δευ ελυ ςμογ ή είρηνικού τεςαίτευ ή εώπωα ή πεςςμογ.

EBODZITEN OYCZINI N MAKAPIÀ N MAI XPC N MAI APATH N MAI TPOCOPOPÀ N MAI WEMMO N MAI T EO NANEQ NIBEN ACOAMIOQ ÈBODDEN TEQZIN DICI NI MHI EY EP OMEYÌ NAC EOBE TOYZAI N TEC UYXH DA T ZIZ N OYCZIMI OY MAI NOYT EYMOYT È TEC-PAN XE MEDOX OYOZ ACTHIQ N TÀRIÀ N [E]KKHCIÀ NTE TIAPXHARTEDOC ÈO OYAB MHXAHD PAC ED DADIZ

CA DHE N BABYNON.

Πός ιης πχς πιαληθινός ѝ μογή εq εδι ѝτες θγειὰ ѝ τοτ ς ѝ фрηή έτας ωωπ έρος ѝ πιχωρον ѝτες αβελ πιθωμι μεμ ήθγειὰ ѝτε πεν ιωτ αβραλη μεμ πισθοι ѝ ογςι ѝτε ζαχαριας πιογηβ μεμ ή τεβι ενογή ѝτε †χηρα ѝτες αρες ὲ πεκων ѝ γαμ μης ѝ ρομπι έβολγα πιραςμός νιβεν ογος έφωπ αςωανὶ έβολθεν εωμα ѝ φρηή ѝ ρωμι μιβεν ѝτε πιαρχημαγελος ὲθο ογαβ μηχαμλ τωβς ѝ ποδ ѝτες χα νεςνοβι νας έβολ ογος ѝτες ὸν πισμος μεν κεν ς ѝ νενιοή ἐθο ογαβ αβραλη νενι όλκωβ ζεν πιπαρχημαγελος ὸν ογαβ αβραλη νενι όλκωβ χεν πιπαρχημαγελος ὸν ογαβ αβραλη νενι όλκωβ χεν πιπαρχημαγελος ὰν ογαβ αβραλη και το κατά το

ραδίσος ήτε πογήος δεή θμετογρό ήτε μιφηογί λήμη έσεωωπι λας μίβεη εθ μάδος σε λήμη εξεδί κατα πίσηος λήμη.

пезоот фан сот тыплан в прке.

"In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the "Holy Spirit, the Holy and Consubstantial Trinity, which "existeth in One Godhead; this in very truth is our "God, and we Christians worship it and glorify it.

"This copy of this holy book, a memorial of good, "was written by the command and by the care of our "glorious father, the holy Patriarch, Abba John," the "governor of our souls, the shepherd whom we reve-"rence, who illumineth the churches of the orthodox by "means of the spiritual instruction which poureth from "his mouth (may God confirm him upon his seat for "many years of peaceful time, and may He make us "worthy of his blessing!), by a blessed woman, who "loved Christ, who loved [to make] alms and oblations, "who loved strangers, and who loved all things that "were good, and she by the God-loving woman, whose "name is called Melokh, had it made by her own true "labour that it might be a memorial for her for the sal-"vation of her soul, and she gave it to the holy church "of the holy Archangel Michael at Râs el-Khalîj, to the

^{*} I. e., Yûnas ibn Ali Ghàlib, who sat from A. D. 1189—1216; see Renaudot, Historia Patriarcharum Alexandrinorum, p. 554; Wansleb, Histoire de l'Église d'Alexandrie, p. 325; Malan, A Short History of the Copts, p. 95; and Le Quien, Oriens Christianus, tom. ii. p. 488.

² I. e., راس الخليج "the head of the canal," which is often

"south of Babylon." May the Lord Jesus Christ, the true "God, receive her offering from her hand, even as He "received the gifts of Abel² the righteous man, and of "our father Abraham," and the incense of Zacharias⁴ the

"the great canal," الخليج الكبير "the canal of Misr," خليج مصر "the great canal," and خليج امير المرمنين "the canal of the Commander of the Faithful." This canal is said to have been dug by 'Amr ibn el-'Asi, A. H. 23, and it is supplied with water from the narrow arm of the Nile which flows to the east of the Island of Rôda; the mouth of it is situated a little to the N. W. of Old Cairo, and it lies due west of the Christian cemeteries and "mounds of rubbish" which are found to the south of the modern city of Cairo. Following a course more north than east, it runs through the entire city, and an authority quoted by Yakut says that it من النيل الى ببحر) formerly extended as far as the Gulf of Suez and that ships sailed upon it carrying food to Mecca and Medîna. See Dozy, Supplément, tom. i. p. 389. col. 2; Wüstenfeld, Yakût, tom. ii. p. 466, at the top. For native explanations of خليع see Kâmûs, ed. Bûlâk, vol. i. p. ١٨٥; and for the descriptions of the buildings at Fûm el-Khalîj, see Baedeker, Lower Egypt, p. 304.

* As M. Amélineau has pointed out (La Géographie de l'Égypte, p. 551), the use of the name Babylon here is somewhat loose, and the writer has clearly identified Babylon with Old Cairo. In the list of churches in Masr given by Ibn Dakmâk in his كتاب الانتصار لواسطة عقد الامعار ed. Bûlâk, ۱۸۹۳, p. ۱۰۷ the church of St. Michael is said to be situated "to the south of Masr, opposite to the pool in the neighbourhood of the mosque" كنيسة ميكائيل هذه الكنيسة بظاهر مصر قبالة بركه الشعبية بجوار); and Makrîzî, ed. Bûlâk, vol. i. p. ٥١٧, says that there was a church of Michael "near the Khalîj of the Beni Wa'il, at the southern exit of the city of Miṣr" عند خليج بني رائل خارج مدينة مدينة

Genesis iv. 4. Genesis xv. 9. St. Luke i. 9.

"priest, and the two mites of the widow," and may He "guard her life from all temptation for many years; and "when she shall go forth from the body, after the "manner of all men, may the holy Archangel Michael "pray unto God that He may forgive her her sins, "that He may write her name in the Book of Life, and "that He may make her to lie down with all the saints "in the bosom of our holy father Abraham, with Isaac "and Jacob in the Paradise of joy in the kingdom of "the heavens; Amen, so let it be! And every tongue "which sayeth Amen shall receive according to the bless-"ing, Amen.

"The seventh day of Paôni,² in the nine hundred "and twenty-sixth year of the Era of the Martyrs" (i. c., A. D. 1210)."

The volume comprises: —

- 1. The Encomium upon Saint Michael by Theodosius, Archbishop of Alexandria, foll. 1—86.
- II. The Encomium upon Saint Michael by Severus, Patriarch and Archbishop of Antioch, foll. 87 —127.
- III. The Encomium upon Saint Michael by Eustathius, Bishop of Trakê, foll. 128—187.

The principal contents of these Encomiums may be summarized as follows:—

¹ St. Mark xii. 42; St. Luke xxi. 2. ² I. e., June 1.

I. THE ENCOMIUM OF THEODOSIUS."

After a declaration of his absolute reliance upon God, "Who openeth the door of speech of every man," and Christ and Saint Michael, Theodosius begs his hearers to assist him in undertaking to write an Encomium upon Saint Michael. He likens himself to an unskilled sailor who, having stored his all in a frail bark, intends to set out to sail over the great ocean, but his boat is not strong enough to withstand the buffetings of the waves, his merchandise is of little or no value, and is not worth committing to the care of the merchants who sail in great ships; he fears to leave the harbour wherein lies his little craft, lest, having launched out into the deep, and being ignorant of the mariner's art, his boat be swamped, and he lose not only his boat and its load, but also his life. He next explains that the boat is his own flesh, which he cannot govern, and that the sailor is his ignorant heart, and that the Holy Scriptures are the knowledge of celestial seamanship; nevertheless as his hearers insist upon his doing so he will attempt to speak concerning the incorporeal and luminous commander of the hosts of heaven, the advocate of man before God, Saint Michael the Archangel. Referring to other encomiums2 which

¹ Probably the Jacobite Patriarch of Alexandria, who ascended the patriarchal throne A. D. 536; see Le Quien, *Oriens Christianus*, ii. col. 430; Gibbon, *Decline and Fall*, Chap. 47.

² For a Coptic sermon on the Assumption, which was pronounced on the xvith day of the month Mesore, see Zoega, *Catalogus Codicum Copticorum*, Romae, 1810, p. 94; and for

he had written upon the season of the new year, and upon the festivals, and upon Saint John the Baptist, he declares his intention of speaking once again on the occasion of the festival of Saint Michael.

According to Theodosius Michael is, after Christ, the chief of those who feast in the Palace of the heavenly kingdom, and there he sits surrounded by Adam, Seth, Enoch, Methuselah, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Moses, Aaron, Joshua, Gideon, Barak, Samson, Jephthah, David, Solomon, Ezekiel, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ananias, Azarias, Misael, Elijah, Elisha, John the Baptist, the Twelve Apostles, and the armies of the saints and martyrs; in the same place are the Angels, Archangels, Cherubim, Seraphim, Thrones, Divinities, and Powers. The feast is made ready, and Theodosius, going to each of the Patriarchs, Prophets, and Apostles, asks him if he doth not rejoice on the day of the festival of Michael; each of these calls to remembrance some tribulation from which he was delivered by the Archangel Michael, and declares the joy with which he celebrates the festival. Michael entreated God to forgive Adam, he carried Abel's sacrifice up to God, he nourished Seth when his mother's milk failed, he took Methuselah's prayers up to God, he guided Noah's ark, together with Gabriel he ate with Abraham under the tree of Mamre, he took the knife from Abraham's hand when he was about to slay Isaac, he fixed Jacob's wages

works of his extant in Syriac see Wright, Cat. Syr. MSS. in the British Museum, iii. p. 1329, col. 2; Assemânî, B. O., ii. 80; and Zotenberg, Catalogue, p. 27.

¹ When Abraham bound Isaac, "Michael, the high-priest above,

in Mesopotamia, he caused Joseph to be made ruler of Egypt, he led the Israelites' under Moses' and Aaron unto the promised land, he helped Gideon to war against Midian, he gave Samson to his parents, he helped Solomon's to build the temple, he slew 185,000 Assyrians, he comforted Isaiah and Jeremiah in their

bound Gabriel," מיכאל כהן גדול של מעלה עקדו לגבריאל; see Eisenmenger, Entdecktes Judenthum, Bd. i. p. 816.

י Michael is essentially the angel of the Jews, who derive his name, מיכאל, from מי במוכה באלהים in the passages מי כמוכה באלהים (Exodus xv. 11) and אין כאל ישרון (Deuteronomy xxxiii. 26). He is one of the four angels (Michael, Gabriel, Uriel and Raphael) who stand round God's throne, and his position is at His right hand; he is God's banner-bearer. The seventy nations of the world have each a prince like Michael, and these princes are their gods; but Michael acts only under the orders and direction of אלהים, Who taketh care for Israel. Michael is often associated with Gabriel, and together with him set fire to the Temple in Jerusalem; he is the prince of the Jews, and the "governor of Jerusalem," and at the coming of the Messiah it is he who will blow the trumpet. See Daniel x. 13, 21; xii. 1; Buxtorf (ed. Fisher), p. 609; and Eisenmenger, Entdecktes Judenthum, Bd. i. pp. 850–853; ii. pp. 383, 713.

² Michael is said to have been the teacher of Moses, and also was his teacher; now by taking the numerical values of the letters forming these names we have:

מיכאל
$$= 40+10+20+1+30 = 101$$

 $= 30+1+3+7+50+3+7 = 101$

See Eisenmenger, Entdecktes Judenthum, Bd. i. p. 858; ii. 375.

³ On the day when Solomon married Pharaoh's daughter, Michael the great prince came down from heaven and set a great reed in the sea; round about this reed a forest sprang up, and on this spot was the city of Rome built. See Eisenmenger, Entdecktes Judenthum, Bd. i. p. 736.

affliction, he shut the lions' mouths for Daniel, he rolled the stone from the sepulchre wherein Christ had lain, he cooled the furnace for the Three Children, and he strengthened every saint and martyr to endure affliction and torture. To this great Archangel Theodosius exhorts his hearers to make offerings, and these he will present unto God, and deliver the donors thereof from everlasting punishment. Whatsoever a man giveth unto Michael will be returned unto him two-fold in this world, and God will shew mercy unto him in His kingdom. That his hearers may have no doubt about the ready help of Michael, Theodosius narrates what he did for the pious Dorotheos, and his wife Theopisthe, in a time of great trouble and affliction.

Dorotheos and Theopisthe lived in the city of Senahor, where they possessed much land, and flocks and herds, and great wealth; they were devout Christians, and loved the Archangel Michael, and on the eleventh day of each month they sent large gifts and wine to his church, that his festival might be celebrated on the morrow with due pomp and reverence. After they had visited the church on the day of the festival, it was their custom to entertain the poor, and the maimed, and the halt, and the blind, and the destitute, and to feed them with food and wine, and this they did until their name spread throughout the whole land of Egypt. After a time it fell out that no rain came upon the

Tor cγηζωρι, Arab. ,..., a city in the Delta at no great distance from Saïs; see Amelineau, La Géographie de l'Égypte, Paris, 1893, p. 415f.

earth, and that for three years in succession the waters of the Nile did not rise to their usual height; many people died, and the cattle perished of thirst. During two of these years Dorotheos and his wife continued to give alms and oblations as usual, but when the third drew nigh they found that all their cattle were dead, with the exception of a single sheep; moreover, all their stores had come to an end, and they had no wearing apparel left except the dress in which they were wont to celebrate the Sacrament. Having sacrificed their last sheep on the eleventh day of Paôpi (i. e., October 8), they had nothing left wherewith to celebrate the annual festival of Saint Michael which took place on the twelfth day of Athor (i. e., November 8), and in these straits Dorotheos determined to sell his own and his wife's apparel that he might obtain the wherewithal to buy a sheep. He exchanged his own festal garments for corn, but the shepherd to whom he went refused to give him a sheep of the value of one third of a dînâr in exchange for Theopisthe's silken dress, on the ground that no one in his house wore anything but woollen garments. When Dorotheos had left him and was walking along the road sadly, he met a general riding upon a white horse, and accompanied by soldiers, who asked him why he was thus carrying his wife's garments; he explained to him that a great man had come to visit him, and that he had no money to buy a sheep to slay in his honour, and that he was going to sell his wife's garments to buy one. The general, who was, of

¹ The dînâr was worth about ten shillings in English money.

course, Michael, promised to obtain a sheep for him if he would receive him and his company into his house, and Dorotheos having gladly undertaken to do this, the general sent a soldier to the shepherd for a sheep of the value of a third of a dînâr. Next the general sent a soldier to the fish market for a fish, also of the value of a third of a dînâr, and when he had brought it, the company moved on to the house of Dorotheos. Having arrived at the door the general knocked and was admitted by Theopisthe, who bade him welcome on Saint Michael's day, and who looked upon the sheep and the fish in glad surprise; the general gave orders that the sheep should be killed, but commanded them not to touch the fish until he had himself done what he wished with it. The happy husband and wife made ready cushions whereon the general was to recline, they had the sheep killed, and did all in their power to make their house fit to receive the general, who they thought to be a local governor. Now when Dorotheos went into the winecellar to bring out what little wine was left, he found it filled with vessels of wine up to the very door; and when he went to the place where the oil was kept for food and anointing purposes, he found there seven jars filled with oil to the very brim, and other vessels which contained butter, cheese, vinegar, and every other household necessary. And when he and his wife had gone into their bed-chamber they found a chest filled with richer and more goodly raiment than that which they had worn at their wedding. Out of their newly gotten abundance they prepared a great feast, and laid the tables for the brethren, they arrayed

themselves in rich apparel, and went into the church of the Archangel Michael, and partook of the Mysteries, and knelt down before the image of the saint, and offered up prayer and thanksgiving for the great thing which had been done for them.

Soon after they had returned to their house the general and his soldiers arrived, and when he had taken his seat, he asked for the fish, and told Dorotheos to open it; when this had been done he took out the maw, which was very large, and found therein a bundle sealed with seals. The general took the bundle, and opened it, found it full of gold money, and when it had been counted there were found to be three hundred golden dananir, and three small pieces each of the value of a third of a dînâr; these he gave to Dorotheos and told him to give one third of a dînâr to the shepherd, another to the fishmonger, and another to the man from whom he had obtained corn in exchange for his own garments, and to keep the three hundred danânîr as an earnest of what should yet be given unto them. When Dorotheos protested against receiving all this great gift, the general shewed him who he was, and told them that all the gifts which they had made unto the Archangel Michael had been made unto himself, for he himself was Michael. What he had given them was only the interest upon the capital which was laid up for them with God in the heavenly Jerusalem; having thus spoken he went up

^{*} I. c., about one hundred and fifty pounds in English money.

into heaven. With exhortations to a godly life and almsgiving Theodosius brings his Encomium to an end.

II. THE ENCOMIUM¹ OF SEVERUS, PATRIARCH OF ANTIOCH.²

This Encomium was pronounced on the day of the festival of Saint Michael, which happened to fall upon a Sunday. After a series of quotations from the Psalms and Saint Matthew's Gospel, Severus proceeds to tell the story of Ketsôn the merchant, and of his conversion from Paganism to Christianity. Ketsôn was a native of Entikê, and was a very rich merchant, who on one occasion loaded a ship with his wares and sailed to Kalônia; he arrived on the first day of Athôr, and stayed there and sold his merchandise. On the eleventh day of Athôr he saw men draping the shrine of Saint Michael with cloth, and crowning it with lanterns, and he tarried there to see what would be the end of the matter; in the evening men lit the lamps and sang hymns, and Ketsôn determined to pass the night by the door of the shrine to

¹ The Ethiopic version of this Encomium printed on pp.294—216 is taken from Brit. Mus. MS. Orient. No. 691, foll. 156a—170a; see Wright, Catalogue of the Ethiopic MSS. in the British Museum, p. 163. For a French version of the Coptic text see Amélineau, Contes et Romans, tom. i. p. 85.

² He sat from A. D. 512–519. For lists of his works see Wright, *Catalogue of the Syriac MSS. in the British Museum*, pp. 1322–1324: Assemânî, *B. O.*, ii. pp. 46, 80, 96, 120, 126, 158, 205, 283, 298; Zotenberg, *Catalogue*, pp. 27, 37, 64, 123; Cave, *Hist. Lit.*, tom. i. p. 499 ff; and Fabricius, *Bibl. Grace.* tom. x. p. 614 ff.

see what would take place therein. When the night had come the clergy and the congregation performed the service, and in the morning Ketson set out to visit two Christians of his acquaintance, and to ask them the meaning of what he had seen. When he had heard from them of Saint Michael's power, he asked them where he could find him, for he wished to ask him to deliver him from evil, but they told him that he could only see Michael when he had become a Christian: Ketsôn promised to give each of them money if they would help him to become a Christian, and they agreed to take him to the Bishop to be baptized. On the morrow the three men went to the Bishop, who asked the stranger whence he came, what god he worshipped, and if he had a wife and family; and when he learned that Ketsôn had a wife and family in his native town, he sent him away to persuade his wife to become a Christian, lest, being baptized without her knowledge, she should cause him to apostatize. During the return of Ketsôn by sea to his native city the Devil raised up a mighty storm which well-nigh swamped the ship, but when he had cried out to Christ, the winds sank to rest, and the waves went down, and he arrived at home in safety; his wife decided to become a Christian without any hesitation, and having made all ready they set out for Kalônia. And when they had returned to

The Arabic version reads, "I will give to you a *dînâr* apiece"; **KOT NOMICMA** must then mean some coin like a *dînâr*, or of that value.

the Bishop he baptized Ketsôn, and his wife, and their four sons, giving them the names of Matthew, Irene, John, Stephen, Joseph and Daniel. Ketsôn tarried in Kalônia for one whole month to be instructed in the things of his new religion, and he gave six hundred mathakil¹ to the shrine of the Archangel.

Soon after Matthew, who was formerly called Ketson, had returned to his city, he died, and his fellow citizens began to persecute his widow and sons, probably because they had changed their religion, and they went so far as to plunder their storehouse. By the advice of John, the eldest son, the whole family went and lived in the "royal city", but scarcely had they taken up their abode there when the house of a nobleman called Sylôn was broken into and plundered, and the Devil, who had taken upon himself the form of a man, went about throughout the city accusing Matthew's sons of having committed the robbery, and the young men were dragged before Kesanthos the governor to answer for the crime. While the examination was taking place Michael, in the form of a patrician, came and sat down by the governor, and suggested that Matthew's youngest son should go to house of the chief watchman, and command the stolen things to appear in the name of Jesus Christ; when this had been done a voice bade them go into the cellar, and having done so they found all Sylôn's property hidden therein.

Shortly afterwards a certain man invited some

¹ I. e., about three hundred pounds in English money.

friends to a feast in his house one evening, and as one of them was returning home, a scorpion stung him, and he fell down and died immediately. The watchmen of the city found the body, and seeing no traces of violence upon it, they buried it in the morning. And again the Devil, who took upon himself the form of a man, went about the city accusing the four young men of the murder, and they were brought into the governor's presence with their hands tied behind them, and with heavy chains upon their necks. Once more Michael appeared in the form of a nobleman, and having heard the accusation which had been brought against the young men, he suggested that the dead man himself should be brought into the court, and asked to say who or what had killed him; when this had been done Michael commanded Daniel, the youngest son of Matthew, to adjure the dead man in the name of Christ to say what had happened unto him, and he stated straightway that the bite of a scorpion had killed him. After this Michael went up into heaven with great glory, taking the soul of the dead man with him.

By the advice of John, Kesanthos the governor wrote to the Emperor Constantine, and informed him of the wonderful thing which had happened, and asked him to send to his city a Bishop who should enlighten his town with the true faith; when the Emperor heard this he wrote to John, Archbishop of Ephesus, and

¹ He was Emperor from A. D. 306—337.

² There is clearly a mistake here, for John of Ephesus was not born until A. D. 516, but it is equally clear that John of Ephesus is meant by the writer of the Encomium, for he was

asked him to go and baptize the people of the city of Entias. Shortly after, John set out with two deacons, an elder, a reader, three singers of Psalms, and twelve other men, and they took with them an altar, altar coverings, sacramental vessels, books, and everything that was necessary for the founding of a church. On the arrival of the Archbishop, the governor of Entias, and John the son of Matthew, and all the people of the city went out to meet him, and they escorted him into the city and were blessed by him. On the morrow they began to build a church to the Virgin Mary, and by the help of every man in the city it was finished in sixteen days; the baptism of the people by the Archbishop next took place in a pool of water situated to the east of the city, and John, the son of Matthew, was consecrated bishop over them. A few days later the new bishop suggested to Kesanthos the governor that they should build a church in honour of Saint Michael, and after eight months the coping stone was put on, and the building was consecrated to Saint Michael on the twelfth day of Athôr. After the bishop and the governor had taken part in the Communion they went into the city with the multitude, and set fire to the temple of Zeus, and a large church dedicated to the Apostles was afterwards built upon the spot where the pagan edifice had stood. These things were duly reported to the Emperor Constantine (sic), and he glorified God. The Encomium ends with exhortations to a godly life.

famous as a founder of churches and monasteries. For Constantine we should probably read "Justinian".

III. THE ENCOMIUM OF EUSTATHIUS, BISHOP OF THE ISLAND OF TRAKE.

The third and last Encomium on Saint Michael by Eustathius is perhaps the most interesting in the book. It was composed for recitation on the Archangel's festival, which took place on the twelfth day of Paôni (z. e., June 6), and in it Eustathius sets forth the history of the noble lady Euphemia, the wife of Aristarchus, a general in the service of the Emperor Honorius, by whom he had

A French version of this Encomium, translated from another MS. I believe, is published by M. Amélineau in his Contes et Romans de L'Égypte Chrétienne, tom. 1. p. 21 ff.

² The name is given as Anastasius by M. Amélineau, but in any case I am unable to identify the bishop to whom this Encomium is attributed.

³ I have translated the word NHCOC by "island", but it is not by any means clear that Trakê was an island in the ordinary sense of the word. In the Coptic text (see infra p. 14, l. 25) Jacob says атфшт ша тинсос "I fled to the Island", and NHCOC here is the exact translation of جزيرة, "Island", an Arabic name for Mesopotamia, that is the land between the two rivers, or the land entirely surrounded by the Tigris and Euphrates. As our author says that Trake was "the Island to which the Empress [Eudoxia] banished Saint John Chrysostom", and as this famous man was banished first to Cucusus, a village in the mountains on the borders of Cilicia and the Lesser Armenia, secondly to Arabissus, about sixty miles from Cucusus, and thirdly to Pityus, at the foot of the Caucasus, on the N. E. of the Black Sea, we must assume that this district represents the "Island of Trakê" referred to by Eustathius. M. Amélineau translates "l'île de Turquie", and adds the pertinent remark, "Les Coptes n'ont jamais eu de notions bien précises en fait de géographie" (op. cit., p. 21).

been appointed governor of Trakê. He was a Christian, and had received baptism at the hands of Saint John Chrysostom, and for many years he made gifts and offerings on the twelfth, twenty-first, and twenty-ninth days of every month, on the festivals of Saint Michael, of the Virgin Mary,2 and of the birthday of our Lord3 respectively; finally he was seized with mortal sickness, and knowing that his death was nigh, he called Euphemia his wife to him, and charged her to neglect in no way the "offering of the holy Archangel Michael", and to continue to do alms, and to make the customary gifts to the church after his death; the pious lady promised not only to make the customary gifts, but to increase them. She then begged her husband before his death to instruct a painter to paint a picture of the Archangel Michael upon a wooden tablet, that she might hang it in her bed-chamber to induce the saint to protect her, and to be her guardian after the death of Aristarchus. The dying man straightway sent for a cunning painter, and told him to paint upon a wooden tablet the figure of the Archangel, and to cover it with a plate of fine gold inlaid with precious stones; when this was done and brought to him, he gave it to Euphemia, who rejoiced over it with great joy. Aristarchus marvelled when he saw his wife's gladness, but being touched by the mournful words with which she described the

¹ Born about A. D. 347, and died 407.

² The annual commemoration takes place upon the twenty-first day of Tôbi.

³ The annual commemoration takes place upon the twenty-ninth day of Khoiak

widow's lonely condition, he took her hand and laid it upon that of the figure of the Archangel, and, in a solemn address to the Saint, committed his wife to his care; Euphemia was comforted by this act of her husband, and she believed that no wiles of the Devil could prevail over her. Aristarchus died shortly afterwards, and his pious widow continued to give the gifts which her husband was wont to give, and added thereunto.

Meanwhile, however, the envy of the Devil was stirred up, and taking upon himself the form of a nun, he went to Euphemia's house accompanied by devils, also in the forms of nuns, and having gained admittance to her presence, he began to tempt her to promise to marry Hilarichus, the chief prefect in the service of the Emperor Honorius, whose wife had recently died; the Devil shewed her many gold and silver ornaments to persuade her, and at length Euphemia told him that she would marry a second time without hesitation provided that her guardian gave her the permission to do so. The Devil asked who the guardian was, and thinking that it must necessarily be a man, began to charge her with infidelity and deceit, until finally, at the Devil's request, she agreed to shew him who her guardian was, on the condition that the Devil should turn to the east, and pray to God to be forgiven for the evil thoughts which he had harboured concerning herself. This the Devil refused to do, and excused himself by saying that he had vowed to pray nowhere except in his own cell, and when Euphemia

¹ He reigned from A. D. 395-423.

gained the better of him in the argument which followed upon this statement, he threatened to do violence unto her; and when, seeing that he changed his form and appearance frequently, she cried out for help to Saint Michael, and made the sign of the Cross over herself, the Devil and all his works disappeared "like a spider's web".

And the Devil appeared a second time to her in the form of an Ethiopian, with the head of a goat, and with bloody eyes, and his hair stood up like the bristles on a mountain pig; he carried a sharp two-edged, drawn sword in his hands, and at the sight of him Euphemia fled for help to the tablet with the Archangel's likeness upon it. When the Devil saw this he was afraid to enter the bed-chamber, and standing outside he began to curse the wooden tablet which Euphemia had in her hands. Calling to remembrance, one after another, his evil deeds in days of old, and admitting that this piece of wood has baffled his wiles, even as the wood of the Cross baffled him before, he threatens that he will come again to Euphemia on a twelfth day of Paôni (i. e., June 6), for on that day Michael will be kneeling in prayer before God, and entreating Him to make the Nile to rise to its proper height during the inundation, and to make the rain and dew to fall, and

¹ This is interesting as shewing how completely the attributes of Hapi, the old Egyptian god of the Nile, had been transferred by the Copts to a Jewish Archangel; in Eisenmenger (Entdecktes Judenthum, ii. p. 379) a passage is quoted wherein Michael is said to be the prince of the waters, under whom are seven princes.

as he must continue in prayer ceaselessly for three whole days and nights, it will be impossible for him to come to help her; and the Devil threatens that when he comes, he will break the wooden tablet in pieces over her head. When Euphemia ran towards him holding the tablet he disappeared.

When the next twelfth day of Paoni had come, at the first hour of the day, the Devil appeared to Euphemia in the form of the Archangel Michael; on his head was a crown set with pearls of great price, a girdle of gold inlaid with precious stones encircled his loins, in his hand was a golden sceptre, but it lacked the figure of the Holy Cross, and he was provided with wings. After speaking to her words of comfort he told her that he had been sent to her by God to say that her husband had already inherited the good things of the kingdom, and to advise her to desist from squandering all her wealth in giving gifts to the poor. He shewed her what evils the Devil had brought upon Job because of his envy of him, and how he had blinded Tobit by devils who had taken the form of birds, and he then advised her in the name of God to marry Hilarichus, that she might bear him a son to inherit all her possessions after her death. Perceiving at once that her visitor was the Devil himself, she challenged him to shew her any passage in the Scriptures which directed her to cease from doing alms and

¹ In Coptic MSS. Michael's head is surrounded with a halo; see Hyvernat, Album de Paléographie Copte, Paris, 1888, plate LI.

deeds of charity, and to marry a second time; in support of the quotations which she makes from the Bible and of her arguments in favour of the life which she was then leading, she appeals to the testimony of the book *Physiologus* wherein it is said: — "When the first "mate of the turtle-dove dieth, it doth not dwell with "a second mate, but it departeth unto the wilderness, "where it hideth itself until the day of its death." And "he also sheweth us that the raven family doth not "dwell with any mate save one," and that as we rend

¹ The Greek has (Lauchert, Geschichte des Physiologus, p. 258): -- δ Φυσιολόγος ἔλεξεν περὶ τῆς τρυγόνος· ὅτι ἀναχωρεί κατ ιδίαν τοίς ἐρήμοις, διὰ τὸ μὴ ἀγαπᾶν μέσον πλήθους ανδρών είναι, and with this compare έχει δε τον άρρενα ή τρυγών τὸν αὐτὸν καὶ φάττα, καὶ ἄλλον οὐ προσίενται, καὶ ἐπιμάζουσιν αμφότεροι καὶ ὁ ἄρρην καὶ ἡ Θέλεια; see Aristotle, H. A. ix. 7. The Syriac version reads (Land, Anecdota, tom. iv. p. 63): -البرح فللأسر مدوره مرم سحزه لا لوح مداوي بده وفلعد بده وج عودسل انا but if one of them dieth before " کم حددا وال ننیم بدوا حدمان "its fellow, the one that remaineth behind doth not mate again. "The turtle-dove goeth to the wilderness, and loveth not to be "in the world"; and the Ethiopic (Hommel, Physiologus, text, ብዙታን ። "the turtle-dove departeth far away into the desert, and "abideth not with the multitude." An Arabic version is given by Land, Anecdota, iv. p. 159.

² The Greek has (Lauchert, op. cit., p. 257): — ὁ Φυσιο. ἡτος ἐλεξε περὶ αὐτῆς, ὅτι μονόταμός ἐστιν· ὅταν τὰρ ὁ ταύτης ρρην τελευτήση οὐκέτι συγτίνεται ἀνδρι ἑτέρψ, οὔτε ὁ ἄρρην τέρα γυναικι. In the Ethiopic version (Hommel, op. cit., p. 2.) we have ሶበ : ምተ : ምተ : Էዕ : λ. ፲፻ሥλ : ካልλ : ምተ : ተባዕታይ፤ : λ.ይምት : ካልλ : ብλስታ : "when the male raven dieth, the female taketh not a second mate; and similarly if the female bird dieth the

"our garments for our brother when he dieth, even so "likewise when a raven dieth his mate draweth out "her own tongue, and splitteth it with her claws, so "that when she uttereth her cry every one may know "that her mate is not there, and if another raven de-"sireth to take her by violence she crieth out straight-"way, and when all the other ravens hear her cry they "know by [the sound of] her cleft tongue that some "other raven wisheth to take her by violence, and they "gather together to help her, and to rebuke the raven "that wisheth to marry her by force. When children "see ravens gathered together in this manner, and "uttering cries wishing to rebuke the raven that desired "to take her by violence, and that desired to go astray "from that which God hath commanded them, those "ignorant children are wont to say, 'The ravens are "celebrating a marriage to-day," and they know not "that the ravens wish to rebuke the raven that desireth "to make to sin the raven whose mate is dead." However, although it is difficult to say where the quotations from Physiologus end, or whether, in the Coptic version, the statements about the turtle-dove and raven formed one chapter or section or not, this part of Euphemia's speech to the Devil is of peculiar value, for it shews

ma taketh not another mate"; but in the Syriac version this stat ment is made to apply to the turtle-dove, Acceptance; see Land, op. it., IV. p. 63, chap. 36.

In the French version by M. Amélineau it is said, "Le sage Salomon dit que la tourterelle et les corneilles ne prennent qu'un seul mari", but what follows is quite different from what we have above.

that a version of Physiologus had been made in Coptic at an early period; in no other version, however, which I have been able to consult could I find any reference whatever to the female raven slitting her tongue with her claws.

When Euphemia had declared her intention of continuing to do acts of charity and of not marrying a second time, the Devil, who was in the form of Michael, artfully reminded her that he had promised to come to her on a twelfth day of Paôni, and went on to say that God had sent him unto her to protect her until sunset, and tried to persuade her that it was he who had cast Satan forth from heaven. Then Euphemia asked him where was the figure of the Holy Cross which should be upon his sceptre, and referred to the picture of the Archangel which was painted on the tablet; the Devil answered that painters decorated their pictures with such things wishing to glorify their art, but that he and his angels had not the figure of the Cross with them. To this Euphemia made answer that all persons and letters coming from the Emperor bear his tokens and seal, and that similarly the angels which bear not the figure of the Cross must be devils in the form of angels, and that if he wished her to believe that he is Michael, he must salute the picture of the Archangel which she will bring to him. As she rose up to bring the tablet, the Devil changed his form into that of a raging, roaring lion, and he laid hold of her by the neck and strangled her until she was well nigh dead, but with the little strength which remained Euphemia cried out to Michael, who straightway appeared in all his glory, and chastised the Devil, and drove him away in disgrace. This done, he spake comforting words to her, and told her that when she had performed that day the service which she was wont to do in his name, he would come with his angels and take her up into the rest of God, and giving her the salutation of peace he went up into heaven.

After the departure of the Archangel Euphemia went to the Bishop of the city, Abba Anthimus, who was the first-fruits of the ministry of Saint John Chrysostom, and when she had told him what had happened, he quickly administered the Sacrament unto her, and after she had ministered unto the poor brethren in her own house, she sent and begged Bishop Anthimus to come to her. When he had come with his priests (of whom Eustathius the writer of this Encomium was one) and deacons, the pious lady opened the doors of her house, and gave every thing to the Bishop for distribution among the poor, and sinking down upon her bed she entreated him to pray for her. After a time she revived sufficiently to ask that the tablet upon which the figure of the Archangel was painted might be brought to her to kiss before she died, and when it was brought she kissed it and entreated Michael to be with her in that terrible hour; then suddenly there was a sound like the roaring of a cataract, and all present in the chamber saw the Archangel appear in great glory, and take the soul of Euphemia and lay it in his shining apparel, and bear it up to heaven, while the sound of a multitude was heard singing, "God knoweth the way of the righteous, and their inheritance shall abide for ever."

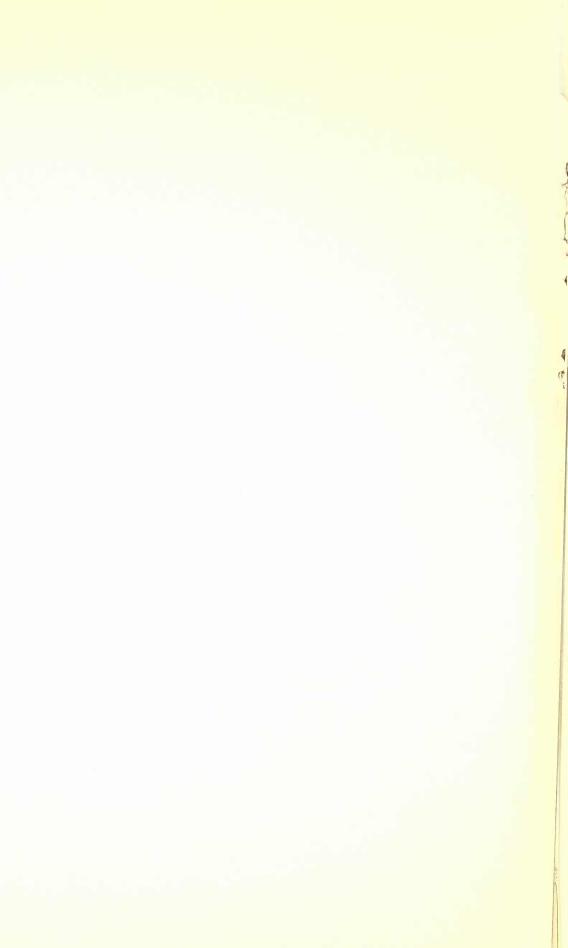
Now the picture which had been lying on Euphemia's face when she died had disappeared in a mysterious manner, and none knew where it had gone, but when they had buried her and had come into the church to celebrate the Sacrament, it was seen to be hanging in air in the apse without any support whatever, and it was as firm as a "pillar of adamant". The news of this miracle reached Constantinople in due course, and the Emperors Arcadius' and Honorius, and the Empress Endoxia.³ came to the Island of Trakê and saw the miracle, and bowed in prayer at the couch whereon Saint John Chrysostom had died; any sick person who lay upon that couch straightway rose up healed. After the death of Euphemia, the olive wood tablet upon which the figure of the archangel Michael was painted, on the twelfth day of each month, which is the day of the Archangel, put forth olive leaves at each of its four corners together with "fine, fresh fruit", and a number of cures and healings were performed thereby. After a few laudatory words of Saint John Chrysostom and some deprecatory observations concerning his own ability, Eustathius brings his Encomium to a close.

In his Contes et Romans de L'Égypte Chrétienne, M. Amélineau gives versions of two stories which, like the above Encomium of Eustathius, were to be read on the twelfth day of Paoni. In the first of these the

¹ Born A. D. 383, died 408. ² Born A. D. 384, died 423.

³ This may have been a royal lady called Eudoxia, but it can hardly have been the Empress, because she died about the year 604, while Chrysostom did not die until 607.

causes of the conversion of Aristarchus from paganism to Christianity are given, and in the second we have the account of the temptation of Eusebius, a man who subsequently became a monk in the Scete desert, by the beautiful wife of a merchant his close friend; in both of these occur some interesting and remarkable instances of the belief in the almighty power which Michael the Archangel was thought to possess.



TRANSLATION.

IN THE NAME OF GOD.

[Page 1] [The Encomium which was pronounced by the one mighty in all blessings, the most holy and blessed man, the man filled with the Holy Spirit, and perfect in all virtues, Abba Theodosius, the son of the Apostolic Fathers, and the friend of angels, the Archbishop of the city of Alexandria..... on the day of the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, that is to say, on the twelfth day of the blessed month Athôr¹, wherein he spake many things concerning the alms and charities, which [the blessed Dorotheos and his wife Theopisthel used to [make] unto God, [in the name of the holy Archangel] Michael every month, on the day of the festival, and how the holy Archangel ministered unto them and brought their good works up into God's presence, and how he fulfilled all their petitions,.....joyfully for God loveth him; and Theodosius spake, moreover, concerning the Saints who are [mentioned in the Scriptures, all of whom the holy Archangel Michael helped and delivered out of their tribulation and affliction. In the peace of God. Amen.

¹ I. e., November 8.

[p. 2] I find the source of my discourse in Him Who comforteth and strengtheneth me in all things, Who knoweth all the earth, Who trieth the reins, Who openeth the door of speech of every man, and Who searcheth out things diligently.

Who is this?

It is the Word of God, Whose Body I break in my hands, and Whose glorious Blood I pour out into the cup and give to those who believe upon Him. It is my Lord and God, Jesus Christ, the Saviour of all, Who speaketh with His truth-speaking mouth, Who careth for all mankind, and Who is filled with mercy and grace towards the image of God.¹

Who is this?

It is Michael, the holy Archangel, the commander of the hosts of heaven.

Now, I beseech you, O my beloved and dear children of the Word, to assist me in this great undertaking, lest, having put out on this great and boundless sea, I be unable to bring my little bark to shore. For ye all know of my poverty, and ye know that I have no merchandise wherewith to load a great ship, which could sail across the sea, and [be strong enough] to resist the buffetings of the winds. Moreover, the sailor is feeble, and my boat is a little one, and [I am afraid] that if I put out to sea [p.3] from this harbour in which there is no danger to go into another, the winds will raise up waves and tempests against me on the sea; and I know not how to sail a ship even to save my own life [and to bring myself] to the shore. Doth any one then say,

¹ The allusion is to Genesis i. 27.

"This man hath found favour [with God], and is delivered?" For the soul of man is to Him more precious than the whole world filled with gold and silver, and I am therefore afraid to cast away my own soul. I know well that my bark is frail, and that my merchandise is without value, and that I have no knowledge of the craft of the mariner, and [I am afraid] to launch out into the deep, lest having once put out to sea I should never return again in peace. And although I might endure the perils of the sea and the tempests thereof, I could not bear the scorn of those who would make a mock of me, and say, "O thou fool, who made thee to undertake that "which was more than thy strength could bear? Thou "didst know full well that thou wast feeble and that thou "hadst nothing in thy power wherewith to do that which "is beyond thy strength. And besides, merchants are "many, why then didst thou not sell thy few wares to "them and let them trade therewith? Thus wouldest thou "have gained thy profit therefrom, and thus wouldest "thou have saved thyself, and thy merchandise entirely, "and thy boat, and that which belongeth to thee-for thou "hadst no knowledge of the craft of the mariner."

And now, my brethren, I will show unto you of what kind is my boat and who is the sailor. [p. 4] My boat is my sinful flesh, which I am not able to govern rightly, and the sailor is my own heart, in which there is neither understanding nor the knowledge of celestial seamanship. Now celestial seamanship is the Holy Scriptures which I understand not, and for this reason ye may [truly] tell me this day that I am attempting to do that which is beyond my strength, especially as ye compel me to speak concerning the glory of one who is not of the earth like ourselves but of

heaven, and of the matters concerning his God. He is not a being of flesh, but he is incorporeal and is a creature of light. He is not a being made with clay, but is of the Holy Ghost. He is not of those servants of earth, but is a minister, a flame of fire. He is not a governor of this earth, but an archangel of the hosts of heaven. He is not a general of this earth whose king can dismiss him whenever he pleaseth, but he is a commander of the forces of heaven, and, together with his King, endureth for ever. He never uttereth the word for the destruction of souls, but he is at all times an ambassador before God our Creator for the salvation of our souls and bodies. He maketh accusations against no man, but is careful for all. He hateth not mankind, but loveth every image of God. He is not our adversary, but is at peace with every man. [p. 5] He is not unmerciful, but a compassionate being in whom abideth the long-suffering of God. Whosoever asketh [from him] receiveth; whosoever seeketh findeth; and whosoever knocketh it shall be opened unto him. And I myself, having seen that my God doth give, will joyfully stretch out my hands to Him this day unhesitatingly, and I will ask that I may receive abundantly, and will knock that it may be opened unto me.

But perhaps thou wilt say, O man, filled with virtue and loving understanding, "What is this that thou seek"est this day at His hand, [seeing that] thou hast already
"begun to speak? Thou hast already pronounced en"comiums at the season of the new year and at the
"beginnings of all the festivals of God, and thou hast

¹ Compare St. Matthew vii. 7.

"likewise made a discourse upon him than whom of those "who have been born of women" none greater hath arisen, "[I mean | the kinsman of Christ, Saint John the Baptist, "the friend of the holy Bridegroom. Moreover, knowest "thou not, O my father, that moderation in all things is "good? As thou art moderate in thy eating, and drinking, "and praying, even so shouldst thou be moderate in all "things, as Paul, the greatest of the Apostles, saith, 'The "training of God is great gain, and if thou canst bear it "thou shalt be perfect." And I will answer thee and say unto thee, "Beloved, thou sayest rightly, and in showing "solicitude [for me thou doest well], but nevertheless I "will behold, and will speak unto God as did Abraham. "the friend of God and the chief of the patriarchs, who "became the father of a multitude of nations, saying, [p. 6] "Let me speak, O Lord, with my God even this once "also", even although I should make myself like unto the "friend of God in speaking this once. And if I dared to "speak even unto three times He would not turn away "from me, for He is One God and One Lord, and to "Him belongeth the mercy which abideth for ever. With "this too will I convince you, that it is God Who hath "commanded us to ask that we may receive." And why "did ye entreat me to come into your midst on this "great festival, which hath spread abroad not only over "all the earth but likewise in heaven, and why [if ye did "not wish me to speak] did ye, little and great, men and "women, cry out to me, saying, 'We beseech thee not "to keep silent concerning this great visitation, but show

¹ St. Matthew xi. 11; St. Luke vii. 28. ² Genesis xviii. 32.

³ St. Matthew vii. 7; St. Luke xi. 9.

"us concerning the great festival, and concerning the glory "of him whom we celebrate in it, who is an ambassador "to God for us all."

Who are the nobles of the palace except Christ and the captain of all His hosts, the holy Michael? Moreover, let us ourselves follow after them, each following the other in fitting order, O my beloved, for humility exalteth and leadeth aright; come now then, and follow me, for the nobles of the palace have already gone into the feast of the holy Archangel Michael, and have sat down to meat.

Who are these nobles who have sat down to meat with the Archangel Michael? [p. 7]

Hearken unto me, and I will show you. [They are] Adam, Seth, Enoch, Methuselah, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, lacob, Joseph, Moses, Aaron, Joshua, Gideon, Barak, Samson, Jephthah, David, Solomon, Ezekiel, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ananias, Azarias, Misael, Elijah, Elisha, and the rest of the prophets, Zachariah the priest, John the Baptist, and the Twelve Apostles, the holy Stephen, the old man Simeon the holy priest, the army of the saints, and the army of the righteous. But what profit have I in speaking of earthly beings only? for in that place is the God of glory with all the host of heaven, Angels, Archangels, Cherubim, Seraphim, Thrones, Divinities and Powers, and they all ascribe glory to God and to Michael the great and holy Archangel, whom He hath made ruler over them all. And now I wish to return to the feast-chamber of the holy and mighty Archangel Michael to ask the great ones of this earth in what manner they keep with us this great and holy festival this day, and if they [keep it] with rejoicings, that I may "rejoice with

them that rejoice", according to the words of the Apostle. Briefly, I will begin with the father of all mankind whom God hath created in His own image and likeness, [p. 8] and I will ask my lord and father Adam, for he it is whom I have seen to be the chief of the feast. And although I am terrified and afraid because I see the whole company of those who are rejoicing with him at the feast this day, and paying honour unto him, still I will ask him, and I will mingle in their midst. And although I be a sinner yet will I salute him in the joy of my heart, saying, "Hail, my lord, holy father! Hail, "father of all fatherhood! Hail, father of all our human "race, both of those who have lived and of those who "shall yet come into existence!" And when I shall have given to him this threefold salutation, he will perforce call me as a father calls his son, saying, "Come, O my "son, and keep with us this great festival which we "celebrate this day"; thus shall I find freedom of speech before that being whose name is never proclaimed to his King [before his entering to Him], but he goeth into His presence without advocate or mediator to proclaim his name.

This being is not the ruler of one company only, but he is over all the hosts of heaven, and over everything according to the command of God; he standeth not at the left but at the right hand of God, and entreateth Him at all times on behalf of the race of men.

Who then is this that is clothed with such great honour and glory?

Hearken, it is Michael the mighty Archangel of the hosts of heaven.

² Romans xii. 15.

Who is this whose festival all ranks of beings celebrate?

[p.9] It is Michael the ruler of the kingdom of heaven. Who is this being whom the King hath made to bear such a mighty sceptre, who is filled with majestic glory, who is robed with rich raiment, and who is girt about with a golden girdle set with precious stones, the like of which existeth not?

It is Michael the mighty and exalted Archangel.

Who is this in whom the angels and the armies of the heavens have hope, and whose festival they celebrate with him this day?

It is Michael, whom God hath appointed to be ruler over all His kingdom.

Who is this who giveth [his] commands to all the armies of heaven, and they obey him?

It is Michael the Archangel, who was obedient to the command of God, and who cast out from Him the evil slanderer and rebel.

Who is this, for whose sake all handicraftsmen in the world cease from their labours, and whose festival they celebrate this day?

It is Michael the Archangel, who hath ordered the denizens of heaven and redeemed the peoples of the earth, and who, by reason of his great love for us, maketh mention of us before God our Creator. The inhabitants of heaven celebrate his festival this day without opposition, and it is also the work of the peoples of the earth to do likewise this day, and to rejoice and to celebrate the festival with the holy Archangel Michael.

Michael is not a man, and no being that liveth upon earth hath seen him in his glory, as it is written in an-

other place, "He is a Spirit | p. 10 | and not flesh." Michael is incorporeal, and no corporeal being that eateth can see him, or endure his glory. And I will answer and say unto you, and I will convince you and prove to you that the inhabitants of heaven will never again sin; and in their midst there will nevermore be enmity, nor envy, nor hatred, nor slander, nor adultery, nor murder, nor theft, nor any impurity; but they are holy, and they shall rest in holiness-now those things shall never exist among the saints in this world—and they shall keep an endless feast with Christ the King for ever, because they have cast forth from their midst Satan, the slanderer and enemy of the Creator and the adversary of all truth. For this reason they celebrate this day the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, the ruler of the hosts of heaven, who hath prepared for us this table, of which we are un worthy, that is to say, the table of this festival which is set for us in heaven and [upon] earth according to the command of our Saviour Jesus Christ, Whose command is the command of His Father—for Father and Son and Holy Spirit are One God, and One consubstantial and indivisible Kingship, inscrutable and without origin which can be found out—Who is the Cause of all things; and under His dominion alone are the inhabitants of heaven and of earth.

[p. II] And now, my beloved, having made known unto you the greatness of this feast which is spread for us this day, it is meet that we ourselves should celebrate the festival of him whose festival the angels of God celebrate this day, and we must beautify ourselves, both in our outer and in our inner man, that we may go into

¹ Compare St. John iv. 24.

this glorious feast this day, and eat of all the good things which God hath prepared for us. But perhaps ye will say, "Behold this is a royal feast, and it is meet that "we should not sit down until the nobles of the palace "have first been invited." Then will I ask [Adam], saving, "Art thou not he whom God did create with His "own hands, in His own image and likeness, and did fill "with glory and call thy name 'Adam'? I entreat now "thy goodness and majesty and I beseech thee to tell me "if thou dost not thyself also rejoice at the feast of the "holy Archangel Michael." Hearken now, for Adam speaketh, "Yea, I am Adam, and it is for me to invite "all men to this festival this day. But I rejoice more than "they all, for when I had angered God, and He had "brought me out from Paradise, because I had trans-"gressed His command by reason of my helpmeet Eve "making me to eat of the fruit of the tree, concerning "which He commanded me not to eat, it was Michael who "prayed to God for me until He forgave me my sin; "p. 12] for this reason I rejoice at his festival this day."

"O Abel, thou noble younger son, tell me if thou "dost rejoice this day at the festival of the holy and

"mighty Archangel Michael?"

[Abel saith,] "I rejoice and I keep the festival this "day, for it was he whose festival they celebrate this "day who carried my sacrifice and offering up to God, "Who did not regard the sacrifice of my brother, because "he brought it not with an upright heart; for this reason "I rejoice this day."

"And thou, O Seth, do I see thee rejoicing on the "day of the holy Archangel Michael?"

[He saith,] "Indeed I rejoice and am glad [this day],

"for when Cain had destroyed my brother [Abel] God "gave me to my parents [in his stead]; and when my "mother found no milk wherewith to suckle me—now her "milk had dried up by reason of her sorrow for my brother "Abel—the holy Archangel Michael nourished me with spi-"ritual food from heaven, and therefore I rejoice this day."

"O Enoch, the just man, whom God removed from "this world, do I see thee rejoicing this day?"

He saith, "Indeed I rejoice and am glad [this day], "because the whole race of man hath sprung from my "seed, and because Michael hath never ceased to entreat "God to show mercy unto sinners, and to make them to "live for ever, [p. 13] and I rejoice at his festival because "he prayeth for my children."

"O Methuselah, the old man whose days were lengthen-"ed, whose white and pure garments I see in the midst "of the feast, why dost thou rejoice this day?"

He saith, "How can I help rejoicing? I am the eighth "from Adam, and I am the man whose prayers were taken "by the holy Archangel Michael and carried up to heaven, "and finally God blessed me with a long life which ex-"ceeded that of my father Adam by thirty-eight years."

"O Noah, the just man, I say unto thee, 'Hast thou—"but I see thou hast—great joy this day?'"

He saith, "How can I help rejoicing and being glad? for "when God was angry with the world, and wished to destroy "it, He placed me in the ark with my wife, and children, "and creatures of every kind that moveth upon earth, and "He opened the cataracts of heaven and poured out rain "upon us for forty days and forty nights, and we saw "neither sun, nor moon, nor stars; but Michael guided "and directed us, and ceased not to pray to God until

"the waters which had increased abated, and the dry "land appeared, and I and those who were with me were "delivered."

"O Abraham, the father of the patriarchs, dost not "thou rejoice this day on the festival of the holy Arch-"angel Michael?"

[p. 14] He saith, "Yea, I rejoice especially, for I was "the first man with whom Michael and his brother angel "Gabriel sojourned, and he entreated God for me that I "might be worthy of [my son] Isaac, and I ate with them "under the tree of Mamre."

"O Isaac, the holy vow and sacrifice acceptable to the "living God, what doest thou in this place this day? Dost "thou console thyself with great consolation on the festival "of the holy Archangel Michael?"

He saith, "Indeed I am comforted, for I was the only "child of my parents, and my mother was barren and "bore no other child besides me. Afterwards my father "bound me hand and foot, and laid me upon stones on "a desert mountain, and with my own eyes I saw the knife "in the hands of my father who wished to slay me; but "Michael stood up and took the knife out of my father's "hand, and gave him a ram in my stead, and the sa-"crifice was completed."

"O Jacob, prince of patriarchs, who prevailed with "God, and who wast a giant among men, dost not thou "rejoice this day at the festival of the holy Archangel "Michael?"

He saith, "Yea, I do rejoice this day, for when my "brother Esau cast me forth I fled to Mesopotamia, to "Laban my mother's brother, and Michael came to me "and decreed my wages from the sheep, and he blessed

"me, and my children, [p. 15] and my wives, and he made "all Israel to be blessed for my sake."

"O Joseph, the just man, whose brethren were jealous "of him, what doest thou in this place this day? Dost "thou rejoice at the festival of the Archangel Michael?"

And straightway Joseph, the just man, answereth at once, saying, "Verily, it behoveth me to rejoice this day, "for when my brethren were jealous of me, and drove "me forth into a strange land, and I became a miserable "alien without any one to comfort me, and with a mul-"titude of evils round about me, the Archangel Michael "came to me, and comforted me in them all, and finally "he prayed to God and He made me ruler over Egypt."

"O Moses, and Aaron, and Joshua the son of Nun, "what is your part in this festival this day?"

These saints make answer, saying, "Joy is our part, "for Michael was our leader and the guide of our people "until we had overcome our enemies, and he prepared "the way for us into the land of promise; on this account "we rejoice this day."

[O Gideon].....

"I am Gideon, and I rejoice especially, for it was "Michael who came to me and filled me with strength, "and I went forth and fought against Midian, and delivered "my people."

"O Jephthah², and Anna thy wife, what is your work "in this festival to-day?"

[p. 16] These Judges answer and say, "Verily, our "joy is great, for we were barren from our youth up,

¹ The scribe has omitted the address to Gideon.

We should probably read Manoah; see Judges xiii.

"and we had no child. But we rose up, and prayed, and "offered up a sacrifice to God, and the holy Archangel "Michael looked upon our feebleness, and carried our "prayers and sacrifice to God, and made mention of us "before Him, and He blessed us with the mighty man "Samson, therefore we and our son rejoice this day."

"O David, the just king, the father of Christ according "to the flesh, behold I see thee this day rejoicing and "playing upon thy ten-stringed lyre at the feast to which "the holy Archangel hath invited us this day."

David saith, "Verily I rejoice this day and am glad." The songs and music for each one of the festivals of "all the saints are written upon my heart, but that be-"fitting this festival of the holy Archangel Michael which "I sing is, 'The angel of the Lord encampeth round about "those that fear him, and delivereth them."

"O Solomon, the wise man, dost not thou rejoice on "this festival of the Archangel Michael?"

He saith, "I rejoice especially, for it was the Arch-"angel Michael who was with me from my youth up, "and who made peace to exist in my days, and he "entreated God, Who commanded me to build a house "for Him."

[p. 17] "O Hezekiah, the just king, dost not thou rejoice "this day at the festival of the holy Archangel Michael?"

He saith, "How can I help rejoicing? for when the "wicked Assyrians afflicted me and my people, it was the "holy Archangel Michael who destroyed one hundred and "four-score and five thousand of their men in one night, "and delivered me and my people."

¹ Psalm xxxiv. 7.

"O Isaiah, the mighty prophet, what is thy joy this "day at the festival of the holy Archangel Michael?"

He saith, "This is the cause of my joy: in all the "sufferings which Manasseh and his friends brought upon "me the holy Archangel Michael stood by me, and "strengthened me, and comforted me until they sawed "me in twain with a wood saw."

"O holy father Jeremiah, thou mighty light-giving "lamp, do I see thee rejoicing this day at the festival of "the holy Archangel Michael?"

He saith, "I rejoice exceedingly, for when all the kings "of Judah wrought evil things upon me, and afflicted me "in the dungeon, Michael stood by me, and helped me, "and strengthened me."

"O Ezekiel, the mighty prophet, come and show us "what is thy joy this day at the feast of the holy Arch-"angel Michael."

He saith, "I rejoice and am glad, for it was Michael "who brought unto me a paper which was written upon, "and I swallowed it, [p. 18], and it filled me with "prophecy."

"O Daniel the prophet, the man to be desired, dost "not thou rejoice this day at the feast of the holy Arch-"angel Michael?"

He saith, "What joy is there like unto mine? for "when they cast me into the den of lions, and sealed it "with a seal, the Archangel Michael came to me, not "once nor twice, and he shut the mouths of the lions, "and they came not nigh unto me at all. And when I "was an-hungered Habakkuk came to me, and brought "me good food, and gave me to drink."

"O ye twelve Apostles, why do ye rejoice this day at the festival of the holy Archangel Michael?"

They say, "We rejoice indeed, for were we not in "great sorrow when the lawless Jews crucified our Lord "Jesus Christ, and were we not in sorrow and in hiding "for fear of the Jews, until Mary the Virgin and those "who were with her went into the sepulchre on the first "day of the week, and she showed us that she had found "that the holy Archangel Michael had rolled away the stone from it, and was sitting upon it, and announcing "the glorious tidings, 'The Lord hath risen?"

"O Zacharias, and John thy son, do not ye keep the

"festival of the Archangel Michael this day?"

[p. 19] He saith, "I rejoice, because Michael the Arch-"angel hath sealed us, me to be a priest, and John my "son, the child of Elisabeth, the kinswoman of Mary the "mother of God according to the flesh, to be the Baptist; "for this reason we rejoice this day."

"O Stephen, the archdeacon and protomartyr, dost

"not thou rejoice with us in this great festival?"

He saith, "Yea, for when they cast stones at me I saw "the heavens open, and the Archangel Michael and all "the angels were gazing at our Lord Jesus Christ at the "right hand of the Good Father."

"O ye three children, Ananias, Azarias, and Misael, "do not ye rejoice this day at the festival of the Arch-

"angel Michael?"

They say, "How can we help rejoicing? for when "Nebuchadnezzar the king cast us into the furnace filled "with fire, God commanded Michael and he scattered the "flames of fire, and made the furnace to become like dew."

"O ye company of martyrs and saints, do not ye

"rejoice this day at the festival of the Archangel "Michael?"

All the saints say, "Verily our joy is great, for Michael "the Archangel hath strengthened us in every need and "sorrow which we have suffered, and [hath strengthened "us] to endure the torture and to fulfil our martyrdom and "strife, for which we have received the great good things "which we have; [p. 20] for this reason we rejoice this "day."

"O all ye armies of heaven, do not ye rejoice this "day?"

They say, "In truth, all joy is ours." For, O my beloved, great is the honour of this feast which is spread for us not only upon earth, but also in heaven.

And now, O my wise and beloved ones, let us keep ourselves with all diligence, and let us guard our souls on the festival of the holy Archangel Michael. Let us put on fine garments meet for the marriage-feast, lest if we enter therein arrayed in torn and foul garments, and having our bodies full of uncleanness, they turn us out in disgrace from before those who are clothed in glorious apparel, and who will remove their garments from our path lest they be in any way defiled by us. And after being cast forth in great disgrace these same beings will mock at us, saying, "O senseless and abominable men, "how is it that ye are not ashamed [to do this thing]? "If ye be not ashamed before men, how is it that ye are "not ashamed before God the King, and before His holy "governor Michael? Do ye not know whose chamber "this is, and whose feast it is? Do ye not know that it "is the feast of the King and of His chief captain who "hath obtained all power before his God the King, Who

"hath given him all these honours because of his true "valour? [p. 21] And I marvel much at your boldness "[in coming] into this inner place, for God hath already "given unto you the command, 'Come not into the marriage "chamber without the marriage garment upon you', but "ye have not hearkened thereunto. Have ye not heard "what befell the man who dared to go into the feast in "unclean garments like unto your own? It is written that "He made them bind him hand and foot and cast him "into outer darkness, where there is weeping and gnashing "of teeth."

And now, O beloved, let me lead you through into the outer chamber, and sit ye down for a little, so that when God the King shall have come in with Michael His chief captain, Michael may entreat him to show mercy unto you, and to the other suppliants, and to those who sit at the gate; for the Archangel whose festival ye keep this day is compassionate, and will not forsake you. And strengthen your hearts and souls, and I will entreat him not to take vengeance upon you during this festival lest ye bring suffering upon yourselves here. Briefly then I have shown you and ye know, O beloved, that the objections which I have brought before you, and especially the things which have been spoken by ourselves, are made by men like unto ourselves, and not by God. But perhaps some one will say to me, "What are unclean, or what "are beautiful garments? [p. 22] What is the beautifying "of the body? Is there any hypocrisy with God, or doth "He love the rich more than the poor man? Cannot I "of my own will become poor, or if I desire cannot I be-"come rich, and if any man wish it can he not become of

¹ St. Matthew xxii. 1—1.4.

"no account?" God forbid that it should be thus. God is no hypocrite, neither doth He love the rich man more than the poor man; God forbid! But I will show you what is the beautiful apparel which ye must put on if ye wish to go into the feast of Michael. "Anoint thy head "with oil, and wash thy face," the interpretation of which is that thou must cast forth from thee all evil deeds, and keep the festival with the holy Archangel Michael. And when they bid thee to the feast of Michael the Archangel. cleanse thy heart from all evil things, and take out from thyself every impure thought, and put on thy fine raiment, and go to the church of God which is this house of prayer. Drive forth from thee all fornication, and anger, and impurity, and array thyself in innocency, and peace, and truth, and enter into His courts with joy, and rejoice with the Archangel Michael. And when they bid thee to the marriage chamber of the true King and of His chief captain, let thy alms and thy charities open the door thereof for thee, and whatsoever thou shalt give to Him, [p. 23] verily thou shalt find it upon the table before thee. If thou wouldst glorify the Archangel Michael, the chief captain of the true King, send the widows and orphans forth from thee with their faces bright and full of joy, and with their bodies clothed with the measure of thy power; I say unto thee that thy sacrifice shall be accepted before God and before His holy Archangel Michael, and thou thyself shalt be gratified. Receive the stranger on his holy festival, and show mercy unto him, and the Archangel Michael will have mercy upon thee, and will receive thee joyfully, and will carry thee into the court of the

¹ St. Matthew vi. 17.

King with joy, and thy face shall be light. If any man ask anything at thy hand on the day of the Archangel Michael delay not to give it to him. For I say unto thee, O beloved, that whatsoever a man giveth, Michael taketh it from his hand and carrieth it up to God; he will give it back to thee twofold upon earth, and God will show mercy unto thee in His kingdom, for "charity maketh "man to be praised in judgment." Again it is written, "Be merciful, that [men] may be merciful to you." And if thou shalt keep the festival of the Archangel Michael every month - now the twelfth day is the day of his commemoration—and art mindful of gifts for him with joy according to thy power, the Archangel himself will pray to God for thee at all times, [p. 24] that He may bless thee by granting all thy petitions according to the measure of thy remembrance [of Him]. But perhaps, O beloved, thou wouldst say unto me, "If I give alms or "gifts, I give them to thee in the name of God; Michael "is not God that sacrifices should be offered unto him." On this I make answer, Verily thou hast well spoken, O man upright in the belief of God; but hearken and I will show thee. Is there not set over the country a governor in whose hands are all the companies of soldiers and all the army, in which thou findest one man of higher rank than another, but is not the governor higher than they all? Now although the governor may establish a friendship between himself and one of the army, and may bestow great honours upon him, he doth not act thus with all the company in which his friend serveth, but he acteth thus because he knoweth that the company in

¹ St. Matthew v. 7 (?).

which his friend is stationed is many in number. And this friend is at all times near the governor, who is able to deliver him from all the many trials of this world which is full of trouble and affliction, and he findeth freedom of speech before him after the manner of a noble, and thus the rest of the company findeth favour in the sight of the governor by reason of him. And likewise every one who doeth alms or giveth a gift in the name of the Archangel Michael, receiveth his gift and carrieth it to God, as Christ our God in truth said, "[p. 25] Whosoever receiveth a prophet in the name of a pro-"phet shall receive the reward of a prophet; and whosoever "shall receive a righteous man in the name of a righteous "man shall receive the reward of a righteous man. And "whosoever shall give you a cup of cold water in my "name"—and ye are Christ's—"verily I say unto you that "his reward shall not perish." If thou bringest a gift unto God in the name of His holy Archangel Michael, or any alms or charity, whether it be great or whether it be little, on the festival of Michael—be not thou halting between two opinions in the matter, lest thou thyself shalt cause thy labour to be in vain, but believe wholly and firmly without any stumblingblock—the Archangel Michael will receive it and bring it before God, and its savour will be like the smell of incense, and he will take counsel for them that great good things be prepared for them, and he will take them from the hand of God to deliver them from everlasting punishment. And now would ye know what things God will give in return to those who bring sacrifices, and charities, and alms to give to Him

¹ St. Matthew x. 41, 42.

in the name of the holy Archangel Michael—ye must know also that He will minister unto them in this world, and that when they are removed from this life He will receive them unto Himself in the mansions of His kingdom—listen then, and I will tell you concerning this mighty power (?) that ye may glorify [p. 25] the God of the holy Archangel Michael.

There was a righteous and God-loving man in the city of Senahôr whose name was Dorotheos, and he loved to give alms and charities, and this man had as his helpmeet a woman called Theopisthe, who was as pious and as perfect in mercy and charity as her husband; and these people had given great gifts in the name of the God of the holy Archangel Michael from the time when they had first come together. And they were both young, and the parents of both had left them a goodly inheritance, and they were very rich, and they had many possessions, and much wealth, and sheep, and oxen, and cattle, and other goods of this world. And these two people had great love for God, and for His holy Archangel Michael, and when the twelfth day of the month drew nigh they were wont to be careful for it, and to make ready offerings from the morning of the eleventh day of the month; and they sent with great zeal and without sparing gifts and wine to the church of the holy Archangel Michael. After this they were wont to slay sheep, and to devote themselves to the preparation of the food and gifts which were needed for the wants of the people. And after they had received the life-giving Mysteries on the twelfth day of the month, [p. 27] they gathered together every one to partake of the food, the blind, and the deaf, and the destitute, and the orphans, and widows, and strangers,

and they stood up and ministered unto them with great enjoyment of soul, and joy of spirit, and gladness of heart, until they had eaten their fill; then they brought to them choice wine and drew for them until they had drunk their fill, and they anointed their heads with fine oil, saying, "Go in peace, O beloved brethren; we have been ac-"counted worthy of great honour this day in that your "holy feet have entered into the house of your servants." And thus Dorotheos and Theopisthe continued to do on the twelfth day of each month, and at length the fame of their goodness reached unto every place in all the land of Egypt, and multitudes of people honoured them by reason of the glory of their good works, and glorified God Who had created them, and praised and blessed their parents who had begotten them, and all men ascribed honour to them by reason of the noble deeds which they manifested in the name of the God of Michael. And they fled from vain-glory, for their hope was strong in God and in the Archangel Michael.

And it came to pass that after they had continued to do thus for a long time God commanded the heavens to pour no rain upon the earth for three years, by reason of the [p. 28] sins of the children of men, and the whole land of Egypt and all those that were therein were troubled because of their sufferings by thirst and by the destruction of food, as it is written, "Then the multitude came to "an end and died, and the cattle perished with them." And moreover, the waters of Gihon (Nile) did not rise, and no rain fell upon the earth for a space of three whole years. Now this holy man Dorotheos and his wife did not cease to do according to their wont every month, and they prayed to God and to His Archangel Michael,

saying, "O God of Michael, take not away from us Thy "gifts and charities, for we are Thy servants." And as they continued to do these things ill-luck fell upon them, and multitudes of their cattle perished. Now when two years of the famine were ended and the third was drawing nigh, everything which they had had come to an end, and at length of the very few beasts which they had left all died except one sheep. Then the pious man said to his blessed wife, "O my sister, thou knowest that to-day "is the eleventh day of Paopi", and that to-morrow is the "festival of the holy Archangel Michael. Let us be careful "for the gift which we are wont to give to the steward, "and let us slay this one sheep that we may make it "ready for the festival of the holy Archangel Michael. If "we die we belong to God, and if we live we are also "His; [p. 29] blessed be the name of God for ever." His wife saith to him, "As God liveth, O my brother, this "care hath been in my mind since vesterday, but I could "find no occasion to ask thee concerning it, for I know "what hath happened to thee; but I rejoice greatly that "thou hast not forgotten the gift for God, and do thou, "O my brother, even as thou hast said." And when the morning of the twelfth day of Paopi had come they rose up early at dawn, and performed all their ministration, and they omitted nothing which they were wont to do in the time of their wealth; and there was left to them nothing except a little oil and a little wine, and also they had no garments at all except those in which they were wont to receive the Eucharist. Nevertheless at this time they blessed God and the holy Archangel Michael, and

¹ I. c., the 8th of October.

they hymned and praised Him day and night with floods of tears, saying, "O God Jesus Christ, help us. O thou "Archangel Michael, pray to God for us that He may "open to us the hand of His mercy and blessing, lest the "hope of thy offering and gift which we bring to God "in thy holy name, O Archangel Michael, perish from our "hands. Thou knowest our hearts and our love towards "thee. We have no helper besides thee, for thou | p. 30 | hast "been our helper from our youth up, and thou hast been "an ambassador for us before God our Saviour. And now "we beseech thee, O kind guardian, holy Archangel, if it "be meet that after all the oaths which we have sworn "with God and with thee, this great affliction should over-"take us at the end of our lives and we must cease from "thy gift and alms to thee, let thy goodness prevent us "and do thou entreat God to show great mercy unto us, "and to remove us from this vain life like all our fathers-"for behold, O our helper, thou seest what things have "befallen us for our sins' sake, and it is good for us to "die, for the death of every man is better than life without "good fruit-lest if this affliction continueth with us we "forget thy gift and thy charity which we have offered "unto God and to thee, for poverty produceth multitudes "of evils, which bring on death and make men to become "doers of what is amiss. And now, O Archangel Michael, "we have shown forth our weakness before thee, forget "us not because of our sins, but do unto us as it is written, "The angel of God encampeth round about every one "that feareth Him, and delivereth them." And David saith "concerning the peoples, [p. 31] God feedeth them in their

¹ Psalm xxxiv. 7.

"hunger', and he saith also, 'The righteous man seeketh "after bread all the day, but God is merciful and giveth "it to him'. And now, O our helper, thou holy Archangel "Michael, thou seest all the matters of thy servants and "there is nothing more left for us to say except, 'We are "willing and ready to die'. Help us, O God our Saviour, "and we utter these words blessing God, 'God hath given "and God hath taken away; may God's will be done, "and may God's name be blessed for ever. Amen"."

And these and such like words did the righteous man and his wife say from the twelfth day of Paopi, and they continued to entreat the God of Michael until the ninth hour of the eleventh day of the month Athor, the morrow of which, that is to say the twelfth day, was the great day³ of the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, just as we are gathered together one with another to celebrate his festival this day.

Now when the time for the customary monthly preparation of the holy sacrifice had arrived, that is to say the evening of the eleventh day, which is the night before the twelfth day, the truly believing man Dorotheos began to say to his pious wife, "O my sister, what canst thou "do by sitting down? Knowest thou not that to-morrow "is the festival? Forget not the good gift, and let not "the glorious commemoration of the Archangel Michael, "which is pleasant to thy heart be [p. 32] burdensome to thee. "O my sister, lest thou be deprived of the hope in God, "for it is He who showeth grace to us in everything." And that blessed woman said, "Well dost thou agree

Compare Psalm xxxiv. 9, 10. Job i. 21.

 $^{^{1}}$ I. e_{0} , the day of the annual commemoration.

with me, and well hast thou brought before me the "delight, and joy, and riches of our soul, which is the "glorious commemoration of the holy Archangel Michael. "Verily, O my brother, from the dawn of this day until "now, neither have floods of tears ceased to well up in "my eyes nor fire to burn within me, by reason of the "festival of our helper the holy Archangel Michael. And "now, O my brother, let us see what thou canst do, lest "our gift come to an end, and we defraud the being to "whom we have been accustomed to make it. We have "heard, moreover, how the great Apostle Paul said, "Whosoever hath begun to do a good work let him "complete it against the day of the manifestation of our "God Jesus Christ';" behold, we have begun to do a good "work, and let us be careful to complete it". Dorotheos saith to her, "What have we left, my sister? peradventure "it may suffice for our need." Theopisthe saith, "We have "a vessel full of bread which is fit to be set before the "brethren, and a little oil sufficient for the food and for "the anointing of the heads of the brethren, but we have "neither wheat nor flour." Dorotheos saith, "Verily, my "sister, we have these things, although we have no sheep "to slay; but the will of God be done. [p. 33] God "asketh from us nothing but what we have the might [to "give, as it is written, I will love Thee, O God, my "strength'; it is better that we should give a little than "that we should give nothing at all. And now let me "give utterance to that which is in my heart. Behold "each of us still has left festal apparel. I will take my "garments first, and will buy flour therewith for the

¹ Philippians i. 6. ² Psalm xviii. 1.

"preparation of our gift, which shall suffice for the gift "for the people, and for the flour offerings, and when "to-morrow cometh, I will take thy garments, and will "go and buy with them a sheep which we will slay "for this festival to-morrow, which is the great [day] of "the festival of the holy Archangel Michael. If we find '[a sheep] we will eat of him, and if we find him not we "will glorify God; and if we die it is God Who will "receive us unto Himself because we did not cease from "[making] His offering." The prudent woman saith to him, "O my brother, there are not only thy clothes and "mine, but my vail also. I would give my soul for the "sake of making a gift to God and for charity's sake". Her husband saith unto her, "The zeal which thou hast "manifested towards these things is well, but keep thy "vail to cover thy head, according to the words of [our] "master Paul." 1

And after these things Dorotheos took the apparel in which he was wont to receive the Mysteries, and sold it for corn, [p. 34] and he gave the corn to the steward; then he returned to his house joyfully, and said, "Behold, "God hath provided for us in the matter of the gift." And it came to pass that when it was the morning of the twelfth day of Athôr the pious woman sought [Dorotheos], and said to him, "O my brother, arise, take my "apparel that thou mayest see if thou canst not find a "sheep that we may make ready for the brethren who "are coming to us." Now Dorotheos, wishing to try her zeal, said to her, "O my sister, if I take thy apparel "what wilt thou do when thou wishest to receive the

¹ I Cerinthians xi. 5—13.

"Blessings on this great festival to-day? I am a man, "and I can go into every place alike without shame to "myself, but a woman may not uncover herself, especially "not in the church". And when the pious woman heard these things she wept bitterly, and said, "Woe is me, O "my beloved brother, what is that which thou hast spoken "to me this day? Are we separated this day, and have "we become twain? Am not I with thee one body? "Have I no part with thee in the offering? Wilt not "thou take from me my share on the festival of the "Archangel Michael? Nay, my brother, think not thus "within thyself that I should be uncovered, for those "who are in the church are neither male nor female in "Christ, but are even as angels, and archangels, and Che-"rubim and Seraphim, with the Saviour in their midst:" [p. 35] and saying these things she wept bitterly. When Dorotheos saw the exceeding zeal of her spirit he was moved concerning her, and he rejoiced in the strength of her belief, and said to her, "Rise up, and have a care "for the offering and the oil, which we are going to send "to the church, and let us set out the table and the little "bread thereupon, and make ready the little wheat [which "we have]. And I will go out, and perhaps God will "give us a sheep wherewith we may make ready food "for the brethren on this great festival this day."

And he rose up with great zeal and good confidence towards God and His holy Archangel Michael, and he took the garment, and went along his way, praying to the God of Michael that He would make his way prosperous. Now as he was going along the way he came upon a shepherd and he said to him, "Peace [be upon thee], my beloved;" and the shepherd said to him, "And

upon thee also." The pious man said to the shepherd, "Can I not find with you a sheep to-day? for a great man hath visited us this day." The shepherd said to him, "What price shall he be?" Dorotheos answered, "The third of a dinar will be enough for me to give]." And the shepherd said, "Give me the price of him that I may give him to thee." Then the pious man handed to him the garment of his wife, saving, "Take this into "thy care for three days, and if I do not bring thee the "third of a dinar take away the garment, and thou shalt "have full power over it." The shepherd answered and said, "What can I do with this garment? [p. 36] I have "no one in my house who weareth any but woollen gar-"ments;" and the shepherd turned away from the pious man who was holding the garment in his hand. Then Dorotheos went upon his way weeping bitterly, and pondered in his heart, "What shall I do, or what can I say "to my wife?" And as he was walking along his road weeping, and having his eyes heavy with crying, he looked before him and saw the holy Archangel Michael coming along riding upon a white horse like a royal governor, with angels marching by his side in the form of soldiers; and Dorotheos was greatly afraid, and withdrew from the way, leaving the path for the governor and his soldiers. And when the holy Archangel Michael had come up with him, he drew bridle and stood by him, and said, "Hail, Dorotheos, good and faithful man, "whither goest thou, and whence comest thou that thou "art thus carrying this garment, and art walking along "the road by thyself?" And Dorotheos, standing at a distance from him, answered and said, "Peace also be to "thee! O my lord and master and governor, thy coming

"to us this day is well." The governor, who was Michael, said to him, "Is not Theopisthe alive?" and Dorotheos, with his head bent towards the ground by reason of the glory of the governor, replied, "Master, thy handmaid "liveth." The governor saith to him, "What is this in "thy hand?" [p. 37] and Dorotheos answered shamefacedly, "The garment of my wife." The governor saith to him, "What wouldst thou do with it?" Dorotheos saith to him, "A mighty man hath visited us this day, and I am not "able to find for him that which befitteth his rank. By "reason of the season of dearth which hath come upon "us we have no money in our hands, and I took this "garment to give in exchange for a sheep, but the shep-"herd would not take it, and I neither know what to do, "nor what to set before the governor." The governor, who was Michael, said to him, "If I pledge myself to "obtain a sheep for thee, wilt thou receive me and those "who are with me into thy house this day?" Dorotheos answered and said unto him, "Yea, master, hold thou thy "servant worthy that thou shouldst come under the roof "of his house."

Then the governor, who was Michael, said to one of the angels who were with him in the forms of soldiers, "Go with Dorotheos to the shepherd and say to him, "The governor who passed by thee [this day] saith to "thee, Send me now a sheep of the value of the third "of a dinâr, and I pledge myself to obtain the price "thereof before mid-day this day, and to send it to thee." And Dorotheos and the angel, who was in the form of a soldier, went to the shepherd in the name of the Archangel, and took a sheep.

Then the governor, who was Michael, looked at Do-

rotheos and said to him, "Behold, [p. 38] the sheep is "ready for the great man whom thou hast received into "thy house at thy bidding this day; see now if thou "canst not find a fish for my own want, for I do not "eat sheep's flesh." Dorotheos saith to the governor joyfully, "If God provideth it I shall buy it." The governor saith to him, "How wilt thou buy it?" Dorotheos answered, "I will leave this garment for it until I can send "the price of it to the fish merchant." And the governor called to one of the soldiers who were with him, and said, "Go to the market (?) and say to those who catch "fish, 'The governor who hath lately passed by you saith "to you, Send me a fine, large fish, the price of which "is the third of a dinar, and I will send the price of it "to you with Dorotheos by mid-day to-day;" and the angel, who was in the form of a soldier, went to the catchers of fish in the name of the governor and took from them a fish and brought it to the governor. The governor then said to Dorotheos, "What wilt thou do "next? for thy business is now complete;" and Dorotheos said to him, "Yea, master, everything is now completed." And the governor said, "Let us go on;" and they took up everything, that is to say the sheep and the fish, and they went forward and Dorotheos walked along, thinking within himself, [p. 39] Where shall I find the money to pay for this sheep and this fish, and where shall I find the bread, and the wine, and the cushions upon which the governor may recline, and everything else which he needeth? And it came to pass, that multitudes of thoughts as to what he should do were in his heart, and he continued to pray to God and to the holy Archangel, saying, "O holy Archangel, O faithful helper, stand

"thou by me this day, for I am thy servant, and thou "knowest that I have done all these things in the name "of our Lord Jesus Christ." Now while Dorotheos was walking along meditating these things the Archangel knew the thoughts of his heart, but he waited in order that he might see his faithful zeal for him.

And it came to pass that when they had arrived at the house of Dorotheos Michael knocked first at the door of the dwelling, and Theopisthe, the free-woman, the wife of Dorotheos came out; and Michael said, "Peace [to "thee], O Theopisthe, thou beloved God-loving woman, "how doest thou in these days?" Theopisthe answered, "Peace be upon thee, my lord, and master, and governor! "Well has God brought thee to us this day with Michael "the holy Archangel. Come in, master, stand not without." And while Theopisthe the wife was saying these things, behold her husband Dorotheos came with the sheep in his hand, and the fish, and the garment, and laid them down before her. She saith to him, "O my master and "brother, where didst thou find these things which thou "hast brought with thee here? [p. 40] I see that the "garment is still with thee." Dorotheos saith to her, "The governor pledged himself for me and gave them "to me." And Theopisthe said to him, "Well hath God "brought to us this day the governor and those that are "with him with the holy Archangel Michael, and verily "we will partake of the things for which he hath pledged "himself for us;" and she spake these things joyfully. And the governor, who was Michael, said, "I will go to "the Offering, for to-day is the festival of the holy Arch-"angel Michael, and when the hour hath come make "ready the place with care, and kill the sheep and the

"fish, but see that no one goeth near the fish until I "have come and done with it according to my will." And they said, "According to the command of our master "so shall it be;" and he went out from them, and they knew not who he was, but they thought that he was a governor of the district.

Then Dorotheos said to Theopisthe his wife, "What "shall we spread upon the ground for the governor to "recline upon], and where shall I find bread meet for "his honour? Let us devote ourselves to doing this day "what lieth in our power for him." His wife said to him, "O my brother, God hath not forsaken us. Arise, "find a man to kill the sheep, and let us make ready "the things in the house;" and he did so. And his wife said to him, "Bring out a little wine that we may know "if it is fit for the governor or not", [p. 41] and when he had gone and had opened the door of the cellar he found it filled with wine to the very door. And Dorotheos was afraid, and went back to his wife and asked, "Hath any one brought wine here since I went out?" She saith to him, "As God liveth, when I brought out "a little wine for the Offering this day there was nothing "left in the cellar except one bottle;" and Dorotheos said to her, "Let us wait until we see what is the end of "the matter." And they gave themselves to bringing out a little oil for the food of the brethren, and for the anointing of their heads, and when they had gone into the place where the oil was kept they found [there] seven jars filled to the brim with fine oil, and vessels which were filled with everything which they wanted in the house, butter, and cheese, and honey, and vinegar, and every other household matter; and they were afraid to go in.

After these things, when they had gone into their bed-chamber, they found a chest filled with all kinds of fine raiment of greater beauty and richer than that which they had worn at their wedding and in the days which were past; and after these things they went into the place where the bread was made, and there they found good and excellent bread. And straightway they knew that an act of grace had been done to them, and they glorified the God of the Archangel Michael. And Dorotheos said to Theopisthe his wife, "God hath pro-"vided all things, come, let us spread them ready for the "governor, [p. 42] for the hour hath come for us to go "in to the holy offering." And when they had made all things ready, and had laid out a place upon which the governor might recline according to his rank, and had dressed the tables for the brethren according to their custom, they arranged themselves in goodly apparel, and went into the holy ministration in the church of the holy Archangel Michael; and they prayed there with great joy. And when they had come into the church they both bowed down before the place for prayer, and prayed to God giving great thanks, and they uttered blessings before the image of the holy Archangel Michael, and said, "We give thanks unto Thee, O our God Jesus "Christ, and to Thy good Father, and to the Holy Spirit "for ever, Amen. And we bless Thy holy Archangel "Michael because Thou hast not hidden Thy mercy from "us, neither hast Thou forgotten our gift; but Thou hast "sent unto us Thy loving-kindness quickly." After these things they partook of the Mysteries and received the blessing of peace. Then they came out quickly into the presence of the brethren, and they sat down, and waited

for the governor with great expectation; and there were gathered together there men and women until the whole place was filled with them. And Dorotheos and Theopisthe girded up their loins, and stood up and ministered unto them in every thing which they needed, [p. 43] and they served them with good wine and choice oil and excellent food. And it came to pass that while they were thus ministering the governor, that is to say Michael, came with his soldiers, and knocked at the door. And Dorotheos and Theopisthe went out quickly with joy, and they opened the door, and received them, saying, "Happy are we in that we are held worthy of thy coming "to us this day, O our master and governor, with thy "soldiers; verily we rejoice this day, for this day is a "great day, the festival of the holy Archangel Michael. "Come thou in, O blessed one, and may God make thee "joyful." Now when the governor had come in and found the whole place filled with women, and with small and great, he made as if he were astonished, and said to Dorotheos and Theopisthe, "O my brethren, what need have ve "of all this multitude of men and women whom I see "here? Lay not trouble upon yourselves this day by "reason of our coming to you. Have ye not considered the "affliction in which ye now are, and would it not be better "to act thus in times of abundance?" And they answered and said, "O master and governor, forgive us. We have "not laid trouble upon ourselves for thy sake, we only "render thanksgiving to our God and to His Archangel "Michael. Among those whom thou seest here to-day "there is no stranger, they all are kinsmen of ours "and are united to us in God;" and while these saints were saying these things [p. 44] the Archangel Michael rejoiced at the perfectness of their natural dispositions.

And after these things Michael and those who were with him went into the place which Dorotheos and Theopisthe had prepared for him, and when they had gone in they made the Archangel to sit down upon a seat. And he said to Dorotheos, "Bring me the fish before "thou doest anything to him." And when they had brought him he said to Dorotheos, "Sit down and open his belly;" and he did so. The governor said, "Take out his maw," and he took it out, and found that it was very large. And Dorotheos said, "What is this, master?" and Michael said, "Open it;" and when he had opened it he found a bundle inside it sealed with seals. And he marvelled at the thing and said, "What is this, master?" and the governor, who was Michael, said to him, "Large fishes "like this swallow everything which they find in the water, "but open the packet, that thou mayest see what is "inside it." Dorotheos said to him, "Master, how can I "open it? it is sealed." Then the Archangel Michael stretched out his hand and took the bundle, and he found it to be full of fine gold money; and when they had counted it they found that it amounted to three hundred dinars, and among the money were three pieces each of the value of a third of a dînâr. And when Dorotheos had taken them he lifted up his eyes to heaven, and said, "Righteous art thou, O God, and to Thee belong "those who are upright, [p. 45] and those who put their "confidence in Thee shall never be ashamed."

Then the governor said to Dorotheos and Theopisthe his wife, "Come hither to me, O my beloved brethren, "and let me speak with you. Because ye are people of

"charity and because of the exceeding great trouble which "ye have undertaken for the sake of my coming unto "you this day, behold, God hath given to you this money "under this seal, which is that of the finger of God my "King, and which belongeth unto Him. And now in "return for your charities and for the trouble which ye "have endured for the race of man, and for those things "which ye have done unto me and unto those who are "with me this day, God hath shown a favour unto you "this day by the gifts of these three hundred dinars "and these three pieces each of the value of a third of "a dinar. Take them, and give one to the shepherd, "and one to the fisherman in exchange for the fish, and "take this last and give it as payment for the corn to "the man unto whom thou didst give thy garments yes-"terday in pledge for the sake of the gift [to the church]." And they, I mean Dorotheos and Theopisthe, threw themselves down upon the ground, and bowing low before the governor, said, "What is this that thou sayest to us, "O our lord, and master, and governor? Hast thou come "to us thy servants that we should take aught from thee? "Are not all men bound to minister unto the soldiers of "the king? Art thou not set over us to do with us that "which thou wilt? And, moreover, thou hast taken nothing "except the grace of God and His gift. Knowest thou "not, O our master and governor, [p. 46] what day this "is, and that the little piece of bread which thou hast "eaten with our kinsfolk is not ours, but that of God "and His holy Archangel Michael, whose festival we "celebrate this day? Nevertheless, O master and gov-"ernor, if it be thy wish, we will take only the three "pieces of money each of the value of a third of a dinar,

"that we may give them in payment, one for the sheep, "[one for] the fish, and the third for the redemption of "the apparel which is pledged according to thy com-"mand." And the governor, who was Michael, said to them, "Verily, by the life of my God and King ye must "perforce take all, and ye must not leave one behind, if "ye fear my God and King. For if He heard that ye had "not done so He would be wroth, and I should receive "rebuke before my God and King for your sakes; and "I will persuade Him to be pleased to grant unto you "even greater gifts than these. And since ye must wish "to know the truth, it is not only these things which are "entrusted to me to give to you, but when I shall have "returned to my city I will give unto you your riches "as aforetime, and many exceeding great honours; and "now take these things which are the usury upon them."

And when Dorotheos and Theopisthe his wife heard these things they marvelled, and said unto him, "Master, "we besech thee, mock not at thy servants, and say not "things which are beyond our nature to bear. Our master "came unto us and did we give [him] money that we "might receive usury at his hands? Verily we never saw "thee, master, [p. 47] before thou camest into our house, "and we never looked upon thy face before this day, "and yet how sayest thou that thou hast received any-"thing from our hands?" The governor answered and said, "Listen unto me, and I will show you. The time "when I [first] came into your house was when your "parents died, and ye inherited possessions and money. "From that time until this day I have come into your "house once every month, and after I have departed ye "have sent to me, yea, ye have sent large gifts to my

"city unto my God and King, and your names have been "written upon them all until the time when ye shall come "into the presence of my God and King, that He may "give them to you two-fold." And Dorotheos and his wife Theopisthe answered and said, "We entreat thee, "O our master and governor, to show us this favour "only to tell us what thy name is, that we may never "be slack by reason of these things which thou hast "spoken unto us." Then the governor, who was Michael, answered and said unto them, "Since ye wish to hear I "will show you my name and the name of my city. I "am Michael, the governor of the denizens of heaven "and of the peoples of the earth. I am Michael, the "chief captain of the powers of heaven. I am Michael, "the ruler of the worlds of light. I am Michael, [p. 48] "who decide all battles before the king. I am Michael, "the glory of all beings in heaven and in earth. I am Mi-"chael, the mighty one, by whom all the mercy of God hath "taken place. I am Michael, the steward of the kingdom "of heaven. I am Michael, the Archangel, who stand "by the hands of God. I am Michael, who bring in "the gifts and offerings of men to God my King. I am "Michael, who walk with those men whose trust is in "God. I am Michael the Archangel, who minister unto "all mankind in uprightness, and I have ministered unto "you from your youth up until this hour, and I will "never cease to minister unto you until I have brought "you to Christ my eternal King. Inasmuch as ye have "ministered unto me and unto my God with fulness of "strength I will never forget your gifts, and I will never "put your offerings and charities which ye have done "to God in my name behind me. Did not I stand in

"your midst yesterday and hear what ye said to each "other in respect of your wonted gifts at the festival? "Was not I with you when ye wept, and besought me, "saying, "Entreat God to take us out of this world "since the hope of thy charity is taken away from us?" "p. 49 Did not I see you when ye brought forth your "garments in which ye were accustomed to receive the "Blessings, and wished to sell them for the sake of the "sacrifice? I say unto you that I was present at all these "times, and will be with you, and I will never forget "any of the things which ye have done from your youth "up until this present, and I will show forth them all for "you before God, Who is my King; and verily your "offerings have been received like those of Abel, and "Noah, and Abraham, because ye gave them in upright-"ness of heart. Blessed are ye, and good shall come "unto you, and as are your names, so shall your blessing "be; for the interpretation of Dorotheos is 'sacrifice of "God', and the interpretation of Theopisthe is 'charity "of God"."

"I am the Archangel Michael who stand by the hands "of God, and ye have gotten for yourselves one to pray "for you. I am Michael who receive your prayers, and "supplications, and charities, and bring them up to God. "And likewise it was I who went to Cornelius" and "showed him the way of the life by baptism, which he "received at the hands of Peter the chief of the Apostles. "Fear ye not, for I will not depart from you, and I will "be near unto you when my God draweth nigh unto you, "because of your great charity towards me, [p. 50] as it

I See Acts x. 30.

"is written, 'Draw nigh to God, and He will draw night "unto you'."

"And now, O Dorotheos and Theopisthe, be strong, "and take these things from my hands, for I have already "told you that it is the increase (or usury), and that the "crown(?) is in the heavenly Jerusalem, the city of the "King of all the beings of heaven and earth. And I "have already given thanks unto you before God in return "for your gifts and charities". And when he had said these things unto them, he gave them the money with the [salutation of] peace, and went up to heaven with his angels; and Dorotheos and Theopisthe looked after him with fear until he had gone into heaven in the peace of God; Amen.

And Dorotheos and Theopisthe his wife did as the holy Archangel Michael commanded them, and they finished the festival with joy, and they are and glorified God; and they ceased not from the works of charity which they were wont to do in the name of Michael until they ended their life.

And now, O my beloved, will not ye profit a little by what ye have just heard? Is not this narrative sufficient to persuade your minds? Be ye not prevented from bringing [your offerings] to God in the name of Michael, for are ye not now certain that it is Michael the Archangel who will receive whatsoever ye give to God, [p. 51] and that he will make it manifest before Him on your behalf, and also that whatsoever ye give in the name of the God of Michael, He will give a two-fold increase to you through him, as He did to these

¹ St. James iv. 8.

holy men? Ye have already heard, O my beloved, of the great gifts to God which these holy people, Dorotheos and Theopisthe, whose minds were right with Him, set apart for Him, and how God extended His love towards them, and how He sent to them the Archangel Michael, who provided great and boundless riches, and a ladder to the kingdom of heaven for them. And I, O beloved brethren, know of a truth that whatsoever ye give in the name of the holy Archangel Michael ye shall receive two-fold in this world, even before ye attain unto heaven.

And now, O men filled with virtue, restrain not yourselves, and set not a limit upon your power [of giving], for ye know that it is not for what ye have given, or for what ye will give, that the Archangel Michael will minister unto you with joy, and whether it be little or much he will receive it from you as [the gift of | your zeal. God seeketh from you nothing which is beyond your power, He only looketh for an offering of goodwill; listen, and I will show you. When the Saviour was with us upon earth [p. 52] men were wont to bring their rich gifts, and to cast them into the treasury [of the temple], but God did not justify them greatly. But when the widow woman searched in her house and found only two mites, she brought them with uprightness of heart, and cast them into the treasury; and He gave her a blessing, and praised her, saying, "Everything which she hath she "hath given; she hath given all her life". And do thou likewise, O my beloved, be zealous to give gifts unto God in the name of the Archangel Michael, and he himself will give unto thee a multitude of good things, and will

¹ St. Mark xii. 42; St. Luke xxi. 2.

minister unto thee by them. If thou givest a gift in the name of the Archangel Michael, God will give to thee of that gift, and Michael will ascribe honour unto thee; and if thou givest a gift in the name of the God of Michael, it is God Who will help thee in His mercy in His never-ending kingdom in heaven. If thou shalt receive a stranger in the name of the God of Michael, God will receive thee in the courts of peace. If thou givest drink to the thirsty in the name of the God of Michael, God will give thee to drink of the good things of His kingdom. If thou clothest a naked person in the name of the God of Michael, God will clothe thee in a robe of glory in the heavens. If thou givest a cup of wine to anyone in the name of the God of Michael, [p. 53] God will give thee to drink of the wine of the true, rich vine; and if thou hast not wine, give a cup of cold water only, according to the words of God in the Gospel which say, "Whoso-"ever shall give you a cup of cold water in My name "(and ye are Christ's) shall not lose his reward," and God will give thee to drink of the fountain of life which cometh forth from His holy throne. If thou visitest a sick person in the name of the God of Michael, God will send His angel to visit thee in thy great sickness, which is the day of thy death. If thou goest to those who are in prison, and comfortest them on the festival of the Archangel Michael, God will send Michael to deliver thee from the prison of Amenti,2 and God shall say unto thee, "I "was in prison and thou camest unto Me." 3 If thou buildest a church in the name of the God of Michael, God will

St. Matthew x. 42. I. e., the Egyptian

³ St. Matthew xxv. 36.

bless thee with a house, not built with hands, in heaven. And if thou seest anyone feeble with bodily infirmity, and ministerest unto them with medicines, the God of Michael shall heal thee of the sickness of Amenti, for it is written. "Be merciful that mercy may be shown unto you;" and again, "Blessed are the merciful, for mercy shall be shown "unto them;" and again, "Charity shall make a man to "be praised in judgment;" and again, [p. 54] "Charity shall "cover the multitude of sins."

O beloved brethren, it is meet for us to strive to show mercy by means of gifts to God, and charity in the name of the God of Michael, for we know that it is meet and right so to do; and God is nigh at all times, and He giveth to each one according to his works. And let us stretch out our hands in charity at all times, O my beloved, for charity is of God, and charity is mercy. He showed mercy unto our father Adam, and unto our mother Eve, and He accepted their repentance, and forgave them their transgressions through the prayers of Michael. He shewed love towards the righteous man Abel, and accepted his sacrifice through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Enoch, and removed him from this life without letting him see death, through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Noah, and made him an ark, and delivered him and all his house through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Abraham our father, according to His covenant with him, and He gave him Isaac through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Isaac at first when he was about to be sacrificed, and gave a ram

¹ Prov. xiii. 21, 22; Zech. vii. 9; St. Luke vi. 36, 37.

St. Matthew v. 7. I St. Peter iv. 8.

in his stead |,through the prayers of Michael|. He shewed mercy unto Jacob, and gave him grace in the sight of his brother Esau, through the prayers of Michael. And God shewed mercy unto Joseph, [p. 55] and delivered him out of the hands of his brethren, and from the Egyptian woman, through the prayers of Michael. And God shewed mercy unto Moses, the greatest of the prophets, and filled him with grace more than any other man, through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Joshua the son of Nun, and made the sun stand more than a whole day until he had overthrown his foes, through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto David the king, and He chose him out from among his brethren, and anointed him king over His people, through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto Solomon, and commanded him to build the temple of God, through the prayers of Michael. He shewed mercy unto the righteous king Hezekiah, and He added fifteen years of grace to his days, through the prayers of Michael. He hath shewed mercy unto the whole race of Adam, and our God hath wrought exceeding grace with them, for He bowed the heavens, and came down upon earth, and took flesh in the holy Virgin, and gave His own soul as a redemption for us, to deliver us from Amenti, through the prayers of Michael. And God shewed mercy unto our fathers the Apostles, and chose them out from the whole world, and He gave them power to turn all men to the knowledge of the truth through the prayers of Michael.

[p. 56] And now, my beloved, behold we know that God's whole will existeth in mercy and love, and that the holy Archangel Michael is a comforter and ambassador for us with God. Let us then ourselves follow and seek

after mercy and love, for it is written, "Mercy exalteth, "and love maketh upright;" and our Master, and God, and Saviour, Jesus Christ the merciful One, cried out, saying, "Be merciful, that mercy may be shown to you," - that is to say, give to God that gifts may be given to youand again, "With what measure ye mete, it shall be measured unto you."2 Let us then mete with good measure to-day, on the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, that he may mete to us good measure in the kingdom of heaven; and let us keep a spiritual festival this day in the name of the Archangel Michael, that we may keep with him and with God the festival which endureth for ever in heaven. Let us put away from us all injustice on the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, that we may array ourselves in the apparel of light, and let us glorify God, and His holy Archangel Michael on this day of his holy festival, that he may glorify us with great and perfect beauty. And let us draw nigh to the Archangel Michael in his holy festival, [p. 57] having our bodies cleansed with holy water and made beautiful with glorious apparel, and our hands full of incense, saying, "O ruler "of the heavens, O Archangel, pray to God that He may "mercifully grant us bread of sufficiency, and clothing, and "entreat Him on our behalf to forgive us. O holy Arch-"angel Michael, pray to God for us, that He may merci-"fully grant us to be at peace with each other, for thou "art our peace. Thou knowest, O our champion, that we "are earth, and dust, and ashes, but God is merciful to "forgive us; we have sinned, and to thee it belongeth to "pray to God to forgive us, O Michael the holy Archangel!

¹ Compare St. Luke vi. 36, 37. St. Matthew vii. 2.

"We have sinned, and thou must pray to God our King "for us. We know of a truth, O Archangel Michael, that "thou art the wall of the loving-kindness of God, the "merciful One, and that thou art an ambassador for us be"fore God, the Father of blessed compassion in everything "for us, that He may forgive us all the sins which we have "wrought, wittingly and unwittingly, wilfully and against "our will, and that He may grant unto us a way to leave "them behind us and to press forward, and that He may "stablish us spotless before Himself. It is thou, O holy "Archangel Michael, the general of the hosts of heaven, "[p. 58] who dost take care for us, and who dost glorify "every one who keepeth the festival in thy holy name in "every place."

O my beloved, verily I have put my hand to a great undertaking, one which is beyond my power, and I have sought a great and wide sea which I am not able to pass over; but I said at the beginning of this encomium that my ship was small, that my merchandise was without value, that I knew not the craft of the sailor, and that the great deep-which is the deep of this encomium in which I ascribe honour to the holy and mighty Archangel-was very difficult to pass over. And I beseech you, my brethren, to help me to save myself from this great and boundless abyss, that I may come to land again in safety, for I have begun to speak to you concerning the glory and honour which belong to, and are meet for the Archangel Michael, whose festival we celebrate this day. But my tongue is a tongue of flesh, and my flesh is the flesh of weakness, and I have not power to describe the measure of his glory, nor the greatness of his rank. Thou art, O holy Archangel Michael, with God, the joy of my heart,

the ornament of my tongue, the speech of my mouth, and the director of my heart towards God. What mouth, or what tongue, or what heart filled with power is able to describe the measure of thy worth, [p. 59] or to arrive at the knowledge of the measure of the majesty and glory with which God hath endowed thee? All these things which I have said, O ruler of the kingdom of heaven, are meet for the glory of thy majesty, but forgive me, O my lord Michael, for I am a sinner, and my works are feeble. I beseech thee, O Michael my helper, to accept this my little sacrifice which I have brought in to give to thee at this holy festival, and restrain not thyself from hearkening unto thy servant because my gift is miserable; but accept my zeal, even as thou didst accept the two mites, for I know that thou art merciful and gracious, and therefore I seek thee, for I have no other ambassador with God but thee, O Archangel Michael. And if thou wilt do good unto me, and wilt receive my little offering, even though it be poor, I will be watchful henceforth to ascribe honour to thee with my sinful mouth, and halting tongue, and heart, all the days of my life. And moreover, I verily believe that if I forget thy name and do not keep it always in remembrance in my heart all the days of my life, O Archangel, that I shall bear no fruit, and be without reward from God; for it is the remembrance of thy holy name, [p. 60] O great and holy Archangel, which delivereth me in my lying down and rising up. O holy Archangel Michael, through whom the whole race of Adam hath found freedom of speech before God, it is thou who comest and makest mention of us before Him, that He may show mercy upon us; be thou with us on this day of thy great

festival wherein thou art an ambassador before God for us; that He may accept our zeal which we show in thy holy commemoration, O Michael our holy Archangel, that He may direct all our paths so that we may walk always before Him in the will of God; that He may deliver us from all the snares which the enemy of all truth and the evil liar spreadeth for us; and that He may stablish us to Himself in the kingdom and priesthood to be a holy family and a living people by the prayers which the Lady of us all, the bearer of God the Word, maketh for usfor verily the holy Mary, who was Virgin at all times, is our ambassadress before the holy and mighty Archangel Michael, whose festival we celebrate this day, and who prayeth to God always for us—and by the prayers of the whole company of our incorporeal associates; and by the prayers of Saint John the Baptist, the forerunner and holy martyr of Christ, than whom among those born of women none greater liath arisen; [p.61] and by the prayers of the Patriarchs, and Prophets, and the chief Apostles who follow the true Bridegroom, our Life, our Lord Jesus Christ; by the prayers of the three holy children Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego; by the prayers of Saint Stephen, and of the whole company of the holy martyrs, and of the holy men who bore the cross, who stand before the royal throne of God the Word, and entreat Him day and night to have mercy upon His people. He is our Lord and our God, Jesus Christ, to Whom be all glory, and honour, and adoration, and reverence, which are meet for the Father with Him, and the Holy and vivifying and consubstantial Spirit with Him, now and always, and for ever and ever. Amen.

[P. 63] [Here beginneth] the discourse of Abba Severus, the holy patriarch and Archbishop of Antioch, in which he shewed forth the compassion of God, and spake concerning the presence of the holy Archangel Michael, and of his love towards man, and how he delivereth men from the snares of the Devil. In it he also spake briefly concerning the holy Lord's Day-now in that year the festival of the holy Archangel Michael happened to fall upon the holy Lord's Day—and he spake, moreover, concerning Matthew the merchant, and his wife, and his son, and of how they believed in God through the prayers of the holy Archangel Michael. This discourse was pronounced on the twelfth day of the month Athôr, at the gathering together of the multitude to celebrate the festival of the holy Archangel Michael at his shrine, in the peace of God. Amen.

I hear David, the holy Psalmist, inviting us to assemble together on this festival to-day, [p. 64] and crying out, and saying, "The angel of God encampeth round about "all those who fear Him, and delivereth them." My beloved, the festival this day is two-fold: it is the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, and the festival of

¹ Psalm xxxiv. 7.

the holy Lord's Day, [the day of] the resurrection of our Saviour. Behold I see that a great calm hath come, and that there is not a breath of wind to disturb us, and that ye all are ready to receive the words of instruction; so then, whether it be I who speak, or ye who listen, let there be wholly fulfilled in us the words, "And "some brought forth an hundredfold, some sixty, and some "thirty." And moreover, ye know that the Giver of the true reward, our Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of the Living God, is not far from us, for He saith with His lifegiving and truthful mouth, "Where two or three are gathered "together in My name, there am I in the midst;" and since our God is with us let us accept the words of David, the Prophet and Psalmist, which say, "Be still, "and know that I am God. I am exalted over the heathen, "I am exalted over the whole earth." 3 Ye know also, O my beloved, that to-day is the festival of our salvation, the holy Lord's Day, in which, first of all, it is meet that we should hymn, and bless, and glorify God-to Whom all honour is due always, [p. 65] and for ever and ever, Amen—and afterwards, that we should direct our discourse to the honour of Michael, the mighty and holy Archangel. Hear ye also Him in the holy Gospel according to Matthew: "The Archangel of God said to the women, "Fear ye not, for I know that ye seek Jesus Who was "crucified. He is not here; for He is risen, as He said "to His disciples." And Saint Matthew saith, "He was "like lightning, and his clothing was white like snow,"5

St. Matthew xiii. 8.

St. Matthew xviii. 20.

Ps. xlvi. 10.

⁺ St. Matthew xxviii. 5.

St. Matthew xxviii. 3.

that was the holy Archangel Michael, the ruler of the hosts of heaven. Let us then keep the feast this day, my beloved, for God is in our midst, and the whole company of the angels keep the festival of the holy Archangel with us, for it is Michael who entreateth God always to forgive the whole race of man their sins. With which of all the saints was not the Archangel present to deliver him out of all his afflictions? and to which of all the martyrs did not the Archangel Michael give strength by God's command until he received his crown? And now, my beloved, if ye wish to know whether the Archangel Michael be present with those who walk after God with all their hearts, or whether he prayeth unto God that he may be their helper, listen, and I will show you this great miracle which took place through the power of God and through the prayers of the holy Archangel Michael, [p. 66] which is related by men worthy of belief.

There was once a merchant whose name at first was Ketson, and he sprang from the country of Entike, and he was very rich and he had there much business; but he knew not God, for he was a pagan and worshipped the sun, and he lived in his heathenism, and God wished to deliver him. And it came to pass on a time that he loaded a ship with his wares, and departed to a city in the country of Philippi (?) called Kalônia, in which they worshipped God alone, and he entered therein on the first day of the month Athôr, and stayed there and sold his wares. And when the eleventh day of the month Athôr had come, at the time of noon on that day he passed by the shrine of the Archangel Michael, and saw [men] crowning it with lanterns and draping it with cloth, and he marvelled greatly, and sat down there according

to the dispensation of God to see what would be the end of the matter. And when the evening was come he saw that all the multitude was gathered together there, and they lit the lamps and sang sweet hymns of praise; and the man marvelled, and because of his exceedingly great astonishment he slept by the door of the shrine. [p. 67] And during the night the clergy and the law-loving gathered together and performed the service, and the man marvelled greatly at what he heard. And when the morning had come he set out to go unto two Christians who dwelt in that city, and he asked them, saying, "My brethren, what hath happened, and what is "[the meaning of] the crowd which is in this city to-day?" And the men said to him, "To-day is the twelfth day of "Athor on which we celebrate the festival of the holy "Archangel Michael, for it is he who prayeth for us to "God that He will forgive us our sins, and will deliver "us from all evil." And the merchant said to them, "Where is he? for I myself would speak with him and "ask him to deliver me from all evil." And they answered and said to him, "Thou wilt not be able to see him until "thou art perfect, but if thou wilt become a Christian "thou canst ask not only him who is the servant, but "thou shalt also see his God, and become a participator "in his glory, and He will deliver thee from all evil." The merchant saith to them, "My brethren, I beseech "you to bring me with you to-morrow that I may become "a Christian, and I will give each of you a basket of "money, for my heart inclineth greatly to the object of "your worship." And the men said to him, "Thou canst "not become like unto ourselves until our Father the "Bishop hath prayed over thee, p. 68 and hath sancti"fied thee and baptized thee in the name of the Father, and "the Son, and the Holy Ghost; then wilt thou have become "a Christian. But wait until our Father the Bishop hath "a convenient season, and then we will take thee to him, "and he will make thee like unto ourselves;" and he did as they spake to him, and he waited that day.

And on the morrow he came to them and said, "My "good brethren, take me with you, that the God of Whom "ye spake may give you your reward;" and the two believing men took him to the Bishop and shewed him everything which had taken place. And the Bishop said to the merchant, "From what country comest thou?" and the merchant said, "I am from the country of Entike." And the Bishop said to him, "Art thou persuaded to "become a Christian?" and the merchant said, "Yea, of "a certainty, O my Father, for by what I have seen and "heard in this city it seemeth good to me to become a "Christian." And the Bishop said to him, "What god "dost thou worship?" and the merchant said, "I worship "the Sun". And the Bishop said to him, "When the sun "hath set and hath gone down into the earth, if a "necessity arise where canst thou find him to help thee?" The merchant said to him, "My Father, be graciously "pleased to help me, and baptize me, and I entreat thee "to make me a Christian like all the men of this city." [p. 69] And the Bishop said to him, "Hast thou a wife "or children?" and the merchant said to him, "My wife "and my children are at home in my city." And the Bishop said to him, "If it be so, we will not invoke "God's blessing upon thee, lest the minds of thy wife and "children be not in accordance with thine, and there "arise a stumblingblock between you and between us,

"and it happen that either she is separated from thee, "or she causeth thee to apostatize from the service of "God and from the baptism which thou wilt have received "—for the first transgression took place through a wo-"man—but if her heart be in accordance with thine, come, "and I will make thee a Christian." When the merchant heard these things he rejoiced greatly, and having been blessed by the hand of the Bishop, he came forth and

made ready to depart to his city.

And when the Devil, the hater of all good, knew that the man had given his heart to God he was envious of him, and it came to pass that when Ketsôn had come upon the sea, he raised up a mighty storm, and he made the waves to rise up round about the ship, so that all those who were therein were well nigh drowned. Then the merchant cried out, saying, "O my Lord Jesus Christ, "help me in this great need, and I will believe in the "great glory which I have seen in the shrine of the holy "Archangel Michael, and henceforth, until the day of our "death, [p. 70] I and all my house will be Christians." And straightway at that moment a voice came to him, saying, "Be not afraid, for no evil shall betide thee;" and immediately the crests of the waves bowed down and sank to rest, and the ship righted herself and sailed along smoothly, and by the command of God the merchant arrived in his own city, and no evil happened to him.

And when he had gone into his house he rejoiced with exceeding great joy, and he told his household of the marvellous thing which had happened to him in the ship, and of all that had befallen him in the city of Kalônia. And he spake to them, saying, "Verily, the sun "which we worship is not a god, but he is the servant

"of the great God of heaven, Jesus Christ, the Son of "the living God, Who He is, and it is He who is the "God of the universe, and it is through Him that all "things exist;" and he told them also concerning the honour of the holy Archangel Michael, his mighty son, and they marvelled greatly. Then the man turned to his wife, and said to her, "If thou wilt be obedient unto "me, arise, come with me, and let us become Christians, "and let us make ourselves servants of Christ, and let "us not halt between two opinions. If, however, thou wilt "not be persuaded I will not force thee. Behold I have "eight thousand mithkals remaining to me, and of these "I will give thee one thousand, and thou shalt abide in "thine own worship; but as for me, I will go and receive "remission for my sins." [p. 71] And his wife said to him gladly, "Verily, my master and brother, whatsoever way "thou goest, that will I travel with thee, and whatsoever "death thou shalt die, that will I myself die;" so they made everything ready, and they embarked and came to the city of Kalônia, and the man marvelled how God had helped them. And they went to the two men whom [Ketson had] first [seen], and they saluted them, and made known to them that they had come to be made Christians, and they took them to the Bishop, and shewed him, saying, "This is the man who came recently to be made a "Christian, and behold, he hath now come with his wife "and child to become Christians." And the Bishop rejoiced with an exceeding great joy at the conversion of their souls, and when they had been brought in to him he said, "Do ye in very truth wish to become Christians?" And the merchant answered humbly, "Yea, by God's will, and "by thy holy prayers, O Father." Then the Bishop caused

them to make ready a Jordan in the shrine of the holy Archangel Michael, and he instructed the man, and his wife, and his four sons, and their servants, and he baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. Now the name of the merchant was at first Ketsôn, but the Bishop changed it, and called his name Matthew, [p. 72] and his wife he called Irene; and he called the first of the four sons John, the second, Stephen, the third, Joseph, and the fourth, Daniel. And he made ready the Communion and gave to them of the holy Mysteries, the Body and Blood of our Lord Jesus Christ. And after their baptism they tarried a month with the Bishop, and he instructed them in the things of their upright faith. And Matthew the merchant, by reason of the exceeding great joy which had come to him, gave six hundred mithkals to the shrine of the Archangel as a thanksgiving offering for his salvation. And they received blessing at the hands of the Bishop before returning to their own country, and they bade farewell to the chief men of the city and to the law-loving men with great joy, and by the will of God they returned to their country, being guided and directed by the holy Archangel Michael.

And when they had gone into their house they made a great feast for their people, and they distributed great charity to the needy, and widows, and orphans, and their village marvelled at them, and their name was in the mouth of every one; and they made their country to

shine by their good deeds.

And it came to pass after these things, when two months had passed by, that the excellent man Matthew went to his rest; he had come [to work in the vineyard]

at the eleventh hour, [p. 73] but through the prayers of the holy Archangel Michael he received the wages of the whole day. And his little sons and their mother ceased not from the good things which they were wont to do in abundance while their father was alive. Now the Devil and his fiends could not bear to see the good deeds which these holy people were doing, and he stirred up the people of their city against them, and he made them to hate them with a great hatred, and at length they rose up against them and seized their possessions by violence, and the things which were in their storehouse. Then John said to his mother and brethren, "Behold, ye see how much they have afflicted us since "our father died, arise now and let us leave this place, "and go to the royal city, and live there; for it is written "in the holy Gospel, 'If they persecute you in one city, "flee to another'." And behold they have persecuted "and afflicted us here; but God's will be done." So they arose secretly, and took what things remained unto them, and they went into the royal city, and lived there, saying, "May the God of the Archangel Michael be our helper;" and they multiplied the charities which they were wont to do of old.

And again the Devil could not bear it, but was disturbed when he saw these pious people giving their charities in faith—now he knew not that the holy Archangel Michael would put him to shame—and at length he roared like a lion. [p. 74] And it came to pass that when a few days had gone by, the watchmen of the city went in and robbed the house of one of the chief

¹ St. Matthew x. 23.

nobles of the city, and they carried off much booty; and the nobleman told the governor who was over the city. and he made an enquiry into the matter by the hand of the controller of the city, who straightway laid hold of the watchmen and compelled them to find for him the nobleman's property. And while they were disturbed concerning this matter, behold the Devil took the form of a man, and went about throughout the city, and cried out, saying, "I know who stole the property of Sylon the "nobleman, for I saw these four strange young men, who "came here a few days ago, go into the house, and "plunder it, and we know of a truth that this hath been "their business from the time when they lived in their "country." And when the men of the city heard these things they told the governor, and straightway they dragged them along by the hair of their head by the governor's command, and brought them in before him. Now they dragged them along without mercy, and their mother followed after them weeping, and she comforted them, saving, "Fear ye not, my children, for God, in "Whom we believe, and His holy Archangel Michael are "able to deliver you from all evil, [p. 75] and from those "who speak falsely against you for His sake." And as she spake these things a voice came to them out of heaven, saying, "Fear ye not, for I will not allow any "evil to betide you: I am Michael, and I will watch over "you to guard you from all evil."

And it came to pass that while they were standing before the governor who was questioning them, the Archangel [Michael] came and stood a little way off in the form of a patrician of the empire; and when the governor saw him he rose and stood up and besought him, saying,

"Prithee come, sit down, and listen to this dispute." And when he had sat down the governor made them bring the four young men before him, and he said to them, "Be quick and give back to the nobleman the stolen "things before I inflict punishment upon you." And they answered and said, "As the Lord God of the Christians "liveth, and by the glory of His holy Archangel Michael "we have never taken part in this matter." And the Archangel Michael said to the governor, "I am sure that "the truth will be manifest by these means. Let them "take the youngest brother of these men, and carry him "into the house of the chief watchman, whose heart is "inflamed against these men, and let him cry out, saying, "In the name of my Lord Jesus Christ, let the stolen "things which belong to Sylôn the nobleman, [p. 76] on "'account of which they have accused us, appear;' and "straightway the truth will be made manifest." And straightway the governor commanded them to take the little child into the house of the chief watchman, as the Archangel Michael had said, and he cried out, saying, "In the name of my Lord Jesus Christ and of the holy "Archangel Michael, let the things stolen from Sylôn "the nobleman appear." And straightway a voice came, and everyone heard it, saying, "Go down into the cellar, "and ye will find everything; these young men are inno-"cent of the offence;" and they went down straightway into the cellar, and found all the stolen things. And when they told the governor what had happened he marvelled greatly, and when he turned round to tell him that had taken the form of a patrician, that is to say Michael, what had happened, he did not know where he had gone; and he marvelled greatly. And he set the

young men free, and they went to their house glorifying God and His holy Archangel Michael; and these pious people did not cease from doing the good deeds which they were wont to do unto everyone, and everyone marvelled at their good life.

And it came to pass some time after these things had happened that a certain man accused two men before the governor of not having paid the debt awarded by a former judgment, and the governor gave the two men over to certain soldiers that they might compel them each to pay one hundred mithkals, [p. 77] but they had not the wherewithal to pay. And it happened opportunely that the good man John met them, and when he saw the soldiers mercilessly driving them along with blows, he said to the soldiers, "For what reason do ye "beat these men?" And the soldiers said, "We have "seized them because each [oweth] one hundred mithkals." And John said to them, "Will they be set free if the two "hundred mithkals be paid?" and the soldiers answered, "Yea, but if they pay not the money they will be slain." Then John entreated the soldiers, saying, "Wait a little, "and I will come back to you;" and he went into his house and brought out two hundred mithkals, and he gave them to the soldiers, and they set the two men free, and he also gave unto each of the four soldiers, who had been set over the two men, a mithkâl.

And again the Devil, the enemy of all truth, could not bear [to see this], and was filled with envy against the pious brethren because of their good works, and he stirred up a great and exceedingly hard and severe trial, which was this. And it came to pass after these things that a certain man in the city had invited some friends

and neighbours into his house-now it was eventideand this man lived nigh unto the house of the pious brethren; and when they had eaten and drunk, a certain man rose up to go to his house. And as he was walking across the open ground of the city, a scorpion stung him, and he fell down and died immediately, and no man knew what had happened to him. [p. 78] And when the watchmen of the city were going about on their rounds together, they found the dead man, and they brought him into the light, and although they examined the body they knew not what had happened to him; and they made him ready for burial and when it was morning

they carried him to the sepulchre.

And the Devil, taking upon himself the form of a man, cried out to the whole city, saying, "This wicked "murder of the man who is dead-the cause of his "death and his murderer being known unto no man-"cannot have been committed by any one except those "four strange young men, and I am [ready] to bear "witness to this fact." And these words spread throughout the whole city, and the general went and told the governor Kesanthos, who straightway commanded and they brought the four young men [before him] with their hands tied behind them, and chains round their necks. And as they were bringing them before the governor, a voice came to them, saying, "Fear ye not, for behold "the time of tribulation passeth by, and peace shall come "unto you from God;" and they set them before the governor as condemned criminals. And behold straightway the holy Archangel Michael took the form of a great general of the Greek Emperor, and when Kesanthos saw him, he rose up and stood upon his feet before him;

and when he had come up to him they sat down together. And when the Archangel Michael saw the young men standing there, [p. 79] he said to Kesanthos the governor, "What is the business of these young men?" and the governor told him what had happened. And Michael said to him, "It is not known then, who slew the man?" and the governor said to him, "They have brought these "young men in to me, saying that they slew him." And Michael said to him, "It seemeth to me that if the matter "be thus, and that a man hath died, we cannot know "who hath slain him until we bring the dead man here "in our midst, and we ask him, and he tell us and shew "us who hath slain him; so then if thou wishest to know "the truth let them bring the dead man himself here, "and we will question him, and he will speak to us, and "shew us who hath slain him." And straightway the governor commanded, and they brought the dead man into the midst of them. And the Archangel Michael said unto Daniel, the youngest brother of the pious men, "Go, say to the dead man, In the name of my Lord "Jesus Christ, the God of heaven and earth, show us "what did happen unto thee;" and the child did so. Then God, Who loveth mankind, and Who wisheth to make His holy name glorious in all places, so that men may believe in Him, made the soul of the man to return to his body, and he came to life for the salvation of the governor and of the whole multitude of the people of that country. And the man cried out, saying, "Woe "unto thee, O Kesanthos the governor, for thou hast been "bold to sit down with the holy Archangel Michael, p. 80 "the general-in-chief of the powers of heaven; and, more-"over, these men who have been accused are innocent

"of the offence, and are just men, for it is not they who "have slain me, but the scorpion which bit me, and caused "me to die. And it is by reason of the excellence of "these men that hath happened unto thee the great "blessing that thou hast been deemed worthy to see the "holy Archangel Michael. And behold, the marvellous "things of God which thou hast seen set thou in thy "heart, and forsake these pleasures, and these dead idols "in which there is no profit, that God may forgive you "the offences of your previous life. And as for me, a "great act of grace hath been shewn unto me, for through "these just men I have seen the Archangel Michael." And straightway the Archangel Michael went up into heaven with great glory, and the governor and all the multitude saw him go up into heaven, taking up with him the soul of the dead man; and the governor and all they who were with him were in exceeding great fear.

And after a long time the heart of the governor became quiet after the fearful, and mighty, and marvellous thing which he had seen, and he rose up and kissed John, saying, [p. 81] "Blessed be the hour in which ye "came into this city. We beseech you to show us your "God in Whom ye believe, and we ourselves will believe "in Him for our salvation." And John said to them, "We believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of the "living God;" and the governor and all the multitude cried out, saying, "Verily, Jesus Christ is the living God, "and there is no other God besides Him." And John said to the governor, "Arise, and write to Constantine, "the Emperor of the Greeks, and tell him of everything "[that hath happened]; and entreat him to send to us "one of the Bishops of your country that he may instruct

"you in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of "the Holy Ghost." And Kesanthos the governor wrote to the Emperor Constantine, saying, "Kesanthos, whom "men call governor, dareth to write to the mighty Ruler "and Emperor, Constantine, the servant of Jesus Christ, "sending greeting. A mighty act of grace hath come "to us from the good God, Who hath had us in re-"membrance, and He hath brought us from the service of "polluted idols, and hath turned us to Himself by His "great and exceeding goodness through the prayers of "the holy Archangel Michael, and we have been ac-"counted worthy to see him with our eyes, and he made "a dead man to speak with us mouth to mouth, after "he was dead, and afterwards he went up to heaven "with great glory, and we all saw him. And further-"more, [p. 82] we entreat thy majesty to send unto us "one of the Bishops who are with thee, that he may "enlighten us in the right faith, and that he may shew "us the way wherein we should travel unto God, and "that he may give unto us the holy sign of the Cross. "And if thou wilt do this for us, thou wilt receive a great "crown from Christ by reason of this thing; may the "God-loving Emperor be strong through the strength of "Christ the King of the Universe."

And the Emperor Constantine received the letter with great readiness, and he read it and marvelled greatly at what had happened, and he glorified God. And he wrote to Saint John, the Archbishop of Ephesus, with great solicitude, saying, "First of all I kiss thy holy hands "which hold the flesh of the Son of God in truth. Great "joy hath come unto us from God, and behold, we send "unto thee to tell thee also thereof, for we know that

"thou wilt rejoice exceedingly. I desire that thou wilt under"take a small toil—now thou art prompt |to labour| with
"all thy heart, for thou knowest that thy labour shall not
"be in vain—and that thou wilt do it for the sake of
"Christ Who hath suffered for the race of man. Trouble
"thou thyself and go unto the city of Entias, and heal
"those who are sick therein in the name of Christ, and
"lead them away from the service of ministering unto
"polluted idols, and baptize them in the name of the
"Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost; and
"this shall be for thee an acceptable thing with God and
"His holy angels. [p. 83] May we both be strong through
"the strength of Christ our God."

And the Emperor Constantine sent this letter to Abba John, Archbishop of Ephesus, together with the letter of Kesanthos the governor; and when the Archbishop had read the letters he rejoiced greatly at the conversion of the whole country. Then he took with him two deacons, and an elder, and a reader, and three singers of Psalms, and twelve workers, and he took with him for the stablishing of the altar a golden table, and four cups of silver, and three cups of gold, and a cloth made of finest byssus, and a covering made wholly of silk, and the four Gospels, and the Psalter, and the Epistles of Paul, and the Acts, and the Catholic Epistle of St. James, and in short everything necessary for a church; and they prayed, and set out upon the road rejoicing. And when they had drawn nigh unto the city, the men thereof told the governor of the arrival of the Archbishop and of those who were with him; and the governor, and John, and all the people of the city came forth to meet the Archbishop, and when they came up to him the governor

and all the multitude bowed down before him, and were blessed by him. And the governor told the Archbishop everything that had happened, and he showed him John, saying, "Through this man and his brethren hath God "shown mercy unto us;" and thus they went into the city in great peace. [p. 84] And the governor entreated the Archbishop to come with him, and brought him into the palace, for as yet there was no church built in the city. And on the morrow the Archbishop said to the governor, "Let us mark out a place for a church," and the governor said to him, "My father, I have here "a new site upon which they were going to build, let us "look at it, and if it be suitable we will make a church "there." And the Archbishop and the governor went there together, and they looked at the place upon which they were going to build; and it pleased the Archbishop. Then the governor made the herald to cry out throughout all the city, saying, "Let every man come, and labour "at the building of the church," and straightway the whole city was gathered together to work at the church, whether it were nobleman, or whether it were poor man, and even the governor himself laboured with his own hands, and everyone believed that he would receive a blessing from Christ. And by the will of God they finished the building in sixteen days, and the Archbishop consecrated the church to the name of the Holy Virgin, the God-bearer Mary.

And when the Archbishop saw the great multitude who wished to be baptized, he said to the governor, "Where shall we baptize this multitude?" Now a church with a place for water for baptism therein had not yet been built. And the wise John answered and said to the governor and the Archbishop, "The pool of water

"which lieth to the east of the city is, I say, suitable for "this great honour." [p. 85] And straightway a voice came from heaven, and everyone heard it, saying, "This is the "place, which hath been set apart by God, O John, son "of the apostle;" and the Archbishop, and the governor, and all the multitude who heard this marvelled. And the Archbishop and the governor commanded, and all the multitude were gathered together to the place of the pool of water, and the Archbishop prayed over the water on every side of the pool. Now at that time a great and wonderful thing happened, for when the Archbishop came to the consecration the whole multitude heard voices in the water which repeated the consecration with the Archbishop. And when the Archbishop had finished the prayers, he commanded that all the multitude should go into the water, and they all leaped into the water, and cried out, saying, "We receive baptism in the name "of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost." And when the governor and all the multitude had been baptized, the Archbishop took them to the church, and ordained John to be [their] bishop, and one of his three brethren he ordained elder, and the other two he made deacons. And a son of the governor called Echillas he made deacon, and all the multitude rejoiced in God.

Then the Archbishop was careful concerning the Offering, and he laid it up upon the altar, [p. 86] and made the Offering. And the governor and all the multitude marvelled at what they saw and at what they heard, for they had never before heard such things, and they had never before seen the like, for this was the first time that the Offering had been offered up in that country; and when they had all partaken of the Holy Mysteries,

the Archbishop pronounced over them the benediction of peace, and each one went to his own house. And the Archbishop tarried with them a month of days, and he instructed them, and taught them the ordinances of the Church; and afterwards he went to his city with great joy.

And Kesanthos the governor, and all the multitude of the city glorified God, and they paid honour unto Saint John the Bishop, and unto his brethren, for they grew in the doctrine of God. And after a few days the holy Bishop said to the governor, "Let us build a church "in the name of the holy Archangel Michael," and the governor said to him, "Do whatsoever thy soul desireth, "O our father, for we are ready to listen unto thee." Then the holy Bishop John laid the foundation of the church, and the whole city helped him, and he finished it with great zeal, and he put on its coping-stone in eight months; [p. 87] and the holy Bishop John consecrated the shrine on the twelfth day of the month Athor, in the name of the Archangel Michael. Now this festival of the Archangel Michael was a double one; for it was the festival of the Archangel Michael, and also the festival of the consecration of the church.

And it came to pass after the Communion that the Bishop, and the governor, and all the multitude went together into the city to the temple of Zeus, and they burnt it with fire; and the dumb fiend which was in the statue cried out, saying, "Thou inflictest great pain upon "me, O John, for thou hast cast me out of my dwelling-"place." And the governor caused a large church to be built on the spot where the temple had stood, and he dedicated it to the name of the Apostles; and Saint John confirmed everyone in the faith, and everyone praised him.

When the Emperor Constantine heard concerning the good deeds which John was doing, he glorified God, and he wrote to John a letter in which he besought him to bless him and his empire, and called him a new Daniel, the destroyer of idols; and the whole country of Entias grew daily in doctrine all the days of Saint John, through the multitude of the miracles which God wrought by his hand.

Ye see, then, O my beloved, the power of God and the loving-kindness of the holy Archangel Michael. [p. 88] In the growth of all the seeds of the field we find the entreaty of Michael, and through the prayers of Michael the trees bear fruit. In the ships, whether they be sailing on the sea, or anchored in port we find the entreaty of Michael. In the ascetics who live in the mountains we find the entreaty of Michael, and he giveth them strength to live their ascetic life. In the assembly of the monks we find the entreaty of Michael, who is a peacemaker in their midst. In the prayers of the Bishops, and elders, and deacons at the altar we find the entreaty of Michael. With the sick we find the entreaty of Michael, who giveth them strength, and healeth them. We find the entreaty of Michael with those who are afflicted at the tribunal, and he becometh their helper. We find the entreaty of Michael the Archangel with those who are suffering punishment, and he becometh their helper. In short, to those who live he giveth strength in their time of need, and for those who are dead, he prayeth God to shew mercy unto them. Who is there among all the righteous unto whom the Archangel Michael did not go, and to whom he did not give strength in all his times of need? Among the martyrs who is there unto whom

the Archangel Michael did not go and deliver out of all his affliction and torture, and give strength?

And behold, O my beloved, we know the love of God towards man, and we know the prayers of the Archangel Michael, who hath become an ambassador for all mankind, [p. 89] for whom he prayeth to God the Father that He may shew mercy unto them all, and make their paths straight, and let us give unto him the things which he desireth, that he may bestir himself for us on account of them, and that he may love us exceedingly, and may pray to God for us. Let us love each other in the love of God, and let us live in the unity of brotherly love, and let no slander be upon our lips, for slander is a poisoned dart. Fornication is a stinking sin, and one which is greatly hated by God and His angels, and it is the poverty and death of the soul and of the body. Fornication is the friend of the Devil, it is the enemy of God and His angels, it is hated of Christians, and it is the friend of vain-glory.

And now, my children, let us put away from us all impure ways, and let us walk in the straight paths of virtue; let us walk in sinlessness and in unspottedness, for a pure marriage never polluteth a man. Consider Moses, who spake with God five hundred and seventy times, for he had a wife and children, and these prevented him not from ministering in the Holy of Holies. But let us not multiply our words overmuch concerning these things, for the testimony of the things which are old and of those which are new sufficeth us; and finally let us end our discourse and come to him whose festival we celebrate this day, the holy Archangel Michael. This festival to-day hath not need of the money of him that eateth,

and drinketh, and rejoiceth, and is glad by himself, [p. 90] while he leaveth the poor, and the orphan, and the widow hungry and thirsty. This festival hath no need of [thy] money, O thou who deckest thyself in an abundance of rich apparel, while the poor man naked perisheth with cold at [thy] gate. This festival hath no need of the money of those men who live at ease in their decorated houses, while the poor man perisheth with cold in the open spaces of the village. This festival hath no need of [the money of] anyone who eateth and maketh merry, while the poor man lieth in affliction in prison. This festival hath no need of the man who maketh himself glad while the poor man lieth sick and unvisited. commandments are not of man, but of God, and God gave to the race of man the commandments which are written in the Gospels.

And finally, my brethren, with an upright heart let us beseech the Archangel Michael to obtain pardon for us from God, and I say unto you that the whole world standeth through the prayers of Michael, and through the prayers of the Holy Virgin, the God-bearer Mary; therefore let us ascribe unto them the glory which is their due on this festival, for the time hath come when we must go to celebrate the Holy Mysteries. And let us ascribe glory unto Him, to Whom all glory is due, our Lord, and God, and Saviour, Jesus Christ, [p. 91] through Whom and with Whom all glory, and honour, and adoration are due to the Father, and to the life-giving and consubstantial Holy Spirit with Him, now and always, and for ever and ever. Amen.

[P. 93] The Encomium which was composed by Apa Eustathius, Bishop of Trakê, the Island to which the Empress banished Saint John Chrysostom, and where he finished his course. It was composed for the festival of the holy Archangel Michael, which took place on the twelfth day of the month Paòni, and was recited by the blessed man before he laid down his body. And he spake, moreover, in this Encomium concerning the righteous man whose name was Aristarchus, and concerning his God-loving wife, the honourable lady Euphemia, and he likewise spake, at the end of this Encomium, a few things of Saint John Chrysostom which glorify the holy Trinity. In the peace of God. Amen.

"I will open my mouth in parables, and with my "tongue will I declare hidden things," according to the words of the sacred Psalmist David, the father of Christ, according to the flesh, [p. 94] and I will cry out louder than any sounding reed, or instrument of music, or cymbal, or harp, and I myself will proclaim with the righteous man, saying, "The angel of God encampeth round about "those that fear Him, and delivereth them;" and let us also add the words of the prophet, and say, "This is

¹ Psalm lxxviii. 2. ² Psalm xxxiv. 7.

"the day which He hath made, let us gather together, and "rejoice, and be glad in it," not with noise only, but with the joy of gladness which exceedeth all other joy, for we shall see the Creator of all things assembled with us this day at the feast of His mighty and holy Archangel Michael, the general of the hosts of the heavens. Who is there among us that will not celebrate this festival when he seeth that the King of Kings, and the God of all flesh hath come into this house to-day to do honour unto Michael, His mighty and glorious General, the ruler of light? And who is there among us that will not put on glorious apparel to come into this holy house to-day, to eat of the good things which the King and the King's son have prepared for us at the feast, the feast of the holy Archangel Michael? The things which are set before us to eat this day are not after the flesh, the pleasure of which ye will forget after ye have eaten of them, but that which is made ready for us this day is the Body of God, which He took upon Himself in the womb of the holy Virgin Mary, [p. 95] the spotless Lamb, Who gave Himself for us to deliver us from the Adversary. The wine which is set before us this day is not material wine, of which, when we have taken, we become drunken, and things which are unseemly happen in us, but it is the Blood from the side of God the Word on the Cross, which the soldier pierced, and He poured it out for us to cleanse us from our sins; and it is not pieces of meat which, if left for a day or two, perish and putrefy, that are set before us this day, but the thoughts of the Holy Scriptures, which shed abroad glory though they last for

¹ Psalm cxviii. 24.

ever. O who can [not] understand with his mind a celestial being this day, when he seeth the mighty joy which is spread abroad in heaven and upon earth by reason of the commemoration of the holy Archangel Michael? Let us turn, now, to the mighty deeds and miracles which have come to pass through the Archangel Michael, in whose shrine—the shrine which we have built to his holy name—we are to-day gathered together to celebrate his noble commemoration.

Do ye not call to mind the honourable lady Euphemia, the wife of Aristarchus, the governor whom the pious Emperor Honorius appointed over the Island of Trake? Now, ye all know, O Christ-loving people, that this general was an exceedingly pious man, unto which fact was borne witness by everyone, [p. 96] and his prayers and his alms came before God like those of Cornelius of old. And this noble man, Aristarchus the governor, from the time when he received holy baptism at the hands of our glorious father and teacher, John the Great, did not cease to make gifts and offerings on the twelfth day of every month in the name of the holy Archangel Michael, and on the twenty-first day of every month in the name of the holy Virgin Mary, and on the twenty-ninth day of every month (which is the day of the birth of our God lesus Christ, when men make innumerable offerings and give alms in commemoration of God the Word), and thus this righteous man continued to do for a long time. And it came to pass after these things, when his course was ended, and he was about to depart, after the manner of all men, unto Christ, that he called his wife, the honourable lady Euphemia, unto him, and said to her, "Behold,

Acts x. 31.

"my sister, thou seest that my course is run, and that I "must depart unto God after the manner of all my fathers. "Thou thyself hast heard the doctrines of life with which "we have been charged by the thrice-blessed John, through "whom this whole island hath become enlightened and "hath learned to know God, and thou hast with thine "own ears heard him say in thine own house, 'There is "nothing so great as charity', [p. 97] and, 'Mercy shall "make a man glorious at the judgment', and, in short, "all the other words of consolation which that mighty "man John spake unto us for the salvation of our souls. "And moreover, behold, I charge thee this day, and I "set God between thee and me, before I go forth from "this world, that thou cease not to do the things which "we now do on the twelfth day of each month (which "is the day of the holy Archangel Michael), and on the "twenty-first day (which is the day of the Queen, the "Mother of the King of Kings), and on the twenty-ninth "day also (which is the day of the birth of God the "Word). Take heed, then, that thou despisest not the "offering of the holy Archangel Michael (for it is he who "prayeth for all men), that he may pray for us before "God, that God may shew loving mercy unto us, and "may receive unto Himself my miserable soul."

And that prudent woman said unto her husband, "O "my master and brother, as God in Whom we have be"lieved liveth, I will not neglect to do the things which
"thou hast commanded me to do, nay, I will add greatly
"unto them; but there is a matter on my mind, which I
"wish thee to fulfil for me, and to complete before thou
"layest down the body;" and Aristarchus said to her,
"Whatsoever thou wishest, tell me, and by the will of

"God I will perform it for thee." [p. 98] Euphemia saith to him, "I wish that thou wouldst command a painter to "paint for me the picture of the holy Archangel Michael "upon a wooden tablet, and that thou wouldst give it to "me that I may place it in my bed-chamber where I sleep. "And I wish thee to commit me into his hands as an "object of trust, so that when thou shalt have departed "from the body he may become my guardian, and deliver "me from every evil thought of Satan; for when thou "shalt have gone forth from the body I shall eat my "bread in tears and with a sorrowful heart, because from "the very moment that a woman's husband departeth "from her, she hath no longer any hope in life, and she "is like unto a body without a head, and the body with-"out a head is without a soul, and it perisheth of its own "accord. And moreover, the wise man Paul hath said, "The head of a woman is her husband," and a woman "without a husband is like unto a ship without a rudder, "which is ready to sink, together with the merchandise "with which it is laden. And now, O my master and "brother, just as in times past thou hast never caused "me sorrow [by refusing] anything which I have asked "from thee, cause me not now sorrow [by refusing] this "thing also, and peradventure the holy Archangel Michael "will protect me, for I have no [other] hope here, but I look "for the mercy of God and of his holy Archangel Michael."

[p. 99] And when the general heard these things he made haste to perform that which she had asked from him, and he straightway commanded them to bring a cunning painter, and he commanded him to paint the

¹ Ephesians v. 23.

picture of the holy Archangel Michael upon a wooden tablet, and to lay upon it a plate of fine gold inlaid with precious stones; and when the painter had finished it Aristarchus gave it to Euphemia, and she rejoiced over it like him that found much treasure, even as it is written, and she said unto him, "O my master and brother, "let thy mercy be with me, and do thou gratify my wish "in this thing also, so that when my courage faileth, and "I become weak and helpless, no treacherous plots may "rise up against me when thou hast laid down the body." And Aristarchus said to her, "Whatsoever thou askest I "am ready to perform for thee, for thou knowest that I "never grieved thee at any time about anything." Euphemia saith to him, "I wish thee to commit me into "the hands of the holy Archangel Michael whom thou "hast had painted upon this wooden tablet, and also to "entreat him on my behalf that he may become my "guardian until the day of my death; for when thou shalt "have gone forth from the body I shall have no hope in life "except in God and His Archangel Michael, for thou knowest "that a widow eateth her bread with sighs and tears."

[p. 100] Now when the general had heard these things he became sad at heart by reason of the melancholy words which she spake to him, but he marvelled at her great faith in the holy Archangel Michael. And at length he took her hand and laid it upon the figure of the holy Archangel Michael which had been painted upon the wooden tablet, and he cried out, saying, "O thou holy "Archangel Michael, who didst slay the serpent of old, "who didst cast out the haughty rebel against his God,

¹ St. Matthew xiii. 44.

"and didst hurl him chained into the fiery pool filled with "fire and sulphur, who dost at all times bow thyself down "in supplication before the Good Father for the sake of "the race of men, thou likeness and similitude of God "Almighty, behold I place in thy hands this day my wife "Euphemia as a deposit, that peradventure thou mayest "watch over her, and deliver her from all the plots and "wiles of the Devil who will rise up against her; and "when she prayeth unto thee for help, do thou hearken "unto her, and deliver her, for we have no hope save in "God and in thee." And when Euphemia heard these things she rejoiced greatly, and she believed confidently with great faith that no wile of the Adversary would prevail over her from this hour, because the Archangel Michael would watch over her.

And it came to pass after these things that she took the figure of the image of the Archangel which had been painted for her, [p. 101] and she placed it in the bedchamber in which she slept, and she used to offer up to the figure precious incense, and a lamp was burning before it by day and by night continually, and she used to pray unto it three times a day and ask it to help her; and after these things God visited the pious general Aristarchus, whose name we have mentioned a little way back, and he departed the way of all men. Now the wise and honourable lady Euphemia, the wife of Aristarchus the general, ceased not to give the alms which she was wont to give, nor to make the offerings which the general used to make in his lifetime before he died in the name of the holy Archangel Michael, and she hastened to increase those which were made in former times while her husband was alive.

And the Devil, who hath hated every good thing in our race from the beginning, could not bear to see the noble deeds which this woman wrought in the name of the holy Archangel Michael, and he was envious of her, and wished to destroy the reward which she hoped to receive thereby from God. And it came to pass one day that he took the form of a nun, [p. 102] and having put on golden apparel - now devils went with him in the form of virgins—he came and stood at the door of Euphemia's house, and he sent in her servant to her, saying, "Go and tell the honourable lady Euphemia, the wife of Aristarchus the general, behold a virgin nun standeth "at the door wishing to make obeisance unto thee, and "her daughters also are with her." And when the prudent woman heard these words she came out to the fourth door of her house, and she commanded them to bring her in to her, thinking that she was in truth a nun; and when the servants came out and saw the Devil standing there wearing a false garb, they made obeisance unto him, and commanded him and those who were with him to come in, and the Devil came in, and his face was bent towards the ground like a true nun, and those who were with him did likewise. Now when the honourable lady saw her in such a garb, she marvelled greatly at her exceedingly great humility and she rose up, and quickly taking him [by the hand]—now he was wearing the dress of a woman-she brought him unto her house, and when he and those who were with him came to the bed-chamber where the image of the Archangel Michael was, he was afraid to enter therein. And the prudent woman Eu-

¹ Read 110γx "false".

phemia did honour unto her, saying, p. 103 "Prithee, "dear sister, come into this bed-chamber wherein holy "prayers are made, for I bear witness, before God and "before His holy Archangel Michael, that from the day "on which my blessed husband Aristarchus died until now, "no man hath passed through the door of this bed-chamber, but only the women servants who minister unto the "wants of my body, and the noble and honourable ladies "who have come to visit me according to the love of "God."

And the Devil, who was in the form of a nun, answered and said, "Why hath no man passed through the "door of thy bed-chamber? for, certainly, where there is "no man there is no help of God therein. And all the "women who have ever lived upon the earth have dwelt "with their husbands, one alone, Mary the Mother of Christ, "excepted; and moreover, if thou wishest to please God "with all thy heart, I will give thee counsel concerning "a matter which is acceptable before God." Euphemia saith, "What is it?" And the Devil said, "Knowest thou "my lord Hilarichus, the chief prefect, who standeth high "in the affection of the Emperor Honorius? He is my "kinsman, and he is also of near kin unto the Emperor. "And his wife died in these last days, and when he heard "that thy glorious husband Aristarchus was dead, [p. 104] "he said, Is it not meet that I should take to wife a "woman who is my equal in rank? I will arise and take "to wife the honourable lady Euphemia—that is to say "thyself-and I will give her more of the purple than she "had in former times. And behold Hilarichus hath given "me these splendid gifts, and grant thou that I may per-"suade thee to marry him, for he is powerful in the

"palace and the Emperor loveth him;" and straightway he shewed her many ornaments of gold and much gold and silver to seduce her to his evil design. And Euphemia restrained herself greatly, and answered very quietly, "How can I do such a thing as this of my own "will? But first of all let me go and take counsel with "my guardian, to whose care my blessed husband committed me before he went forth from the body, and if "he commandeth me to live with a husband, then I will "do so without hesitation, but if he doth not command "me to do so I will never do so of my own free will."

And the Devil answered, "Who is this guardian?" and Euphemia said, "Behold, he hath been with me in "my bed-chamber day and night from the time when my "blessed husband committed me to his care, until now, "watching over me." And the Devil answered, and said unto her, "Dost thou not know that if thou failest to keep "one of | the commandments of God in thy heart, thou "wilt become guilty of offending in all? [p. 105] And more-"over, God hath said, 'Whosoever shall offend in one "commandment shall be guilty of them all," and thou "knowest that God hateth falsehood exceedingly. And "again David saith in the fifth Psalm, God shall destroy "'everyone that speaketh falsehood',2 and if thou speakest "falsehood God will destroy thee speedily. Didst thou "not say unto me a short time since, 'From the day on "which my husband went forth from the body until now, "no man hath passed through the door of my bed-cham-"ber, not even my servants'?" And Euphemia answered, "What I say is true, and there is no falsehood in my

¹ St. James ii. 10. Psalm v. 6.

"words, O my noble sister. I swear to thee by God "Almighty and by His holy and mighty Archangel Mi"chael, who slew the dragon of old, that from the day
"wherein my husband went forth from the body until this
"day no man hath passed through the door of my bed"chamber, neither have I permitted any man to approach
"me, nor even to look upon my face."

And the Devil, who was in the form of a nun, said to the honourable lady Euphemia, "First of all thou didst "say, 'No man hath come nigh me since my husband died,' "and behold. |p. 106| now thou dost commit sin and ful-"fillest iniquity, for behold, thou hast sworn a false oath. "Didst thou not but a little time back say, First I will "go into my bed-chamber, and take counsel with the "guardian into whose hands my husband committed me, "before he went out of the body?' Is not a guardian a "man? Have not men ever been made the guardians of "women? Is there not then a man in thy bed-chamber? "And now, inasmuch as I find this man, concerning whom "thou hast spoken falsehood, and hast sworn a lying oath. "in thy bed-chamber, I would never acknowledge thee "to be my kinswoman even if thou wert to give me all "thy wealth." And the mouth of the prudent woman Euphemia smiled a spiritual smile, and she said to the Devil who was in the form of a nun, "O my sister, this "thing-to dwell with a man-is impossible for me to do, "and I tell thee that neither for the wealth and the orna-"ments which thou hast brought unto me to cause me to "do this thing, nor, in truth, if they were to give me all "the riches which are in the palace of the pious Emperor "Honorius, and all the ornaments which he hath, and the wealth of the whole world, could I break the compact

"which I made with my blessed husband Aristarchus, the "glorious general, |p. 107| and live together with a strange "man until I depart unto him. And I am pure from all "uncleanness. I did say that my guardian was in my bed-"chamber, and in saying this I did not lie. The guardian. "into whose hands my master and husband committed me, "is mightier than any other guardian and than all the kings "of the world. He hath no need of any one to inform "him concerning sin, or what is good, or that which we "decide concerning him, but that which we think upon, "and that upon which we meditate in our hearts and minds, "he knoweth straightway. If it be a little thought of the "Devil which entereth into the heart of anyone, from the "moment when he prayeth in the mere name of that "guardian his heart gaineth confidence, and if a legion of "the Devil's army besiegeth him, or appeareth to encamp "round about him, if that guardian cometh he maketh it "to disappear like smoke. If thou wishest, O my sister, "I will commit thee into the hands of that guardian that "he may be thy helper until the day wherein thou must "depart from the body, and at thy death he will give thee over into the hands of the Good God as a precious "gift, and thou shalt inherit everlasting life."

And the Devil, who was in the form of a nun, answered and said unto her, "Shew me this man, then, for "according to what thou sayest he must be very rich." Euphemia answered and said to him, [p. 108] "First of all "rise up, and let us turn our faces to the east, and let "us pray and offer up supplication before God. And do "thou make confession concerning that which thou didst "think in thy heart about that guardian, and say these "words: 'O God, forgive me for what I have imagined

"concerning that guardian and this woman whose hus-"band committed her into his hands, and I will never "again turn to such a thought or allow it to come into "my heart concerning the holy one of God.' If thou wilt "make this confession I will shew thee my guardian, face "to face, and afterwards thou shalt ask him to help and "protect thee." The Devil saith unto her, "A command-"ment was given unto me before I assumed this holy dress "never to spread out my hands in prayer until I returned "to my cell, and never to eat with any person who liveth "in the world unless he weareth our garb." And Euphemia answered and said to the Devil, "Thou didst say "unto me, 'He that keepeth all the law and offendeth in "one particular is guilty of the whole of it', and now, out of "thine own mouth, I can shew that thou hast transgressed "the commandments of God, that is to say, those which "He gave to His Apostles from olden time." And the Devil said to her, [p. 109] "What commandments have I "transgressed? Shew me. If thou dost not shew me at "once I will raise up against thee a mighty war unto "death." And the honourable lady Euphemia answered and said unto the Devil, "In olden time our Good Saviour "commanded His disciples and sent them forth to preach "the Gospel, saying, Whatsoever house ye enter into, "salute it and say, Peace be upon this house, and your "peace shall be in it; and if not, let it return unto you'." "And did He not command them to pray in whatsoever "place they entered into, (and also to eat with everyone "except those who deny that Christ hath come in the "flesh), saying, Whatsoever they set before you that eat

¹ St. Matthew x. 13.

"without enquiry, and eat with thanksgiving." And again "the Apostle hath commanded us in his Epistle, saying, "Pray without ceasing, and in everything give thanks," and no man of God ceaseth from praying by day and by night. If then, thou art a woman and there is no root of craftiness hidden in thy heart, arise, and let us pray together, and after the prayer I will bring that "Guardian, and thou shalt see him, and shalt salute him mouth to mouth, if by any means thou art worthy to "look upon his face."

[P. IIO] Now when the Devil knew that the honourable lady Euphemia had vanquished him on every side, he sought to take flight, and he began to change his appearance, and he took upon himself exceedingly varied forms. And when the honourable and noble lady Euphemia saw that he changed his appearance, she feared greatly, and cried out, saying, "O Michael, the Archangel, who "didst destroy all the might of the Adversary, help me "in this hour of necessity, for thou knowest, O my master, "that thou art he, into whose hands my blessed husband "committed me before he went forth from the body, that "thou mightest watch over me, and be a strong tower "for me against the devices of the Enemy;" and when she had said these words she made the sign of the Cross over herself in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Spirit, and straightway the Devil and all his works disappeared from before her like a spider's web.

And it came to pass some time after these things that the Devil appeared unto her in the form of an Ethiopian

¹ St. Luke x 8; I Corinthians x. 27. ² 1 Thess. v. 17, 18.

of huge stature, and he was like a he-goat, and his eyes were very full of blood, and the hair of his head stood up straight like the bristles of a mountain boar, and he had a bright two-edged sword drawn in his hands, and as he stood before her a strong foetid smell came to her from him. [p. III] And when the honourable lady Euphemia saw that he had changed his appearance, straightway she went into her bed-chamber, and took the tablet upon which the picture of the holy Archangel Michael was painted, and she embraced it, and cried out, saying, "O "holy Archangel Michael, help me, and deliver me out "of the hand of the crafty one." Now the Devil was standing outside the door of the bed-chamber, for he was not able to enter therein by reason of the glory of the holy Archangel Michael which filled the chamber, and he laid his finger upon his nose, and he drew harsh noises from his throat, and cried out, saying, "By Hercules, what "would I do unto thee, O Euphemia, if I could come to "thee! I wished to seduce thee, and to drag thee down "to perdition with me, but I find that thou hast conquered "me through this wooden tablet to which thou clingest. "In days of old I stirred up the Jewish nation against the "Messiah, Whom they call Christ, for I thought that I "should destroy His power, but He hath humbled me and "my power by the wood of the Cross. It was I who in "the beginning seduced Adam and Eve, and made them "transgress the commandment of God, and I made them "aliens unto Paradise and the habitation of light. And "again, it was I who led astray the angels until they "were cast out from their glory, and it was I who made "the giants to sin until God destroyed them by the "waters of the Deluge. |p. 112| It was I who shewed the

"inhabitants of Sodoma, and Gomorrah, and Thedôim, and "Zôboim, how to commit wickedness so great that at length "God rained upon them fire and sulphur, and destroyed "them. It was I who shewed Jezebel how to sin, and I "slew Ahab also with her in her sin. It was I who stirred "up the children of Israel against Aaron, and they wearied "him until he made a calf for them to worship, and God "was angry with them, and destroyed them, and, in short, "it is I who have made all sin to come into being. Was "it not thou, O Michael, who didst cast me and my angels "forth from heaven down into a pit filled with fire? And "behold, O Michael, I have left thee heaven and earth, "and we fly by ourselves in the air, hither and thither, "and we overcome those whom we are able to destroy, "one by fornication, another by adultery, another by swear-"ing falsely, another by backbiting, another by craftiness, "another by fraud, another by envy, another by scorn. "and another by theft; and if we know that we are not "able to overcome a man by such wiles, we bring upon "him a sleep so deep that he is unable to watch and to "make an opportunity wherein he may pray for his sins. "Behold, moreover, we have left thee heaven and earth "so that we might not see thy face, for thy form terrifieth "us greatly, [p. 113] and thy apparel in the painting which "is painted upon this wooden tablet in divers colours by "sorcery overcometh my mighty power this day. It was "wood, which they made into a Cross, that tore me up

י θΕλωιμ is clearly a mistake for λλληλ; compare è coλοηλ νεμ ρομορρα λλληλ νεμ σεβωιμ. Genesis x. 19 (Lagarde, Der Pentateuch Koptisch, p. 21). The Arabic translator, following the Coptic orthography writes

"by the roots in days of old, and now, again, it is wood, "upon which thy effigy is painted, which hindereth me, "and overcometh me and all my host this day, and which "doth not allow me to work my will upon the honourable "lady Euphemia this day. By Hercules, this day doth "Michael afflict me on all sides, and I am in sore straits! "What shall I do unto thee, O thou honourable lady Eu-"phemia? Thou art saying at this moment that I shall "not overcome thee so long as thou trustest in this little "wooden tablet which is in thy hands, and if it be so, "know that I will come to thee another time on a day "which thou shalt not know, that is to say, on the twelfth "day of the month Paoni," for on that day Michael will "be in conclave with the angels, and will be bowing down "and praying with all the angel host outside the veil of "the Father for the waters of the River (i. c., the Nile) "of Egypt, and for dew, and for rain. And I know that "it will happen that he will continue in prayer ceaselessly "for three days and three nights, and in prostrations and "bowings down, without standing up, until God shall hear "him and grant him his requests. And moreover, I will "come on that day, yea, I will come to thee prepared "with my mighty power, and I will lay hold of this tablet "of wood which is in thy hands, and I will smash it in "pieces upon thy head, [p. 114] and we shall see if thou "canst bring the Archangel Michael here to help thee on "that day." And when the prudent woman heard these things she took the picture of the Archangel Michael and ran out of her bed-chamber after the Devil, and straightway he disappeared from before her.

I. I. c., The 6th of June.

And it came to pass that the noble and honourable lady Euphemia continued to make much prayer and supplication day and night, from the day upon which the Devil departed from her until the day concerning which he said, "I will come, and I will contend with thee," that is to say, until the twelfth day of Paôni; and she besought God and the holy Archangel Michael to be unto her a helper and defender. Now on the twelfth day of Paôni—the day of the Archangel Michael—Euphemia made ready the things which were necessary for the festival of Michael, both the offerings and the first-fruits for the people in the shrine [of the Archangel], and the preparations for the brethren in her house after the Blessing, and briefly, she made it her care to provide abundantly for the feast, according to her wont, for she was very rich.

Now the Devil, who at all times hateth that which is good, could not bear to see the good works which this woman was doing, and the things which she was making ready to give away on the festival of the holy Archangel Michael. And when the light had gone forth on the morning of the twelfth day of Paôni, whilst Euphemia was still standing in prayer at the first hour, [p. 115] and was asking God in the name of the Archangel Michael to stand by her until she had fulfilled the ministration which she had undertaken, and to deliver her from all the wiles of the Devil, behold the Devil came and stood before her in the form of an archangel; and he had mighty wings, and he was girded round the loins with a girdle of gold inlaid with precious stones, and he had upon his head a crown set with pearls of great price, and in his right hand was a golden sceptre, but the figure of the Holy Cross was not upon it. And he came and

stood before her in this great glory and magnificence, and when Euphemia saw him she feared greatly, and fell upon the ground. And he took her by the hand, and lifted her up, and said unto her, "Fear not, O noble "woman, before God and His holy angel. Hail, thou "woman, whose blessed husband hath found favour before "God, and whose own blessing hath become like a light-"giving lamp before God! Hail, thou woman, whose "sacrifices and oblations have become as it were a bul-"work of adamant for the whole world; the accursed "Devil shall never lead thee astray. Put thy trust in me, "O blessed woman, for I have come from God Almighty, "and I have seen that the prayers which thou hast made "this day have come up before God, [p. 116] and they "are a thousand times brighter than the sun, and they "send forth light which terrifieth all the angel hosts. God "hath sent me unto thee, and He hath told me the things "which I shall tell thee; hearken, then, unto the things which shall come forth from my mouth that thou mayest "find great honour before God. Thou knowest that God "hath said, 'To hearken is better than to make sacrifice," "and if thou hearkenest not unto the things which I am "about to tell thee, it is not unto me that thou wilt be "disobedient, but unto God, and it is written, 'Whosoever "hearkeneth not shall be destroyed'."2 And the prudent woman Euphemia answered and said, "Shew me what "are the things which God hath commanded thee to say "unto me, and I will do and keep them." And the Devil answered saying, "God hath commanded me to come from "Him unto thee and to say unto thee, Thou art wasting

^{1 1} Samuel xv. 22. Acts iii. 23.

"thy husband's possessions. Thou sayest, I will give alms "for the salvation of his soul, but behold, he hath already "inherited the good things of the kingdom of heaven. "It is not for thee to increase the offerings and all the "oblations which thou makest, and the many prayers which "thou offerest up. Give a little, and keep a little in thy "house lest, after a time, thou come to the end of thy "wealth; and besides this, if the Devil seeth thee making "alms in this wise he will become envious of thee, |p. 117| "and he will scatter thy possessions as he scattered those "of Job; for he did thus to the poor, and therefore the "Devil destroyed everything which he had, and he even "put loathsome worms in his body, and sorrow for his "sons and his daughters, for he made the house in which "they were to fall upon them, and they died together. "And the Devil also was envious of the holy man Tobit "because of the deeds of mercy which he was wont to "do, for he used to bury the bodies of the dead" which "he found unburied, and the Devil envied him and brought "him to poverty-now he was very rich-and at length "he made birds to void dung in his eyes and they "became blind; now it was not mere birds that did this, "but it was the Devil himself and his demons who took "upon themselves the forms of birds, and made him blind "because they were envious of him. And, moreover, my "daughter, if thou wilt hearken unto me according to the "commands of God, cease from such works as those "which thou doest. And, moreover, God hath told me "to say unto thee, Behold, thou hast no son by thy "blessed husband Aristarchus the general, arise now, and

¹ Tobit xii. 12.

"take a noble husband, and bear him a son, so that when "thou shalt have gone forth from the body he may inherit "the possessions which thou hast, and may perform thy "commemoration when thou hast gone forth from the "body; for what wilt thou do? [p. 118] if thou remainest "childless there is no hope for thee for ever.' And, "moreover, God hath commanded me to say unto thee, "If thou wilt hearken unto Me, and wilt take a husband, "marry Hilarichus who is about to go to war with the "Emperor Honorius, for behold he wisheth to make ready "his army, and to snatch his empire out of his hands, "and to make himself master of all the wealth of the "Greeks'."

Then the prudent woman Euphemia perceived the wiles of the Devil, and she knew that it was he who was speaking with her, by reason of words which were full of passion, and she said to him, "Shew me where it "is written in the Scriptures, Make neither charities nor "offerings, or, Thou shalt not pray, or, Thou shalt marry "a second husband. On the other hand we find that God "commandeth in several places, saying, 'Charity shall cover "the multitude of sins'; and again, 'Mercy maketh a man "to be praised in the judgment'; and again, we hear the "prophet crying out, saying, Bring your sacrifices, and go "into His courts'; and again, in another place, 'Sacrifice "and words of blessing glorify Me';3 and again, 'The "sacrifice of God is a holy heart'; and again, we hear "Paul the teacher preaching unto us with his sweet words, "saying, 'Pray without ceasing, and in everything give

¹ 1 St. Peter iv. 8. ² Psalm xcvi. 8. ³ Psalm l. 14, 15, 23 ⁴ Psalm li. 17.

"'thanks'.' And besides, thou sayest unto me, [p. 119] "Marry a second husband', but the man, whose name "thou hast first mentioned to me, and with whom I am "to dwell, is a heretic and an atheist, whom God shall "destroy without delay, and He will put a bridle in his "mouth, and bind him in the depths of the sea, and He "will humble him and all his hosts before the pious Homorius."

"And again as concerning marriage with a second "husband, Solomon hath informed us in Physiologus that "when the first mate of the turtle-dove dieth, it doth not "dwell with a second mate, but it departeth into the "wilderness, where it hideth itself until the day of its "death. And he also sheweth us that the raven family "doth not dwell with any mate save one, and that as we "rend our garments for our brother when he dieth, even "so likewise when a raven dieth his mate draweth out "her own tongue, and splitteth it with her claws, so that "when she uttereth her cry every one may know that "her mate is not there, and if another raven desireth to "take her by violence she crieth out straightway, and "when all the other ravens hear her cry they know by "her cleft tongue that some other raven wisheth to take "her by violence, and they gather together to help her. "and to rebuke the raven that wisheth to take her by "violence. Now therefore when children see ravens ga-"thered together in this manner, [p. 120] and uttering cries "wishing to rebuke the raven that desireth to take her "by violence, and that desireth to go astray from that "which God hath commanded them, those ignorant chil-

¹ I Thess. v. 17, 18.

"dren are wont to say, 'The ravens are celebrating a "marriage to-day', and they know not that the ravens "wish to rebuke the raven that desireth to make to sin "the raven whose mate is dead. And moreover, far be "it from me ever to bring anyone else into my marriage "with my master and husband Aristarchus, and I will never "cease to make the offerings and to do the charities which "my blessed husband was wont to do before he died, in "the name of the holy Archangel Michael. And now, "shew me who thou art that thus bearest such great glory "and majesty, and whence hast thou come, and what is "thy name, for thy coming unto me hath disturbed me "greatly."

And the Devil answered saving, "Art not thou she "who hath made supplication unto God from the day "when the Devil came unto thee in the form of a nun "wishing to seduce thee? And did he not say unto thee, "I will come unto thee on the twelfth day of Paôni, which "is the day of the Archangel [Michael], and did he not "say unto thee, 'The Archangel Michael will not cease "on that day from bowing down in prayer before God "for the waters of the River (i. c., the Nile), and the "rain, and the dew'? I, then, am Michael the Archangel "whom God hath sent to thee to help thee until the sun "setteth this day, in order that the wicked hunter may "not come and do that which is evil unto thee, [p. 121] "and therefore it is meet that thou shouldst come and "kneel in adoration unto me; and I have left my angels "that I might come unto thee." And the honourable lady Euphemia answered and said unto him, "I have heard in "the Holy Gospel that when the Devil came unto our "Good Saviour to tempt Him, he said unto Him, Fall

"down and worship me, and I will give Thee all the "kingdoms of the world, and the glory thereof'," and that "Christ knew at once that he was the Evil One and "rebuked him; perhaps thou art he who wisheth to lead "me astray?" And the Devil answered, "I am not he "-and far be it from me ever to become so-and how "could such as he be found [arrayed] in such glory as I "bear? For from the time when he disobeyed God's "command, He was angry with him, and He commanded "me, Michael, and I stripped him of all his glory." And the noble woman answered, saying, "If thou art Michael, "where is the figure of the Cross which should be upon "thy sceptre, according to what I see painted in this "picture wherein the figure of Michael is depicted?" And the Devil answered, saying, "Painters wish to decorate their "pictures in order that their art may be the more glorified, "[p. 122] but the figure of the Cross is not with us nor "with all the other angels." And Euphemia answered, saying, "How can I believe thy words? For no man will "fulfil the behest for which any soldier hath come from "the Emperor, neither will he by any means receive him, "unless he bear the token of the Emperor; and, moreover, "thus is it with the letters which the Emperor sendeth "forth from his kingdom, no man believeth that they are "genuine unless they be sealed with the Emperor's seal; "and thus also is it with the angels who come upon the "earth, for if the figure of the Cross of the King of glory "be not with them, men will not believe that they are "angels, but they will flee from them [believing] them to "be devils; and especially in the case of the Archangel

¹ St. Matthew iv. 9.

"of all the angels, for how could be come upon the earth "without bearing the armour of the seal of salvation of "his Emperor Who is to come, that is to say, the Holy "Cross of Jesus Christ, the Son of the living God? Now "if thou wishest me to believe that thou art Michael the "deliverer, let me bring to thee his picture for thee to "salute, and then I will worship thee without any hesi-"tation whatever."

Now when the Devil saw that she was pressing him on all sides, [p. 123] and he could not find any excuse to utter before her, and that she rose up from the place wherein she was sitting, wishing to bring to him the picture of the holy Archangel Michael, he changed his form and took that of a raging lion, the roars of which filled the whole city, and he laid hold of her neck quickly, and strangled her until she was well nigh dead, and he spake these words unto her, saying, "This is the day "wherein thou hast fallen into my hands. I have taken "pains to catch thee for a long time past, but I could "not do so until to-day; let now him in whom thou put-"test thy confidence come and deliver thee out of my "hand." And that prudent woman was in exceedingly great tribulation, for she was nigh unto death, and she cried out, saying, "O Michael the Archangel, help me in "this hour of need." And it came to pass that while the Devil was seeking to inflict more suffering upon her, behold the holy Archangel Michael appeared unto her straightway, bearing upon himself royal rank and dignity, and he held in his right hand a golden sceptre which bore upon it the figure of the holy Cross; and the whole place shone a thousand times more brightly than the sun. And when the Devil saw him he cried out in terror, saying, "O thou Archangel Michael, my master, I have "sinned against heaven and in thy sight, [p. 124] for I "have dared to come into the place wherein is thy pic"ture; I entreat thee not to destroy me before my time,
"for the Creator hath granted me a few days. And thou,
"O Archangel, art he who made me an alien unto the
"mansions of heaven, and now I will depart and flee from
"before thee until the day of my great disgrace, and I
"promise and swear unto thee before God that I will not
"return from this time forth to tempt men or women in
"the place wherein thou art." Now while the Devil was
saying these things he was gripped fast in the hand of
the holy Archangel Michael, like a bird in the hand of
a little child, and when the Archangel had made him
suffer greatly he set him free in great disgrace.

And the Archangel Michael spake unto the honourable lady Euphemia, saying, "Be strong, and of good "courage, and be not afraid of the Devil, for he shall "not have power to overcome thee from this time forth. "I am Michael the Archangel whom thou servest, into "whose hands thy blessed husband Aristarchus the general "committed thee. I am Michael, and it is before the pic-"ture in thy bed-chamber upon which my form is painted "that thou offerest up prayer every day, and I am Mi-"chael who take thy prayers before God. It was I who "stood by at the time when thou saidst unto thy hus-"band, 'Let be painted for me a picture of the Archangel "Michael that I may place it in my house as a protector, "[p. 125] and thou shalt commit me into his hands that "he may be my guardian, and may be my helper before "God until He visit me, and I depart to Him after the "manner of all men'. I am Michael who hearken unto

"everyone who prayeth unto God in my name. Be not "afraid, for behold after thou hast performed the service "which thou art wont to do in my name, I and a multitude of angels will come for thee, and I will take thee "up into the rest of God which thy husband hath inherited. "Peace be with thee." And when the Archangel Michael had said these things he went up into heaven with great glory, and she stood looking after him.

And it came to pass after these things that Euphemia went to the church of Abba Anthimus, the Bishop of this city, who was the first-fruits of the ministry of Saint John Chrysostom, the Archbishop of Constantinople, through whom the whole of this island hath been enlightened, and she shewed him all the things which the Archangel had spoken unto her, and he glorified God and the mighty Archangel Michael; and he gathered together the elements for the Sacrament, and he performed the service thereof quickly and with great honour. And after the Sacrament she came out from the church and went in to her house, and she fulfilled her ministrations unto the poor brethren, and did service unto them, [p. 126] and when they had eaten and drunk she sent for the Father, the Bishop, and she begged him to hold her house worthy to enter into, and he went to her quickly. And when they brought to her the news that he had come to her she went out to him to the third door of her house, and she cast herself down at his feet, and kissed them a long time, and the holy Bishop raised her up, and said unto her, "Rise up, O woman, blessed of God and man! Verily "God hath accepted thy sacrifices from thee like [those] "of Abel the righteous man, and He hath smelled the "[savour of thy] offering like that of Melchisedec, the

"King of Salem, the priest of God the Highest, because "thou hast brought them in uprightness." And she took him with great honour and brought him into her bedchamber, wherein was the picture of the Archangel Michael, and she placed an ivory throne for him to sit upon, and a bench of silver for the priests and deacons, and when they had prayed and had sat down, she opened the doors [of the cupboards] of her house, and brought out all her possessions, from the most precious thing to that of least value, that which was of great price, and that which was of no account, and she laid them before her. And she said to the Bishop, "O my holy father, "receive these few possessions from my hands, and dis-"tribute them among the poor, for me and for my blessed "husband, in the name of the holy Archangel Michael, "[p. 127] that he may pray for me and for my blessed "husband, Aristarchus the general, before God, and that "He may shew mercy unto my wretched soul at His "terrible judgment seat;" and the Bishop commanded them to carry all the things which belonged unto her into the church, and Euphemia set her servants free and sent them away.

And it came to pass on that same day, which was the twelfth day of Paôni, while we were sitting in converse with the Bishop, that we smelled a choice smell of incense, the like of which we never smelled before (now I myself was there sitting with Father Anthimus, the holy Bishop, the first-fruits of the ministry of Saint John Chrysostom, and I was at that time a priest), and when we had smelled this choice smell of incense, we were astonished to see this wonderful sight. And afterwards she turned to Father Anthimus, the Bishop, and said to

him, "I beseech thee, O my father, to pray for me that "I may meet God in a favourable hour, for behold the "hour draweth nigh unto me when my soul shall be sepa-"rated from my poor body until the day of the great "judgment, for behold the Archangel Michael hath come "for me, and with him are my husband Aristarchus and "a multitude of angels;" and when she had lain down upon her bed, and had spread out her hands, the Bishop prayed over her for a long time. [p. 128] And afterwards she lifted up her face to the Bishop and to all the people there, and said to them, "I entreat thee for God's sake "to shew me a favour and to give me the picture of the "Archangel Michael, that I may kiss it yet once more "before I depart from the body," and straightway the Bishop took the picture and gave it unto her, and she kissed it, saying, "O my master, thou holy Archangel "Michael, stand by me in this terrible hour." Now when we had heard her say these words, we and all the people also heard the sound [as] of a mighty multitude [of waters] falling violently upon each other, like the roaring of a cataract, and the eyes of all, little and great, men and women, saw the holy Archangel Michael shining like the sun, and standing by the honourable lady Euphemia, and his feet were like fine brass pouring out flames of fire, and he had a harp in his right hand, and in his left a wheel (or disk), like | that of | a chariot, upon which was a cross, and he wore apparel a thousand times finer than that of the kings of [this] world, and when we had looked upon him in this guise we were astonished and afraid by reason of [our] fear of him. And we saw him standing and spreading out his garment of light to invite the soul of that blessed woman, [p. 129] the honourable lady Euphemia, to come unto his holy apparel, and thus she gave up the ghost with the picture of the Archangel Michael laid upon her eyes before she departed from the body. And we heard the noise of a multitude singing hymns, and saying, "God knoweth the way of the righteous, and "their inheritance shall abide for ever."

Now the picture of the Archangel Michael which was upon the face of the woman when she gave up the ghost, flew away straightway, and we knew not whither it had gone; and we laid the woman in the sepulchre of Aristarchus her husband.

And it came to pass when we had buried her that we came into the church to celebrate the Sacrament, and the Bishop came into the place wherein we are now gathered together in the name of the holy Archangel Michael; and when he had gone into the place of offering up the sacrifice according to his wont, he saw the picture of the Archangel, which had flown from the house of Euphemia, hanging in the air without [support by] the hand of man in the apse of the holy place. And the Bishop cried out, saying, "O men of the island of Trake, "come and see this great miracle of the holy Archangel "Michael;" and all the multitude ran into the place of offering up sacrifice, and we saw with our own eyes the image of the Archangel Michael hanging in the air without [support by] the hand of man or anything else, [p. 130] but it was as firm and immovable as a pillar of adamant which cannot move at all from its place. O what cries were uttered at that time when all the multitude shouted glory to God and to the holy Archangel Michael!

¹ Psalm i. 6.

And it came to pass that the news of this exceedingly great miracle reached the God-loving Emperor Arcadius, and the Empress Eudoxia in Constantinople, and the Emperor Honorius in Rome, and they determined to visit this island together, and thereupon they came together with the Empress, and they saw with their own eyes the miracle of the picture of the holy Archangel Michael, and they bowed themselves down to the ground in prayer at the couch of the blessed John Chrysostom on which he had died, and which wrought such great cures in this island, for immediately any [sick] man lay upon the couch of Saint John Chrysostom, he gained his health straightway.

O who can tell the marvellous thingswhich happened through that picture of the Archangel Michael (which we see at this moment with our own eyes appearing in his holy shrine), in whose holy commemoration we are gathered together this day! And, moreover, on the twelfth day of every month (which is the day of the Archangel Michael), [p. 131] that picture putteth forth olive leaves at its four corners, together with fine, fresh fruit, and it doeth thus because the tablet upon which the picture is painted is [made] of olive wood.

And, of a surety, ye have in remembrance the woman who had in her a certain sickness which is called "abscess", that is to say, "tunour" (?), and who wasted away and became exceedingly weak by reason of the sickness and pain which were in her, and having come into this holy shrine, and partaken of the fruit of the olive which the picture put forth on the twelfth day of the month which was passed, ye saw that as she ate of the fruit of the picture, the sore which was in her burst straightway,

and she was cleansed, and became whole, and departed to her house, glorifying God and the holy Archangel Michael, and never became diseased again.

And hear ye also this great miracle which took place, and which it is not our desire to omit. Ye also saw the sick man who suffered so much pain in one side of his head that his right eye was well nigh falling out of his head, and when he came into this holy shrine, and had taken a little of the oil in the lamp, and had made the sign of the Cross upon his face, in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, and had taken one of the leaves which the picture put forth, [p. 132] and had laid it upon the afflicted part of his head, he became whole straightway, and departed to his house in peace.

What shall we say [of thee], or what shall we omit, O my master and lord, after God? Verily thou art the governor of all men and of all animals, and thou art the steward of them all before God. With what honour ought we to honour thee, O thou chief general of the hosts of heaven! I know that no honour is equal unto that which is thine, because thou standest at all times before the throne of the Almighty, entreating Him concerning the stablishing of all mankind, and we know that the power is thine to go within the veil of God Almighty, none preventing thee. And, at this point, let us consider to be sufficient that which we have spoken concerning the angel of God, His minister of flaming fire, the holy Archangel; and we will say here also, with the prophet David. the words which we have placed at the beginning of this discourse, "The angel of the Lord encampeth round about "all those that fear him, and delivereth them."

¹ Psalm xxxiv. 7.

And here let us direct our discourse to him who hath conquered and who hath taken the crown, the charioteer who hath gained the victory in all visible and invisible conquests, who hath received the gift of the Holy Spirit, [p. 133] who hath destroyed a second Chedorlaomer, who hath illumined Constantinople, and not that city only, but also this island, and the whole world, I mean my master and Father, John [Chrysostom]. Archbishop of Constantinople, nay, rather of the whole world. O who can tell |the number of | thy writings, full of life and full of all spiritual consolation (or ornament)? O who can declare and count the multitude of the commentaries which thou hast composed, O holy Archbishop John, the golden tongued! If thou wouldst declare thy honour thou wouldst need thine own tongue, for no tongue of flesh could describe the glory of thy holy life. Thou didst boldly rebuke the kings who had turned away from the truth, even as David prophesied concerning our Fathers the Apostles, saying, "Their sound hath gone out over the "whole earth, and their words have reached unto the "ends of the world." And as for thee thyself, O mighty John, what place is there, or what monastery, throughout the whole inhabited world, wherein thou wilt not find some account of thy life, and thy sweet commentaries? even those which are upon the Two Natures of Christ, and they have gone from city to city, and from country to country, and thy discourses have been transmitted and have been made things to guard safely which shall be preserved for all time.

¹ Psalm xix. 4.

And moreover, [p. 134] I will be so bold as to declare that the Empress banished thee by the dispensation of God to this island, and thou didst soften our nature which was as hard as stone and didst make us exceedingly gentle; and we have abandoned the service of idols. and have become servants of God, the Creator of the universe. And thou didst come to this island as a stranger, and thou didst come and didst make thyself like unto the solid wall which standeth firm in the palace of kings, and thou didst take the prisoners, and thou didst make them free, and didst send them back to their country in peace and glory; for the Devil had made them prisoners from the beginning, and had cast them into the blackest darkness, but the King of Kings held them to be precious, and sent thee unto this island to redeem us out of the captivity of the Devil, and thou didst give us unto the King of Kings as a gift [more precious] than any royal gift (now what is more choice, or what is more glorious than all the souls which thou hast delivered out of the hand of the Devil?), and thou hast brought us into the palace of the King of Kings.

And I entreat thee, O my master and my holy father, that peradventure thou mayest grant unto me thy forgiveness, for behold, I have been so bold as to attempt a work which is above my ability, that is to say, to speak words in thy honour. And I think, O my beloved, that in any case I must now moderate my speech, otherwise the length of the discourse will make thee to forget that to which thou hast listened at the beginning; [p. 135] for in everything there should be moderation. And finally, let us present ourselves before the holy Archangel Mi-

chael, and let us beseech him to pray for us to the Good God to forgive us our sins, for he is mighty with our Lord Jesus Christ, through Whom be all glory, and honour, and all adoration, which are meet for the Father with Him, and the Holy, and lifegiving, and consubstantial Spirit with Him, now, and at all times, and for ever and ever. Amen.

Ніфф Бен нісмоут тироу пенапіотатос ет смаршоут. Фн во мег вводьен пі пых во отав отог едхик евод реи урети извеи явва θεόδοσιος. Πωμρι η μιμιοή η αποστολος оүог пффир и игаггедос пгархивпископос NTE + BAKI PAKO+(?) be IN TIÈZOOY N A. A. WAI M MIAPXHAPPEDOC EO OYAB MHXAHD. GTE φαι πε сογ ιδ η πιλβοτ ετ εμαρωογτ λθωρ. -тэми завэ іхко й шнм ику й шхрк зоүо NAHT NEM NIAPATH ЕТОУ . . . М етс . . mфt . . міханх . . егооу n wai ката авот Хе піархнаггелос ев очав ц бр σιγκωνιν σε μινωολ ολος εάινι η νολεβμολι кова хожр ф й овнап й зошт а уапкива NOY ETHMA THPOY OYOR OYN ... ETT BEN ογραφι φαι ερε φ† μει ήμος Ογος ας αντι ογη

Т. В. ЕӨВЕ ИН ЕӨ ОУАВ ЕТ БЕН НІГРАФН НАІ ЕТАО

ТОТО НЕМШОУ ЙУЕ ПІАРХНАГГЕЛОС

ЕӨ ОУАВ МІХАНЛ ОУОЗ АОНАЗМОУ

ЕВОЛЬЕН Й ОУЗОУЗЕУ ТНРОУ

МЕМ Й ОУ АНАГКН БЕН

ОУЗІРНИН ЙТЕФТ АМНИ

The first leaf of the MS. is torn in many places and several lacunae occur in the text.

- в. л. мівен ет кω рен оуспоудн. Мін пе фаі. 5 йоо пе плогос й фф фаі ете хнок ффф й пефей пефе
- Β. Β. ÈΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΧ ΠΑΡΧΗΓΟΥ C ΝΤΕ ΤΣΟΜ Ν 15 ΝΙΦΗΟΥΝ. Αλλα †† 20 Ερωτεν Η ΑΜΕΝΡΑ † ΝΕΝ Η ΑΜΕΝΡΑ † ΝΕΝ Η ΑΜΕΝΡΑ † ΝΕΝ Η ΑΜΕΝΡΑ ΝΑΘΗΡΙ Ν΄ ΜΕΝΡΙΤ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΟΑΣΙ ΖΙΝΑ ΕΘΡΕΤΕΝ †
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- Τ. λ. ΑΙΜΟΣ Ε ΕΡ ΣΙΝΙΟΡ | ΣΕΝ ΦΙΟΜ ΕΜΑΘΟ ΟΥΟΖ 25

 ΑΝΑ ΟΥΚΟΥΣΙ ΠΕ ΠΙΆΒΙΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΥΚΟΥΣΙ ΠΕ ΤΚΥΒΟΤΟΣ ΟΥΝ

 ΕΤΕ ΑΤΙΙ[ΤΕΡ 20] ΜΗΠΟΤΕ ΑΤΑΙ ΕΒΟΛΣΕΝ ΤΑΙ

λγμη έτε ήμου λγμη ήτας ωα κε λγμη εςωθερθωρ ήτε νιθμού τωούν έχωι ούος ήτε νι εωίνι νέμ νιχολ ειτέθαλας α ή τοωούν ή νημι αν Σε είνα ήτανοξέμ ή ταψύχη ήμαγατος πίχρο. Τότε ούον νίβεν ναχος ζε ά φαι χίμι ή ούξμοτ βατέν

- Τ. Β. φ† | ΣΕ ΑΦΝΟΣΕΜ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ Τ ΨΥΧΗ Ν ΠΙΡωΜΙ Ν ΤΟΤΟ СΤΑΙΝΟΥΤ ΈΖΟΤΕ ΠΙΚΟΌΝΟΟ ΤΗΡΟ ΕΤ ΜΕΖ Ν ΝΟΥΒ ΖΙ ΖΑΤ. ΘΟΒΕ ΦΑΙ † ΕΡ ΖΟ† ΜΗΠΙΙΙΟ ΝΤΑΖΙΟΥΝ Ν ΤΑΨΥΧΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΕΜΙ ΣΕ 10 ΤΑΚΥΒΙΙΙΟ ΣΙΙ ΕΙΘΙΙΙΟ ΤΑΚΥΒΙΙΙΟ ΣΙΙ ΕΙΘΙΙΙΟ ΤΑΚΥΒΙΙΙΟ ΤΟ ΕΝΙΙΙΟ ΝΑΙΙΙΟ ΝΑΙΙΙΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΖΙΙΝΙΙ Ν ΤΑΙΙΙΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΖΙΙΝΙΙ Ν ΤΑΙΙΙΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΖΙΙΝΙΙ Ν ΤΑΙΙΙΟΝ ΝΗΙ ΝΟΕΣΟΟ
- Σ. Δ. ΣΕ ὼ ΠιλτὲΜΙ | ὰ ρωΜΙ ΜΙΜ ΠΕ ΦΗ ἘΤΛΟ ΕΡ ΑΝΑΓΚΑΖΙΝ ἩΜΟΚ ΕΘΡΕΚΙΡΙ ΟΛ ΠϢΟΙ ὰ ΤΕΚΣΟΜ ἱ CΣΕ ΚΕΜΙ ΣΕ ΚΟΙ ὰ ΖΗΚΙ ΟΥΟΖ ἩΜΟΝ ΖΑΙ ὰ ΤΟΤΚ ΜΠΕΡΙΡΙ ΟΛ ΠϢΟΙ ὰ ΤΕΚΣΟΜ. Αλλα 20 ΖΑΝΜΗϢ ΝΕ ΝΙϢΟΤ ΠΟΟ ἩΠΕ ΚΤ ΝΟΟΥ ὰ ΤΕΚΚΟΥΣΙ Ἡ ΠΕΚΙΕΒϢΟΤ ΕΘΡΟΥ ΕΡ ϢΟΤ ὰ ԵΗΤΟ ΖΙΝΑ ὰΤΕΚΟΙ Ἡ ΠΙΣΦΟ ΝΕΜ ΤΜΕΤΙΕΒϢΟΤ ΝΕΜ ΤΚΥΒΟΤΟΟ ΟΥΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΚΝΟΖΕΜ ὰΤΕΚΨΥΧΗ ΝΕΜ ΤΚΥΒΟΤΟΟ ΝΕΜ Π ΕΤ ΕΝΤΛΚ ΟΥΝ ΕΝ 25 ΟΥΖΙΡΗΝΗ Ε̈ΘΟΠ ΚΕΜΙ ὰ ΝΗΒΙ ΑΝ. ΑΝΟΚ ΣΕ
- Σ . в. †натамютен | $\hat{\omega}$ насиноу се а $\hat{\omega}$ те †кувютос $\hat{\omega}$ тасар \hat{z}

η ρεσερνοβί θλί ετε ήπι ερ κοινονιμ ήμος η κλίως. Πίλβην δε πε πλ εμτ φλί έτε ήμου ένι η βητό ογδε νηβί ε πωωί ογος πίνηβι ε πωωί ε τοωογη ήμος λη. ηλί με μιγραφή έτε ήπιςογονογ. Θόβε φλί ήθωτεν 5 τετένελει μένηι ή φοογ είνα εθρί ερ κα πωωί ή τα σομ μαλίςτα φη έτετεν ερ ληληκαζίν ήμοι εθρίςας ε πεςταίο μένι φλ πες

- Ε. Δ. στ. Ογ εβολθεη πκαζι ηθηλη αν [πε] λλλα ογ εβολθεη τφε πε η ογταρκιμόν αν πε 10 αλλα ογ λεωματός πε ογογωίνι πε ογθαμιό αν πε εβολθεη πιόμι λλλα ογπηλ ες ογαβ πε η ογ εβολθεη νιδιακών ήτε πκαζι αν πε αλλα ογαίακων έβολθεη ογωάς η ζρωμ. Ογαρχων ήτε πκαζι αν πε αλλα ογαρχη-15 αργελος ήτε πτομ ήτε νιφηογί πε η ογαρχη[τρατγ]ρογό ήτε πκαζι αν πε φαι έτ ες ες κορρά ήχε πες ογρό βεν πίνας έτ ες ογωω αλλα ογαρχητρατγρογό ήτε τουν η νι-
- Ε. Β. ΦΗΟΥὶ ΫΜΗΝ ΕΒΟΛ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΟΟΥΡΟ ϢΑ ΕΝΕΣ. 20 ΑΡΕΛΙΑΝ ΜΑ ΠΤΑΚΟ Η ΝΙΙΙΥΧΗ ΑΛΛΑ ΟΥΡΕΡΕΡΠΡΕΟΒΕΥΊΝ ΜΑ ΠΝΟΖΕΜ Η ΝΕΝΨΥΧΗ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΝ
 COMA Η CHOY NIBEN ΜΑΤΕΝ ΦΗ ΠΕΝΡΕΡΕΡΑΜΙΟ.

 Η ΟΥΡΕΡΕΜΙ ΑΝ ΑΛΛΑ ΟΥΡΕΝΡΙΤ ΉΤΕ 25

 ΤΖΙΚΟΝ Η ΦΗ ΤΗΡΟΥ. Η ΟΥΣΑΣΙ ΝΤΑΝ ΑΝ ΠΕ ΑΛΛΑ ΟΟΙ Η ΖΙΡΗΝΗ ΝΕΜ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ Η ΟΥ ΑΤ ΝΑΙ ΑΝ ΠΕ ΑΛΛΑ ΟΥΡΕΡΟΘΕ Η ΖΗΤ ΠΕ ΕΡΕ

- 5. λ. ΘΜΕΤΝΑΗΤ Ν΄ ΦΦ ΦΟΠ Ν΄ ΣΗΤΟ ΙΕ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΕΡΕΤΙΝ ΦΑΟΙ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΚΦΦ ΦΑΟΙΜΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΚΦΑΖΙΜΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΚΦΑΖ CENAOYWH NAQ. ΟΥΟΖ ΆΝΟΚ ΖΦ ΕΤΑΙΝΑΥ Ε ΤΣΙΝΤ Ν΄ ΠΑ ΘΟ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΡΑΦΙ ΑΙΖΙΤΟΤΟ ΟΥΝ ΕΡΟΟ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΑΤΌΝΕ ΜΕΤΑΡΚΟΟ. 5 ΕΙΕΡΕΤΙΝ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΑΘΊ Ν΄ ΟΥΜΗΦ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΙΚΦΑΖ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΌΕΑΟΥΦΗ ΝΗΙ ΑΛΆΑ ΟΝΑΣΟΟ ΝΘΟΚ Θ΄ ΦΗ ΕΘ ΜΕΖ Ν΄ ΑΡΕΤΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΜΕΙ Ν΄ ΤΟΤΟ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΜΕΝΕΝΟΑ ΘΡΕΚ ΕΡ ΦΟΡΠ ΝΤΕΚΣΦ. ΔΚΚΗΝ 10
- 7. Β. ΝΣω Ν ογεγεγκωνίου | έχευ τρομπι νι βερι μεν τάρχη ν μιωλι ντε πός τηρογογος πλι ρητ όγη λκχω ν κε λογος έχευ φη έτε νιπε ογου τωνη βευ μινιςι ντε μιζιόνιι ε μλλη έχοτ έροη πογηγενης ν πχς πιληίος ιωλυνης 15 πιρεςτ ωνς πωφηρ νι πιπλτωέλετ εθ ογλβ. Μη κένιι λυ ω πλ ιωτ χε μλνε πίωι βευ ζωβ μιβευ νι φρητ ε λκογωνι ιε ντεκςω λε ντεκωληλ χλογλω πίωι βευ ζωβ μιβευ Μφρητ έτεςχω νίνιος νχε πευςλο ν λπος-20
- ζ. α. τολος παγλος σε τάςκγεις ήτε φτ ογηιωτ πε δεη πιζηογ ακωανσωκ έβολ ήτεκτωογη δαρος. Απόκ σε τηα ερ ογώ νακ ογος ήτασος νακ ώ πα μεπρίτ σε ακέασι ή καλως ογος ακογωνς ή ογτιρωογω έβολ αλλά τηα 25 ερ τολιών ογος ήτασος ή φρητ ή πωφηρ ή πος Αβρααμ πάρχων ή νιπατριαρχής φη έτας ερ ιωτ ή ογημω ή εθνος έταςσος ή

- φ† ΣΕ ὶ CΣΕ ΟΥΟΝΦΣΟΜ Ν CAΣΙ ΝΕΜ ΠΑ Θ΄ Ν

 Σ. Β. ΠΑΙ ΚΕ COΠ ΟΥΟΖ ΚΑΝ ΦΑΙ ΟΥΖΟΥΟ | CAΣΙ

 ΝΤΗΙ ΕΘΡΙΤΕΝΘΟΝΤ Ε΄ ΠΦΦΗΡΙ Μ΄ Φ† Αλλλ

 ΑΝΟΚ ΕΊΕ ΕΡ ΤΟΛΜΑΝ ΦΑ Γ΄ Ν΄ COΠ ΖΟΛΟ

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 Ν΄ ΟΥΟΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΥΘ΄ Ν΄ ΟΥΟΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΘΟΦ ΤΕ

 †ΜΕΤΦΑΝΑΖΘΗΘ Ε΄Θ ΜΗΝ Ε΄ΒΟΛ ΦΑ Ε΄ΝΕΖ. ΣΕΝ

 ΦΑΙ †ΘΟΤ Ν΄ ΠΕΚΖΗΤ ΣΕ Φ† ΦΗ Ε΄ΤΑΘΖΟΝΖΕΝ

 ΝΑΝ ΣΕ ΝΤΕΝΕΡΕΤΙΝ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΕΝΘΙ ΝΙΜΟΝ ΣΕ

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- Π. Α. ΝΕΜ ΣΕΝ ΝΙΦΗΟΥὶ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΘΌΤΕΝ ΤΕΤΕΝΟΌ Ε΄ΒΟΛ Ε΄ΣΟΙ ΝΙΚΟΥΣΙ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΝΙΏΤ ΝΙΖΟΟΥΤ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΖΙΟΜΙ Ε΄ΡΕΤΕΝΣΟ ΝΜΟΟ ΣΕ ΤΕΝΤΖΟ Ε΄ΡΟΚ ΜΠ 15 ΕΡ ΧΑ ΡΟΚ Ε΄ΒΟΛΖΑ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΏΤ Ν΄ ΦΙΝΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΕΚΤΑΜΟΝ Ε΄ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΏΤ Ν΄ ΦΑΙ ΜΕΜ ΠΤΑΙΟ Μ΄ ΦΗ Ε΄ΤΟΥ ΕΡ ΦΑΙ ΝΑΟ Ν΄ ΣΗΤΟ ΦΑΙ Ε΄Τ ΕΡ ΠΡΕΟΒΕΥΊΝ ΣΑΡΟΝ ΤΗΡΕΝ ΣΑΤΕΝ ΦΤ. ΜΙΜ ΝΕ ΝΙϢΤ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΠΑΛΛΑΤΙΟΝ Ε΄ΒΗΛ Ε΄ ΠΧΟ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΟΑΡ-20 ΧΗΟΤΡΑΤΥΓΟΥΟ Ε΄Θ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ. ΟΥΟΖ ΜΕΝΕΝ-ΟΟΟ ΤΕΝΝΛΟΥΑΖΤΕΝ ΝΟΟΟΥ ΖΟΝ ΝΑΝ Ε΄ ΠΕΤΕΝ
- Π. Β. ΣΙΝϢΙΝΙ ὼ ΝΑΜΕΝΡΑ[†] ΣΕ ΠΙΘΕΒΙὸ Α<mark>Φ</mark>ΓΙΟΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΟΥΤωΝ Αλλα ΑΜωΙΝΙ ΟΥΑΖΘΗΝΟΥ ΝΌΟΙ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ὰ ΝΙΝΙϢ[†] ΝΤΕ ΠΙΠΑλλΑΤΙΟΝ ΚΗΝ Ν΄ 25 Ζωλ ὲ ΠΙΔΙΠΝΟΝ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΛΟΟ ἐΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΟΥΡωΤΕΒ ΝΙΜ ΝΕ ΝΑΙ ΝΙϢ[†] ÈΤΑΥ ΕΡ ΦΟΡΠ Ν ΡωΤΕΒ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΛΟΟ

мнханд. Сштем днок де †патамштем ершоу. Адам. Сно. Епшх. Маооусада. Мше. Авраам. Ісаак. Ідкшк. Ішсиф. Мшусис. Адрши. Інсоу. Гедеши. Варах. Самфшм.

- б. а. Гефваів. Дауїа. Содомон. Гедекінд. Нелілс. 5 Гереміас. Анаміас. Адаріас. Місанд. Идіас. Едісеос. нем псохп й ні ке профитнс. Дахаріас. піоунв. нем Іоанинс пірец фомс нем пі їв й апостодос. нем підгіос стефанос. нем нібеддо сумеюн піоунв еф 10 оуав. нем пхорос йте ни еф оуав. нем пхорос йте ни еф оуав. нем пхорос йте нібенна оуас е на пкаді ймауатоу адда феммау йхе пбс йте пооу нем птагма тирц йте
- Θ. Β. ΝΙΦΗΟΥὶ ΝΙΑΓΓΕΊΟ Ο ΝΕΜ ΝΙΑΡΧΗΊΓΓΕΊΟ ΝΙ- 15 ΧΕΡΟΥΒΙΜ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΟΕΡΑΦΙΜ ΝΙΘΡΟΝΟΟ ΝΙΜΕΤΌΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΣΟΜ ΕΥΜΜΑΥ ΝΣΕ ΝΑΙ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΕΥΤΟΟΥ ΝΑ ΦΤΑΡΟΥ ΝΑ ΦΑΝΑΝ ΕΊΜΟΥ ΝΑ ΑΡΧΟΝ ΕΊΜΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΠΙΝΙΟΤ Ν ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΊΟΟ Ε΄ Ο ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ. Αλλα ΤΟΥΟΟ ΑΝΟΚ ΕΘΡΙΚΟΤ Ν ΚΕ ΟΠ 20 Ε΄ ΤΑΥΆΗ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΝΙΟΤ Ν ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΊΟΟ Ε΄ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΑΘΕΝ ΝΙΝΙΟΤ Ν ΡΟΜΙ ΝΤΕ ΠΚΑΖΙ ΧΕ ΠΟΟ ΟΕΧΗ ΕΝ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΟΤ Ν ΘΑΙ ΕΘΟΥΑΒ ΝΕΜΑΝ Ν ΦΟΟΥ. ΙΟΣΕ ΟΕΡΑΟΙ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΑ-
- ī. а. рафі нем нн ев рафі ката псахі й піапос-25 толос. Аплюс †нагі тот евольен фіют й фиетромі тнро фи ет а фф ваміод ката п ете фюд й імі нем гіком па бой іют

λαλη ήθος πε έτ λιμαγ έρος εςοι ή φορπ δεν πιλριστον Ογος ήταφενς λνοκ ειοι ή εοτ ογος τσθερτερ σε ογει τναγ έ τθωογτο τηρο ήτε νη έτ δεν πιλριστον εγραφι νενιας ή φοογ ογος εγταιό ήμος λνοκ σε τνα-5

- 1. Β. Μογυτ μεμωογ. Κλη ληοκ ογρεφερνοβι ογος αιωανή μας ή φραωι ή πα εητ. Χέρε πα δε ή ιωτ έθ ογαβ χέρε φιωτ ή υιμετιωτ τηρογ χέρε φιωτ ή πρέπος τηρα ήτε ήμετρομι πηθέ(sic) έταγωωπι μέμ μη έθ ναωωπι 10 ογη. Ογος ληοκ εω έωωπ αιωανή ναα ή παι χέρετιςμος έτ οι ή μας γ ληαρκη εωα ήτεαμογή νηι ή φρη ή ογιωτ ή πεαωηρι χε λήογ ω παωηρι ήτεκ έρ ωαι νέμαν εωκ δεν παι νιωή ή ωαι ή φοογ ογος αιωανώμι 15 ή ογπαρρηςίλ δα τοτκ Εναγίρι ήπεαμεγί
- ίλ. λ. λη βάτεη περογρο αλλά αρχηλ έβογη χωρις μεςιτης με ρερερφμεγί. (Τοι η άρχων αν έχει ογάλζις η ογωτ αλλά έχει πχωρός τηρα ήτε πιφηογί κατα πογαχολχηι ή πός 20 ογός μεμι χωβ πίβει ή ηδόχι έρατα ςα χάδη αν άλλα άδχι δε έ ρατα ςα ογίναμι ή φτερκωτ ή τοτα ή σηογ πίβει έχει περιος ή πίρωμι. Μίμι πε φαι έρε ναι νίωτ ή ταιό τοι γιωτα ή παι ρητ πέμι παι νίωτ ή ώογ. 25
- ίλ. Β. Cωτεμ φλι πε μιχαήλ πιμιω ή λαρχηληγελος ήτε τζομ η μιφηογί. Μιμ πε φλι έτε σε ερ ωλι ηλα ήχε μιλρετή τηρογ. ήθος πε μιχαήλ

παρχων ή θμετογρο ή μιφμογί. ΜΙΜ πε φαι έτ α πογρο ερ φωριν ήμος ή ται κιω ή ή δρηπι έθ μες έβολδεν παι μος ή ωογ ογος ας ειωτς ή μος ή ςτολη ογος αςμορς δεν παι μος ή μογβ ει ώνι ή κινι έτε ήπε 5 ογον ωωπι ή πες ρη φαι πε Μιχαηλ πινιω † ή αρχηληγελος έτ δοςι. Νινι πε φαι έρε

- 18. Δ. ΜΙΔΟΓΕΊΟΟ ΜΕΜ ΝΙΤΔΟΝΙΆ ΝΤΕ ΝΙΦΗΟΥΙ | ΕΡ ΖΕΊΠΙΟ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΥΕΡ ΜΑΙ ΝΕΜΑΟ ΜΕΝ ΠΕΟΜΑΙ ΝΌΘΟ ΠΕ ΝΙΧΑΗΧ ΦΗΕΤ Α ΦΗ ΘΑΜΟ Ν΄ 10 ΑΡΧΌΝ Ν΄ ΤΕΟΜΕΤΟΥΡΟ ΤΗΡΟ. ΜΙΜ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ ΕΤΕ CEZONZEN Ν΄ ΝΙΤΑΓΜΆ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΤΕ ΝΙΦΗΟΥΙ΄ CECŒTEM ΝΑΟ ΝΘΟΟ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΧ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΧΟΟ ΕΤΑΟΡΟΤΕΜ Ν΄ CA ΦΟΥΑΖΟΑΖΝΙ Ν΄ ΠΌΟ Ε ΕΟΖΙΟΥΙ΄ ΕΒΟΧΖΑΡΟΟ Ν΄ ΠΙΡΕΟΡΟΜΙ ΕΤ ΖΟΟΥ. ΝΙΜ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ 15 ΕΤ ΕΡΕ ΤΕΧΝΗ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ ΜΕΝ ΠΙΚΟΟΜΟΟ ΤΗΡΟ ΕΥΚΌΡΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΥΕΡ ΜΑΙ ΝΑΟ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ. ΦΑΙ
- 18. Β. ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΧ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΛΟς | ΦΗ ΕΤ COBT Ν ΝΑ ΝΙΦΗΟΥΊ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΟΤ Ν ΝΑΠΚΑΖΙ ΦΊΡΙ ΝΙ ΠΕΝΜΕΥΊ ΝΙ ΠΕΜΘΟ ΝΙ ΦΤ ΠΕΝ ΡΕΦΘΑΜΙΟ ΕΘΒΕ 20 ΤΕΦΙΙΨΤ Ν ΆΓΑΠΗ ΕΊΡΟΥΝ ΕΡΟΝ. ΠΆΗΝ ΑΤΌΝΕ СΚΑΝΆΛΟΝ ΝΑ ΝΙΦΗΟΥΊ ΕΡ ΨΑΙ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ ΟΥ ΠΕ ΠΖωβ Ν ΝΑ ΠΚΑΖΙ ΊΕΝ ΦΑΙ ΝΙ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΨΑΤ ΟΥΡΑΨΙ ΝΙ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΟΥΕΡ ΨΑΙ ΝΕΝ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΧ. ΟΥΟΖ ΝΕ 25 ΟΥΡωΝΙ ΑΝ ΠΕ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΕ ΝΙΜΟΝ ΡωΝΙ ΝΑΝΑΥ ΕΡΟΦ ΙΕΝ ΠΕΦΙΘΟΥ ΝΤΕΦΙΜΗ ΖΙΣΕΝ ΠΙΚΑΖΙ ΝΙ

īг. а. фрит ет сынорт бен ке ма хе | орпыл

ογος ογεαρΣ απ. Μηχαηλ ογεωμα απ πε ογος είμου ωχομ η ογεωμα η ρεσογωμ μαγ ερος η πτεσται βα πεσώογ. Αποκ δε τηλ ερ ογώ ηταχος η πατε ογος ηταθωτ ή πετεν εκτ βεν παι εγεον σε να τφε ναερ-5 κου αν αν ογε είμον η τογμητ η κε εοπ αν. Ογε χος ογε μος ογε καταλαλία ογε ή ωικ ογε βωτε ογε διογί ογε ελι έβολ βεν πισώβεν αλλα εξογαβ εγήτον ήμωογ βεν νη έθ ογαβ πο

- ΤΕ. Β. ΟΥΣΕ ΕΥΨΟΠ ΣΕΝ ΝΗ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΣΕΝ ΠΙΚΟCΜΟς ΨΑ ΈΝΕς CEEP ΨΑΙ Ν CHOY NIBEN ΣΑΤΕΝ ΠΙΟΥΡΟ ΧΟ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΨΑΙ Ν ΑΤ ΚΦΡΟ. ΣΕ ΟΥΗΙ
 ΑΥΚΗΝ Εξιογί ΕΒΟΛΣΕΝ ΤΟΥΜΗΤ Ν ΠΙΡΕΦΕΜΙ
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 Ν ΤΑΙ ΤΡΑΠΗζΑ ΕΤΕΝ ΝΠΨΑ ΝΙΜΟΟ ΕΤΕ ΤΤΡΑΠ-
- 13. λ. Ηζα ἢ ΠΑΙ ϢΑΙ ΦΑΙ ΕΤ ΧΗ ΗΔΗ ΕΡΡΗ ΕΕΝ 20
 ΤΦΕ ΝΕΝ ΖΙΣΕΝ ΠΚΑΖΙ ΟΥΝ ΚΑΤΑ ΦΟΥΑΖCΑΖΝΙ
 ἢ ΠΕΝΟΦΤΗΡ ΙΗΌ ΠΧΟ ΣΕ ΠΕΟΟΥΑΖCΑΖΝΙ ΦΑ
 ΠΕΟΙΦΤ ΠΕ. ΣΕ ΦΙΦΤ ΝΕΝ ΠΦΗΡΙ ΝΕΝ ΠΙΠΝΑ ΕΘ
 ΟΥΑΒ ΟΥΝΟΥ ΤΗ ΟΥΦΤ ΠΕ ΟΥΝΕΤΟΥΡΟ ἢ ΟΥΦΤ
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 ΑΤ ΕΕΤΕΦΤΟ ΟΥ ΑΤ ΖΟΠΟ Αλλα ἢΘΟΟ ΠΕ ΠΦΠ
 ἢ ΠΤΗΡΟ CA ΕΡΡΗ ἢ ΠΕΟΕΡ ΦΙΦΙ ἦΜΑΥΑΤΟ
 ΝΑ ΝΙΦΗΟΥὶ ΝΕΜ ΝΑ ΠΚΑΖΙ. ΟΥΟΖ ΑΝΟΝ

- Ζων τνος ὼ να μενρατ εθβε σε λήκην ναΤΣ. Β. ενοςον θηστιώτ ἢ παι ωαι ἐτ φωρω ναν ἐβολ ἢ φοος σεμπωα εθρέν ερ ωαι ζων ἢ φη ὲτ έρε νιαγγελος ντε φτ έρ ωαι νας ἢ φοος. Ογος ντενολοελ ἢ πεν σα δοςν 5 νεν σα βολ δεν πεσίνζωλ ἐδογν ἐπαιδίπνον φαι ὲτ μες ἢ ὼος ἢ φοος ζίνα ντενοςων ἐβολδεν νιαγαθον τηρος ναι ἐταςσεβτωτος ναν νσε φτ. αλλα λτέτεν σος σε ίσσε ογλριστον ἢ ογρο πε σεμπωα ντενζεμοί ωατ 10 ογθωζεν ἢ νινιωτ ντε πιπαλλαδίον ἢ
- ΤΕ. Α. Φορπ. Θιέφενα λνοκ σε ω πα σς μη νθοκ αν πε έτ α φ† θαμιόκ βεν νεασις ήμιν ήμιος κατα πεαίνι νεμ τεαζικων ογος αςμαζικ έβολβεν πεαώογ ογος ααμογ† è πεκ- 15 ραν σε λααμ ογος λνοκ †πογ †ερέτιν έβολζιτεν τεκμεταγαθός νεμ τεκμεθνιω† ογος ††20 èροκ εθρεκ ταμοί σε μη νθοκ ζωκ κραφι βεν πωαι ή πινιω† η αρχηληγελός èθ ογαβ μηχαμλ. Сωτέν πεσας ήσε λααμ 20 σε αξα λνοκ πε λααμ ογος λνοκ èt ectoi
- ΤΕ. Β. ΝΗΙ ΕΘΡΙΘΌΖΕΜ Ν΄ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ Ε΄ ΠΑΙ ϢΑΙ Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΝΤΑΡΑΦΙ ΔΕΝ ΟΥΜΕΤΖΟΥΟ ΕΡΦΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΕΤΑΙΤ ΣΌΝΤ Μ΄ ΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΦΕΝΤ ΕΒΟΛΔΕΝ ΠΙΠΑΡΑΣΙΟΟΟ ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΛΙΕΡ ΠΑΡΑΒΕΝΙΝ 25 ΝΤΕΦ ΝΤΟΛΗ. ΔΕΝ ΠΣΙΝΘΡΕ ΤΑΒΟΗΘΟΟ ΕΥΆ ΘΡΙ ΟΥΦΜ ΕΒΟΛΖΙ ΠΟΥΤΑΖ Μ΄ ΠΙΦΦΗΝ ΕΤΑΦΖΟΝΖΕΝ ΝΗΙ ΕΦΤΕΜΟΥΦΜ ΕΒΟΛ Ν΄ ΔΗΤΦ. ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΣΕ

- νιθος αςτεό νι πος έχωι ωατ εςχα πανοβι νιμι έβολ έθβε φαι τραωι δενι πεςωαι νι φοογ. (i) άβιλ πικογχι νι ωμρι έτ ταιμογτ
- Τ. Α. ΜΑΤΑΜΟΙ ΖωΚ ΙCYE ΚΡΑΨΙ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΣΕΝ ΠΨΑΙ

 Ν΄ ΠΙΝΙΨΤ Ν΄ ΑΡΧΗΡΓΕΡΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΝ. 5
 ΑΝΟΚ ΣΕ ΤΡΑΨΙ ΟΥΟΖ Τ ΕΡ ΨΑΙ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΧΕ

 ΟΥΕΙ ΦΗ ΕΤΟΥΕΡ ΨΑΙ ΝΑΟ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΝΘΟΟ ΠΕ

 ΕΤΑΟ ΟΛΙ Μ΄ ΠΑ ΨΟΥΨΟΥΨΙ ΝΕΜ ΠΑ ΕΝΙΝ ΖΑ

 ΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΜΠΕ Ο ΟΜΟ Ε΄ ΠΨΟΥΨΟΥΨΙ Μ΄ ΠΑ

 CON ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΜΠΕ ΘΕΝΟ ΟΥ ΟΚΟΥΤΕΝ ΕΘΒΕ 10

 ΦΑΙ ΑΝΟΚ ΤΕΡ ΨΑΙ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ. ΝΘΟΚ ΣΕ ΖωΚ

 ὼ CHΘ ΤΝΑΥ ΕΡΟΚ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΕΚΘΕΛΗΛ ΣΕΝ ΠΨΑΙ

 Ν΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΡΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΣΕ
- 15. Β. Άνοκ ΜΕΝ ΤΡΑΦΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΘΕΛΗΛ. ΘΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΕΤΑ ΚΑΙΝ ΡωΣΤ Ν ΑΒΗΛ ΠΑ CON À ΦΤ ΤΗΙΤ 15 Ν ΝΑ 10Τ ΟΥΟΖ ΜΠΕ ΤΑ ΜΑΥ ΣΙΜΙ Ν ΟΥΕΡΦΤΕΘΡΕ CŒΡΜΟΥΘΤ ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΑΦΦΜΟΥΝ ΝΣΕ ΠΕ
 CÈΡΦΤΕΘΒΕ ΠΕCΜΚΑΖ Ν ΖΗΤ ΕΣΕΝ ΑΒΗΛ ΠΑ CON. Αλλα ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΑΦΜΑΝΟΥΘΤ ΣΕΜ ΟΥΣΡΕ Ν ΠΠΑΤΙΚΟΝ ΕΒΟΛΣΕΝ 20 ΤΦΕ ΕΘΒΕ ΦΑΙ ΖΗΠΠΕ ΤΡΑΘΙ Ν ΦΟΟΥ. (Ο) ΕΝΘΧ ΠΙΘΜΗΙ ΦΗΕΤ Α ΦΤ ΟΥΟΘΒΕΦ ΕΒΟΛΣΕΝ ΠΙΚΟΟΜΟΟ
- ίζ. α. εμππε τναγ έροκ κραωι | εί φοος πεχας χε λνοκ μεν τραωι ογος τθεληλ εθβε χε πενος τηρη εντε τμετρωμι εαν έβολδεν παχροχ 25 πε ογος μιχαηλ έγας ε τοτη έβολ αν εητεο εα φτ εθρεσναι ε νιρεσερνοβι ογος ετεσταν δωος ως ένες λνοκ μεν τραωι δεν πες ωαι

εθβε Σε q†2ò èΣεν ναωμρι. Ο μαθογαλλα πι βελλο èταφαιλι βεν νεφέζους πως κραωι ѝθοκ ζωκ Σε ογει †ναγ è πεκογωβω νεм

- 12. Β. Ποωτα η νεαζεως βεν θων η παι αριστον πεχας δε ήχε μαθογολλα χε πως ανοκ 5 τναραωι αν ογος ανοκ πε πιμας η ισχε η αλαμ. Ε α πιαρχηριτέλος εθ ογαβ μηχαηλ δι η ναεγχη ασενογ ε πωωι ωα φτ ε ασερ ζωοτ νηι η ογνος ναςι ωατ εσερχογό ε φα αλαμ παιωτ η από ρομπι. Ο νωε πιθωμι 10 ανοκ μεν τχω ήμος χε νακοι η φρητ ε τναγ έροκ χε νακοι βεν ογνιωτ η ραωι η φοογ πεχας χε πως τναραωι αν ογος η
- ΤΗ. Α. ΤΑΘΕΛΗΛ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΕΝΑΙΧΗ ΣΕΝ ΠΙΝΑΥ ΕΤ Α

 Φ† ΣωΝΤ Ε ΠΙΚΟΣΜΟΣ Ε ΠΣΙΝΟΟΤΟ ΕΒΟΛ ΑΘΖΙΤΟ 15

 ΕΊΘΟΥΝ Ε ΤΚΥΒωΤΟΣ ΝΕΜ ΤΑΣΖΙΜΙ ΝΕΜ ΝΑϢΗΡΙ

 ΝΕΜ ΕΒΟΛΙΕΝ ΓΕΝΟΣ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ ΚΙΜ ΖΙΣΕΝ

 ΠΚΑΖΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΘΟΥΜΗ Η ΝΙ ΚΑΤΑΡΑΚΤΗΣ ΉΤΕ

 ΤΦΕ. Ε ΑΘΣΜΟ ΕΣΜΝ Η ΠΙΜΟΥ Η ΖωΟΥ Η

 ΖΜ Η Ε΄ΖΟΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΖΜ Η ΕΣΜΡΖ ΟΥΣΕ ΗΠΕ Ν 20

 ΝΑΥ Ε ΦΡΗ ΟΥΣΕ ΠΙΙΟΖ ΟΥΣΕ ΝΙΣΙΟΥ. ΑΛΛΑ

 ΜΗΧΛΗΛ ΕΤ ΕΡ ΟΙΚΟΝΟΜΙΝ ΉΜΟΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΉΠΕ

 Ο ΧΑ ΤΟΤΟ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΘΤΖΟ Ε ΦΤ ΜΑΤΕ ΟΤΑΖΝΟ
- тн. в. й игмфоү је ауасагаг адоуфиг евод йте пгфоуе е агногем днок нем ни ев немиг. 25 Ф двраам фгфт йте иглатргархис ми йвок гфк крафги фооу бен пфаг и пгархнагтедос ев оуав миханд петад те дга днок бен

- ογμετεογό τραωι σε λοοκ πε πιωορπ η ρωνι ετ α μηχαμά σωτά το πός εχωι είνα αιερ πεμπωα ή ίσαακ ογος αιογωμ η εμωογ βατεν πεμπωα ή ίσαακ ογος αιογωμ η εμωογ βατεν ογμετεογό τραωι σε λοοκ πε πιωορπ η ρωνι ογμετεν ογος αιογωμ η εμωογ βατεν ογμετεν ογωμ ο και ογωμετεν ογωμ ο και ογωμετεν ογωμ ο και ογωμ ο και
- 10. Δ. Πιωωμη ήτε μαμρη. Ο ίσαλ πιωω έθ ογαβ 5 μεμ πιωογωωογωι έτ ωμπ ή φτ έτ οης. Μθοκ εωκ κερ ογ [βεη παι μα ή φοογ] κα ελαλ βεη παι μιωτ ή αλα βεη πωαι ή πιαρχηληγελος έθ ογαβ μηχαμλ πεχας σε ληοκ μεη τα ιοτ ογος τα μαγ ογα ερη ήμαγατς ήτε μα ιοτ ογος τα μαγ ογα ερη πε μπε αμιαι ή ογωμρι έβηλ έροι. Ογος με μπε αμιαι ή το τους ή τοτ με ρατ ογος αςολτ έχεη εληώνι είχεη ογτωογ εςωογίτ έ αιναγ έ τμαχερα βεη μαβαλ βεν 15
- 16. Β. ΤΣΙΣ Μ ΠΑ ΙΦΤ ΦΟΥΦΟ È ΘΟΘΒΕΤ ÈΒΗΑ ΣΕ

 λ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ ΡΑΒΑΘ ΑΦΑΜΟΝΙ Ν ΤΜΑΧΗΡΑ ÈΒΟΑ
 ΘΕΝ ΤΧΙΧ Ν ΠΑ ΙΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΦΤ ΝΑΦ Ν ΟΥΦΙΑΙ

 Ν ΕCΦΟΥ Ν ΤΑ ΦΕΒΙΘ ΑΦΧΟΚ ÈΒΟΑ ΝΣΕ ΠΑ

 ΦΟΥΦΦΟΥΦΙ. Ο ΠΑΡΧΦΗ Ν ΝΙΠΑΤΡΙΑΡΧΗΟ 20

 ὶΑΚΦΒ ΦΗ ΕΤΑΦΦΦΠΙ Ν ΧΦΡΙ ΘΕΝ ΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ Ν

 ΑΦΦΦ ΘΕΝ ΝΙΡΦΜΙ ΜΗ ΚΡΑΦΙ ΝΘΟΚ Ν ΦΟΟΥ

 ΘΕΝ ΠΦΑΙ Μ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ.

 ΠΕΣΑΦ ΔΕ ΝΣΕ ὶΑΚΦΒ ΣΕ ΑΖΑ ΤΡΑΦΙ Ν ΦΟΟΥ

 ΣΕ λ ΠΑ CON ΝΟΑΥ ΚΟΛΤ ΕΒΟλ ΑΙΦΦΤ Ε ΤΗΗ-25
- к. а. сос ша даван псон й та мау. Аді ша роі йхе мнханд адсемне павехе ині еводьен недесфор отог адсмот ероі нем нашнрі

νεμ ναζιοκι αφθρε πιολ τηρα δι οπος έβολ η βητ. (1) ίωση πιθημι φη έταγχος έρος ήχε νεασημος κερ ος βεν παι μα ή φοος κραωι βεν πωαι ή πιαρχαργελός μηχαηλ. Απαξ απλώς πέχας ήχε ίωση πιθημι βεν 5 ογμεθημι ατομι εθρι ραωι ή φοος. Σε ογει βερ πιχινθροςχος έροι ήχε να οπος ογος

- κ. Β. αιτηιτ έβολ ωα ογκαζι η ωεμμο ογος αιερ ωεμμο η σωβ χωρις ρες η μομή τητι ε λ ζαν κεμήω η πέτ ζωογί έσωι. Αςί ωα 10 ροι ήσε μηχαήλ πιαρχηαγγελός αςμαζηετ έβολ η βητογ τηρογ λπ βαέ σε αςίζο ε φτ αςαιτ η ογρο ε χημι. Ο μωγκης νεμ λλ ρων νεμ ήςογ ήτε ναγή ογ πε πετενθωω ήθωτεν ογν νεμ παι ωαι ή φοογ. Πέσε νη 15 εθ ογαβ σε πιραωι φων πε σε ογει μηχαήλ σε ατ(sic) ερ δαγ μωὶτ βασων νεμ πεν λαος
- κλ. α. ωατ ενόρο έχεν νεν χαχι ογος αφόι νωιτ ναν επικαςι ήτε † επαγγελιά εθε φαι τενραωι ή φοογ. Ανόκ πε γεαεων †ραωι δεν 20 ογμετζογό έθες χε μηχαλί πε έταφί ωα ροι αφναζτ ή χονι ογος αιί έβολ αιβωτε è πκαζι ή μαχιαμ αινόζεμ ή παλαός. Ο ίεφθαίς νεν αννα τεφοζικί ογ πε πετέν δωβ δεν παι ωαι ή φοογ. αγέρ ογώ ήχε νικρίτης 25 ογος πεχωογ χε ταφμήι πενραωι ογνιω†

The scribe has omitted the address to Gideon.

- πε σε νανοι η αδρην ίσσεν τενμετκουσί ωατ κα. Β. ενμετνος | ήπε ωηρι ωωπι ναν ανόζι σε έρατεν ένερ προσευσήσε αναλι η ουωουσήσε η φτ αφούσι ω φτ αφούσι ω φτ αφούσι ω φτ αφοί η πισωρί σαμφωνί η φτ αφούσι η φτ αφούσι η φτ αφούσι η φτ αφούσι η φιωτ πάρι κατά σαρς ενών η το φούσι κατά σαρς εκκιν ή τεκ κύθαρα θα πι
- ΚΒ. Δ. ῖ ὰ ΚΑΠ ΘΕΝ ΠΑΙ ΆΡΙΟΤΟΝ ΕΤΑΦΘΑΖΜΕΝ ΕΡΟΦ ὰΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ὰ ΦΟΟΥ. ΠΕΣΑΦ ὰΣΕ ΔΑΥΊΣ ΣΕ ΘΕΝ ΟΥΜΕΘΝΗΙ ΤΡΑΦΙ ὰ ΦΟΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΘΕΛΗΛ ΣΕ ΝΙΦΑΙ ΤΗΡΟΥ ὰΤΕ 15 ΝΗ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΟΥΨΑΛΜΟΣΙΑ ὰΤΕ ΦΟΥΑΙ ΦΟΥΑΙ ὰΜΟΟΥ ΕΤ ΟΘΗΟΥΤ ΖΙΣΕΝ ΠΑΖΗΤ ΠΙΕΡ ΨΑΛΙΝ ΔΕ ΕΤ ΤΟΜΙ Ε ΠΑΙ ΦΑΙ ΦΑΙ ὰΤΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΝΗΧΑΗΛ ΕΤΕ ΦΑΙ ΠΕ ΣΕ ΠΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ὰ ΠΟΟ ΖΙΚΟΤ ὰ ΠΚΟΤ ὰ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ ΕΡ ΖΟΤ 20 ΘΑ ΤΕΦΧΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΙΑΝΑΖΜΟΥ. (Ο) CΟΛΟΝΙΟΝ
- КВ. В. ПІСОФОС МН ХРАЩІ АН БЕН ПШАІ Й ПІАРХН-АГГЕЙОС МНХАНЯ ПЕХАЦ ХЕ БЕН ОУМЕТЗОЎО ТРАЩІ ЕӨВЕ ПІАРХНАГГЕЙОС ЕӨ ОЎАВ МНХАНЯ ЙӨОЦ АЦШШП ИЕМНІ ІСУЕН ТА МЕТКОЎХІ ОЎОЗ 25 АЦӨРЕ ТЗІРНИН ШШПІ БЕН НАЁЗООЎ АЦТЗОЙ Й ФТ АЦЗОНЗЕН ННІ ЕӨРІ КШТ Й ОЎНІ Й ПОС. Й ІЕЗЕКІАС ПОЎРО Й ӨМНІ МН ЙӨОК ЗШК КРАЩІ

й фоор Бен пол й пілрхнарредос ў орав миханд. Пехад де пос Тилрасі ди че д

- ΚΓ. Δ. ΜΙΟΥΡΙΟΟ ΕΡ 200Υ | 20Σ2ΕΣ ΜΝΟΙ ΜΕΜ ΠΑ λλος πιλρχηλεγελος έθ ογλε ΜΙΧΑΗλ ΜΘΟΟ ΠΕ ΕΤΑΟΘΑΊΡΙ ΕΡΘΟΥ ΕΕΝ ΠΙΕΣΘΡΖ ΕΡΕ ΤΟΥΠΠΙ 5 ΤΡΙ Μ ΡΠΕ ΘΟ Μ ΡΑΝ Ε ΑΟΝΑΣΜΕΝ ΑΝΟΚ ΜΕΜ ΠΑ λλος ΤΗΡΟ. Ο Ήςλιας πινιφή μι προφητικό ογ πε πεκρλωι 200κ μι ΦΟΟΥ ΕΕΝ Πωλι μι πιλρχηλεγελος έθ ογλε ΜΙΧΑΗλ. Πεχλο ΣΕ φλι πε πλ ρλωι σε μιδιςι τηρογ έτ λ 10 ΜΑΝΑς ΟΝ ΜΕΜ ΜΕΘΟΦΗΡ ΕΝΟΥ ΈΣΟΙ ΝΑΟΘΣΙ ΕΡΑΤΟ ΜΕΜΗΙ ΜΣΕ ΠΙΔΡΧΗΛΥΓΕΛΟς ΜΗΧΑΗλ ΕΘΤ
- ΚΓ. Β. ΣΟΜ ΝΗΙ ΝΕΜ ΝΟΜΤ ΦΑΤ ΟΥΒΑСΤ ΣΕΝ ΤΑ ΜΗΤ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΒΑΦΟΥΡ Ν ΦΕ. (Ϊ) ΠΑ ΙΦΤ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΙΕΡΕΜΙΑς ΆΝΟΚ ΤΝΑΥ ΕΡΟΚ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ ΝΕΜ 15 ΠΑΙ ΜΙΦΤ Ν ΣΗΒΕ ΕΤ ΕΡ ΟΥΦΙΝΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΚΡΑΦΙ ΣΕΝ ΠΦΑΙ ΝΙ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟς ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΠΕΣΑΥ ΣΕ ΆΝΟΚ ΜΕΝ ΤΡΑΦΙ Ν ΖΟΥΌ ΣΕ Α ΝΙΟΥΡΦΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΤΕ ΙΟΥΣΑ ΊΡΙ ΝΕΜΗΙ ΝΙΠΕΤΖΦΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΑΥΒΦΤΟ ΟΥΒΗΙ 20 ΣΕΝ ΟΥΘΜΑΚ ΝΑΡΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΣΕ ΌΖΙ ΕΡΑΤΥ ΝΕΜΙΙ ΑΥΦΦΠΙ ΝΗΙ ΝΙ ΟΥΒΟΝΘΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΟΥΆΜΑΖΙ.
- Ка. а. Й једекий пініф† і профитис амоу хе птектамом епекрафі гок й фооу Бен поат й піархнаггейос еб оуав михаий. 25 Пехад хе амок мен фрафі оуог фоумод хе михаий пе етадіні ни й піхартис ет сыноут оуог атомку асхок ни евой йхе

τα προφητίλ. Ѽ αλημή πιπροφητής φρωνι ήτε νιξπιθυνιά τη νθοκ ζωκ κραωι δι φοου δεν πωαι δι πιαρχημέρος ξθ ουαβ κηχαήλ. Πέχας δίχε αλημή χε αω δι ραωι ξθ ναωφος

- ΚΣ. Β. È ΠΑ ΡΑΨΙ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ5
 ΟΥΟΟΠ ΑΝ ΟΥΣΕ Β΄ ΑΦΊ ΜΑ ΡΟΙ ΕΤΑΥ ΖΙΤ ΣΕ
 È Φλακκος η μιμογι αγερ σφραρίζιη έχωι

 ΒΕΝ ΖΑΝ[σ]Φραρίο. ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΑΦΝΑΜΘΑΜ η ρωογ η μιμογι ηπογω
 Βωητ έροι è πτηρα έταιζκο σε ογη αφίνι 10

 ΗΝ η αββακογη εφοπτ η βανβρηση έγκε
 Νιωογτ ογος αφτοοι. Ο πι η η λποστολος
 ΕΘΒΕ ογ τετεμραψι ηθωτεή ογη η φοογ

 ΒΕΝ παι μιψή η ωλι ήτε πιαρχημογελος έθ

 Ογαβ ΜΗΧΑΗλ. ΠΕΣωογ ΣΕ άμου μεν τεν- 15
- ΚΕ. Δ. ΡΑΦΙ ΑΝ ΣΕ ΜΗ ΝΧΗ | ΘΕΝ ΟΥΝΙΦΤ Ν ΕΝΚΑΖ

 Ν ΖΗΤ ΘΕΝ ΠΣΙΝΘΡΕ ΝΙΠΑΡΑΝΟΝΙΟ Ν ΙΟΥΔΑΝ

 ΕΡ ΟΤΑΥΡΦΗΙΝ Ν΄ ΠΕΝ ΘΟ ΤΗΟ ΠΙΧΟΠ ΕΘΒΕ ΤΖΟΤ

 Ν ΗΙ ΙΟΥΔΑΙ. ΑΟΤΑΜΟΝ ΝΊΕ ΜΑΡΙΑΜ ΤΠΑΡ-20

 ΘΕΝΟΟ ΣΕ ΑΟΖΟΑΝ Ε ΠΙΝΙΖΑΥ Ν΄ ΦΟΡΠ Ν΄ ΤΚΥ
 ΡΙΧΚΗ ΝΘΟΟ ΝΕΝ ΝΗ ΕΘ ΝΕΜΑΟ ΑΟΣΙΝΙ ΝΙ

 ΠΙΑΡΧΗ ΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΝΗΧΑΗΝ Ε ΑΡΟΚΕΡ
 ΚΕΡ Ν΄ ΠΙΏΝΙ ΕΒΟΛΖΙ ΡΟΟ Ν΄ ΠΙΝΙΖΑΥ ΟΥΟΖ

 ΑΡΖΕΜΟΙ ΖΙΣΟΡ ΕΡΖΙ ΦΕΝΝΟΥΡΙ Ν΄ ΦΟΥ ΣΕ λ 25
- ке. в. пбс тшнд. (ѝ ζαχαρίας нем ішнинс педшнрі мін йоштен тетенер шлі гштен й фооу Бен пшаї й піархнаггелос ниханд. Пехад

хе трафі хе адер сфрагізін над й михана й архнаггедос анок зе й оунв ішанинс зе пафирі й редтшис й вод пе пфирі й едісавет тсуггенне й маріам вмау й пбс ката сарz евве фаі тепрафі й фооу. (\dot{d}) стефанос $_5$ піархнаїдкши й продомартурос (sic) ми крафі зшк немам Бен паі ніф \dagger й фаі пехад хе ага хе Бен пінау ётаугі шиі ёхші аі-

- Κ. λ. μαγ ε μιφμογί εγογμη ερε πιαρχμαντελος μικαμλ μεμ μιαντελος τηρογ σομς ε πεμ 10 σς ιης πχς εφςα ογιναμ ε φιωτ η άγαθος.

 Ο πι ε η άλογ ανανίας αζαρίας μιςαμλ μη τετευραψί εωτεν ει φοογ δεν πωλι ει πιαρχμαντελος μικαμλ. Πεχωογ ήχε ην έθ ογαβ χε πως τευναραψί αν χε δεν πχινθρε να-15 βογχοδονος ορ πογρο είτεν ε τερω ή χρωμ έθ μος αφογας αξνι ήχε φτ ει μικαμλ αφνες πωλε ε πιχρωμ έβολ αφθρε τερω
- Κ. Β. ΕΡ Ν φρη Ν ογίω . Ο πχωρος ν μιμαρ-Τγρος νεμ νη έθ ογαβ μη τετευραωι νθω-20 τεν ν φοογ δεν πωαι ν πιαρχηαγγελος μικαμά. Πέχε νη έθ ογαβ τηρογ τε δεν ογμεθμιι ογνιω τε πευραωι τε ογει αναγκη νιβεν νεμ ώκας έτ αναί δαρωογ νιαρχηαγγελος μικαμά ας τον ναν ωατ εναί δα 25 νιβαςανος έτεμμαγ ογος ντεντωκ ντενμαρτγριά έβολ νεν πενάγων ογος εθβητα ανδι ν ναι νιω ν άγαθον εθβε φαι τενραωι

- Κζ. Δ. Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ. Ο ΝΙΤΑΓΜΑ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΤΕ ΦΗΟΥΝ

 ΜΗ ΤΕΤΕΝΡΑΦΙ ΖΟΤΕΝ Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ. ΠΕΣΟΟΥ ΣΕ

 ΤΑΦΝΗΙ ΠΙΡΑΦΙ ΤΗΡΟ ΦΟΝ ΠΕ ΝΑ ΜΕΝΡΑΤ

 ΟΥΝΙΦΤ ΓΑΡ ΠΕ ΠΤΑΙΟ Μ΄ ΠΑΙ ΦΑΙ ΦΑΙ ΕΤ ΦΟΡΦ

 ΝΑΝ ΖΙΣΕΝ ΠΚΑΖΙ ΜΝΑΥΑΤΟ ΑΝ Αλλα ΘΕΝ Τ 5

 ΚΕ ΦΕ ΟΥΝ. ΤΗΟΥ ΣΕ Ο ΝΙΜΕΝΡΑΤ Μ΄ ΚΑΤ

 ΖΗΤ ΑΜΟΙΝΙ ΝΤΕΝ ΕΡ ΟΠΟΣΑΖΙΝ ΖΟΝ ΟΥΝ

 ΝΤΕΝΆΡΕΖ Ε ΝΕΝΨΥΧΗ ΘΕΝ ΠΦΑΙ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΟΥΟΖ ΜΜΟΝ ΖΕΒΟΟ

 Ε ΝΑΝΕΥ ΕΥΕΡ ΠΡΕΠΙ Μ΄ ΠΙΖΟΠ ΤΟΙ ΖΙΟΤΕΝ 10
- Κζ. Β. ΜΗ ΠΟΤΕ ΉΤΕΝ Ζωλ ΖΕΝ ΖΑΝΟΤΟΛΗ ΕΥΣΛΙΦΟΥ ΕΥ ΧΦΗΟ ΕΡΕ ΝΕΝΟΦΗΑ ΜΕΖ Η ΘΦΑΕΒ Η ΟΕΚΦΑΤΕΝ ΕΒΟλ ΕΕΝ ΟΥΦΙΠΙ Η ΠΕΜΘΟ Η ΝΗ ΕΤΕ ΜΙΖΕΒΟΦ ΕΤ ΦΕΡΙ ΦΟΥ ΤΟΙ ΖΙΦΤΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΉΘΕΟΥ- ΗΟΥ CABOλ ΉΜΟΝ ΉΣΕ ΝΑ ΝΙΖΕΒΟΦ Η ΚΑΘΑΡΟΟ 15 ΣΕ ΜΗΠΟΤΕ ΉΤΟΥΘΦΑΕΒ ΖΦΟΥ Η ΕΠΤΕΝ. ΜΕΝΕΝΟΑ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΦΤΑΕ Η ΦΙΠΙ ΝΟΕΖΙΤΕΝ ΕΒΟλ ΉΘΕ ΦΑΦ ΝΑΙ CASI ΉΣΕ ΝΗ ΕΤΕΝΙΜΑΥ ΕΥΣΦ ΉΜΟΟ ΣΕ Φ ΝΙΟΑΡΖΗΤ ΕΤ ΛΟΒΙ ΠΦΟ ΤΕΤΕΝΦΙΠΙ ΑΝ ΙΟΣΕ ΤΕΤΕΝΦΙΠΙ ΑΝ ΕΑ ΤΖΗ Η 20
- ΚΠ. Δ. ΜΙΡΟΜΙ ΠΟΣ Μ΄ ΠΕΤΕΝΟΙΠΙ ΔΑ ΤΖΗ Ν΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΦΗ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΡΑΡΧΗΣΤΡΑΤΥΓΟΣ ΕΘΟΥΔΕ ΜΗΧΑΗΧ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΣ. ΜΗ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΕΜΙ ΑΝ ΣΕ ΤΑΙ ΑΥΛΉ ΘΑ ΜΙΜ ΠΕ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΑ ΜΙΜ ΠΕ ΠΑΙ ΑΡΙΟΤΟΝ ΣΕ ΘΑ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΤΕ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΡΑΡΧΉΣΤΡΑ-25 ΤΥΓΟΥΣ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΦΟΡΣ Μ΄ ΜΕΤΧΟΡΙ ΜΙΒΕΝ ΜΠΕΜΘΟ Μ΄ ΠΕΡΟΣ ΠΟΥΡΟ Ε ΑΡΗ ΝΑΡ ΜΑΙ ΤΑΙΟ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΕΘΕΕ ΤΕΡΜΕΤΧΟΡΙ ΤΑΦΜΗΙ. ΤΟΙ

- ὰ ψφηρι Σε ὰτετεν παρρησιά ψα παι μα ἐτ σα βογν ογος αφ† νωτεν ἢ παι ρη† ὰ Κπ. β. ογογεχωρησιο ἢη ἢ πετεν σωτεν ἐροφ. Εσω ἢνωος Σε ἢιπ ερ ὶ ἐ βογν ἐ φιλ ἢι πιζοπ ὰ τζεβοω ἢι μιζωπ τοι ζι θηνογ αν 5 μη μπετενούτεν εθβε φη ἐτας ερ τολικαν αςωλ ἐ βογν βεν ογζεβοω εσχιιώογ ἢι πετεν ρη† Σε ογ πε ἐτλςψωπι ἢινος. Θοβησιτ Σε λαθρογοώνς ἢι τοτς νενι ρατς ογος αγζιτς ἐ πχακι ἐτ σαβολ πίμα ἐτε 10 φρινι ναψωπι ἢινος νέν το το καρενογτων θηνογ ὲ †αγλη ἐτ σα βολ ζεμοι ἢι ογκογει
- ΚΘ. Δ. ΖΙΝΑ ΑΦΜΑΝὶ ΕΤ ΘΟΥΝ ΝΣΕ ΠΘΟ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΝΕΜ
 ΠΕΦΑΡΧΗ ΤΡΑΤΥΓΟΥ Ο ΜΗΧΑΗ ΝΗ ΝΤΕΦ ΤΕΘ ΕΡΟΟ 15
 ΖΙΝΑ ΕΘΡΕΦΕΡ ΟΥΝΑΙ ΝΕΜ ΜΗ ΕΘ ΖΕΜΟΙ ΒΑΤΕΝ
 ΠΙΡΟ ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΟΥΝΑΗΤ ΦΗ ΕΤΕΤΕΝΕΡ
 ΜΑΙ ΝΑΦ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΙΑΧΑΘΗΝΟΥ CA ΒΟΙ ΑΝ.
 Αλλατασρε νετενεητ νεω νετενψυχη νω ωρπ 20
 ΟΥΟΣ Τεο Εροφ σε ογει να ν πωιω δεν θνιή
 Νιπαι ωλι ν φοογ αν ν η ποτε ν τετεν κου κου τεν
- κθ. Β. η ογρισι σεν παι μα φαι. Απαζ απλως αικτή ήταμωτεν ογος α τετενένιι ω νενμαρα(sic). Σε νιώωω έταισαι ήμωσογ μαλίστα νη έτ σαχί 25 μεμαν εωογ εανρωμί νε μπευρή ογος φταν πε. Αλλα μη ναρε ογαι ναχός νηι χε αώ νε νιζεβςω έτ χαιώογ ιε έτ σαίωογ η ε αώ πε

- псодсед й пісшна мн отон метшові Батен ф† іє ф† меі й пірамао ёготе пігнкі мін Бен плотшш лієр гнкі іє †отшш ли ё єр рамао іє отон отршы нлотшш євредшшпі Бен отвевіо мн йп єсщшпі й плі рн† й 5
- λ. α. ηαμεήρα | ἡιμου φτ οι ἡ ωοβι ὶε αμεί ἡ πιραμαὸ ἐξότε πιζηκι ἡ νεςωωπι αλλα τηα ταμοκ ἐ πιζεβςω ἐτ ςαιῶος νεμ νη ακωρούωω ἐ εωλ ἐ παρίςτου ἡ μηχαηλ ςεμπωα ἡτεκτηίτος είωτκ. Θωες ἡτεκ ὰφε 10 βεν ογνές ογος ὶας πέκξο ἐβολ ἐτε πές ογωζεμ φαι πε ἡ παι ρητ εθρέκειοςὶ ἐβολεροκ ἡ π ὲτ εωος νίβεν ογος ἡτέκερ ωαι
- λ. Β. ΝΕΜ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟς | Ε΄Ο ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗ ΚΑΛΦΟ ΟΥΟς ΑΥΦΑΝΘΑΖΜΕΚ Ε΄ ΠΑΡΙΟΤΟΝ Μ΄ ΜΗΧΑΗ 15 ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΤΟΥΒΟ Μ΄ ΠΕΚΕΗΤ Ε΄ΒΟΛΕΛ ΠΕΤΖΦΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΟΥΟς ΑΛΙΟΥΙ Ε΄ΒΟΛΕΑΡΟΚ Μ΄ ΜΕΥΙ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ Ο Ο ΟΥΟς ΤΕΚΟΤΟΛΗ Ε΄Τ CA-ΙΦΟΥ ΟΥΟς ΑΚΦΑΝΦΕ ΝΑΚ Ε΄ ΤΕΚΚΛΗΟΙΑ Μ΄ ΦΤΕΤΕ ΘΑΙ ΤΕ ΠΗΙ ΜΤΕ ΤΠΡΟΟΕΥΧΗ ΘΟΣΙ Ε΄ΒΟΛ-20 ΕΑΡΟΚ Μ΄ ΠΟΡΝΙΑ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΝΕΝ ΝΙΜΚΑΥς ΝΕΝ ΝΙΘΦΑΕΒ ΟΥΟς ΤΕΙΦΤΚ Μ΄ ΠΙ ΤΟΥΒΟ ΝΕΜ ΤΕΙΡΗΝΗ ΝΕΜ ΤΜΕΘΜΗΙ ΟΥΟς ΕΚΕΗΑ Ε΄ ΘΟΥΝ Ε ΝΕ-ΥΝΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ. ΑΥΦΑΝΘΑΣΜΕΚ Ε΄ ΦΗΦΙΤ 25 Μ΄ ΠΕΟΠ Μ΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ Μ΄ ΝΗΙ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΦΑΡΧΗΟΤΡΑ-
- $\overline{\lambda}\overline{\lambda}$. A. Typoyc | XW in nekmedhaht hem nekàrath inceaoywn in tho inters on the 2e et ek-

νατιία χναχενία ταφκιμί είχεν †τραπηζα κι πεκήθο ακώλνογωώ εθρέκ †ώογ κι πιαρχμαργελός μηχαμά παρχηστρατγρόγο κι πιογρό κι κιμί. Χω κι κιχηρά κεμι κιορφανός εθρογ ι εβολβά τοτκ έρε κι όγεο ερ ογωτιί 5 εγμές κι ραώι έρε κιογοωμά εωβο κι πωι κι τέκχομ. †χω κιμός νακ χε πεκωογώωογωι ναφωπι εάωμπ κι πεκίθο κι φ‡ μενι πιαρ-

- λλ. Β. ΧΗΔΡΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΔΒ ΜΗΧΔΗΛ ΟΥΟΖ ΔΚΟΕΛ
 CWAK ΦΟΠ ΕΡΟΚ Η ΟΥΦΕΝΙΜΟ ΣΕΜ ΠΕΡΦΑΙ ΕΘ 10

 ΟΥΔΒ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΡΙ ΟΥΝΑΙ ΝΕΜΑΡ. ΠΙΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕΛΟΟ

 ΔΕ ΜΗΧΛΗΛ ΝΑΙ ΕΒΟΛΣΑ ΣΦΚ ΗΤΕΡΦΟΠΚ ΕΡΟΡ

 ΣΕΝ ΟΥΡΑΦΙ ΗΤΕΡΟΛΚ Ε ΣΟΥΝ Ε ΤΑΥΛΗ Η ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΟΥΝΟΡ ΕΡΕ ΠΕΚΖΟ Η ΟΙ Η ΟΥΦΙΝΙ.

 ΕΦΦΠ ΑΡΕΦΑΝ ΟΥΡΦΜΙ ΕΡΕΤΙΝ Η ΖΛΙ Η ΤΟΤΚ 15

 ΣΕΝ ΠΕΖΟΟΥ Η ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΡΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΗΧΛΗΛ ΗΠ

 ΕΡΕΡΑΡΚΟΟ ΕΤΙΡΦΜΙ ΤΗΜΟΡ ΜΗΧΛΗΛ ΠΕ ΕΤ
- λυ. Δ. ωωπ κίμος κ τοτς ογος αγαι κίμος ωα φ† εχωκ ακωυ κίμος κακ κ ε κ κωυ κ σοπ είχες 20 πκαςι ογος φ† κακαι κακ βεκ τεαμετογρο χε πίναι ωογωογ κίμος έχει πίζαπ. Παλικ σοβμογτ χε και κτογκαι κωτεκ ακωακωωπι έκ ερ ωαι κ πιαρχημαντελός μηχακλ κατα λυότεκαιρωογω βα πες 200γ κ πες ερ φμεγί 25 κτεκαιρωογω βα πες 200κ κ πιαρχημαντελός κατα τέκχομ. Νθος εως πιαρχημαντελός λυ. β. ακαωωπι αμκή ς κ φ† ε χωκ κ ος σογ

нівен гіна йтер ер гнот нак й некетных тироу ката пші й пекмеуі. Іс хоуюш й піменріт è хос ниі хе аішант й оуметнант іс хюрон анок †нат нак Бен фран й фт нін оуноут пе міхана ша та тале бусіа 5 нар анок гю тилер оуй нак й піменріт йтахос калос Бен оумебыні. й фи ет соутын Бен пінагт йте пбс. Плин сютем анок тилтамок мін оуоуро й оуют ан ет

- λπ. λ. θης έχεη †χωρα ογος σεχη βεν μεσχίχ 10 μίχε εληταγμα μεν ελημετματοί ογος βεν μαλαζίς(sic) τηρογ ωλ κχεν ογλί εσδοςι έ κε ογλί ογος πιογρο σα πώωι ή πτηρα. Αρέωλη ογλί σενίμε ογμετώφηρ ογτως μενι ογλί ήτε μα†λαζίς ογος ήτες τας η ελη- 15 ταιό εγοι ή μοχ. Μη λαίρι ή πλι ρητ ογβε τεςαλζίς εολως θη έτ εςχη ή βητς αλλα λαίρι ή φη έτενιμαγ χε ςσωογή ήχε ογμιώ† τε τεςαλζίς ογος ςβεντ έ πογρο ή σηογ
- λρ. Β. ΜΙΒΕΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΥΟΝΏΣΟΝ ΜΝΟΟ Ε ΝΑΖΜΕΟ 2Α20 ΝΕΝΖΕΣΙΟ Μ΄ ΠΙΚΟΟΜΟΟ Ε΄Τ ΟϢ Μ΄ ΜΟΙ ΖΙ ΘΛΙΦΙΟ ΖΙΝΑ ΜΤΕΟΣΙΜΙ Μ΄ ΟΥΠΑΡΡΗΟΙΑ ΜΑΤΕ ΑΝΚΕΧΟ-ΟΥΝΙ ΣΙΜΙ Μ΄ ΟΥΡΜΟΤ Ε΄ΒΟΛΖΙ ΤΟΤΟ. ΠΑΙ PHT ΟΥΟΝ ΜΙΒΕΝ Ε΄Τ Τ΄ Μ΄ ΟΥΑΓΑΠΗ ΜΕ ΟΥΣΟΡΟΝ ΜΕΝ 25 ΦΡΑΝ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ Ο ΟΘΟΠ Ε΄ΡΟΟ ΜΝΟΥ-ΣΟΡΟΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΜΙ ΜΙΜΟΟΥ Μ΄ ΦΤ Μ΄ ΦΡΗΤ Ε΄Τ ΕΟΧΟ ΜΙΜΟΟ ΜΧΕ ΠΧΟ ΠΕΝΝΟΥΤ ΜΕΝ ΟΥΜΕΘΝΗΙ.

- Χε φη έτ ωωπ η ογπροφητής σεν φραν η λΣ. α. η ογπροφητής εσεδί η πβέχε η ογπροφητής ογος φη έτ ωωπ έρος η ογθωμί σεν φραν η ογθωμί εσεδί η πβέχε η ογθωμί ογος φη έθ νατς θηνος η ογλφοτ η μωος ζού ζεν 5 πα ραν σε ήθωτεν να πώς αμμν τω ήμος νωτέν σε ήνε στακό ήνε πεσβέχε. Έωωπ δε ακωανίνι ογάωρον η φτ έσεν φραν η πεσαρχημαγελός έθ ογαβ μηχαμλ με ογμεθναμτίε κε ζλι η αγαπη ίτε κογώ ίτε 10 νιωτ δεν πωαι η μηχαμλ ήπε έρερ ζητ β δεν πιζωβ μηποτε ήτεκτακό ή πεκδιςι ήμιν
- λα. Β. Νιμοκ αλλα νας | εολως δεν ογταχρο ατσης εκαναλον. Σε πιαρχημαγγελος μηχαηλ φωπ Νιμωογ ογος φίνι Νιμωογ Νιπεμθο Ν΄ 15 φ εγςθοι Ν΄ ςθοι Ν΄ ογφι ογος φσι Ν΄ πςοσηι εχωογ είνα Ντογ ςοβ νιωογ Ν΄ εαναλαθον εγοι Ν΄ νιω ογος Ντεφσίτογ Ν΄ τοτφ Ν΄ φ † είνα Ντογνοζενι Εβολζα νικολαςίς ωα ένες. Αλλα τενογωω ε ένιι ε νη έτε φ † ή Νιμωογ 20 Ν΄ ωεβιω Ν΄ νιρωνι ετ Νιι ογωογωωογωι νεν νιαλαπη νεν νιμετναητ έτογ † Νιμωογ Μ΄
- λε. α. φ† δεν φραν | κ πιαρχημαγγελός έθ ογαβ κηχαηλ. Νθος δε σερ διακωνιν κιμώογ δεν πικός ογος αγωανογώτες έβολζα παι 25 εων ωαςωοπογ έρος ε νεναγληογ κ πεσογρο. Сωτέμ εθριταμώτεν ε ται αρχη έτ οι κ νιω† είνα κτετέν† ώογ κ φ† κ πιαρχημαγ-

- λε. Β. ροθεος. Ογ ος νε ογον ντε φαι ν ογβοήθος καγό ε πετρανί πε θεόπισθε νε ογεγεθής 5 ογνι τε θαι ες χηκ έβολ βεν πίναι νεμ τλειταπι ν φρητ ν πες αι ογος νε ογον ντωογ ν ογνιωτ ν αφρον έχεν φραν ν φτ ν πίαρχαλογος εθ ογαβ μηχαμλ ίς χεν πίς μογελος εθ ογαβ μηχαμλ ίς χεν πίς μογελογος ναγοι ν 10 λλογ ν πίβ ογος λ νογιότ σως πιωογ ν ογνιωτ ν κληρονομίλ ες ογες θων βεν ογμετραμικό νεν ζανχρημία εγοω νεν ζανκημω
- λς. α. η εμοτ ίσσεν έσωση ωλ έεωση ωλ τεβνωσηὶ

 ε ναωωση νεμ ποωσπ η νεηκοσμησιο ή πι- 15
 κοσμος. Ογος παι θ νε ογον ήτωση η
 ογογνησεσίο ε νανές έβογη ε φτ νέμ πε-
 φαρχηληγελος εθ ογαβ μηχαηλ. Αγωανφος
 σε ε σογιβ κατα άβοτ ωληφιρωσηω ε τθη-
 σιά ίσσεν ωωρπ η σογ ια έτε ιβ κατα άβοτ 20
 εγογωρπ η πισωρον νέμ πιηρπ ε τέκκλησια
 ητε πιαρχηληγελος εθ ογαβ μηχαηλ βέν
 ογνιωτ η σπογαμ χωρις μεταρκός. Μενένσα
- λς. Β. φαι ψαγθωτεβ η ογέςωογ ε αγειτοτογ ε παιρωογω η μιβρηογί μεμι μιλισαπή εγερ πρεπι 25 ε πεωβ η πίλαος ογος μεμέμεσα πιχιμοί εβολβεμι μιμγςτηριομ η ρεαταμβο βεμι πέξοογ η τε κατα λεοτ ψαγθωογή η ογομιμερη

ΕΤ ϢΑΤ Ν ΒΡΕ ΝΕΜ ΖΑΝΒΕΛΛΕΥ ΝΕΜ ΖΑΝΘΑΛΕΥ ΝΕΜ ΝΗ Ε΄Τ ΕΡ ΒΑΕ ΖΙ ΖΑΝΟΡΦΑΝΟΌ ΝΕΜ ΖΑΝ-ΧΗΡΑ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΨΕΜΜΟΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΥΌΖΙ ΕΡΑΤΟΥ ΕΥΕΡ ΔΙΑΚΟΝΙΝ ΝΙΜΟΟΥ ΒΕΝ ΟΥΝΙΦ ΤΗ ΜΟΘΝΕΟ

- λζ. λ. Μ ψγχη μεμ ογογωσθεμ Μ πππλ μεμ ογραφι 5 κ εητ φατ ογχωκ έβος Μ πιογωμ. Τότε φαγίνι μωογ κ ογηρη εφοότη εγωτε έρωογ φατ ογχωκ έβολδεμ πισω φαγθωες κτογάφε δεμ ογμές εφταιμογτ εγχω Μπός ζε μαφε μωτεμ δεμ ογειρημή ω μεμμέν[ρ]α τ κ ομιογ 10 χε αμέρ πέμπωα κ ογμίω τ ταιο κ φοογ δεμ πζικί κ μετεμδάλαγχ έθ ογαβ έδογμ ἐ πηι κ μετεμ έβιακ. Φαι ζε αγχεμογ εγρα κμό δεμ σογ τε κατα άβοτ φατε πογωέμ-
- λ̄ζ. Β. Νογαι | φος è μαι νιβεν ντε τχωρα τηρς 15 ν χημι ογος ναρε ογμηω ωργωρογ νιμωρη ν βητογ να κατά να φτ πογρεαθαμιό εθβε πώρο ν νογεβηρογί èθ νανεγ να ταιό ν εμτον ν νογιστ έταγχφωρη èρε ρωμι νιβεν ταιό νωρογ èθβε τογπροζε[ρε]ςις èθ νανες 20 èταγρημαςς èβρα βεν φραν ν φτ ν μηχαμά. Αγχεμογ δε ογν εγφητ èβραζα πιώρη èτ ωργίτ αλλα ναρε τογζελπις τα χρηρογτ βεν
- λπ. α. φ† νεμ πιαρχηλργελος έθ ογαβ | μηχαηλ. Αςωωπι δε μενένςα ογτηογ είσι η νιω† 25 εγμην έ παι εωβ φαι ή παι ρη† αφογας- ςαξνι ήσε φ† εωτέμθρε τφε ή ογμογ ή εωογ είχεν πκαξι ή \vec{r} ή ρομπι έθε νίνοβι

ν κιωμρι ντε κιρωκί ωστε πκαζί τηρα ν χημι ωθορτερ κέμ κη ετ ωοπ ν βητα έθβε πριςι ν τμετατοί κέμ πτακο νι πίζκο νι φρητ ετ οβηογτ Τότε λ ογμηω χα τότογ έβολ αγμογ κέμ κιτεβκωογί αγαωτ έβολ 5

- λπ. β. εγςοπ σε ογει | μπε πιμφογ ήτε γεωμ ὶ ἐ πωωι ογλε ογμογ ἢ χωογ ἢπ εqὶ ἐ πεκητ χισεν πκλζι ἢ Ϝ ἢ ρομπι εγμην. Πλι ρωμι λε ἐθ ογλβ μεμ τεαςζιμι ἢπ ογχλ τοτογ ἐβολ βεν φη ἐ νλγὶρι ἢμφοα κατα λβοτ 10 εγτωβς ἢ φ† νεμ πεαλρχηληγελός μηχληλ εγχω ἢμφος σε φ† ἢ μηχληλ ἢπ ερωλι ἢι πεκλωρον ογλε τεκληλπ ἐβολζαρον ληον βα νεκὲβιαὶκ ογος ἐτι εγβεν ναι αγζιτοτογ ἢ ωιβτ ζωογ ογν ογος λ ογμηω ἢτε ἢογ-15
- λθ. λ. τεβνωογὶ τακὸ. Εταγχωκ δε ἐβολ | ὰ ρομπι Β† αγειτότος ἐ †μας π† ὰ εωβ νίβεν ἐτ τοι νωος κην ἐ αγερ βαε ἐβηλ εγκογχι ας εωχπ νωος ὰ ογτεβνωοςὶ τηρος αγμος ἐβηλ ἐ ογὲς ωος ὰ ογωτ. Πέχε πιεγςεβης 20 ὰ ρωμι ἐ τεαμακαριὰ ὰ εείμι χε ὼ τα εωνι ὰρι ἐμι χε φοος πε εος τὰ ὰι παὸπι πεαρας† δε πε πωαι ὰ πιαρχηλεγελός ἐθ ογαβ νη- χαηλ. Μαρέν αιρωοςω ἐ πιδωρον ὰτεντηία ἐ πιοικονομος ὰτενωωτ ἐ παι κε ἐςωος 25
- $\lambda \theta$. в. гіна йтенсов \dagger й підаї й підрхнагредос $\dot{\theta} \theta$ оуль михан λ анфанмоу де днон на пос анфан фир днон йоур оун не оуог

ΜΑΡΕ ΦΡΑΝ Ν΄ ΠΟ ΦΟΠΙ ΕΥΕΜΑΡΟΥΤ ΦΑ ÈNES. ΠΕΣΕ ΤΕΥΕΖΙΜΙ ΔΕ ΝΑΥ ΣΕ ΥΜΗ ΝΣΕ ΠΟ Ο ΠΑ CON ΣΕ Ο ΝΕΜΗΙ ΝΣΕ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΚΑΖ CA ΡΟΥΝ Ν΄ ΠΑΖΗΤ ΙCΣΕΝ ΡΑΤΖΗ Ν΄ CAY Αλλα ΝΠΙΣΕΜ ΡΕΠΙ ΝΤΑΕΡΕΤΙΝ ΜΜΟΚ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΤΕΘΟΥΝ 5 Ν Η ΕΤΑΥΦΟΠΙ ΜΜΟΝ. ΤΝΟΥ ΔΕ ΟΥΝΙΦΤ ΠΕ ΠΑ ΡΑΦΙ ΣΕ ΝΙΠ ΕΚΕΡ ΠΟΒΟ Ν΄ ΠΑ ΔΟΡΟΝ Ν΄

- Μ. λ. φ† λριογὶ ὼ πλ con μ φρη† ἐτλκσος | ἐτ λ τοογὶ δε ωωπι ὰ coy ιδ μι πλοπι λυτωογμογ ὶςσεμ ωωρπ ἐμλωω λυσωκ μπογωεμωι 10 ἐπτηρα ἐβολ ογος μπο ογσωσι ὰ ελι ὰτε περογ μπογ ωεθεμ ογος μπε ελι εωσπ μωογ ἐβελ ἐγκογσι ὰ μωπι μερι ογκογσι ὰ μρπ ωλτε ὰογ κε εεβεω λυκημ ἐβηλ ἐ νη ἐτ ογδιεμογ ὰ βητογ εολωε. Μλυση δε 15 βεμ μλι μλυ εμογ ἐ φ† μεμ πιλρχηλργελος ἐθ ογλβ μηχληλ εγεως ογος εγεμογ ἐ φ† μι πιὲςοογ μεμ πιὲςωρς βεμ βλη ερ μωογὶ
- Μ. Β. Εγοω Εβολ εγω ώμος σε ω πεμός της πτο λρι βοηθία έροα ω πιαρχηαργελός μηχαμά 20 ματο η πός έων είνα άτε ταλογωά και ά τχις ώ πεςεμοτ αεμ πεςεμος μηποτε άτες τακο άτοτεα άσε τεελπις άτε τεκ λραπη μεμ πεκδωροα φαι έτ επίαι ώμος ώ φτέχει πεκραα έθ ογαβ ω πιαρχηαργελός 25 μηχαμά. Νθοκ έτ ςωογα ά μεπελτ αεμ τεμάραπη έβογα έροκ ογος ώμου άται ά ογπροςτατης έβηλ έροκ άθοκ έτ οι και ώ

- ΕΙΧ. Α. ΠΡΟCΤΑΤΗC | ÌCZEN ΤΕΝΜΕΤΚΟΥΣΙ ϢΑ ΤΝΟΥ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΕΚΕΡ ΠΡΕCΒΕΥΙΝ ΕΣΟΝ ΜΠΕΜΘΟ Μ ΦΤ ΠΕΝΟΟΤΗΡ. ΑΝΟΝ ΜΕΝ ΤΝΟΥ ΤΕΝΤΖΟ ΕΡΟΚ Ο ΠΙΦΑΙΡΟΟΥΟ Ν ΑΓΑΘΟΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓ- ΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΙΟΣΕ ΖΟΤ ΠΕ ΝΤΕ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΟΤ 5 Ν ΕΜΚΑΖ ΤΑΖΟΝ ΘΕΝ ΤΕΝ ΘΑΕ ΜΕΝΕΝΟΑ ΝΙΑ- ΝΑΥΟ ΕΤΑΝΟΕΜΝΗΤΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΕΜΑΚ ΟΥΝ ΣΕ Ν ΝΕΝΣΟΣΙ Ν ΠΕΚΔΟΡΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΤΕΚΜΕΤ- ΝΑΗΤ ΜΑΡΕ ΤΕΚΜΕΤΆΓΑΘΟΟ ΕΡ ΟΟΡΠ Ν ΤΑΖΟΝ.
- ма. в. Кф йтен ф йтерер оүнф й нап неман 10 оүог йтерохтен ёвохьен пал віос й ефхноү й фрнт й немот тироу се оуег гиппе ф пенпростатис кнау è ни èтаутагон ефве немнові нанес нан йтенмоу тиоу фмоу фа оуон нівен рефті èготе пфи хфріс 15 оутаг èф нанер миноте йте пал госгес моун èсфи йтекер пфв й некафрон нем некметнант èтансеминтоу нем фт немак гф тирохі й оумиф й гвноуй
- ΜΒ. Λ. ΕΥCOOK È ΦΜΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΟΡΟ Ν ΝΙΡΟΜΙ | ΕΘΡΟΥ 20 ΧΑ ΤΟΤΟΥ ΈΒΟλ. ΤΝΟΥ ΔΕ ΆΝΟΝ ΤΕΝΟΥΟΝΖ ΝΤΕΝΜΕΤΑΤΣΟΜ Ν ΠΕΜΘΟ Ν ΝΕΚΣΙΣ Ο ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΜΠΕΡΕΡ ΠΕΝΟΒΟ ΕΘΒΕ ΝΕΝΝΟΒΙ ΑΛΛΑ ΆΡΙΟΥΝ ΝΕΜΑΝ Ν ΦΡΗΤ ΕΤ ΕΘΗΟΥΤ ΣΕ ΠΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ Ν ΠΌΣ ΦΖΙΚΟΤ Ν ΠΚΟΤ 25 Ν ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ ΕΡ ΖΟΤ ΘΑ ΤΕΦΖΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΙΑΝΑΖΜΟΥ ΦΣΟ ΜΜΟΣ ΝΣΕ ΔΑΥΙΣ ΕΘΒΕ ΖΑΝΟΥΟΝ ΣΕ ΦΟΛΝΟ ΝΗΜΟΥ ΘΕΝ ΟΥΖΒΟΝ ΦΧΟ

- ΜΜΟς ΟΥΝ ΣΕ ΠΙΘΜΗΙ (Κω Τ Νς Α ω Ν΄ Κ Ν΄ Π Ε΄ 200 Υ

 ΜΒ. Β. ΤΗΡΟ ΠΌς ΣΕ (ΝΑΙ ΟΥΟΣ (Τ | ΤΝΟΥ ΣΕ ὼ

 ΠΕΝΠΡΟΣΤΑΤΗς Ε΄ Θ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗ ΑΠΑΡΧΗΑΓ
 ΓΕΛΟς ΚΝΑΥ ΝΘΟΚ Ε΄ ΠΖωβ ΤΗΡΟ ΝΤΕ ΝΕΚΕ
 ΒΙΛΙΚ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΜΟΝ ΝΤΑΝ ΝΟΥ Ε΄ ΧΟΟ Ε΄ Ε΄ Ε΄ Ε΄ ΑΙΙ ΖΟΛως ΣΕ ΑΝΚΗΝ Ε΄ ΜΟΥ Ε΄ ΜΑΘω Α΄ Α΄ Α΄ ΒΟ Ν΄ Ε΄ Ε΄ ΑΙΙ ΚΕ ΚΑΣΙ ΦΑΙ ΣΕ ΤΕΝΟΜΟΥ Ε΄ ΠΌς ΠΌς ΠΕ Ε΄ ΤΑ ΤΟ ΥΟΖ ΠΌς ΠΕ ΕΤΑΟΙ ΦΟΥΜΟ Ν΄ ΦΤ ΜΑΡΕΘωωπι Ο ΚΑΙΑΡΜΟΥΤ ΝΣΕ ΦΡΑΝ Ν΄ ΦΤ ΜΑΡΕΘωωπι Ο ΚΑΙΑΡΜΟΥΤ ΝΣΕ ΦΡΑΝ Ν΄ ΦΤ ΜΑ 10

 ΕΝΕΣ ΑΜΗΝ. ΟΥΟΣ Ε΄ ΒΟΛΕΝ ΝΑΙ ΚΑΣΙ ΝΕΜ
- МР. В. АДЗІ ТОТД ЙХЕ ПІПІСТОС Й РОМІ | ТАФМНІ ЁТЕДЕЎСЕВНС Й СЗІМІ ПЕХАД МАС ХЕ Й ТАСОМІ ТЕ ЗЕМСІ ДЕ ЕРЕ ЕР ОЎ МНТЕ ЁМІ АМ ХЕ РАСТ ПЕ ПІДАІ МН АРЕ ЕР ПОВО Й ПІДО- 25 РОМ Й АГАВОМ МН АЗРОО ЁХО ЙХЕ ПЕР ФМЕЎІ ЕТ ТАІНОЎТ Й ПІАРХНАГГНЙОС МНХАНЙ ФАІ ЁТ ЗОЙХ ЗІХЕМ ПЕЗНТ ХЕ ОЎЄІ Й ТА СОМІ

ΜΠΕ Ν ΘΡΕ ΝΕ ΡΑΤ ΤΖΕΛΠΙΟ ΝΤΕ ΦΤ ΣΕ ΝΘΟΟ ΕΤ ΕΡ ΖΜΟΤ ΝΑΝ Ν ΖωΒ ΝΙΒΕΝ. ΠΕΣΕ ΤΜΑ-ΚΑΡΙΆ ΔΕ ΕΤΕΜΜΑΥ ΣΕ ΚΑΛΟΟ ΑΚΊΝΙ ΝΗΙ Ν ΤΑΟΥΜΦΟΝΙΆ ΕΘ ΜΕΖ Ν ΡΑΦΙ ΚΑΛΟΟ ΑΚΊΝΙ

- ма. а. ны й оусодсед | нем оурафі нем оумет-5
 рамад йте ненфухн ёте фаі пе п ер фмеуд
 ёт таіноут й піархнаггедос ёв оуав мінханд Тафмыі ф пасон че ісчен форп й
 фооу фа тноу йпес тагно йче оу моумі
 й ерміі бен навад оуог ёре оухрфм оуфмі 10
 бен па са боун евве пфаі й піархнаггедос
 ёв оуав пенпростатно мнханд. Тноу че
 ф пасон анау че хнаёр оу мінпоте йте
 пеньфорн тако оуог йтент досі й пі ке
- Μά. Β. ογαι ετ ανκην η αις | σε ογει ανεωτεν ε 15 πελ παγλος σσω ήιμος σε φη ετασει τότο ε ηρι η ογάγαθον μαρεσσοκό εβολ ωα περου η ογωνε έβολ η πεν δε της πας εμππε ογν ανου ανει τότεν ε πιεωβ εθ νανες μαρενρωίς η τένσοκο έβολ. Πέσας σε νας 20 σε ογ πε έτωοπ ναν ω ταςωνι ίς σε ορωωι ε φη έτενωατ ήιμος πέσας δεν ογραωι σε ογον ογνογκι η ωίκ η τότεν ςεμπωα ήτεν χας βα τότος η νικονος η εν ογκογςι η νες ορωωι ε τρε νέν ποωρς η τάφε η 25
- ΜΕ. Δ. ΝΙCHOY Αλλα ΜΜΟΝ Η ΦΙΤ ΉΤΑΝ ΟΥΣΕ ΟΥ COY Ο ΠΕΣΑΟ ΣΕ ΤΑΦΜΗΙ Θ΄ ΤΑ CONΙ ΕΡΕ ΝΑΙ ΜΟΠ ΝΑΝ ΠΕ ΜΜΟΝΤΕΝ Ε COOY ΕΘΑΤΟ Αλλα ΠΕ ΕΤΕ

ενας η φτ μαρεςωωπι φτ κωτ ήςα ελι ή τοτεν αν εβηλ ετένσομ ή φρητ ετ σόπογτ σε τημπενρίτκ πος τασόμ νανε ς ήτεντ ή ογκογει έγοτε ήτενωτεν τελι ε πτηρα αλλα φη έτας είσεν παγητ τνασός νε εμππε 5 ογον κε εβως ήτε πιογαι πιογαι έθβε πισμογ αγκην ήσεπι ναν τναδι ή παεβως ή

- ΜΕ. Β. ωορπ ήταωοπη ή σογο è πσοβ ή πιδωρου καλογ ήτερρωωι ή πιδωρου εθβε πίλλος εθβε πίζων μενι εθβε πχως ή πισογό αρεωλυ ρας το δε ωωπι τυαδί ή φη èτε φων ή ζβως ήθο ζω ήταζωλ ήταωωπ ή βητη ή ογέςωογ ή τευωλτη è πι ωλι ή ρας τε ήθος πε πινιώ ή ωλι ήτε πιαρχηληγιέλος èθ ογαβ μηχαηλ ογος ανωανχίμι τευναογωμ ανω- 15 τεμχικί τευνα ώργ ή φ. Ογος ανωαν-
- и от дене и постава в пос

πιοικομομος è aqκότη è πεημι βεμ ογραφι εςχω μμός σε εμππε à πός cost μαν μι πεωβ μι πιδωρομ Αςφωπι δε èτα φωρπ φωπι μι сογ πε μι αγραφι ακωτ èρος μπε τεγςεβμε μι αγος πεσας μας σε ω πα ςομ τωμκ δι μι πα εβως είνα μτεκμάς μι κυασίμι μι πιέςωος είνα μτεκράς μι κυασίμι μι πιέςωος είνα μτεκράς το πεωβ μι μιςμος έθ μμος εαρομ. Αςογωφ σε è èμι è τεςπρο-

- Μζ. Α. ΖΕΡΕCIC ΠΕΣΑΥ | ΝΑΟ ΣΕ ὼ ΤΑΟΘΝΙ ΑΙΘΑΝΟΊ

 Μ΄ ΠΕ ΖΒΘΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΉΤΕ ΕΡ ΟΥΘΟΘ È ΟΙ ΟΝΟΥ ΟΥ 10

 ΠΕ ÈΤ È PE ΑΙΚ ΘΕΝ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΘΤ Ἡ ΘΑΙ Ἡ ΦΟΟΥ

 ΧΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΣΕ ΆΝΟΚ ΟΥ ΖΘΟΥΤ ΑΙΘΑΝΖΟΝ È ΜΑ

 ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΙΟΙ Ἡ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ἩΝΙΟΝ ΘΙΠΙ ΖΙΣΟΙ ΤΟ
 ΖΙΜΙ ΣΕ ἩΘΟΟ ἩΜΟΝ ΘΣΟΜ ΕΘΡΕΟΒΟΘ Ἡ ΠΕΟ
 ΟΘΜΑ ΜΑΛΙΟΤΑ ΘΕΝ ΤΕΚΚΛΗΟΙΑ. ΘΤΑΟΘΟΤΕΜ 15

 ΣΕ È ΝΑΙ ΟΑΣΙ ἩΣΕ ΤΘΕΘΟΕΒΗΟ Ἡ ΟΖΙΜΙ

 ΑΟΡΙΜΙ ΘΕΝ ΟΥĤΘΑΘΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΣΕ ΟΥΟΙ

 ΝΗΙ ὼ ΠΑΜΕΝΡΙΤ Ἡ ΟΟΝ ΟΥ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ ÈΤ ΕΚΣΟ
- ΜΖ. Β. ΜΜΟΟ ΝΗΙ Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΜΗ ΑΝΦΟΡΣ Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ
 ΟΥΟΖ ΑΝ ΕΡ Β ΜΗ ΆΝΟΚ ΝΕΜΑΚ ΟΥ ΕΜΑΛ Μ΄ 20
 ΟΥ ΑΝ ΜΗ ΜΜΟΝ ΤΟΙ ΝΤΗΙ ΝΕΜΑΚ ΒΕΝ ΤΠΡΟ Ο ΕΦΟΡΑ ΜΗ ΚΟΙ Ν΄ ΤΟΤ ΖΟ ΑΝ Μ΄ ΠΑΙ ΜΕΡΟ ΕΝ ΠΟΔΙ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΜΜΟΝ Μ΄ ΠΑΣΟΝ Μ΄ ΕΡ ΜΕΥ Ν΄ Ν΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΒΕΝ ΠΕΚΖΗΤ
 ΣΕ ΕΙΘΟΟΠΙ ΕΙΒΗΟ ΑλλΑ ΝΗ ΘΤ ΡΑΒΗΟΥΤ ΒΕΝ 25
 ΤΕΚΚΛΗΣΙΑ ΜΜΟΝ ΖΟΟΥΤ ΟΥ ΣΕ ΕΖΙΜΙ ΒΕΝ ΠΧΟ
 ΑλλΑ ΖΑΝΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΖΙ ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΖΙ ΧΕΡΟΥΒΙΜ ΝΕΜ ΣΕΡΑΦΙΜ ΕΡΕ ΠΟΟΤΗΡ ΒΕΝ ΤΟΥΜΗΤ.

- ΕΠΕ. Α. Αςχω ѝ και εςρικι βεκ ογὰφαφι ἐτασκαγ | ἐ προγὸ ѝ πρωκς ѝ πες πια ασφθορτερ εθεκτς ογος ασραφι ἐ πταχρο ѝ πεςκαςτ. Πεχας κας σε τωογκι σιρωογω ὲ †προςφορα κεκ πικες ѝτεν ογορπογ ὲ †εκκληςιὰ ογος 5 ѝτεν χω ѝ †τραπηζα κεκ νικογχι ѝ ογὼικ ογος σιπρωογω ѝ ογκογχι ѝ εο† ζικα ѝταφε και ὲρε φ† θεω ογὲςωογ ὲρον ѝτεκςοε† ѝ τὸρε ѝ νιςκογ βεν παι κιω† ѝ ωαι ѝ φοογ
- мп. в. сатота де адтшид Бен оүнішт й споудн 10 нем оусунндесіс è нанес è боун è фт нем педархнаггейос èв оудв мнханй Адбі й пізвшс надмоші де едтго è фт й мнханй гіла йтедсоутши педмшт оуог бен пхінвредсінішоу аді гіхен оу ма й ёсшоу пехад 15 над хе тгірнин й піменріт Пехе піма й ёсшоу над хе ёхшк гшк пехе пієўсевне й ршмі й піма й ёсшоу хе мн тиххімі й оуёсшоу ба тотк й фооу евве оунішт й ршмі

- Μιου ελι βευ πλ ηι ες η ελι ειωτς έβηλ Ε. Β. Ε. ελυκορτ λ πιωλ ή έςωος ατόσο ε πιεγςεβης ή ρωμι έρε πιεβως η τότς Αςκότς ει πεςμωίτ εφριμί βευ ογήψωλωι εφμεγή βευ πεςεμτ σε ογ πε ε τυλιλις ήε ογ πε ε 5 τυλιλις ήε ογ πε ε 5 τυλιλις ήε ογ πε ε 5 τυλιλις ή ες η τος ει πεςμωίτ εφριμί έρε μεςελίλι εσμοώι ει πεςμωίτ λος εθο ογλε μησληλο Αςί εςταληστ εγεθο ή ογοβω ή φρητ ή ογημωτ ή λρχων ήτε πογρό έρε το ελυλικές ενδι ή πεμαλικές ενδι ή πεμαλικές ή τος ο ή
- Π. λ. ΖΑΝΜΑΤΟΙ ΑΦ ΕΡ ΖΟΤ ΕΝΑΘΟ Ε ΑΦΟΚΕ ΕΒΟΛ-ΖΑ ΠΙΝΙΟΙΤ Μ΄ ΜΟΦΙ ΑΦΧΟ Ν΄ ΠΙΜΑ Ν΄ ΜΟΦΙ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΟΝΉ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΦΜΑΤΟΙ. ΕΤΑΦΦΟΖ ΣΕ ΕΡΟΦ ΜΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΡΡΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ ΑΦΟΚ 15 Μ΄ ΠΙΧΑΜΟΟ ΕΤ ΤΟΙ Ε΄ ΡΟΦ Ν΄ ΠΙΖΘΟ ΦΑ ΣΟΡΟ-ΘΕΟΟ ΑΦΟΖΙ ΕΡΑΤΦ ΠΕΣΑΦ ΣΕ ΧΕΡΕ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΠΙΠΙΟΤΟΟ Ν΄ ΑΓΑΘΟΟ ΚΖΗΑ ΕΘΟΝ ΤΕ ΕΤΑΚΙ ΕΒΟΑ ΘΟΝ ΕΚΟΙ Μ΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΕΡΕ ΤΑΙ ΦΟΗΝ ΤΑΛΗΟΥΤ ΕΡΟΚ ΕΚΜΟΦΙ ΜΙΑΥΑΤΚ ΖΙ ΦΡΙΟΙΤ ΑΦ ΕΡ ΟΥΏ 20 ΜΣΕ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΠΕΣΑΦ Ε΄ ΝΑΦ ΟΥΡΟΥ ΣΕ ΕΒΟΑ
- Η. Β. ΖΑ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΣΕ ΤΖΙΡΗΝΗ ΝΑΚ ΖΟΚ | Ο ΚΥΡΙ ΠΑ ΘΟ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΚΑΊΟΟ ΑΡΟΘΠΙ ΝΊΣΕ ΠΕΚΣΙΝΊ ΟΛ-ΡΟΝ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ. ΠΕΊΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΔΕ ΝΑΡ ΦΗ ΝΘΟΡ ΠΕ ΜΗΧΑΗΊ ΜΗ ΘΕΟΠΙΟΘΕ ΟΝΌ ΠΕΊΕ ΔΟ-25 ΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΈΡΕ ΠΕΡΖΟ ΦΟΌΤ Ε ΠΚΑΖΙ ΕΘΒΕ ΠΌΘΥ ΝΙ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΣΕ ΟΟΝΟ ΝΊΣΕ ΤΕΚΒΟΚΙ Ο ΠΑ ΘΟ ΠΕΧΕ ΠΙΟΤΡΑΤΥΊΑΤΗΟ ΝΑΡ ΟΥ ΣΕ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ ΕΤΕ

H TOTK ΠΕΣΕ ΔΦΡΟΘΕΟΟ HAQ EQWITH SE HAR HA TA CZIMI ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΦΗ ΔΕ HAQ SE KHA EP OY HAC ΠΕΣΕ ΔΦΡΟΘΕΟΟ HAQ XE OYHIWT HAQ HI PWHI AQÌ WA POI H ΦΟΟΥ HITH SIMI HAQ HI

- NA. A. OH ET TOL N E ΠΕΡΟΜΟΤ ΟΥΣΕ ΉΜΟΝ ΝΟΥΒ5 тог е ивихіх вове плі сноу ётлифог ерод AIGITC EODITHIC BA OYECMOY MITE GOITC NEE TIMA À ÈCCOY OYOZ TÊMI AN ZE OY TE È thaning is by me & thankan ba toto in mapхин Пехе підрхин над ете йоод пе мнханд 10 хе уфш хнок агфанфофрі унок утабі нак й пієсшоу хиафопт ерок й фооу нем ни èв мемні Aq ер оую йхе хюровос пехад ΣΕ ΆΖΑ ὼ ΠΑ ϬΟ ΑΡΙΤ ΜΠΕΜΠΟΙΑ ΕΘΡΕΚΟΙΟΠΙ Ба тскекепн(sic) нте пні н петенвшк Пече 15 піархон фи йоод пе міхана й оуат й ніагredoc ètoyez nemay ben nomot à oymatoi те моші нем пафровеос фа піма й ёсфоү **λχος μλη σε πέχε πιλρχώμ μλη φη έτλης** ιμι ειχωκ †Νογ ογωρπ ΝΗΙ Ν ογέςωογ έρε τες-20 тын ог и оттермис отог упок бөнүйөмрг оүорпа нак Ааше де наа йге дшровеос нем
- пв. а. підргедос ёт от й псмот й піматот шал піма й ёсшоу ёхен фран й підрхнагредос 25 очог аубі й піёсшоу Підрхши ає фи йвод пе міханд адсомс едшровеос пехад над гиппи іс піёсшоу адсовф евве пгшв й пі-

νιω ή ρωμι έτλκωση έροκ δευ πεκζίνθαςμες ή φοος Αυλό με χυαζίνει ή ολτεβτ υμι έ τη χριή υμοκ ςω ζε ολεί φολεν έςωολ νυ μεζε σωροθεός ή μινόχων ρευ ολόνδει

- ΠΒ. Β. ΣΕ ΕΡΕ ΦΤ CΕΒΤωΤΟ ΝΤΑΦΟΠΟ ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡ-5
 Χων ΣΕ ΧΝΑΦΟΠΟ ΘΕΝ ΟΥΠΕΣΑΟΝΑΟ ΣΕ ΤΝΑΧω

 Ν΄ ΤΑΙ ΖΒωΟ ΈΣωΟ ΦΑΤ ΑΟΥΦΡΠ ΝΑΟ Ν΄ ΤΙΜΗ
 ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧων ΣΕ ΙΟΣΕ Ν΄ ΠΑΙΡΗΤ ΠΕ Χω Ν΄
 ΠΙΖΒωΟ ΝΑΚ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΝΑΟΥΦΡΠ ΘΕΝ ΠΑΡΑΝ ΝΤΑΘΙ
 Ν΄ ΠΙΤΕΒΤ ΦΑΤΕΝΟΥΦΡΠ ΝΑΟ Ν΄ ΤΙΜΗ ΑΟΝΟΥΤ 10
 Ν΄ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧων Ε΄ ΟΥΑΙ Ν΄ ΝΙΜΑΤΟΙ Ε΄Θ ΝΕΜΑΟ
 ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΣΕ ΝΑΦΕ ΝΑΚ Ε΄ ΠΑ ΘΑΙΟΡ ΟΥΟΖ
 Α΄ΧΟΟ Ν΄ ΝΙΡΕΟΤΑΖΕ ΤΕΒΤ ΣΕ ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧων
- ΠΕ. Α. Νωτεν φη έτλης τη Ζισωτεν σε ογωρη νηι ѝ ογτεβτ εστεννή τρε τες τινή ιρι ѝ 15 ογτερνής ογος λνόκ εθ νλογωρη ωλρωτεν ὑτεςτινή νέν δωροθέος δεν τφλωι ѝ πιὲ-Ζοογ ѝ φοογ. Ασωε δε νσε πιληγελός ἐτ οι ѝ πονοτ ѝ πινλτοι δεν φρλν ѝ πιλρχων ωλ νιρεςτλζε τέβτ λαδι ѝ τότογ ѝ πιτέβτ 20 λαξνή ζλ πίλρχων. Πέσε πιλρχων δε ѝ δωροθέος σε ογ πε ἐτ εκνλλίς λ πέκζωβ κην ѝ σωκ πέσε δωροθέος νλη σε λζλ ω πλ
- $\overline{\text{NF.}}$ В. 6С λ 2008 NIBEN КНИ Й ХОК ЁВОЛ ПЕХЕ ПІАР-ХОМ NAQ ХЕ ХАЙ ЁВОЛ ЛУЧАІ Й 2008 NIBEN 25 ЁТЕ ПІЁСООЎ ПЕ НЕМ ПІТЕВТ ОЎОЗ ЛУШЕ НООЎ НАРЕ ДОРОӨБОС ДЕ МОЩІ ЕЧМЕЎЇ БЕЙ ПЕЧЗНТ ХЕ ЛІЙЛІЕМ ТТМІ Й ПЛІ ЁСООЎ ӨӨЙ НЕМ

πλι τεβτ μεμ φη έτ ες ερ χριλ ήμος ήχε πλι αρχων ή ωίκ ε πρπ ει φωρω κατα εωβ νιβεν παρε ογμηω ή μεγί χη είχεν πεςεληλ

- ΠΣ. λ. Φλ φ† ΝΕΜ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΛΒ ΜΙΚΛΗΛ 5 Ε Ε ΜΙΝΙΟΟ ΣΕ Ο ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΛΒ ΠΕΝΠΡΟΟΤΑΤΗΟ Η ΠΙΟΤΟΟ ΘΖΙ ΕΡΛΤΚ ΝΕΜΙΙ Η φοογ λησκ βλ πεκβωκ Τεκσωσή σε ετ λίτρι η ναι τηρογ νεμ είσει φραν η πενδο ίπο ππο λ δωροθεός δε μεγί ε ναι εφμοφί ναρε 10 πιαρχηλιγγελός δε εμί ε νεμμοκμέκ η πεφειτές τος εταγρος η εμτ ε σως ωλτ εφναγ ε τεφπροξερες εθ νανές Εταγφός δε ε πιι η
- πχ. Β. Δωροθεος αγκωλε μίχε | κιμχαμλ μ φορπ ε προ μ πιμα μ φωπι. Αςὶ εβολ μίχε θεοπισθε 15 τοςικι μ ελεγθερος πεχε κιμχαμλ χε τειρημη ω θεόπισθε ταπαπτος μ μαιμογτ μ σεικι ογ πε πεςωβ μεν και έξοογ και Ας ερ ογώ μίχε θεόπισθε ζε τειρημη ε χωκ ζωκ ω κγρι πα δς μ αρχων καλως λ φτ ενκ φαρον μί 20 φοογ μενι πιαρχημαγελος εθ ογαβ μηχαμλ Αμωίνι ε μογν ω πα δς ογος μπ ερ όξι ςα βολ ογος μενι πίλη τος μι τος μος δεν πίλη σε διίσθε μ σεικι χω μ
- ΠΕ. Α. ΝΑΙ ΙΟ ΠΕΟΖΑΙ ΔΦΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΑΠΊ ΕΡΕ ΠΙΕΌΘΟΥ Ν΄
 ΤΟΤΗ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΤΕΒΤ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΖΒΦΟ ΑΠΧΑΥ ΕΠΕΟΗΤ 25
 ΝΙ ΠΕΟΝΘΟ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΝΑΗ ΣΕ Θ ΠΑ ΘΟ ΠΑ ΟΝ
 ΕΤΑΚΣΙΜΙ Ν΄ ΝΑΙ ΘΦΗ ΑΚΕΝΟΥ ΝΕΜΑΚ ΕΜΝΑΙ
 ΜΑΛΙΟΤΑ ΤΝΑΥ Ε ΠΙ ΚΕ ΖΒΦΟ Ν΄ ΤΟΤΚ ΠΕΣΕ

амрообос нас zе піархми адмумрі ймоі оүоз аутнітоу нні пеzе обопісоє над zе каймс à ϕ † іні й піархми нан й фооу нем піархнаггейос ѐо оуав мнханй нем нн

- πε. β. έθ νεμλη δεν ογμεθικί τεννατώπ ѝ νη 5 έτας τωρι ήμου έρωος εςω ѝ ναι ςαςι δεν ογραφί Πιαρχών δε έτε ήθος πε μιχακλ μεςας σε τναςωλ άνοκ è τπροςφορά σε ή φοος πε πωλι ή πιαρχημαγγελος èθ ογαβ μικακλ ογος à πινας ώωπι ζεμςι νώτεν 10 ςι ή φρωοςώ ή πι μα ѝ καλώς ώωτ ή πιέςωος ογος παι τέβτ δε άνας ήπ ερ φος έρος ωατ αὶ ήτα ρι ό βητη κατά πέτες νηι. Πεςωος δε σε έςεωωπι κατά φογας καξιί
- ну. в. йтенсевт è ненскечос і й піні очог адірі 25 й паі рн† пехас де над очи хе аніочі èвод й пікочхі й нрп гіна йтенёмі хе д ер препі й піархши шан ймон Èтадше над де

αφογωμ μ προ μ πιλεο ε αστεμό εδμες μ μρπ ωα πιρο αφερ εστ σε μτε σωροθεό σαφκοτό ε τεφοειμι αφωεμό λ ογαι μι μ ογμρη μ παι μα ίστεμ εταιεωλ έβολ Πετας μαφ τε φωμό μτε πός τε ίστεμ πιμαγ εταιμι μι 5 πικογτι μ μρη έβολ μ τηροσφορα μ φοογ μπε

- Νζ. Δ. ελι εωάπ βεν πι λεο έβηλ εγκελλα ν ογωτ ελ βογν κίμος. Πέχας νας ογν νάς ωογ ν ερτ ωα τένναγ ε πάωκ κι πεωβ αγει τότογ δε ε παιν ινι έβολ νι πικογαι ν νες έθβε 10 πιταπάνη νέμ ταποκριείε ν νιενηογ Εταγωε δε ε βογν ε φμα νι πίνες αγαινί ν ζ νι βιτης εγμές ν νές νι μηι ωα ςα πωωι κίμωογ νέμ εανμέδριτης εγμές έβολβεν εωβ νίβεν ε νάρε πιτι ωατ κίμωογ τηρογ ζαναταρικί 15
- $\overline{\text{NH}}$. A. ПІЗМОТ ЕТАЙ ИШОУ АУТ ЙОУ ДЕ Й ФТ | $\hat{\text{NI}}|$ 25 ПІАРХНАГГЕЛОС МНХАНЛ. ОУОЗ ПЕХЕ ДШРОӨБОС Й ӨБОПІСӨБ ТЕЙСЗІМІ ХЕ $\hat{\text{A}}$ ФТ КНИ Й СОВТ Й ЗШВ ИІВЕЙ АМШІЙІ ЙТЕЙФИРД ЙІ ПІАРХШИ ХЕ

ογει à πιναγ ωωπι εθρενραβαώ è † αναφορα èθ ογαβ ε αγσεβτε εωβ νίβεν ογος αγφωρω η ογνος η φρηω εφοι η νίω τατα πταίο η πιαρχων ογος αγσεννε εαντραπέζα η νίσης κατα τογογνηθιά ογος αγτ ειωτογ 5 η εανοτολη εγσωτη è αγεωλ è πιωενωι èθ

- ΠΗ. Β. ΟΥΑΒ ΕΕΝ ΤΕΚΚΛΗΓΙΑ ΓΙ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΓ ΕΘ
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 ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΦΑ ΕΝΕΖ ΆΜΗΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΕΝΕΜΟΥ Ε΄ 15
 ΠΕΚ ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΓ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ ΣΕ ΜΠΕ
- ΠΘ. Δ. ΚΖΦΠ Ν ΠΕΚΝΔΙ ΕΒΟΛΖΑΡΟΝ ΟΥΣΕ ΉΠΕΚ ΕΡ
 ΠΦΒΦ Ν ΠΕΝΣΦΡΟΝ ΑλλΑ ΑΚΟΥΦΡΠΟ ΦΑΡΟΝ
 ΝΝΕΚΜΕΤΦΑΝΑΣΘΗΟ Ν ΧΦΑΕΜ ΜΕΝΕΝΟΑ ΝΑΙ
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 Ν ΤΖΙΡΗΝΗ Ε ΑΥΧΦΛΕΝ ΑΥΙ ΕΒΟΛ ΉΠΕΜΘΟ Ν
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 Ν ΠΙΑΡΧΦΝ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΝΙΦΤ Ν ΟΠΟΥΣΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΥΘΦΟΥΤ Ν ΝΙΖΦΟΥΤ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΖΙΟΝΙ ΦΑΤΕ ΠΙΝΑ ΜΟΖ
 Ν ΖΦΟΥΤ ΝΕΜ ΖΙΟΝΙ ΟΥΟΖ Ν ΣΦΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΘΕΟ-25
- NO. B. TICOE NAYDHK TE EYÔZI ÈPATOY EYWEMWI PINWOY DEN ZWB NIBEN ÈTOYWAT PINOQ EY EP ZIÀKWNIN PINWOY DEN TIHPT À CAIE NEM ZAN

ΤΑΠΑΝΗ ΕΥCOTΠ ΕΤΙ ΣΕ ΕΥΟΙ Ν΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΙΟ ΠΙΑΡΧΟΝ ΦΗ ΝΘΟΟ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΧ ΑΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΟ ΜΑΤΟΙ ΑΥΚΟΧΖ Ν΄ ΠΙΡΟ ΕΤΑΥΧΟΛΕΜ ΣΕ ΝΣΕ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΘΕΟΠΙΟΘΕ ΑΥΝ ΈΒΟΧ ΣΕΝ ΟΥΡΑΟΙ ΑΥΛΟΥΟΝ Ν΄ ΠΙΡΟ ΑΥΦΟΠΟΥ ΕΥΣΟ ΝΉΜΟΟ ΣΕ 5 ΚΑΧΟΟ ΑΝ ΕΡ ΠΕΜΠΩΛ Ν΄ ΠΕΚΣΙΝΊ ΦΑΡΟΝ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ Ο ΚΥΡΙ ΑΡΧΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΚΜΑΤΟΙ ΤΑΦΗΗΙ

- 2. Δ. ΤΕΝΡΑΦΙ Ν΄ ΦΟΟΥ | ΣΕ ΟΥΝΙΦΤ ΠΕ ΠΑΙΈΖΟΟΥ ΣΕ ΠΦΑΙ Ν΄ ΠΕΝ ΘΟ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΡΓΕΛΟΟ Ε΄Θ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΧ ΑΜΦΙΝΙ Ε΄ ΒΟΥΝ Ο ΠΙΡΟΜΙ Ε΄Τ CMA-10 ΡΟΟΥΤ ΕΡΕ ΦΤ ΡΑΦΙ ΝΕΜΑΚ Ε΄ΤΑΦΙ ΣΕ Ε΄ ΒΟΥΝ Ν΄ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΟΝ Ε΄ ΑΦΙΝΙΙ Ν΄ ΠΙΜΑ ΤΗΡΟ ΕΦΜΕΖ Ν΄ ΖΟΟΥΤ ΝΕΜ ΟΖΙΜΙ ΖΑΝΚΟΥΣΙ ΝΕΜ ΖΑΝΝΙΦΤ ΑΦΙ Ε΄Ρ Ν΄ ΦΡΗΤ Ν΄ ΦΗ Ε΄ΤΕ ΦΟΙ Ν΄ ΦΦΗΡΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΣΑΦ Ν΄ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΘΕΘΠΙΟΘΕ ΣΕ Ο ΝΙΟΝ-15 ΗΟΥ ΟΥ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΧΡΙΆ Ε΄ ΝΑΙ ΜΗΦ Ν΄ ΡΟΜΙ ΝΕΜ ΝΑΙ ΜΗΦ Ν΄ ΖΙΘΜΙ Ε΄ ΤΝΑΥ Ε΄ΡΟΜΟΥ Ν΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ
- 2. Β. ΜΗ À ΤΕΤΕΝ ΤΑΛΕ ΖΡΕΦΙ È ΣΦΤΕΝ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ ΕΘΒΕ ΠΕΝΣΙΝὶ ΦΑ ΡΦΤΕΝ ΜΗ ΤΕΤΕΝΝΑΥ ΝΘΦΤΕΝ ΑΝ È ΠΙΖΟΣΖΕΣ ÈΤ ΧΗ ΤΝΟΥ ΜΑΡΕ ΦΑΙ ΝΑ ὶΡΙ 20 ΕΝ ΠΟΗΟΥ Μ΄ ΠΙΖΕΝΟΥ ΟΙ ΠΕΧΦΟΥ ΔΕ Θ΄ ΠΕΝ Ο΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΦΝ ΧΦ ΝΑΝ Ε΄ΒΟΝ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΜΠ ΕΝΤΑΛΕ ΖΡΕΦΙ Ε΄ΣΕΝ ΝΕΝΨΥΧΗ ΕΘΒΗΤΚ ΑΛΛΑ ΤΕΝΦΕΠ ΖΜΟΤ ΝΤΕΝΦΤ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΡΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΝ ΣΕ ΟΥΕΙ ΜΜΟΝ ΖΛΙ ΕΝ ΝΗ ΕΤΕΚΝΑΥ Ε΄ΡΦΟΥ 25 ΟΙ Ν΄ ΦΕΜΜΟ ΜΜΟΝ ΑΛΛΑ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΖΑΝΟΥΓΡΕΝΗΟ ΝΤΑΝ ΠΕ СЕНП Ε΄ΡΟΝ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΠΕ ΕΝ ΦΤ ΠΕ

ZA. A. AYYEMOY NYE NAI EO OYAB EYYW NAI EPE

πιαρχημαγιελος μηχαηλ ραωι νεμωού πε εθβε πχωκ έβολ ήτος προξερες ις Μενενςα ναι δε αρχωλ έ δούν νεμ νη έθ νεμας έ πιμα έταγς επτος από έ δούν αύθρε πιαρχημαγιελός σεμίς σίχεν ούθρονος ούος 5 πεχας ή δωροθέος σε λνιούι ή πιτέβτ ήπατέτεν ερ σωβ έρος. Έταγενς δε πεχας ή δωροθέος σε δεμίς λούωμ ήτες τα τάρι ή παιρή νες επιαρχων νας σε λνιού ήτες.

- Σλ. Β. ΚΑΡΙ ΕΒΟΛ ΑΦΙΝΙ ΑΦΣΕΜΟ ΕΦΟΙ Ν ΝΙΨΤ ΕΜΑΦΟ 10
 ΠΕΣΑΦ ΔΕ ΝΑΦ ΣΕ ΟΥ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ Θ΄ ΠΑ ΘΕ ΠΕΣΑΦ
 ΝΑΦ ΣΕ ΛΟΥΜΝ ΜΜΟΦ ΕΤΑΦΟΥΜΝ ΔΕ ΜΜΟΦ ΝΣΕ
 ΔΦΡΟΘΕΟΕ ΑΦΣΙΜΙ Ν ΟΥΜΟΡΕ ΕΛ ΒΟΥΝ ΜΜΟΦ
 ΕΕΤΕΒ ΕΕΝ ΕΑΝΤΗΒΕ ΑΦ ΕΡ ΦΦΗΡΙ ΔΕ ΝΣΕ
 ΔΦΡΟΘΕΟΕ ΕΘΒΕ ΠΙΖΟΒ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΣΑΦΣΕ ΟΥ ΠΕ 15
 ΦΑΙ ΠΑ ΘΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΝΑΦ
 ΦΗ ΝΘΟΦ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΣΕ ΝΙΝΙΦΤ Ν ΤΕΒΤ ΕΕΟΙ
 Μ΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΕΥΘΜΚ Ν ΖΟΒ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤΟΥΝΑΣΕΜΟΥ
 ΕΕΝ ΝΙΜΟΘΥ ΑΛΛΑ ΛΟΥΘΝ ΔΕ ΝΤΜΟΡΕ ΖΙΝΑ
- ΣΕ. Δ. ΝΤΕΚΝΑΥ ΣΕ ΟΥ ΠΕ ΕΤ CA ΘΟΥΝ ΝΙΜΟς ΠΕΣΕ 20 ΔωροθΕΟς ΝΑΟ ΣΕ ΠΑ Θς Ν ΑΟ Ν ρΗΤ ΤΝΑΥΘΗ ΝΙΜΟς C ΤΗΒ À ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟς ΜΗΧΑΗΛ COΥΤΌΝ ΤΕΟΧΙΣ Ε΄ΒΟΛ ΑΟΑΜΟΝΙ Ν ΤΜΟΡΟ ΑΟΧΕΝΟ ΕΌΜΕς Ν ΝΟΥΒ ΕΟΡΟΤΠ ΕΤΑΟΘΠ ΔΕ ΝΙΜΟΟΥ ΑΟΣΕΜ ΤΟΥΝΠΙ ΕΥΊΡΙ Ν Τ Ν ΛΟΥΚΟΣΙ CA ΒΡΗΙ 25 ΔΕ ΝΙΜΟΟΥ Γ Ν ΘΡΙΤΟΝ ΕΤΑΟΘΙΤΟΥ ΔΕ ΕΟΟΑΙ Ν ΝΕΟΒΑΛ Ε΄ ΠΟΘΙ Ε΄ ΤΦΕ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΧΕ ΝΘΟΚ ΟΥΔΙΚΕΟς Ο ΠΘΟ ΝΕΚ ΖΑΝΟΕΟΟΥΤΌΝ ΟΥΟς ΝΙΜΟΝ

- ωπι ωοπ η νη έτεζθηση χη έροκ Πέχε πι
 ΣΕ. Β. αρχων η δωροθέος νέμ θεόπισθε τεάζειμι |

 λημαίνι ετ ζη ζαροι ω ναμένρα η η ενήση και ογεί ηθωτεν ζαν
 ρεμραγω η ρωμι Ογος έθε ογωεπδίει δεν 5

 ογμετζογό έθεητ η φοογ δεν παζίνη ωλ
 ρωτέν ζηππε ις φ αφ νωτέν η πλι νογε

 φαι δεν ται εφραγία θαι σε ογεί θαι τε

 τηθα η πάδα πογρό νέμ πετέντα η τογ δε

 η τωέβιω η τετένδηση νέμ πετένδιει νέμ 10

 πρένος η νίρωμι έτ αρετέναιτος νέμι νέμ
- ΣΓ. Α. ΝΑΙ ΡωΜΙ Ἡ ΦΟΟΥ Α ΦΤ ΕΡ ΖΜΟΤ ΝΟΤΕΝ Ἡ ΦΟΟΥ Ἡ ΠΑΙ Τ ὰ ΛΟΥΚΟΣΙ ΝΕΜ ΠΑΙ Γ ὰ ΘΡΙΤΟΝ ΘΊΤΟΥ ΜΟΙ ὰ ΟΥΑΙ Ἡ ΠΙΜΑ ὰ Ε΄ ΕΌΟΥ ΚΕ ΟΥΑΙ ΔΕ Ἡ ΠΙCΑ ὰ ΤΕΒΤ ὰ ΤϢΕΒΙϢ Ἡ ΠΙΤΕΒΤ ΟΥΟΖ 15 ΘΙ Ἡ ΠΑΙ ΚΕΤ ΤΗΙΟ ὰ ΤϢΕΒΙϢ Ἡ ΠΙΟΟΥΟ ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΑΡΕΤΕΝΤΗΙΟ Ἡ ΠΙΖΒΟΚ ΝΑΒΟ Ε΄ ΣΟΟ Α΄ΡΕΙΤΟΥ ΔΕ Ε΄ΠΕΚΗ ΑΥΣΌΒΟΥ Ἡ ΠΕΜΘΟ Ἡ ΠΙΑΡΧΟΝ ΕΊΣΟΟ Ε΄ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΚ ΝΕΜ ΘΕΟΠΙΟΘΕ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΣΟΟΥ ΣΕ 20 ΟΥ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ Ε΄Τ ΕΚΣΟ ἩΜΟΟ ΝΑΝ Ϣ ΠΕΝ ΘΚ ΚΥΡΙ
- Ξ̄Γ. Β. Πιαρχων ΜΗ | ακὶ ωαρον ανόν βα νεκὲβιαὶκ είνα ντενδί ελι ν τότκ ΜΗ ετόμι αν è ρωμι νιβέν εθρού ερ αιακωνίν ν νενματοι ν πούρο ΜΗ νθόκ αν èτθηω èxen νενςωμα είνα εθρέκ-25 γρι ν βητέν ν φη έτες νακ ούος èβηλ è φαι μη κδι ελι αν èβολ βεν πεμοτ ν φη νέμ τεςαωρεά κςωούν ω πεν δς ν αρχων ας αω

- \dot{n} έχοος πε φοος ογος παι κογχι \dot{n} ωὶκ έτ νεκλογονις νεν νεν σγργενις \dot{n} φων αν πε αλλα φα φ \dagger πε νεν πεςαρχημαργέλος \dot{n} έθ
- ΣΣ. Δ. ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΧ ΦΑΙ ΕΤ ΕΝ ΕΡ ΦΑΙ ΝΑΥ ΝΙ ΦΟΟΥ
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 ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΆΝΟΝ ΣΕ ΤΕΝΝΑΘΙ Ν ΝΙΤΕΡΜΗ Ο 20λΦΟ
 Ν΄ ΤϢΕΒΙΘ Μ΄ ΠΙΕ CΦΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΤΕΒΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΕΝΘΙ
 Μ΄ ΠΙ ΚΕ ΟΥΑΙ ΝΤΕΝΒΟΆ Μ΄ ΠΙΖΒΟΌ ΕΒΟΧ ΚΑΤΑ
 ΠΕΚΟΥΑΖΟΑΖΝΙ ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΌΝ ΦΗ ΝΘΟΥ ΠΕ
 ΜΙΧΑΗΧ ΝΦΟΥ ΣΕ ΤΑ ΦΜΗΙ ΦΕ ΠΌΝΗ Μ΄ ΠΑΘΟ 10
 ΠΟΥΡΟ ΆΝΑΡΚΗ ΝΤΕΤΕΝΘΙΤΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ Ν
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- ΣΣ. Β. ΔΑ ΤζΗ Ν΄ ΠΑ Θ΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕ ΜΗΠΟΤΕ ΝΤΕΥ
 CŒTEM ΝΤΕΥΣΏΝΤ ΑΝΟΚ ΤΝΑΣΕΜ ΑΘΙΣΙ Ε΄ ΣΦ
 ΤΕΝ ΔΑ ΤΟΤΟ Ν΄ ΠΑ Θ΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΝΑΘΕΤ 15

 ΠΕΥΖΉΤ ΕΘΡΕΥΖΜΟΤ ΜΌΤΕΝ Ν΄ ΖΑΝ Τ ΚΕ ΤΑΙΟ

 ΕΎΟΙ Ν΄ ΝΙϢΤ Ε΄ ΝΑΙ. Ι΄ Ι΄ ΕΣΕ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΟΥΘΟΘ Ε΄ ΕΜΙ

 Ε΄ ΤΜΕΘΜΗΙ ΣΕ ΜΜΟΝ ΝΑΙ ΜΜΑΥΑΤΟΥ ΝΌΘΟΥ

 ΠΕ ΕΤΕΝΤΌΤΕΝ ΖΙΣΟΙ ΕΘΡΕΥΤΗΙΟ ΜΌΤΕΝ ΟΥΟΖ

 ΑΝΟΚ ΑΙΘΑΝΤΑΘΟΙ Ε΄ ΤΑΒΑΚΙ ΤΗΑΤ ΜΌΤΕΝ Ν΄ 20

 ΤΑΦΕ Μ΄ ΠΕΤΕΝ ΧΡΗΜΑ ΝΕΜ ΖΑΝ ΚΕ ΜΗΘ Ν΄

 ΤΑΙΌ ΕΥΟΙ Ν΄ ΝΙϢΤ ΕΜΑΘΟ Αλλλ δΙ Ν΄ ΝΑΙ
- ΣΕ. Δ. Η ΜΤΕΝ ΣΕ ΉΘΟΟΥ ΠΕ ΠΙΣΦΟ Α ΕΡ ΦΟΝΡΙ ΣΕ ΝΣΕ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΜΕΜ ΘΕΌΠΙΟΘΕ ΤΕ ΤΕ ΤΕΝΙ ΕΝ ΠΣΙΝΘΡΟΥ Ο ΜΕΝ ΕΝΙ ΟΥΟ Ο ΠΕΣΟΟΥ ΝΑ Ο ΣΕ 25 ΤΕΝΤ ΕΘ ΕΡΟΚ Ο ΠΕΝ ΤΟ ΝΊΠ ΕΡ Ο ΕΝΙ ΉΜΟΝ ΑΝΟΝ ΕΑ ΝΕΚΕΒΙΑΙΚ ΟΥ ΣΕ ΉΠ ΕΡ ΣΟ Ή ΕΛΗ-CAΣΙ ΝΑΝ ΕΥ CA ΠΟΟΙ ΉΤΕΝ ΨΥ CIC Η ΘΝΑΥ Α QΙ

ωαρον ήχε πεν σε ογος αν ή η ογνογε ωατ ενδι ή πιχφο ή τοτη Ταφμηι δε σε ήπ ενναγ έροκ ένες ω πεν σε ογος ακί έ δογη έ πενηι τε έτανναγ έ πεκςο ή θναγ έβηλ έ φοογ πως κχω ήνιος χε ακδι ελι ή τωτεν 5

- ΣΕ. Β. Ας ερογώ με πιαρχων πετας ςωτεν έροι ταταμώτεν σε θνας πε έτ αι è δογν è πετεννι ѝ φνας έταγμος μσε νετεν ιοξογος ατετενερ κληρονομιν ѝ νουχρημα νεμ νουχοντ Ιςσεν τουνος έτεμμας ωα έδογν ιο è φοος τνηος è δογν è πετεννι ѝ ουςοπ κατα άβοτ ουςο μενενςα θρι ωε νηι τετενουφρη νηι ѝ ζαν κε ταιὸ è τα βακι ευοι ѝ νιωξ ωα πα δς πουρο Ουος αυκην ѝ ςδε πετενραν εισωος τηρος ωα τετενραβω 15
- 27. Δ. ΒΑΤΕΝ ΠΑ ΘΟ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΕ ΤΗΙΤΟΥ ΝΌΤΕΝ ΕΥΚΗΒ. Ας ΕΡΟΥΟ ΝΣΕ ΣΟΡΟΘΕΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΘΕΟΠΙΟΘΕ ΣΕ ΤΕΝΤΟ ΕΡΟΚ Ο ΠΕΝΘΟ ΝΑΡΧΟΝ ΑΡΙΟΥΙ Ν΄ ΠΑΙ ΆΓΑΘΟΝ ΝΕΜΑΝ ΕΘΡΕ ΚΤΑΜΟΝ Ε΄ ΠΕΚΡΑΝ ΖΟΛΟΌ ΣΕ ΑΝΚΗΝ Ν΄ ΧΑ ΤΌΤΕΝ Ε΄ΒΟΛ 20 Ε΄ΘΒΕ ΝΑΙ CAΣΙ Ε΄ΤΕΚΣΟ ΜΜΟΟΥ ΝΑΝ Ας ΕΡΟΥΟ ΝΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΟΝ ΦΗ ΝΘΟς ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΕΧΑς ΝΟΟΥ ΣΕ ΑΝΟΚ ΤΝΑΤΑΜΟΤΕΝ Ε΄ ΠΑΡΑΝ ΝΕΜ ΦΡΑΝ Ν΄ ΤΑ ΒΑΚΙ Ι΄ CSE ΤΕΤΕΝΟΥΟΟ Ε΄ CO-
- Σς. Β. τεμ λοοκ πε μιχληλ παρχων ή να νιφηογί 25 νεμ να πκαξι άνοκ πε μιχληλ παρχηςτρα-†ρογς η τσομ η νιφηογί άνοκ πε μιχληλ παρχων η νιέων η ογωινί άνοκ πε μιχληλ

- πιχωρι ειφωρς ѝ νιπολενιος τηρογ ἐπεμθο ἐι πογρο ὰνοκ πε μιχληλ πωογωογ ѝ νανιφηογὶ νενι να πκαςι ὰνοκ πε μιχληλ πινιω φη ἐτε θ μετωλναςθης τηρο ἐι φ φ ψοπ ὰ βητς ὰνοκ πε μιχληλ πεπιθροπος 5
 ὰ θνετογρο ὰ νιφηογὶ ὰνοκ πε μιχληλ πι-
- 27. Δ. ΔΡΧΗΔΓΓΕΛΟς | ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΟΖΙ Ε΄ ΡΔΤ Ο Μ΄ ΠΕΜΘΟ Ν΄
 ΝΕΝΣΙΣ Μ΄ ΦΗ Α΄ΝΟΚ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΙΝΙ Ν΄
 ΝΕΝΔωροΝ Ν΄ ΝΙΡωΜΙ ΝΕΜ Ν΄ ΟΥΤΔΙΟ Ε΄ ΒΟΥΝ
 ωα ΦΗ ΠΑ ΟΥΡΟ Α΄ΝΟΚ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΜΟϢΙ 10
 ΝΕΜ ΝΙΡωΜΙ ΝΗ Ε΄ΤΕ ΤΟΥΖΕΛΠΙΟ ΒΕΝ ΠΟΌ ΑΝΟΚ
 ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΔΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΕΡ ΔΙΆΚωΝΙΝ
 Ν΄ ΗΜΕΤΡωΜΙ ΤΗΡΟ ΒΕΝ ΟΥΟΜΟΥΤΕΝ ΟΥΟΖ Ν΄
 Θωτεν ζωτεν Διωενώε θΗΝΟΥ Ι΄ ΟΣΕΝ ΤΕΝΜΕΤΚΟΥΣΙ ωα ΗΝΑΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΧω Ν΄ ΤΟΤ Ε΄ΒΟΛ 15
- 27. Β. ΑΝ ΕΙ ΕΡ ΔΙΆΚΟΝΙΝ ΝΙΜΟΤΕΝ ΦΑ ΤΑΦΕΖ ΘΗΝΟΥ È ΠΧΟ ΠΑ ΟΥΡΟ ΦΗ ÈΤΟΙ Ν΄ ΑΤ ΚΗΝ Μ΄ ΦΡΗΤΕΤ ΑΡΕΤΕΝΘΕΜΟΙΤ ΆΝΟΚ 200 ΝΕΜ ΠΑ ΘΟ ΘΕΝ ΟΥΜΕΘΝΙΟΤ Ν΄ ΧΟΜ ΜΗ ΤΝΑ ΕΡ ΠΟΒΟ Ν΄ ΝΕΤΕΝ-ΔΟΡΟΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΝΑΧΟ Ν΄ ΟΟΙ Ν΄ ΝΕΤΕΝ ΤΑΙΟ ΑΝ 20 ΝΕΜ ΝΕΤΕΝ ΜΕΤΝΑΗΤ ΝΗ ÈΝ ΑΡΕΤΕΝΤΗΙΤΟΥ Ν΄ ΦΤ ÈΣΕΝ ΠΑ ΡΑΝ ΜΗ ΝΑΙΟΖΙ È ΡΑΤ Ν΄ CAQ ΑΝ ΘΕΝ ΤΕΤΕΝΜΗΤ ΕΙΟΟΤΕΜ È ΦΗ È ΤΕΤΕΝΣΟ ΜΜΟΟ Ν΄ ΝΕΤΕΝ ΕΡΗΟΥ ΕΘΒΕ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΟΥΝΗΘΊΑ
- ΣΗ. Δ. ΘΕΝ ΠΙΣΦΡΟΝ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΦΑΙ ΜΗ ΝΑΙ ΟΥΗΟΥ | ΡΊΜΦ-25 ΤΕΝ ΘΕΝ ΠΙΝΑΥ ΕΤ ΑΡΕΤΕΝΡΙΜΙ ΕΡΕΤΕΝ ΤΟΟ ΕΡΟΙ ΕΡΕΤΕΝ ΣΟ ΜΜΟΣ ΣΕ ΤΟΒΖ ΡΙ ΦΤ ΕΘΡΕ ΦΟΥΟΘΒΕΝ ΕΒΟΛΘΕΝ ΠΑΙ ΚΟΣΜΟΣ ΜΠΑΤΕ ΤΖΕΛ-

πις ητε τεκμετηλήτ χωχι εβολζαρου μι η πιναγ έρωτεν δευ πίναγ έτ αρετενίνι η μετενζεως έβολ έρετεν δι ςμογ η δητογ λ τετεντηίτογ έβολ έχεν ταθγείλ †χωνίμος μωτεν ζεαιζεμτ δευ ναι τηρογ †χη νεμωτεν 5 η †ίρι η πωβώ αν η ζλι δευ νη έναρετεν τηιτογ ίςζεν τετεν μετκογχί ώα †νογ

- ΣΗ. Β. Αλλα τογωης ήμωση τηρογ è σωτεή βατεή φτ φη ήθος πε πα ογρό τα φινίι αγκην è δι ѝ νετεή ταιὸ ѝ φρητ ѝ αβελ νέμ νωὲ 10 νέμ αβραλμ σε à τέτεη τηίτος βεή ογοωσητεί ωστεί παι το θεί ογοωσητι ηματεί ѝ φρητ ѝ πέτεη ραν παι ρητ ον πε πέτεη κε όμος δε τερμενίλ ѝ σωροθέος πε τθηςιλ ѝ φτογος τερμενίλ ѝ θεὸπισθε σε 15 θμετηλετ è φτ à νοκ πε πιαρχηληγελος μη-
- 20. Δ. ΧΔΗλ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΧΗ ΒΛΤΕΝ ΝΕΝΣΙΣ Ν ΦΤ À ΤΕΤΕΝ ΧΑΤ ΝωτεΝ Ν ΡΕΥ Τωβς ΒΑΤΕΝ ΦΤ Ε ΣωτεΝ ΑΝΟΚ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗλ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΟΙ Ν ΝΕΤΕΝ ΤΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΤΕΝ ΠΡΟCΕΥΧΗ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΤΕΝ ΘΥCIÀ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΤΕΝ 20 ΜΕΤΝΑΗΤ ΕΙѾΑΙ ΝΙΜΟΟΥ Ε ΠΟΜΙ Ν ΦΤ ΠΔΙ ΡΗΤ ΖωΥ ΚΟΡΝΗΛΙΟς ΆΝΟΚ ΠΕ ΕΤ ΔΙΖωλ ΜΑ ΡΟΥ ΔΙΤΑΜΟΥ Ε ΦΜωΙΤ ΝΤΕ ΠωΝΕ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΠΙωΜΟ ΕΤΑΥΟΙΤΟΝ ΤΟΤΥΝ ΠΕΤΡΟς ΠΙΝΙΜΤΗ Ν ΑΠΟCΤΟΛΟς ΜΠ ΕΡ ΕΡΖΟΤ ΧΕ ΤΟΥΝΟΥ CABOλ ΜΜωτΕΝ ΑΝ 25

20. B. AIKHN À BONT ÀMOUTEN È ΠΑ ΘΕ BEN ΠΑΣΙΝ-BONT ÈPOUTEN EOBE TETEN ÀPAΠΗ ÈT OI À NIOT È BOYN ÈPOI SE OYEI CEBHOYT SE BONT è φ† ογος εφερωπτ èρωτεν †νογ δε ω δωροθεος νεω θεόπισθε δι νωτεν ѝ ογος ογος δι ναι νωτεν èβολθεν να χις ζε αικην ѝ χος νωτεν ζε φαι πε πιζφο ογος πιαλλοθριογν¹ βεν ίλην ѝτε τφε τβακι ѝ πογρο 5 ѝ να νιφηογὶ νεω να πκαςι Δικην ѝ ωεπ

- υ. λ. θηνος ѝ ωλ πεμοτ ѝ τοτη ѝ φ† ѝ τωεβιω ὶ η η η η αποροί η η αποροί η αποροί
- ο. Β. ογωμ ογος εγ το ωρ μι φτ ογος μπ ογω
 καγ βεκ πογεωβ κεμ κογμεταλη ετογίρι

 μπωογ βεκ φρακ μι φτ μι μαλαμλ ωατ
 ογχωκ μι πογβιος τηρα έβολ Μη ω καμεκρατ 20

 λ τετεκ σεμεκογ μι ογκογχι βεκ κη έτ αρετεκ
 ςωτεκ έρωογ τη ογ κη αφραωτεκ μχε παι
 ωικι φαι ωατ εφθωτ μχε πετεκ βητ τη ογ
 λε μπ ερ δκαγς μπωτεκ λα πε βεκ πιχικίκι

 ε βογκ μι φτ έχεκ φρακ μι κιχαηλ κη μί 25
 πετεκ ταχρος σε κη έ τετεκ τ μπωογ μι

are written.

On the margin the variants ογος πιαλλοθρίτου ογος πιαλλοθρίτου ογος πιαλλοθρίτου συνδικένται συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συνδικέντα συ

- υλ. λ. φ† | ἢ πιαρχηαργελος μηχαηλ ἡθος ἐθ ογωνς ἡμωος ἐβολ ἢ φ† ποςρο ἐςωτεν ογος ἡθωτεν εωτεν νη ἐ τετεν †ἡμωος ἡ φραν ἢ φ† ἢ μηχαηλ ἡθος εθ να† ἢ πεςχφο νωτεν νενιας εςκηβ ἢ φρη† ἢ ναι ρωνι 5 ἐθ ογαβ Ѽ να μενρα† λ τετεν ςωτεμ ἐ †μεθνιω† ἢ αωρελ ἢτε φ† ἐταςταζε ναι ρωνι ὲθ ογαβ αμροθεός νεν θεὸπιςθε τεςςζινι σε ἐταγςογτων ποςωω νεν φ† λ φ† ςογτων τεςὰραπη ἐ βοςν ὲρωος Ογος ας- 10
- Ολ. Β. ΟΥ ΦΡΠ ΝΦΟΥ | Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ Α Α ΘΑΜΙΟ ΝΦΟΥ Ν΄ ΟΥ ΝΙΦ ΤΗ ΜΕΤΡΑΜΑΟ ΜΙΘΟΝΤΕ Ε ΑΥΡΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΜΕ ΜΕΝΕΝΡΑΤΗ Ν΄ ΚΑΙΗΟΥ ΣΗΠΠΕ ΑΝΚΗΝ Ν΄ Ε΄ΜΙ ΤΑΦΜΗΙ ΣΕ ΖΟΒ ΝΙΒΕΝ Ε΄ ΤΕΤΕΝ-15 ΝΑΤΗΙΤΟΥ ΘΕΝ ΦΡΑΝ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΚ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΝΑΤΙΤΟ ΕΚΗΒ ΘΕΝ ΠΙΚΟΚΟΚΟ ΜΠΑΝ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΦΟΖ Ε΄ ΝΙΦΗΟΥ ΤΝΟΥ ΔΕ ΟΝ ΝΗ ΕΘΜΕΖ Ν΄ ΑΡΕΤΗ Μ΄Π ΕΡ ΤΙΑΥΖ ΜΜΟΤΕΝ ΕΡΕΤΕΝΤΗ 10 ΠΟΙ Ν΄ ΤΕΤΕΝ ΣΟΜ Ε΄ΡΕΤΕΝΚΟΘΥΝ ΣΕ ΜΗ 20
- ΟΒ. Δ. È ΤΕΤΕΝ ΤΜΜΟΟΥ | ÈΡΕΤΕΝ ΤΜ ΠΙΔΡΧΗΛΓΓΕλος ΜΗΧΛΗλ ΝΘΟΟ ÈΘΕΘΕΜΘΕ ΘΗΝΟΥ Ν ΜΗΤΟΥ
 ΔΕΝ ΟΥΡΛΟΙ ΙΤΕ ΚΟΥΣΙ ΊΤΕ ΟΥΜΗΟ ΝΘΟΟ ΕΘΕΘΟΠ ΕΡΟΟ ΝΤΟΤΕΝ ΝΤΕΤΕΝΠΡΟΖΕΡΕСΙΟ ΣΕ
 ΟΥΕΙ ΦΤ ΚΟΤ Ν ΤΟΤΕΝ ΑΝ Ν CA ΠΟΟΙ Ν ΤΕΝ-25
 ΣΟΜ ΠΆΗΝ ΟΥΠΡΟΖΕΡΕСΙΟ È ΝΑΝΕ C ÈΤ ΕΘΝΑΚΟΤ
 ΝΟΘΟ Ν ΤΟΤΕΝ ΙΕ ΟΘΤΕΜ ΆΝΟΚ ΤΝΑΤΑΜΟΚ
 ΔΕΝ ΠΙΟΝΟΥ È ΝΑΡΕ ΠΟΘΤΗΡ ΝΕΜΑΝ ΖΙΣΕΝ

- πκαξι ὰ νιρωμί σεμού σε εγίνι η νουχρημα

 οδ. β. ευξιού ήμωσο è πικαζωφυλαγιών | ούος

 ήπε φ† θηλιώσο èμαώω Ουος έταςκω†

 ήσε †χηρα η ςείμι βεν πεςηι ασχίνι η

 λεπτον δι δούμι ήμωσο βεν ούςωσος- 5

 τεν αςξίτου è βούν è πικαζοφυλαγιών

 αφ† νας ήσε φ† η πιμακαρισμός ούος αφ
 ταίος εφσω ήμος σε ξωβ νίβεν ετ έντας

 αςτηίς πες ωνβ τηρς Νθοκ ζωκ ω πιμενρίτ

 λρι ςποταζίν είνα εθρέκ† φ† βεν φράν 10

 η πιαρχηάγγελος μηχαήλ ούος ήθος εως
- οπ. α. αναφ νακ ν εαννήω ν αγαθον ογος ανα ερ διακωνίν νιμοκ ν βητογ ογος έωωπ ακωλνή ν ογδωρον νθοκ έσεν φραν νι πιαρχηματικός νημαλλός ε εqet νακ έβολβεν 15 πιδωρον Μηχανλός ε εqet ταιο νακ ακωλνή ν ογμετναμτ έσεν φραν νι φ† νι μηχανλός φ† δε εqe ερ βονθιν έροκ βεν τεανιετωλνατικός βυσι νθοκ ακωλνώωπ ν ογωενίνο έροκ 20 έσεν φραν νι φ† νι μηχανλός φ† ναωοπκ
- υτ. β. Εδογη ε ηθηληλησος η Τειρηνή Ακωλητοο η ογαι εσεοκέρ έσεη φράη η φτ η μηχαμλ φτ ηλατοκ εβολδεή ηθηληλοση η τεσμετογρο Εωωπ ήθοκ ακωληβως η ογαι εσβήω 25 έσεη φράη η φτ η μηχαμλ φτ ηλη ειωτκ η ογατολή η ογώση δεη ηιφησή Ογος ακωλητ η ογαφότ η ήρη η ογαι έσεη φράη

ή φ† ή μηχληλ φ† νλ† νλκ εβολδεν πηρπ ή †βω ή λλολι ή μηι έτ κενιμογτ Έωωπ ήμοντεκ ηρπ † ή ογλφοτ ή μωγ ζως ζολως ή φρη† ή πελει ή πος δεν πιεγλη-

- οδ. λ. Γελιον | σεω ήμος σε φη έθ νατς θηνος 5 ή ογάφοτ ή μωος ζος βεν πα ραν σε ήθωτεν να πχς ήνε στακό ήσε πεσβέχε φ† εσέτεοκ έβολβεν †μογμι ή μωος ήτε πωνβ φη έθ νηος έβολβεν πιθρονός έθ ογαβ Δκωλνσέμ-πωινι ή ογαι σχη βεν ογωωνί έχεν φραν το ή φ† ή μηχαμά φ† ναογωρπ νακ ή πεσαγγελός εθρέσσεμ πεκωίνι ζωκ βεν πεκνιω† ή ωωνι έτε πέζοος ή πεκμος πε
- υδ. β. Δκωληζωλ ωλ νη έτ χη δεν πιωτεκο |

 ντεκτ νοντ νωογ δεν πωλι νι πιλρχηληγε- 15

 λος μηχληλ φτ νλογωρπ νλκ νι μηχληλ

 εθρεσνηζημέκ εβολδεν πωτεκο νι λμεντ

 ογος έρε φτ νλίος νλκ με λνοκ λιμεντ

 δεν πιωτεκο ογος λκί ωλροι Δκωλνκωτ ν

 ογεκκληςιλ ένεν φρλν ν φτ νι μηχληλ φτ 20

 νλ έρ ζηος λκωλννλ γ όγλι εσοι ν λτ

 σον έθβε ογνικλς ν ςωνλ ογος ντεκτηλτ
- οε. λ. δεν περφαδρι φ† ή μηχαηλ | να ερ φαδρι έροκ έβολδεν πωωνι η άμεν† Σε ογει 25 ссьноγτ ναι είνα ήτογναι νωτεν πλην ώογνιατογ η νίναητ σε ήθωογ πε έτογ ναναι νωογ Παλίν σε πίναι ωογωογ ήμος

- έχει πιζαπ ογος †άγαπη ζωπς έβολ έχει ογμηω ѝ νοβι Ѽ ναμενρα† ѝ ςνηογ ςεμπωα ѝτεν ερ αγωνίζεςθε εθρεν ὶρι ѝ ογναι δεν παωρον ѝ ф† νεμ ογάγαπη δεν φραν ѝ ф† ѝ μηχαηλ χε ογει τενέμι χε ςεμπωα 5
- υΕ. Β. ογος ογαικεον πε ογος φθεντ è ω† ν choγ νιβεν ογος φ† ν φογαι φογαι κατα νεφςβρογί ογος ντενςιτοτεν βεν †λραπη ν choγ νιβεν ω ναμενρα† σε †νογ †λραπη ογ εβολβεν φ† πε σε †λραπη †νογογναι τε 10 σε ογναι αφαίφ νεν πεν ιωτ λααν νεν τενμαγ εγλ αφωση έροφ ντογμετανοιλ ογος αφχω έβολ ντογπαραβασίο βεν νεντωβς ν μηχαμλ νεν ογλραπη ογν αφαίο νεν πιθημι λβελ αφωση έροφ ντεφθγοιλ ειτεν 15
- от. а. нентшве й мнхана отна отна адайд нем ёншх адоговед ёштемвреднах ё фнот Бен нентшве й мнхана отна отна адайд нем ншё адваміо над й откувштос отог адпагмед нед пед пед тиру Бен нентшве й мнхана 20 отна отна отна дайд немадралы пеншт й фрнт йтедайдыки немад отог адт й ісаак над гітен нентшве й мнхана Отна отна адайд нем ісаак й шорп й педшит отог адт й
- υς. β. ογέςωος η τεσωεβιώ ογηλιογη λαλία μεμ 25 λακωβ λατ ηλα η ογχαρις ηπέμθο η ηςλγ πεαςοη είτεη μεντωβε η μηχληλ Ογηλι ογη λαλία ήχε φτ μεμ ιωςή λαηλεμέα

й τοτογ ѝ недсиноγ ѝεм фемйхни гітен нептшвг ѝ миханх Оунаі оун адайд йхе фт нем мшуснс пархнпрофитис адмагд ѝ гмот еготе ршмі мівен гітен нептшвг ѝ миханх Оунаі оун адайд йхе фт нем йсоу 5 [пшнрі] йте науй адөре фри огі ератд

- υζ. Β. ογη αφαίφ ήσε φ† μεμ πρέμος τηρα ή αδαμ αφ ερ εογό εμοτ έσωος ήσε πευμος † αφρέκ τφε αφί è πεςητ είσεη πκαει è αφδι capz 20 βεν †παρθένος èθ ογαβ ογος αφ† ήτεφψηχη ήμιν ήμιος ή ςω† έζρηι έσων ωλτ έφτογσον έβολβεν άμεν† είτεν νέντωβε ή μηχαηλ è αφχα νέννοβι ναν έβολ Ογναι ογν αφαίς ήχε φ† νένι νένιο† ή αποςτολός αφεότπος 25
- он. а. èводбен нікосмос | тнра ад+ хом нфоү гіна евроутасво й наі тнроу è псоуен тневыні гітен нептову й миханд тноу

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- οπ. в. πεννογή ογος πεναστήρ της πχς πίνλητ ωω έβολ εσχω διμός χε ναι ντογηλί νωτέν μοι δε δι φή είνα ντογή νωτέν ογος δεν 10 πίωι έτ τετένωι διμός εγναωι νωτέν δι δητη Μαρένωι ήνογ δεν ογωι έ νανε η δι φοογ δεν πωαι δι πιαρχηληγείδος έθ ογαβ μηχαήλ είνα διθός εως ντεσωί ναν δι ογωι δι αγαθός δεν θμετογρό δι νιφήογο Ογος 15 μαρέν ερ ωαι δεν ογωλι δι παλτικον δεν
- οδ. λ. φραν η πιαρχημαγγελος μηχανλ είνα ήτεν ερ ωλι νεμάς μεμι πός ογν δεν πιωλι έθ μην έβολ ωλ ένες δεν νιφηογί ογος ήτενχω ής ων η εωβ νίβεν ήτε διλδικίλ δεν πωλι 20 η πιαρχημαγγελος έθ ογλβ μηχανλ δίνλ ήτες είωτεν η νενςκεγος η φογωίνι ογος μαρέν † ώογ η φ† η φοογ νέν πινίω ή η αρχημαγγελος έθ ογλβ μηχανλ δεν πεςωλι έθ ογλβ είνα ήτες † ώογ ναν εως δεν 25
- οθ. β. πινιω ή η ωλιε έτ χηκ έβολ | Ογος μαρεήφος ήμου ε πιαρχηληγελος μηχληλ δευ πεςωλι έθ ογλβ έρε νευςαρζ τογβηογτ δευ ογμωογ

ες ογαβ ογος τεκτελοωλ δεκ δακεβοω εγολιώση έρε κεκτί κες κ ταλ κ οθοι κ ογαι έκτω κικος το ω παρχωκ κ κιφκογί πιαρχημαντελός Τωβς κ φ† εθρες ερ εμοτ κακ κ ογδρε ε πρωωι κεκι ογδεβοω ογος 5 † δ ε φ† έχων εθρες χω καν έβολ ω πιαρχημαντελός έθ ογαβ κικχακλ ωληλ ε φ†

- п. а. èxon à підрхнаргедос è оуав діна й тер ер дмот нан й оудірний è боуй è неперноу хе йоок пе тендірний хе ксфоуй іо à пенпростатис хе дной оукаді нем оуфмі нем оукермі Пдий ф† оунант й редхомай ерректова èхой й ер нові дтомі ноок ефректова èхой й ф† діна йтедхо най èвод бей пхій тейоф оувик фок йоок ефрек із †го è ф† èхой ефре дхо май èвод ò
- Π. Β. ΜΗΧΑΗΧ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΑΝΟΝ
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- па. а. йтер нан й пімші зіна йтенхю ношн зого путан й іхобнети зого гозафан й

ητεσταζον νας ένοι η ατ θωλεβ η πεμθο η νεσχίζ σε ήθοκ πε ετ σιρωού βαρου ω πινιωτ η αρχημαγελός έθ ούαβ μηχαμλ πιαρχηςτρατύγους ήτε τσομ η νιφηού φη έτ των η ούον νίβεν έτ ερ ωλι η πεσραν 5 έθ ούαβ βεν ναι νίβεν Ταφνικί ω ναμένρατασικό του ε ούνιωτ η αρχη ςα πωωι ήτασον ούος αικωτής ούνιωτ ή πελαγος

- ΠΧ. Β. ΕΠΟΥΗΟΥ ΕΝΙΦΟΟ Η ΤΣΕΜΣΟΜ ΑΝ Ε ΕΡ ΣΙΝΙΟΡ
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- ΠΕ. Λ. Ογος ητενὶ ἐ ΠΙΧΡΟ ὑΕΝ ΟΥ ΕΙΡΗΝΗ ΣΕ ΛΙΖΙΤΟΤ ἐ CAΣΙ ΝΕΜΟΤΕΝ Ἡ ΝΕΝΘΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΝΤΑΙΟ 20 ΕΥΤΟΜΙ ΟΥΟς ΕΥΕΡ ϢΑΥ ἐ ΦΗ ἐΤ ΕΝ ΕΡ ϢΑΙ ΝΑΦ ἢὶ ΦΟΟΥ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΠΛΗΝ ΟΥΛΑΟ Ἡ CAPZ ΠΕ ΠΑ ΛΑΟ ΟΥΟς ΟΥ CAPZ Ἡ ὼφι ΠΕ ΤΑ CAPZ ΟΥΟς Ἡ †ΧΕΜΣΟΜ ΑΝ È ΧΟ Ἡ 怜ἰϢὶ Ἡ ΠΕΦΟΟΥ È ΠΣΟΚ Ἡ ΘΜΕΤΝΙϢ† Ἡ 25 ΤΕΦΑΖΙΟ ΜΘΟΚ ΠΕΤΕ ΦΟΙ ΝΕΜ Φ† ὼ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΦΡΑϢὶ Ἡ ΠΑ ΖΗΤ ὼ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ἘΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΠΟΟΛΟΕΛ Ἡ ΠΑ ΛΑΟ ΜΗΧΑΗΛ ΠΟΑΣΙ Ἡ ΡΟΙΙ

- πε. ε. παωογτεν ή πα εμτ ωα φ Αφ η ταπρο γε αφ η λας γε αφ η βμτ εφμες η άρετη ε ογονωσομ ήμιος έ σω ή πωι ή πεκαξιώμα γε φαλφος έ πωι η τεκμετνιω η μεμ πιώογ έτ λ φ η ςελςολκ η βητκ Μαι τηρογ έται- 5 σοτογ ω παρχων η θμετογρο η μιφηογή εγερωλγ η πωογ η τεκμετνιω λαλα χω ημι έβολ ω πα δς μηχαμά σε ανας βηοκ ογρεφερμοβι ογος γσωσεβ έμαφω βεν νας βηοκ 10 η εροκ ω μηχαμά πιρεφ τοτφ ωωπ έροκ 10
- πρ. α. η τλογείλ έτοι η κογεί θαι ετ αεραβω είνα ητατηίε μακ βεν πεκωλί έθ ογαβ ήπ ερ εναγε ήμοκ αν έ εωτεν έ πεκβωκ εθβε ες αρώσεβ ήσε παρώρον Αλλά ωωπ έροκ η τα επογεί η φριή ήθα ήτεβι ενογή σε ογεί 15 ήξηι σε ήθοκ ογναμτ η ρεαωένεντ εθβε φαι αικωή η εωκ έθβε σε ήμον τηι η κε ρεαέρπρεεβεγήν βατεν φή έβηλ έροκ ω πιαρχηαγγελός μηχαήλ Ακωάνερ πέθ νάνε α νεμη
- ΠΕ. Β. ΉΤΕΚ Φωπ Εροκ Α΄ ΠΑ ΚΟΥΣΙ Α΄ ΤΑΙΟ ΚΑΝ 20 Ι ΚΑΝ 20 ΚΑΝ 20 Ι ΚΑΝ 20 ΚΑΝ 20 Ι Κ

- ογτας ογος ѝ ατ βεχη ѝ πενθο ѝ φ‡ Σε πΣ. α. περφμεγι ѝ πεκραν ἐθ ογαβ ὼ πιαρχηαργελος ὲθ ογαβ μηχανά πινιω‡ ѝ αρχηαργελος ὲθ ογαβ ψη ὲτ οι ѝ ςω‡ νηι βεν πα
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 ογαβ ψη ὲτε πρένος τηρα ѝ αλαν αγχίνι ѝ ογπαρρης ιὰ βατέν φ‡ ὲθβητκ ὼ πιαρχηαργελος νηχανά Νθοκ π εθ νηος ὲ βογν εκὶρι ἢ πενμεγὶ ѝπενθο ѝ ф‡ ζίνα ѝτεαωενζητ
 βαρον εφεωωπι ναν ογν ѝ φοος βεν πεκ- 10
- πδ. Β. Μιωτ ѝ ωλι εθρεκ τρ πρεσβεγιη βλρου βλτεν πός τνου είνα ѝτενωωπ τρος ѝτενςπουλη ἐτενιρι ѝνος νακ βεν πεκ τρ φμεγὶ ἐθ ουλβ ὼ πινιωτ ѝ γαιρωουω βλρου μηχαμλ εθρενδι ѝ πινωτ τηρεν Ε πριντεννοωι βεν πετέξνε 15 φτ ѝ ς ουου μισεν ѝν πεμθο ѝ νεςτις ουου ѝτε φτ ὰτουμλενεν ἐβολβεν νι φλω τηρου ѝτε φτ ὰτ τουβίν πισλει ѝτε μεθνηι νίβεν πιςλημέθνους ѝςλ ѝν π ἐτ εωού Ουου ѝτε φτ τλεον ἐρλτεν νλα ѝν ουνετούρο νέμουνε-20
- πε. λ. τογηβ | ΝΕΜ ΟΥΓΕΝΟΣ ΕΤ ΘΕΊΡΙ ΝΉΜΟΥ ΆΑΡΟΝ ΕΤΕΝ ΑΣΕΤΕΝ ΝΙΤΟΒΕ ΕΤ ΕΕΊΡΙ ΝΉΜΟΥ ΆΑΡΟΝ ΝΣΕ ΤΕΝ ΘΕ ΤΗΡΕΝ ΤΡΕΤΙΣΦΕ ΦΤ ΠΙΛΟΓΟΣ ΑΛΗΘΟΣ ΤΑΓΙΑ ΜΑΡΙΑΜ ΘΗ ΕΤ ΟΙ Ν ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ Ν ΟΝΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΝΠΡΕΣΒΙΑ Ν ΦΗ Ε ΤΕΝ 25 ΕΡ ΦΑΙ ΝΑΤ Ν ΦΟΟΥ ΠΙΝΙΦΤ Ν ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΗΧΑΗΑ ΦΗ ΕΤ ΤΟΒΕ Ν ΠΟΣ ΕΣΟΝ Ν ΟΝΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΜΕΜ ΝΕΝΤΟΒΕ Ν ΠΧΟΡΟΣ ΤΗΡΤΟΓΟΣ ΕΝΟΥ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ Ν ΠΧΟΡΟΣ ΤΗΡΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΑΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΕΝΤΟΙΕΣ ΝΑΝΤΟΙΕΣ Ν

- звотнан ман зоткимо та й фифо фен мини и те й фи фен й мини и те фини и те фен и мини и те фен и те фен и мини и те фен и
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- πε. λ. έτ οςι έρλτος τηρος | κ πεμθο κ πιθρομος κ βλειλικου κτε φτ πιλογος εςτζο
 ερος κι πιέζοος μεμ πιέχωρς εθρες ερ ος ναλι
 βλ πεςλλος κθος πεμ δς ογος πεμμοςτ ιης 15
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 μεμλς τηρος λίμος μιβεμ μεμ ωλ ένες 20
 κτε μιένες τηρος λίμη.



πζ. в. Ο λογος ήτε πιπλτριλρχής έθ ογλε ογος Πιλρχηξηιςκοπος ήτε λητίοχιλ λββλ ςεγηρος Ε λητλογός ΔΕ Εςογωνο έβολ η ΜΗΕΤΩΛΗεθη ήτε φ+ λαςλαί δε οη εθβε τπαρογείλ

MII. A. M ПІАРХНАРГЕЛОС ВО ОУЛВ МІХАНЛ МЕМ ТЕЦ- 5 ά γοωνιά γοτοζρατά τησφιά μαση ικητεμ μιχορχό ήτε παιλβολος Ε λητλογ έ εληκογχί ΣΕ ΟΝ ΕΘΒΕ ΤΑΓΙΆ Ν ΚΥΡΙΑΚΗ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ λ πωλι ή πιλρχηληγελος έθ ογλβ Μιχληλ ερ апантан Бен Тромпі ётемнаў ё Таріа й ю күрійки Ацсахі де он бөве матобос піпрам информите ин террительной информации информации и инфор mipht ètaynazt è ot ziten nitzo nte πιλρχηληγελος έθ ογλε Μιχληλ έτλητλογό

ΔΕ Ν ΠΑΙ ΔΙΆλογος ΔΕ Ν COY ΙΕ Ν ΠΙΆΒΟΤ 15 ПП. В. λθωρ ερε πινιμώ τηρα θογητ ε птопос ѝ піархнаргейос ѐв міхана баер фаі HAY ON HER DEN OYEIрими йте фф

AMHN.

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Τοωτενι è πι ψαλμώδος èθ ολαβ σάλισ εδ ερ εγμμεμία αλα ή αθωογή έβογα ή πλι ωλι Η φυογ εφωω έβολ εφχω ΗΝΙΟς ΣΕ ΠΑΓΓΕλος

- Ν΄ ΠΘΕ ΖΙΚΟΤ Ν΄ ΠΙΚΟΤ Ν΄ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ Ε΄Τ ΕΡ
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 Ε΄Τ ΕΘΤΕΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΠΑΝΤΟΣ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΣΑΣΙ Ε΄ΤΕΜΝΑΥ 10
 ΧΟΚ Ε΄ΒΟΛ Ε΄ΣΟΝ ΣΕ ΟΥΛΙ ΜΕΝ ΑΘΕΡ Ρ΄ ΚΕ ΟΥΛΙ
- πο. β. Σε | λαερ Ξ κε ογλι Σε λαερ λ Τετενςωογη τλρ Σε αργηρογ είμου λη είχε πιρεατ βεχε εί μη μη πεν δς της πχς πωηρι εί φτ εί ονδ αχω είμος γλρ δεν πεαρωα εθ μες εί ωμδ 15 μεν μεθημη μιβεν Σε πίμλ έτε ογον είε το ερ αγηλιές εθ είναλη δεν πλρλη τλη είμηλη δεν τογειήτ δοςον εάωοπ νεμλη είχε πεννος πιρεαξρ ψλλιη Σλγιζ εάχω είμος 20 σε αρωατ ογος λρι εκι σε λνοκ πε φτ είε-
- q. λ. διει έχεη ηιέθησε είεδιει | έχεη πκλει τηρα Τετένεωσγη ηλ μευρλ τε πωλι ή πευ ογχλι πε φοογ έτε θλι τε †λειλ ή κγριλκη έθ ογλε έτ εωε πε ήτενεως ογος ήτεν-25 κωρ ογος ήτεν ώσγ ή πός ή ωορπ χε έρε ώσγ νίβεν ερ πρέπι ήλα ή ενογ νίβεν ωλ ένες ήτε νιένες τυρογ λώην Μενένεως

ΜΑΡΕΝΤΑΟΘΟΝ ΝΤΕΝΟΛΣΙ Ε ΠΤΑΙΟ Μ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ
ΠΙΝΙΘΗ Ν ΑΡΧΗΑΡΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΟΘΤΕΝ ΓΑΡ
ΕΡΟΟ ΔΕΝ ΠΙΕΥΑΡΓΕΛΙΟΝ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΚΑΤΑ ΜΑΤΘΕΙΙ

4. Β. ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΡΓΕΛΟΟ ΝΤΕ ΠΟΌ ΠΕΣΑΟ Ν ΝΙΖΙΟΝΙΙ
ΣΕ ΜΠ ΕΡ ΕΡ ΖΟΗ ΝΘΟΘΤΕΝ ΕΜΙ ΓΑΡ ΆΝΟΚ ΣΕ 5
ΑΡΕΤΕΝΚΟΉ ΝΟΑ ΝΙΜ ΙΗΟ ΦΗ ΕΤΑΥ ΕΡ ΟΤΑΥΡΟΝΙΝ ΜΙΜΟΟ ΟΧΗ Μ ΠΑΙ ΜΑ ΑΝ ΑλλΑ ΑΟΤΟΝΟ ΚΑΤΑ ΦΡΗΤ ΕΤΑΟΣΟΟ Ν ΝΕΟΜΑΘΗΤΗΟ ΠΕΟΝΝΙ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΕΘΟΥΟΒΟ Μ ΦΡΗΤ Ν ΟΥΧΙΟΝ ΕΤΕ ΦΑΙ ΠΕ ΠΙΑΡ- 10
ΧΗΑΡΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΟΤΡΑΤΗΡΟΟ ΝΤΕ ΤΣΟΜ Ν ΝΙΦΗΟΥΝ ΤΕΝ ΕΡ ΘΑΙ ΟΥΝ Μ ΦΟΟΥ
Ο ΝΑ ΜΕΝΡΑΤ ΣΕ ΟΔΕΝ ΤΕΝΜΗΤ ΤΝΟΥ ΝΣΕ

φλ. λ. πός νεμ πχωρός τηρα ήτε μιαργελός | εα ερ ωαι νέμαν βεν πωλι ή πιαρχημαργέλος έθ 15 ογαβ μιχαμλ Μιχαμλ γαρ π ετ το è πός βα πγένος ѝ μιρωμι ѝ νας νίβεν πός εως π έτ χω νωος έβολ ѝ νοςνόβι Νίμ γαρ βεν νη έθ ογαβ τηρος έτε ήπε πιαρχημαγγέλος ωωπι νέμας ήτε μαλεμός εβολβεν ѝοςθ-20 λγψις τηρος Νιμ ον βεν νιμαρτος τηρος έτε ήπε πιαρχημαγγέλος μιχαμλ ταςδί ή είτεν πιογαγςλει ήτε πός ωλη τεςδί ή

αλ. Β. ΠΙΧλοΜ Ι CXE ΤΕΤΕΝ ΟΥ Φ Φ ΕΝΙ Ι Φ ΝΑΜΕΝΡΑΤ ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΦΟΠ ΝΕΜ ΡΦΜΙ 25 ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΘΝΑΤ Μ΄ ΠΟΥΟΙ Ε ΦΤ ΕΕΝ ΠΟΥ ΣΗΤ ΤΗΡΟ ΟΥ ΟΖ ΟΤ ΦΒ Ζ Μ΄ ΠΘΣ ΕΑΡΦΟΥ ΕΘΡΕΟΨΟΠΙ ΝΦΟΥ Μ΄ ΒΟΗΘΟΣ СФΤΕΜ ΝΤΑΜΦΤΕΝ Ε ΤΑΙ ΝΙΦΤ Ν΄

- ωφηρι έτας ωπι είτεν του μ φ η νεν πιαρχημαγερίος έθ ογαβ μιχαμά έβολειτεν νες †20 ναι έταγταμον έρωος είτεν εανρωμι μ ωογνας έρωος Νε ογον ογρωμί σε μ πραγματεγτης έ πεςραν μ ωορπ κετςων 5
- φ. λ. è ογρεμταφρα πε ητε τεντική ογος με ογραμαό έμαωω πε è ογον ήτας ήμας η ογνιωτ η πραγματίλ ογος νας αναςωογή ή φτ αν πε Αλλά με ογεκλημός πε εσωεμωί ή πιρη φαι δε ογν εσωοπ δεν τεσμετεθνός το ογος ναρε φτ ογωω è τογάος πε λέωωπι δε η ογέοπ αστάλο ήτεσπραγματίλ è ογάοι ασχωλ è ογπολίς δεν τάωρα η φιλιπποίς è πεςράν πε καλωνίλ θαι τε ναγωέμωι ή φτ η δητό τονώ πε εταςωλ δε èδογη 15
- φ. Β. έρος | ὰ σογ λῖ (sic) ὰ πιλβοτ λθωρ εφωοπ Σε με †πολις εq† ὰτεαπραγματιλ αφφος ὰ σογ ῖλ ὰ παι λβοτ ὰ ογωτ λθωρ Μ φναγ Σε ὰ μερι ὰ πιέζοογ ετενιμαγ αφείνι ὰ πιτοπος ὰτε πιαρχημαγελος μιχαηλ αφναγ 20 ἐροφ εγετεφανογ ὰιμοφ μεν ζανφανός νεμ ζανβιλλον αφ ερ ωφηρι ἐνιαωω ογος αφζενιςι μεν πινα ἐτενιμαγ κατα ογοικονονιιλ ὰτε φ† ἐ ναγ ὲ πχωκ ὰ πιζωβ ἔτα ρογςι Σε ωωπι αφναγ ὲ πινημ τηρφ ἐταγθωογ† ὲ 25
- ογος ειτεν πιεογο ήτε †ωφηρι ασενκοτ ειρεν

φρο γι πιτοπος βεν πιέχωρχον λ κικληρικός νεν κιφιλονόνος θωογ τ εγίρι γι πιορθινόν Πιρωκί δε λα ερ ωφηρι έμλωω έχεν νη έτ εαςωτενι έρωογ έτ λ τοογί δε ωωπι λ πιρωκί έτενικλη τ γι περογοί έ ρωκί ε ѝ 5 χρηςτίλησε εγώση βεν τπολίς έτενικλη λατζο έρωογ εαχω ήνιος Σε νλ ενηογ ογ πε

- φδ. λ. ΜΜΟΚ È ΝΑΥ ÈΡΟΥ ΤΕΚΦωπι Ν ΤΕΚΙΟΟ Αλλα ÈΦωπ ΝΤΕΚΦωπι Ν ΧΡΗΟΤΙΆΝΟΟ ΝΤΕΚΤΟΟ ÈΡΟΥ ΟΥ ΜΟΝΟΝ ΠΙΒΟΚ ΜΙΑΥΑΤΟ 20 Αλλα ΧΝΑΝΑΥ ΟΝ È ΠΕΟ ΘΟ ΝΤΕΚ ΕΡ ΦΟΡΡΙ È ΠΕΟΘΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΝΑΝΑΖΜΕΚ ÈΒΟΛ ΖΑ Π ΕΤ ΖΟΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΠΙΠΡΑΓΜΑΤΕΥΗΟ ΔΕ ΠΕΣΑΟ ΝΟΟΥ ΣΕ ΝΑΟΝΗΟΥ ΤΤΟΟΥ ΝΤΑΦΟΠΙ Ν ΧΡΗΟΤΙΆΝΟΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΝΑΤ 25 ΝΟΤΕΝ ΚΟΤ ΝΟΝΙΟΝΙΑ È ΦΟΥΛΙ ΕΠΙ ΣΗ À ΠΑ ΖΗΤ ΡΙΚΙ ΝΟΑ ΠΕΤΕΝΦΕΜΦΙ ΤΟΝΑ ΝΙΡΟΜΙ ΣΕ

 $\overline{\mathsf{q}}$ $\overline{\mathsf{z}}$. В. Пехшоу ила | хе хилффшпі ди й пеирн \dagger

ωα ήτε πενιωτ ή επισκοπος ωληλ έχως ήτες ερ λειαζιη ήμος ήτες ωνε νακ βεν φραν ή φιωτ νεω πωηρι νεω πιππα έθ ογαβ ογος ήτεκωωπι ή χρηςτιλνός Πλην ώογ ή επτ ωατε πενιωτ ή επισκοπός σρωςτ τεν-5 ναολκ ωαρος ήτες κ ή πενρη ήθος αε αφίρι κατα φρη έταγχος νας αφώογ ή βητ ή πιέξοογ έτεωμας Πεςρας αξε αςί ωα ρωος πεχας νωος χε να σνηος έθ νανες

- φε. α. ωοπτ έρωτεν είνα ντε φ† | έτ αρετεν 20010 νωτεν εθθητή † νωτεν νι πετεν βέχε Πιρωμί β νι πιστος έτεμμας αγένη ωα πιέπιςκοπος αγταμος è εωβ νίβεν έταγωωπι Πιέπισκοπος σε πέχας νι πιρωμι νι πραγματεύτης σε νθοκ ογ έβολδεν αω νι χωρα Πέχας νας 15 σε λνοκ ογ έβολδεν †χωρα ντε †εντικη Πιέπισκοπος σε πέχας νας τὰ πέκεμτ θητ è ερ χριστιάνος Πέχε πιπραγματεύτης σε σε πα ιωτ κε γαρ νη έτ αίνας έρωος νέμ
- φε. Β. ΝΗ έτ λιςοθμος βεν ται πολις αςρανηι 20 εω εθριωωπι η χρηςτιάνος Πεχε πιέπιςκοπος νας κωεμωι η αω η νογτ ας ερ ογώ χε ειωεμωι η πιρη Πεχε πιέπιςκοπος νας χε αρεωαν πιρη εωτη ητέςωλ βεν πικαςι ήτε ογάναγκη ταζοκ εκναχέμε ήθων ήτες ερ 25 βοηθιν έροκ Πιπραγματεύτης δε πέχας νας χε πα ιωτ μάρε πέκναι ταζοι ήτεκτ ωμς νηι ττο έροκ άριτ η χρηςτιάνος ή φρητ

- ὴ πιρωμι τηρογ ητε ται βακι Πιέπισκοπος

 ηξ. α. Σε πεχας μας σε ογομ ογοζιμι | ήτακ ιὲ

 ωμρι ήθος δε πεχας μας χε ογομ ήτηι ήμαγ

 ὴ τα οζιμι μεμι μαωηρι δεμ τα πολίο Πεχε

 πιέπισκοπος μας χε ίσχε σε ὶε τεμμα τως

 καμα αμ τηρογ μηπως ήτεωτεμι πογζητ θωτ

 μεμακ ήχε τεκοζιμι μεμι μεκωμρι ήτε ογ
 σκαμλαλομ ωωπι δεμι τετεμμη τη μετεμι

 ερηογ ήτεσφωρς έροκ ὶε ήτες θρεκ ερ λπο
 ταζεσθε ἡι πιωεμωι μεμι πιωμις ετακδίτς 10

 Εθβε χε τωορπι ἡι παραβασις έτας ωπι έβολ-
- φς. Β. ειτεν †ςεινι αλλα | έωωπι ντεςθωτ ν εντ νεμακ νε ανωινι ντα ερ θηνογ ν χρηςτιλνος Πιπραγνατεγτης σε έταςςωτεν ε ναι αραωι έναωω τοτε αςδιςνογ ν τοτς ν πιε-15 πιςκοπος ε αςν έβολ αςνρι ν πεςοβή εθρες ωε νας ε τεςπολις Πιδιαβολος σε πινιαςτε π εθ νανε ς νιβεν έτας και σε α πιρωνι † ν πεςεντ ε φ† αςχος έρος Αςωωπι σε έτας φος ε θνιη ν φιονι αςτογνος ογχινων 20 εςναωτ ογος αςθρε νιεωινι διςι έχεν πιχοι
- φζ. λ. εως δε παρά κε κογαι ής εωμς ής εμογ ήας ογου μιβεμ έτ δευ πίαοι πιρωμί δε ή πραγματεγτής αφωω έβολ εφαω ήμιος δε παδς ίπς πας άρι βουθιν έροι δευ ται μιωτ 25 η αναγκή θγος τναςτ είτεν πινιωτ ή ωογ έτ αίναγ έρος δευ πτοπος ή πιαραμαγγελός έθ ογαβ μιαλή αξ τος νέω να παμί τηρο

- йтенший христійнос ша пігооу й пеншипі гарод есхи йнос хе йп ер ер гоф в йнок га й п ет гиоу нашипі йнок ан
- φξ. Β. Νιμον ελι νι π ετ εφογ ναφωπι Νιμοκ αν Ζεν τογνογ α νιεωικι χα χωογ έβρηι αγ6-5 νον λ πιχοι όει έρατη ογος αμμοφι βεν ογοωογτεν βεν πιογαξοαξνι δε ντε φτ αμμονι è τεηπολιο νιπε ελι νι π ετ εφογ φωπι νιμοη Εταηξώλ δε è πεημι αηραφι βεν ογνιωτ ν ραφι ογος αμχω ν νεηρωμι 10 ν τωφηρι έτας ωπι νιμοη βεν πιχοι νεν νιλ Ογος ναη χω νιμος νωογ πε ζε αλήθως ογνογτ αν πε πιρη φαι έτενως νίμος νίμος ογνογτ αν πε πιρη φαι έτενως νίμος ογνογτ αν πε πιρη φαι έτενως νίμος ογνογτ αν πε πιρη φαι έτενως γιμος ογνογτ αν πε πιρη ογος ογνογτ αν πεν πεν το συν και ογνογτ αν πεν το συν το συν

να νοβι Πέχε τεφοζικί νας χε κάλως πα δο ν οον λλήθως μωιτ νίβεν έτεκναζωλ έρος τημογ ζω νένακ ογος πίμογ έτεκναμογ ν βητη τημογ ν βητη ζω Ογος παι ρητ αγ ερ πογοσετ τηρα αγταλωσγ αγι έτβακις

- φθ. λ. καλωνιὰ | εq ερ ωφηρ ὰ † τοτογ ὰνε φ†
 Ογος λγεωλ ωλ πιρωνι Β ὰτε ωορπ λγ ερ
 λεπαζεεθε ὰινωογ λγτλημος νε ἐτλγὶ ἐ ερ
 χρηςτιὰνος Νη ἐτεμμλγ δε λγδιτογ ωλ
 πιὲπισκοπος λγτληση νε φλι πε πιρωμι το
 ἐτλαὰ ὰι πικη τεαςείμι μεμ μεαωηρι εθρογωωπι ὰ χρηςτιὰνος Πιὲπισκοπος δε λαρλωι
 δεν ογνιω† ὰ ρλωι ἐμλωω ἐθβε¹ πινιντλοθο
- φθ. Β. Ν ογψγχη Ετλγένος δε ωλρος πεσας νωος 15 χε αν δεν ογμεθνή τετένος ωω έωωπι η χρηςτιλνός ας ερ ογώ δε δεν ογθεβιό σε δεν φογωω η φτ πενίωτ νέν πεκωλήλ έθ ογαν τότε πιξπισκόπος αςθρος έρ ποος η πιορδανής δεν πτοπός η πιαρχηληγελός έθ 20 ογαν μιχαήλ Ογος ας έρ καθηκιν η πιρωμί νέν τέςς μιι νέν πές δ η ωήρι νέν νος λλωος ας ας φραν η φιωτ νέν πωηρι νέν πιπρας.
- р. л. матечтно \ й форп пе кетсын афонга 25 25 адмочт è перран се матоеос очог течс-

The Ms. has ЕПВЕ.

ειμι αφμογή έρος ειρημή Ογος πογ Σ η ωμρι αφμογή έ πιζογιτ σε ιωαννής ειμας ε σε στεφανός ογος πίμας το σε τεφανός ογος πίμας το σε αφίρι η τογναζίς αφή η μου έβολδεν νιμγοτηριού έθο ογαβ το που το πενός ιπο πος Ογος μενένος πίωμα αγέρ ογάβοτ η έξοος δα

- p. в. тота ѝ піѐпіскопос | еа ер кавнкій ѝімшоу Бей псахі ѝ пійаг† ѐт соутши Матвеос де піпрагматеутно гітей пігоуо ѝ піраші 10 ѐтаатагоа аа† ѝ ҡ ѝ λογκοхі ѐ птопос ѝ піархнагредос Ба педоухаї мененошо аубісмоу ѝ тота ѝ піѐпіскопос евроуше ноу ѐ тоувакі Оуог наутфо ѝімшоу пе ѐвод гітей ніархши ѝте †подіс мем ніфі- 15 λопонос Бей оуніш† ѝ раші оуог Бей фоушш ѝі ф† аукотоу ѐ тоухшра еабі мшіт
- ρπ. λ. Σα σωογ μσε πιαρχημαγγελος έθ ογαβ μιχαηλ Εταγγωλ σε έδογη è πογηι αγίρι μ ογηιωτ μ ωαι è πογρωμι ογος αγςωρ μ 20 εαμμιωτ μ αγαπη μ μη έτ ωατ μεμ μιχηρα μεμ μιορφαμός ογος μαρε πογτμε ερ ωφηρι μιμωογ πε ερε πογραμ δεμ ρως μ ογομ μιβεμ Ογος μαγ ερ ογωιμι δεμ τογχωρα τηρς ειτεμ μ ογπραζίς έθ μαμεγ Μεμεμςα 25 μαι έτ à άβοτ β μ έγοογ είμι αφμτομ μμως μχε πιρωμι μ ςωτη ματθέος è αφὶ è ταχη ρπ. β. ίλ αφοί μ φβεχε μ πιέγοογ τηρη ειτεμ

ΝΕΝΤΌΒ ΝΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΝΕΟ ΚΟΥΣΙ Η ΦΗΡΙ ΝΕΜ ΤΟΥΜΑΥ ΗΠ ΟΥΧΑ ΤΟΤΟΥ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΕΝ ΝΙ ΠΕΘΝΑΝΕΥ ΕΤΟΥΊΡΙ ΕΊΜΘΟΥ Η 20ΥΟ Ε ΠΙΣΗΟΥ ΕΟΝΗ ΗΣΕ ΠΟΥΙΘΤ ΠΙΣΙΑ-ΒΟΛΟΣ ΔΕ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΟΖΕΝΙΘΝ ΗΠ ΕΟΦΟΛΙ ΕΡΟΟ 5 ΕΟΝΑΥ Ε ΝΙΠΕΘΝΑΝΕΥ ΕΤΟΥΊΡΙ ΕΊΜΘΟΥ ΉΣΕ ΝΑΙ ΆΓΙΟς Αλλα ΑΟΤΟΥΜΟς [ΝΙΛΑΟς] ΉΤΕ ΤΟΥΠΟΛΙΟ ΕΣΘΟΥ ΑΟΘΡΟΥΜΕςΤΘΟΥ ΕΕΝ ΟΥΝΙΘΤ ΕΙ ΜΟςΤ ΛΟΙΠΟΝ ΑΥΤΘΟΥΝΟΥ Ε ΣΘΟΥ ΑΥΘΆΙ Η

- рв. л. ноугупархонта Бен оубі йзонс нем нн 10 ет фоп Бен оудпоувнки Ішаннис де пехар й термау нем нерсиноу же гиппе теннау хе аутгемкон ёмафш ісхен ёт д пенішт моу доіпон тшоун йтенхш й сши й таі вакі йтенфе нан ё ввакі й †метоуро йтенфшпі 15 ймау с сыноут гар ыен ніёуаггедіон ёв оуав же ёфшп ауфанбохі йсштен ыен таі вакі фшт ё ке оуді пдин іс гиппе аубохі
- ρε. β. Νοων αγτ Νικας ναν αλλα μαρε | φογωω Ν πος ωωπι è βρηι è σων Παι ρητ αγτωογ-20 νογ βεν ογχωπ αγώλι νι ποεπι νι φη èτ σωσπ νωογ αγωε νωογ è θβακι νι τμετογρο αγωωπι κίμαγ ναγσω νίμος πε σφ τ νι πιαρχημετελος μιχαηλ ωωπι ναν νι βοηθος ογος ναγτογεο ον πε èσεν νιμετναητ èτογ-25 γρι νιμωογ νι ωορπ Πιδιάβολος δε νιπ εσωσαι èρος αλλα ασωθορτερ εσναγ è νη èθ ογαβ εγτ è παναι βεν πιναςτ νιπ εσèмι σε πι

- ρε. Δ. Δρχημαργελος | èθ ογαβ μιχαμλ μας φυπι μας λοιπον μας ζεμζεμ μ φρη η ογμογί Èτ à εληκογχι η έξοος ωωπι à μιρεςρωίς ήτε τβακι εωλ αγωελ πηι η ογμιωτ ή αρχων ήτε τπολίς ογος αγώλι η ογμιωτ ή 5 πρετα μας Πιαρχών δε αςταμε πιζηγεμών έτ θηω è τβακι πίζηγεμον δε αςωινί ής απίζωβ η τότο ή φη èτ οι η διοικίτης è τβακι Πι διοικίτης αςάμονι η μιρεςρωίς ας ερ αναγκαζιν ήμωος εθροςχιμί νας ή νις-10
- Τος Β. κεγος | Ντε πιαρχων ετι εγωθερθωρ έθες παι εωβ ες πιδιάβολος ας ερ πεμοτ ν ογρωμι εςμοωί έβολδεν †πολις τηρς εςωω έβολ ες ν νιμος τα λνοκ †ςωογν σε νιμος έτας κωλπ ν νιςκεγος ντε ςγλων πιαρχων 15 Ανοκ γαρ αίνας έ παι δ ν άλος ν ωξημο έτας ν νιας ν ναι έξοος αγεωλ έ δοςν έπιμι αγκολπς ογος ν έμι δεν ογμεθημι σε πογεωβ ρω πε φαι έςσεν εγωοπ δεν τογχωρα Πιρωμι σε ντε †βακι έτας εντεμεί ναι 20
- ρΣ. λ. λΥΤΛΜΕ | ΠΙΖΗΓΕΜΟΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΦΕΝ ΤΟΥΝΟΥ ΛΥ
 COUR ΝΉΜΟΥ ΝΟΛ ΠΙΟΜΙ ΝΤΕ ΤΟΥΆΦΕ ΚΑΤΑ

 ΦΟΥΛΖΟΛΖΗΙ Ν΄ ΠΙΖΗΓΕΜΟΝ ΑΥΈΝΟΥ ΝΉΠΕΘΝΘΟ

 ΑΥCOUR ΝΉΜΟΥ ΦΕΝ ΟΥΜΕΤΑΘΝΑΙ ΝΑΡΕ ΤΟΥ
 ΜΑΥ ΔΕ ΝΟΟΙ ΝΌΜΟΥ ΠΕ ΕΟΡΙΜΙ ΕΟΤ ΝΟΜΤ 25

 ΝΟΟΥ ΕΟΣΟ ΝΉΜΟΟ ΣΕ ΝΉΠ ΕΡ ΕΡ ΖΟΤ ΝΑ ΜΗΡΙ

 ΟΥΟΝΟΣΟΜ Ν΄ ΦΤ ΕΤ ΑΝΝΑΖΤ ΕΡΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΘ
 ΝΙΜΕΤ Ν΄ ΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ Ε ΝΟ-

- ΦΕ. Α. λογιλ ήθος ΔΕ | Αςεμίςι πιζηγεμώνι ΔΕ Αςθρογίνι η μιλλωογί ζιτζη ήμος πέχας μώογ σε ταχη ήμωτεν † η πρέτα η πιαρχώνι 15 μας ήπα † ερ βαζανίζιν ήμωτεν ήθωογ ΔΕ αγ ερ ογώ πέχωογ σε σον ήσε πός φ† η μιχρηςτιλύος μεμ πωογ ή πεςμιώ† η αρχηρικός έθ ογαβ μίχαηλ σε ήπ εν ερ κοινώνι η ζωβ ή παι ρη† ένες Πέσε πίαρ- 20 χηλγγελός μίχαηλ ή πιζηγενιών σε λνοκ
- ре. в. †сшоүн ѝ пірн† еөве †меөмні | оүшиг ѐвой мароу амоні ѝ пікоухі ѝ сон ѝте наі ршмі ѝ сеода ѐ Боун ѐ пні ѝ піархнреаршіс фаі ѐт ере пеарнт Босі ѐ Боун ѐ наі ршмі 25 йтеа шш ѐвод еахш ѝмос хе Бен фран ѝ пабс інс пхс ѐсеоушиг ѐвод ѝхе †прета ѝте судшм піархши даі ѐт оухем дшіхі

- έρου εθβητό δευ τογνος à τμεθωμι υλογων έβολ Ογος δευ τογνος à πιζηγενών ερ κελεγίν εθρογδί ἢ πικογχί ἢ ωμρί ἐ δογν ἐ πτι ἢ πιλρχη ρεαρωίο κλτλ фρητ
- ρτ. λ. έταμνος ήνε | πιαρχημαργελός μιχαμλ ογός 5 αμω έβολ εμνω ήμως νε δεμ φραμ ή πα σς ιπς πχς μεμ πιαρχημαργελός έθ ογαβ μιχαμλ εςεογωμς έβολ ήνε τπρετά ήτε ςγλωμ πιαρχωμ Ογός δεμ †ογμογ λ ογόμη ωωπι έρε ογομ μιβεμ αυτέμ έρος νε εωλ è πεκητακίου τετεμμανίμι ή εωβ μίβεμ μαι κογνι ή ωμρι ςεογαβ è μοβι Ογός δεμ †ογμογ αγεωλ è πεκητ à πικατακίου αγχιμι ή
- φτ. β. †πρετλ τηρς ογος λγτλμε | πιζηγεμών è φη èτληωωπι λη ερ ωφηρι èμλωω èτληκω† 15 è πεηζο ζως σε εηνάσω ѝ φη èτληωωπι ѝ πιπατρικίος èτε μιχληλ πε ѝπ εηèμι σε λησωλ è θων Τοτε λη ερ ωφηρι èμλωω ογος λησαλ πι δ ѝ λλογ èβολ εγοι ѝ ρεμζε ογος λγχωλ è πογηι εγ† ὼογ ѝ φ† νεμ πιλρ-20 χηλγγελος èθ ογλβ μιχληλ φη èθ ογλβ δε ѝπ ογχλ τοτογ βεν νι π èθ νανεγ èτ ογὶρι ἡμωογ ѝ ογον νιβεν ζως δε ѝτε ογον νιβεν
- ρζ. λ. ερ ωφηρι η πογβιος έθ νανες | Λεωωπι δε ον μενένελ ογτης ίσσεν έτ λ ναι ωωπι λ 25 ογρωμι τωθογιτ δα ρωμι δ δατέν πογρο εως δε έρε ογον ζανδημοςιον η απας έρωογ Πογρο δε λητ η πιρωμι δ ε τοτογ η ζαν-

ματοι εθρογωατογ η ρ η λογκοςι ε φογαι είμου ήτωογ δε ε † φη εθ ογαβ δε ιωαννής κατα ογεγκεριά ας ερ απαντάν ερωογ εταςναγ ε νιματοι εγειογί ε νιρωμί μεν ογμεταθναι Πεχας η νιματοί σε ογ τε †λωίσι 5

- ρζ. Β. Ερετεή γιογί ε και ρωμί εθβητό | Πεσωογ πας μπατοί σε ληλμονι ήμωσος ε πι λογκοσί ε φογλί Πεσας πωσς σε μεπέπολ θρος τ ω ω λογκοσί σεπασας εβολ πέσε πιματοί πας σε σαλλα αγωτεμπηίτος σεπα- 10 βοθβος ιωαννής σε αςτο ε πιματοί σε ώσς η γητ η ογκογσί ωα ττασθοί ωα ρωτέν Νθος σε αςγωλ αςέν πι ω η λογκοσί αςτηίτος ας ερ πιρωμί ε η ρέμγε ογος πι κε δ η ματοί ετ θηω έρωσς αςτ πωσς η ογί 15
- рп. а. λογκοςι è φογαι | πιδιλβολος он πιχαςι ѝте меємні нівен ѝп ед шдаі èрод аλλа адмод ѝ ход è боун è нн èє оуав èєве йоудвноуі è напеу Адтоунос оунішт ѝ пірасмос è брні è хшоу еднашт èмашш ѝ доуо èте 20 фаі пе Асшшпі бе мененса наі à оуршмі ѝте твакі èр калін ѝ данршмі нем ке ршмі ѝ шфнр ѝтад ѝе роуді гар пе піршмі бе надшоп пе батен пні ѝ нн èє оуав Етауоушм бе оуод аусш à піршмі тшид еєред-25
- $\overline{p}\overline{n}$. В. гωλ \hat{e} перні | ермощі де Бен ніплатій \hat{h} те \hat{f} вакі \hat{h} ογόλη магрωс \hat{e} род адгеі адмоу Бен \hat{f} τογνογ ογος \hat{h} πε ελί \hat{h} ρωμί \hat{e} φη

ἐταφωπι μισος ετ à πιρεσρωίς δε μτε †πολις ὶ εσκω† μεμ μεσέρησα αγχιμι μι πιρωμι εσμωσατ αγεμα ἐ πισολ αγμογωτ μι πισωμα ογος μιπ ογέμι ἐ φη ἐταφωπι μισος αγκοςς ἐτ ὰ τοογι δε ωμπι Σε εγηλολς ἐ 5 πιμιδαγ ὰ πιδιάβολος ερ πεμοτ ὰ ογρωμι εσωω ἐβολ βεμ †πολις τηρς εσχω μιμος Χε

- ρθ. Δ. πλι ρωμι έτλημος | έτε μπε ελι ή ρωμι έμι έ περμος σε μιμ πε έτληδοθβερ ήπε τλι πομηριλ ώωπι ήτε ελι ή ρωμι έβηλ έ 10 πλι Σ ή λλος ή ώεμμο λησκ τ ερ μεθρε ή πλι εωβ Ογος λ πλι σασι σωρ έβολ δεμ τβλκι τηρς λ πιεηγεμών ώε μλη αρταμε πογρο κεσληθός ογος δεμ τογμος λ πογρο ογλεσληι λγίμι ή πι Σ ή λλος εγσοης ή 15 μογσίς ει φλεος ήμωος έρε ογον ελικολλλριον τοι έ μοςμότ λγωλι δε ήμωος έρλτη
- ρο. Β. Ν΄ πογρο αγενιή ωωπι ελρωού ές τω νίμος | χε νίπ ερ ερ εο τις πειού νι πιδιεί αφείνι λ πινιτού φος έρωτεν έβολειτεν πος Τότε 20 αυταχωού έρατου νι πείθο νι πογρο νι πείδρι κατάχωνος έρατος δεν τουνού ις πίλρχης καιώτελος έθ ούλβ μιχαμλ αφοί νι πείδρι ούνιωτ νι ούνιωτ νι οτρατύλατης ντε πουρο νι νίρωμεός αφί Πούρο δε κεςανθός έταμας έρος 25 αφτώνη αφόξι è ρατή ει τεμ νίμος έταφος

The Ms. writes 0702 twice.

- ΣΕ Έρος ΔΥΖΕΜΟΙ ΕΥΟΟΠ ΝΕΜ ΝΟΥΈΡΗΟΥ ΠΙΔΡpī. λ. ΧΗΔΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΣΕ ΜΙΧΛΗΛ ΕΤΛΟΝΑΥ Ε ΝΙΑλωοΥί
- ρί. Δ. ΧΗΔΓΓΕΛΟς ΣΕ ΜΙΧΛΗΛ ΕΤΛΟΝΑΥ Ε ΝΙΛΛΟΟΥὶ ΕΥΘΟΣΙ ΕΡΑΤΟΥ ΠΕΊΛΟ Μ΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΚΕΓΛΟΟ ΣΕ ΟΥ ΠΕ ΠΖΟΒ Η ΝΑΙ ΑΛΟΟΥὶ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕ ΛΟΤΑΜΟΟ ΕΘΒΕ ΠΙΖΟΒ ΕΤΛΟΦΟΠΙ ΠΕΊΣΕ ΜΙΧΛΗΛ ΗΛΟ ΣΕ 5 ΟΥΚ ΟΥΝ ΗΠ ΟΥΕΜΙ Ε ΦΗ ΕΤΛΟΦΟΤΕΒ Η ΠΙΡΟΜΙΙ ΠΕΊΣΕ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΝΑΟ ΣΕ ΑΥΤ Η ΝΑΙ ΝΗΙ ΕΘΟΥΝ ΣΕ ΉΘΟΟΥ ΠΕ ΕΤΛΥΦΟΤΕΒ ΗΜΟΟ ΠΕΊΣΕ ΜΙΧΛΗΛ ΝΑΟ ΣΕ ΑΛΤΟΤΕΝ ΑΡΕ ΘΑΝ ΟΥ ΖΟΒ Η ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤΟΜΟΠΙ ΉΤΕ ΟΥΔΙ ΜΟΥ ΉΤΕΝΟΤΕΜΕΝΙ Ε ΦΗ ΕΤΙΟ ΛΟΘΟΠΙ ΗΜΟΟ ΜΑΝΘΡΟΥΙΝΙ Η ΠΙΡΟΜΙΙ ΕΤΛΟΜΟΥ
- ρι. Β. È θωμή ὑτενδυογη ωλησαχι νεμαν | ὑτεηταμον È φη ἐταηδοθες Τνογ δε ισχε χογωω È èμι εωκ È ημεθωμι ὶς μαρογίνι εως ἡ φη ἐταημογ È παι μα ὑτενδυογς ογος ωλς- 15 σαχι νεμας ὑτεςταμον È φη ἐταςδοθες Ογος δεν †ογνογ à πογρο ερ κελεγὶν αγὶνι ἡ φη èθ μωογτ è θωμή Πεχε πιαρχηληγελος μιχαηλ ѝ δανιήλ πικογχι ѝ σον ὑτε νη èθ ογαν χε εωλ άχος ѝ παι ρεςμωογτ ζε δεν 20 φραν ѝ πα δς ιπς πχ φή ѝτε τφε νεν πικαει
- ρίλ. λ. Ματαμον | è φη έταςωωπι ώμοκ πικογεί δε ѝ λλογ αςὶρι ѝ παι ρη φ δε πιμαιρωμι εςογωω εθρε πεςραν èθ ογαβ δι ώογ βεν μαι νίβεν νοεναζ èρος αςτασθο ѝ ψγεμ 25 ѝτε πιρωμι èρος ѝ κε coπ αςων εθβε πογεαι ѝ πογρο νεω πίμηω τηρς ѝτε †χωρα τηρο έτεμμαγ ογος à πίρωμι ωω èβολ εςεω

ер тохмам акземсі нем піархнагрехос ев оуав міханх піархнстратікоус йте тхом

- ρίλ. Β. ἡ μιφμογὶ | Κε γαρ μαι ρωμι έτογσεμ λωίσι έρωος γαμδικέος με ογος ςεογαβ è hobi κε 5 γαρ ήθωος απ πε έταγθωτεβ ήμοι αλλα ογόλη πε έταςμαζρως èροι αιμος Ογος èθβε μετς η η ναι ρωμι à παι μιω ή η τ èθ μαμε q ταζοκ ακ ερ πεμπωλ ἡ μαγ è πιαρχημαγελος èθ ογαβ μιχαήλ λοιπομ ìς μι- 10 ωφηρι ήτε φ † à τετέμαγ èρωος ματαςθε θημος èρωος βεν πετένζητ τηρα ήτετενχω ήςωτεν ή και γγδονη μεν και ίσωλον èτ
- ΤΙΒ. Α. Μωογτ έτε ΜΜΟΝ ΖΗΟΥ | Ν ΣΗΤΟΥ ΖΙΝΑ ΝΤΕ

 φ† Χω Νωτεν έβολ η νετεν ωορπ η νοβι κε 15

 Γλρ λνοκ ζω ε ογνιω η η ζωοτ τλζοι χε

 λίνλη ε πιλρχηλγγελος μιχληλ έθβε ναι

 ρωμι η δίκεος ογος δεν τογνογ λ πιλρχηλγγ
 γελος μιχληλ ζωλ ε πδίςι δεν ογνιω η η

 ωογ έρε πογρο ναγ έρος νεν πίμηω τηρς 20

 εςχηλ ε πωωι ε τφε ε λοδί νεμλο η τψχχη

 μ φη ετλομογ ε πωωι ε νιφηογι Πογρο δε

 νεν ογον νίβεν λγωωπι δεν ογνιω η η ζο τ
- рів. в. ёмашю Мененса оүнішт й нау і à пент й поуро семні ёрод ёводьен теот нем пінішт 25 й гшв й шфирі ётаднау ёрод адтшид адтфі ёршд й ішанинс едхш ймос Хе ссмаршоут йхе тоуноу ёт аретен і ё ьоун ё таі подіс

NOYTENTO EPWTEN MATAMOI È ПЕТЕН NOYT ÈT APETEN NAST ÈPOQ OYOS NTENNAST ÈPOQ OYOS NTENNAST ÈPOQ SWN NTENOYSAI LWANNHC ΔΕ ΠΕΧΑΟ ΝΦΟΥ ΣΕ ΕΝΝΑΣΤ È ΠΌΟ ΙΠΌ ΠΩΗΡΙ ΝΙ ΦΤ ÈT OND ΠΟΥΡΟ ΔΕ ΑΘΟΨ ÈBOλ ΕΘΣΟ ΝΙΜΟΟ ΝΕΝΙ 5

- ρίδ. λ. πίνημω τηρα σε λλήθως ογνογή εφονό πε ίπο πχο ογος νίμον κε νογή έβηλ έρος Ιωλνής δε πέχλα νι πογρό σε τωνκ ντέκοδλί νι κωστλητινός πογρό νι νιρωμέος ντέκτλμος έ εωβ νίβεν ντέκτεο έρος είνλιο ντέςογωρη ναν νι ογλί νι νιεπισκοπός νι τετένχωρα ντές έρ κλθησιν νίμωτεν έ φραν νι φιωτ νέν πωηρί νέν πίπηλ έθ ογαβ Πογρό δε κεσλήθος λαςδαί έρατα νι πογρό κωςτλητινός εςσω νίμος νας νι παι ρητ Κέςα- 15
- ΤΟ ΤΑΝ ΝΘΟΟ ΦΗ Ε΄Τ ΟΥΣΟ ΜΜΟΟ Ε΄ΡΟΟ ΣΕ ΟΥΟΥΡΟ ΠΕ ΕΟ ΕΡΤΟΛΜΑΝ ΕΟΡΑΙ Ε΄ ΡΑΤΟ ΜΙ ΠΙΝΙΘΤ Ν΄ ΟΥΡΟ Μ΄ ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΚΟΟΤΑΝΤΙΝΟΟ ΦΒΟΚ Ν΄ ΙΠΌ ΠΙΟ ΧΕΡΕΤΕ ΟΥΝΙΘΤ ΓΑΡ Ν΄ ΣΜΟΤ ΑΟΤΑΖΟΝ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΦΤ ΠΙΑΓΑΘΟΟ ΑΟ ΕΡ ΠΕΝΜΕΥΙ ΑΟ-20
 ΕΝΤΕΝ Ε΄ΒΟΛ ΣΕΝ ΤΜΕΤΦΑΜΘΕ ΊΣΟΛΟΝ Ε΄Τ ΘΑ ΣΕΜ
 ΑΟΤΑΘΟΝ Ε΄ΡΟΟ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΤΕΟΝΙΘΤ Μ΄ ΜΕΤΆΓΑΘΟΟ Ε΄
 ΝΑΘΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΝΤΖΟ Μ΄ ΠΙΝΙΘΤ Ν΄ ΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ
 Ε΄Θ ΟΥ ΑΒ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΦΑΙ Ε΄ΤΑΟΛ Τ΄ ΜΕΠΘΑ ΕΘΡΙΝΑΥ Ε΄ΡΟΟΝ ΝΑΒΑΛ ΟΥΟΖΑΟΘΡΕ ΠΙΡΕΟΝΙΟΟΥΤ CA-25

рад. а. хі неман й ршд нем ршд мененса вредмоу мененсше адгша è пбісі бен оунішт й шоу еннау èрод тироу хоппон тентго è текнетбс

ΕΘΡΕΚΟΥΦΡΠ ΝΑΝ ὰ ΟΥΑΙ ὰ ΝΙΕΠΙΚΟΠΟΣ ΕΤ

ΔΑ ΤΟΤΚ ΕΘΡΕΟ ΕΡ ΟΥΦΙΝΙ ΕΡΟΝ ὰ ΠΙΝΑΖΤ ΕΤ

CΟΥΤΦΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΤΕΟΤΑΜΟΝ ΖΦΗ Ε ΠΙΜΦΙΤ ὰ

ΖΦΑ ΦΑ ΦΤ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΤΕΟΤ ΝΑΝ ὰ Τ ΕΦΡΑΓΙΟ ΕΘ

ΟΥΑΒ ΚΕ ΓΑΡ ΑΚΦΑΝ ΕΡ ΦΑΙ ΝΑΝ ΧΝΑΘΙ ὰ ΚΕ 5

ΝΙΦΤ ὰ ΧλΟΜ ΒΑΤΕΝ ΠΤΟ ΒΑ ΠΑΙ ΖΦΒ ΟΥΣΑΙ
ΠΙΟΥΡΟ ὰ ΜΑΙΝΟΥΤ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΤΣΟΜ ὰ ΠΤΟ ΠΟΥΡΟ

- ρίδ. Β. ἢ πτηρη Ογος δεη ογηιωτ ѝ απογδη λησι ὰ νιαδαι ὰνε πογρο κωσταητινός αφοωογ λη ερ ωφηρι έμλωω ένεη φη έτληωωπι αητ 10 ῶογ ἢ φτ Ογος δεη ογηιωτ ἢ μετηλιρωογω λησιδαι ωλ πιλινός ιωληνης πιλρχημεπισκόπος ὰτε ἐφεσος ἢ πλι ρητ δα τεη νε ѝ εωβ μιβεη τ ερ λαπαζεσθε ἢ ησκνίν ὲθ ογλβ ηλι ἐτ λμονι ѝ τσαρζ ἢ πωηρι ἢ φτ δεη ογ-15 μεθνηι ογνιωτ ѝ ρλωι λημωπι ελρον ἐβολ ειτεν φτ ὶς εμππε λνογορπη νλκ εωκ εν-
- ρίε. λ. ςωογη σε χηλραφι η ζογό τογωφ ογη εθρεκαλί δα ογκογαι η διεί εκρωογτ δεη πεκζητ τηρα ζως εκέμι σε πεκδιεί ηλζεί 20 έβολ απ άριτς εθβε πας φαι έτααφεπδιεί εθβε πρέπος η πιρωμι ήτεκςκιλι ήιμοκ ήτεκζωλ ωλ τβακι τεπτίας Ντέκ ερ φαδρι η η έτ ωωπι η δητό δεη φράν η πας ήτεκολογ έβολδεη πωενιωί η τμετωλήμε ίδωλοη 25 έτ σωα ήτεκτ ωμό νωογ έ φράν η φιώτ μεμ πώμρι μεμ πίπα έθ ογαβ φαι ναφωπι

рів. в. нак вушоушоу Батен пос нем нецаптелос

ἐθ ογαβ είνα ὑτενογωλί εγοόπ είτεν τωον ὑτε πως πεννογή Μαι οβαί ως ὰ πογρό κωςταντίνος ογορπογ ѝ ὰββα ιωαννής πιαρχηθπί σκοπος ὑτε ἐφεςος νέμ † κε ὑπιςτολη ὑτε κεςανθός πογρό Πιαρχηθπίςκοπος ως ἐταφωω 5 ѝ νίοβαι αφραωι ἐμαφω ἐερηι ἐμεν πωίντας θο ѝ †χωρα τηρο Τότε αφδί νέμας ѝ διὰ κον Β νέμ ογπρέςβγτερος νέμ ογ ὰναγνωςτής

- ρίς. Δ. νεμ τ μ ψαλμώνος μεμ ιδ μ φιλοπονός ογος αφώλι μεμαν μι πουθ μι πιθηςιαστηριόν 10 Ογτραπηζα μ νούβ μεμι δ μ ποτηριόν μ ζατ μεμι τ μι ποτηριόν μ νούβ μεμι ογμαππα μ ωθης ετ σότη μεμι ογ σκεπασμα μ ολοσιρικον μεμι πι Σ μ εγαργελίον μεμι πι ψαλτηριόν μεμι πιαποστολός μεμι πιπραζίς μεμι μιέπι- 15 στολη μ καθολικον Απλώς πσουθ τηρα μ † εκκλησιά αγωληλ αγμοώι ζι πμωίτ εγραώι Εταγρώντ νε ε † βακι αγερογμμενικ μι πογ-
- ρίζ. Β. ρο | ѝ τπαρογειὰ ѝ πιαρχηθπισκοπος μεμ νη θθ μεμας Πογρο δε αςὶ ἐβολ μεμ ιωαν-20 νης νεμ πινηώ τηρς ντε †πολις ἐρ ἀπανταμ ἐ πιαρχηθπισκοπος Ἐταγφος δε ἐ πιαρχη ἐπισκοπος ὰ πογρο μεμ πινηώ τηρς ογωώτ νας ογος αγδι σμογ ἐβολςι τοτς Πογρο δε αρχω ἐ πιαρχηθπισκοπος ѝ ζωβ νιβεν ἐταγ-25 ώωπι ἡμος ογος αςταμος ἐ ιωανηνης εςχω ἡμος σε ἐβολςιτεν φαι νεμ νεςςνηθος ὰ φ†

piz. a. nai nan ογος παι pht αγωε nωογ | è tbaki

ΕΕΝ ΟΥΝΙΜΤ Ν ΣΑΜΗ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕ ΑΦΤΟ È ΠΙ-ΑΡΧΗΘΠΙΟΚΟΠΟΟ ΑΦΟΛΟ Ε΄ ΕΟΥΝ È ΠΙΠΑΛΛΑΤΙΟΝ ΝΕ ΜΠΑΤΟΥ ΚΕΤ ΕΚΚΑΗΟΙΑ ΠΕ ΕΕΝ ΤΠΟΛΙΟ Μ΄ ΠΕΦΡΑΟΤ ΣΕ ΠΕΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΘΠΙΟΚΟΠΟΟ Μ΄ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕ ΜΑΡΕΝΤ Μ΄ ΠΘΟΟ Μ΄ ΟΥΘΚΚΑΗΟΙΑ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΣΕ 5 ΠΕΣΑΦ ΣΕ ΠΑ ΙΟΤ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΤΗΙ ΜΙΝΑΥ Μ΄ ΟΥΜΟΙΤ Μ΄ ΒΕΡΙ ΕΥΚΟΤ ΕΡΟΦ ΜΑΡΟΝ ΝΤΕΚΝΑΥ ΕΡΟΦ ΕΘΟΠ ΦΙΑ ΕΡ ΘΑΥ ΤΕΝΝΑΙΟ Μ΄ ΕΚΚΑΗΟΙΑ ΠΙ-ΑΡΧΗΘΠΙΟΚΟΠΟΟ ΣΕ ΝΕΜ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΑΥΘΟΆ ΕΥΟΟΠ

- ρίς. Β. αγναγ è πιμωιτ | ὲτογκωτ èpoq ογος αq-10 ρανα νι πιαρχηθπισκοπος Πογρο αε αφθρε πικγριζ ωω èboλ βεν †πολις τηρς σε μαρε ρωμι νιβεν ὶ νίςε ερ εωβ è †εκκληςιὰ Ογος παι ρη† à † πολις τηρς θωογ† αγερεωβ è †εκκληςιὰ ὶτε αρχων ὶτε εηκι ωα èβογν 15 è πογρο νας ερ εωβ εως πε βεν νεςχις νιμιν νιμος νὶ φρη† νὶ ογον νιβεν εςνας τε ςναδι ѝ ογςμογ èβολ βιτεν πχς ογος βεν φογωω ѝ ф† αγχωκ ѝ πικωτ èβολ ѝ
- ρτή. λ. ίς η έζους | Πιαρχηθηισκόπος δε ας ερ 20 λγιαζια η τεκκληςιά è φραν η τπαρθενός έθ ογαβ τθεοδοκός μαριά Ογος έτας μας è πινιωτ η μηω èθ ναδί ωμε πέχας η πογρό σε αννά τωμε η παι μηω ήθων σε ήπατος κετ εκκληςιά δεν ται βακι èρε ογον 25 κολγηβηθα η βητος Ας ερ ογώ ήσε πισοφος ιωάννης πέχας η πογρό νενι πιαρχηèπιςκόπος σε ται λγμνή ήμωος èτ ςα πείεβτ

- η τπολις τω ήμος σε ήθος ετ ήπωλ ή ρτη. Β. πλι ηιωτ ή τλιό | ογος βεν τογνογ λ ογενη ωωπι έβολβεν τφε έρε ογον νίβεν εωτέν σε φλι πε φη έτλγθλως είτεν φτ ω ίωλννης πωηρι ή λποςτολός Πιλρχηέπιςκοπός σε νέν 5 πογρό νέν πινηώ τηρα έτλγεωτεν λα έρ ωφηρι Ογος πιλρχηέπιςκοπός νέν πογρό λασός έθρε πίνηω θωοςτ è φηλ ή τλανιή Πιλρχηέπιςκοπός σε λαωλήλ έσεν νίνωος κατα πίθωω τηρα ήτε τκολανιβητρά Ογος 10
- ρίδ. λ. ογνιωτ η ωφηρί λεωωπι η πίνλη | έτεμμλη έτληφος δε ε πιδηίλεμος λ πίμηω τηρή εωτάλη ε ξανέμη βεν νιμωού έυτλουό η πιληλημέπιεκοπος ετ λ πίλρχημέπιεκοπος ετ λ πίλρχημέπιεκοπος σωκ έβολ η νιεύχη λαούλος ολος έθρε πίμηω τηρή εωλ έβρηι ε πίμωού ούος λύπος έβρηι ε πίμωού τηρού έγωω έβολ εύχω ήμος Σε ηδί ωμε ε φράν η φίωτ νέμ πωηρί νέμ πίπηλ έθ ούλβ Ούος έτ λ πούρο δι ωμε νέμ πίμηω τηρή λ πίλρχημέπιεκοπος 20
- ріб. в. епоу è текклисій ад ер хүродомім і й ішанинс й ёпіскопос Оуог пед ке т й сом оуді мем ад ер хуродомім йімод й пресвутерос оуог пі ке в адаітоу й ділкши Оуог ме оуом йте поуро й оуширі йімау è пед-25 рам пе ехіллас адаід й ділкшиос наре пімиш тирд белил бел пос Тоте пілрхи- епіскопос адді фршоуш й тпросфора ад-

талос è рын èхен піна й ер фформи ад ер просферін èхфс Поуро де нем пімнф

- ρκ. λ. τηρα λα ερ ωφηρι έχει κη έτογκλη έρωος κει κη ετογεωτει έρωος έπι λη κιπ οςεωτει έ ελςι κι πλι ρη ένες ογλε κιπ οςκλη έ πλι τηπος έ πτηρα με φλι γλρ πε πιωορπ κι εοπ έτληταλε προςφορα έ πωωι δει τχωρα έτειμας Έτληδι τηρος έβολδει κιμηςτηριοί έθ ογλβ λ πιλρχηέπιςκοπος τ μωος κι τειρημή ογος λ πιογλι πιογλι ερ το λιαχωρικ έ πεαμιλιώωπι Πιλρχηέπιςκοπος λε λα ερ ογλβοτ κι έξοος δα τοτος εα ερ
- ρκ. Β. κλθηκιη διμωος ογος εστελβο διμωος è πιθωω à τεκκληειλ μεπένεως λασωλ è τεσβακι δεη ογηιωτ à ρλωι Πογρο δε κέςλη- 15 θος μεμ πινήω τηρα ατέ τβακι μαςτ ωος δι φτ ογος μας ερ è τιμαμ à πιλειος ιωληνης πιέπιςκοπος μεμ πεσκημος σε ογηι μας ερ προκοπτιη πε δεη τοβω ατέ πος Μενένελ εληκοςς à èξοος πέσε πιέπιςκοπος èθ ογαβ 20 βι πογρο σε μαρέν κωτ à ογεκκληειλ è φραη
- ρκλ. λ. μ πιαρχημαγγελος έθ ογαβ | μιχαιίλ Πογρο Δε πεχας μας ζε αρι φογωω τηρς μτεκιμάχη ὼ πεμιωτ τεμςεβτωτ ε ςωτεμ η ςωκ Πιεπιςκοπός δε έθ ογαβ ιωλημης αςει ςεμή εμ 25 †εκκληςιλ ογος μαρε μα ήβακι τηρς ή η τότος μεμίας πε ογος βεμ ογμιωή η ςπογάμ αςτοκς έβολ ογος αςή μ πεςλωβω η η η

λβοτ Πιεπισκόπος δε έθ ογαβ ιωλννής ας ερ λειλζιν ή πιτοπος ή σογ ικ ή πιλβότ ρκλ. β. λθωρ ή φραν ή πιαρχημαγελός | μιχαηλ Ογος λ πωαι ή πιαρχημαγελός μιχαηλ ωωπι εσοι ή διπλογη έ πιωαι ή πιαρχημαγελός δε νεμ πωαι ή πιαριασμός ήτε †εκκλησιλ Μενενό πογρο νεμ πιωηώ τηρα εγσοπ ήτε †πολις έ πιερφει ήτε πιζεγς αγροκζα Ογος πιδεμων έτ δαληογτ έ πιλωλόν ασωω έβολ εσχω 10 μμος σε ακ βισι νηι έμιλωω ω ιωαννής ακζιττ έβολδεν πα μανωωπι Πογρο δε ασ

ρκβ. λ. θρογ κωτ η ογνιωτ η εκκληςιά | δεη φηωιτ η πιερφει αφτ φραν η πιαποςτολός έρος Πιάγιος δε ιωαννής αφτάχρο η ογόν νίβεν 15 δεν πιναςτ όγος ναγτ ώση ναφ είτεν όγον νίβεν Κωσταντίνος δε πογρό έταφς ωτεν έθβε εωβ νίβεν έθ νάνες έ νάρε ιωαννής ήρι η η η η η η ογεπιστολή αφτές έρος εθρές κιος έρος νέμος τες δανιήλ η βερι πιρέςτακο η νιίδωλον τάμοα δε ήτε

ркв. в. †ентіас | нас† єпанаї йіміній нієдооу тироу йте піагіос ішанине дітен пашаї й нішфирі єт à ф† єре енергін йімшоу єводді 25 тота А тетеннау ш наменра† є †хом йте ф† нем німетшандона йте піархнаггедос єю оуав міханд Тенхімі й п†до йіміханд

βεν πρωτ ѝ νιχρως τηρογ ѝτε τκοι ειτεν νεντωβε ѝ νιχληλ έρε νιωωνν † ѝ πογκλρπος Τενχινι ѝ π†20 ѝ νιχληλ βεν νιέχηογ

- ρκτ. λ. ίτε εγωσηρ ίτε εγμονι | τενχινι κ πίζο κ μιχληλ δεν νιλοκιτης ετ δεν νιτωογ εqt 5 χομ νωογ δεν νογλοκγοις Τενχινι κ πίζο κ μιχληλδεν πθωογ τ ε δογν κ νιμογναχος εqοι κ ειρηνικον δεν τογμητ Τενχινι κ πίζο κ μιχληλ δεν νενωληλ κ νιέπις κοπος νεν νιτηρες εγτερος νεν νιλιλκων είχεν τρλπηζα 10 Τενχινι κ πίζο κ μιχληλ δεν νη ετ ωωνι
- ρκτ. Β. εqt σομ ηωογ ογος εqταλδο ήμωογ Τεησικι ή πtο ή μιχαμλ εqωοπ ή βοηθος ή
 ημ έτογεος ες ήμωογ δεη ηιδικαστηριοή
 Τεησικι ή πtο ή μιχαμλ πιαρχημαγελός 15
 εq ερ βοηθια έ ημ έτ δεη ηικολας απλώς
 ημ έτ οηδ qt σομ ηωογ δεη ηογλημαγκη
 ογος ημ έθ ηωογτ qto è φt έξρηι εσωογ
 εθρεσημί ηωογ Μιμ γαρ δεη ηιδικεός τηρογ
 έτε ήπε πιαρχηληγελός μιχαμλ εωλ ωαρός 20
- ΡΚΣ. Α. ΝΤΕΥ Τ ΣΟΜ ΝΑΥ ΘΕΝ ΝΕΥΑΝΑΓΚΗ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΙΜ ΘΕΝ ΝΙΜΑΡΤΥΡΟΟ ΕΤΕ ΜΠΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΙ-ΧΑΗΛ Ι ΦΑΡΟΥ ΝΤΕΥΝΑΖΜΟΥ ΕΒΟΛΘΕΝ ΝΟΥ-ΘΑΥΨΙΟ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΝΟΥΒΑΟΑΝΟΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΤΕΥΤ ΣΟΜ ΝΦΟΥ ΙΟ ΖΗΠΠΕ ὼ ΝΑ ΜΕΝΡΑΤ ΑΝΕΝΙ Ε 25 ΘΜΕΤΜΑΙΡΦΜΙ ΝΙ ΦΤ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΤΖΟ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΑΡ-ΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΣΕ ΥΦΟΠ Μ ΠΡΕΟΒΕΥΤΗΟ Ν ΤΜΕΤΡΦΜΙ ΤΗΡΟ ΕΥΤΖΟ ΕΖΡΗΙ ΕΧΦΟΥ ΝΑΖΡΕΝ

φ† φιωτ εθρες και κωού τηρού ούος ήτες ρκδ. β. σούτων πουκωιτ Ακόν σων μαρέντ κας ή και έτ εςούλωου ούος ήτες ωνό ούος ήτες του είναι ήτες μετιτική σού ούος ήτες του είναι και με ότος ότος ήτεν ωπι δεν ούσεν ήτεν ωπι δεν ούσεν ήτεν μενιτικός που που που του του πετιαικό που τε ούλουτη ες ωού πε τκαταλαλία Ούνοβι ες ούλουτη ες ωού πε τκαταλαλία Ούνοβι ες ούλουτη ες πορνιά ούσου που του που που του του που τ

ρκε. λ. νεμ ογμετεμκι τε η Τψγχη νεμ πισωμα Ογωφηρ ήτε πιδιλβολος πε Τποραίλ ογδαδί τε ήτε φτ νεμ νεσαγγελος ογωογμοςτ τε ή αιχρηςτίδησε ογωφηρ τε ήτε πτλίω Τνογ σε νλωμρι μαρενειογί ςλβολ ήμων ή νιμωίτ το έτ δλδεμ ήτενμοωι δεν νιμωίτ έθ νληεγ νεμ νιμωίτ έτ σογτων Μαρενμοωι δεν ογμετλονι ήπε γαμος γλρ εστογβηση δλδεμ ρωμι ένες Αναγ è μωγ-

ρκε. Β. CHC έτας αχι νεμ φ† η φο η coπ è ογου 20 ητας μιλαγ ητες εξιμι νεμ νες ωμρι ήπεναιω † σροπ νας έβογν è πισος εμπαλιώ ήπενα θρενταώε πισαχι ηξογό εθε ναι σερωώι γαρ έρου ήχε νευμεθρεγ η †παλελ νεμ †γεννη λοιπον μαρένσεκ πισαχι έβολ ήτεν 25 έχεν φη έτ ενέρ ωλι νας η φοογ πιαρχήας γελος έθ ογαβ μιχαηλ έρε παι ωλι γαρ ή φοογ ερ χριλ αν ή μετραμάδ ες ογωμ ες σω

- ρκς. Β. Αιμαγατά έρε πιζηκί | ζωά ωωνι η ατ σεν πεαωίνι Ναρωνίι αν νε νιεντολή αλλά να φτ νε φτ γαρ ανάτ ζα πενιγενός η νίρωνιι ζίτεν νιεντολή έτ οβούτ βεν νιεγαγγελίον 15 λοιπον ναμένρα ταρέντελος πισακλ βεν ούζητ εαςούντων ζίνα ήτεαδί ζωοτ έζρηι έσων ναζρέν φτ τα ήνως νωτέν σε έρε πικόςμος τηρά ταζηού έρατα ζίτεν νέντζο ή μισακλ νέν να τπαρθένος 20 έθ ούαβ τθεοδοκός μαρίλ τνού σε ναρέντ
- ρκζ. λ. ωογ μωογ | Σεμ πιῶογ ἐτ ερ πρεπι κι πλι ωλι τηλγ γαρ Σε λ πιμαγ ωωπι εθρεμτ κι πεμ ογοι μτεμςωκ ἐβολ μ μιμγοτηριομ ἐθ ογαβ μτεμτ ῶογ κι φμ ἐτ ερε ῶογ μιβεμ 25 ερ πρεπι μας πεμ δε ογος πεμμογτ ογος πεμ εωτηρ ιπε πχε φλι ἐτε ἐβολςι τοτς ἐρε ῶογ μιβεμ μεμ πλοο μιβεμ μεμ προς-

KYNHCIC NIBEN EP ΠΡΕΠΙ Μ΄ ΦΙΦΤ ΝΕΜΑΟ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΠΠΑ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ Μ΄ ΡΕΟΤΑΝΌΟ ΟΥΟΣ Η ΟΝΟ-ΟΥCIOC ΝΕΜΑΟ ΤΝΟΥ ΝΕΜ Η CHOY ΝΙΒΕΝ ΝΕΝ ΦΑ ΕΝΕΣ ΉΤΕ ΝΙΕΝΕΣ ΤΗΡΟΥ

AMHM.

5



ρκη. Β. ογενκωνιου ε λατλογος με πι επλ εγετλθιος πιέπιςκοπος μτε †τρλκη †νηςος πιμλ ετ λ †ογρω ερ εξωρίζιν ει πιλρίος ιωλνημο πιχρηςοςτομός έρος πίμλ ετλάσωκ έβολ ει βητς. ετλάτλογο δε ει πλι εγκωνιου ει 5

рх. Л. Битц он è полі й пілрхийгрейос | è оулв михлий бен соу їв й пійвот пломі флі èт л пімлкаріос гісент ймоц бен псахі батги йпате цха сома èбриі ацсахі он й битц ебве оуромі й бині è пецран пе йрістархос 10 нем тецсгімі й маіноут еуфумий теункдитіки ацхе гликоухі де он бен тбан

λάσε βλικούσι δε ου βευ 1920 Μ΄ παι εγκωνίου ѝ ούωτ ε φυ εθ ούαβ ὶ ωαννής πιχρηςοςτομός εγώου ѝ ττρίας εθ ούαβ βευ ούδιρηνή ώτε φτ. λίημη.

15

ρλ. β Τηλογωή | η ρωί δεη δληπαραβολή ογος ητακαχί η ημ έτ εμπ δεη πάλας κατά πολχί 20 γι πιέρογψαλτής αλγία φιωτ η πχς κατά κατά κατά ελρε. Ντάωω έβολ έξοτε εμβί μίβεη ήχω нем моусікой нем сумвалой нем кубара оуог йтахос го нем пібни хе фаре пасгелос й пбс гікот й пкоф й ин ет ер гоф Батец ги оуог йтециагмоу. Мареноуог ой ёхей псахі й піпрофитис йтейхос хе 5

- ρλα. Α. φαι πε πιέγοος | έτ α πός θανμος μαρενθωος ήτενθελικό ογος ήτενογνος ήμιον όν βιτη βεν ογβρωος ήμιαγατς αν αλλα βεν ογογνος ή ραψι εςαπωωι ή ραψι νίβεν. Τέννας γαρ έ πιρεςθαμιό ήτε πιέπτηρς 10 εςθογητ νένιαν ήφοος βεν παριστον ή πεςνιώς ή αρχηαγγέλος έθ ογαβ μηχακά πιαρχηστικός ήτε τζονι ή νίφηος). Μιν πε έτεν την ερωλί αν εςναγ έ πογρο ήτε νίογρωος ογος πός ήτε σαρζ νίβεν εςθογητ 15
- ρλλ. Β. ἐ | Δογη ἐ παι ηι ἐθ ογαβ ἡι φοογ εqt ταιὸ ἡ πεq ηιω † ἡ αρχηςτρατγλατης ἐθ μες ἡι ωογ μηχαηλ πιαρχωη ἡτε φογωινι. Μινι πε ἐτεν qua ερ φοριν αν ἡι ογεεβςω ἡι ῶογ εqθογητ ὲ παι ηι ἐθ ογαβ ἡι φοογ εqογωμ ἐβολδεν 20 πιλραθον ἐτ α πιογρο ογος πωηρι ἡι πιογρο ςεβτωτογ ναν δεν νεαδιπνον δεν παραςτον ἡι πιαρχηαργελος ἐθ ογαβ μηχαηλ. Μιχινογωμ ἐταγχαγ δαρων ἡι φοογ εανςαρκικον αν ναι ἐωλκ ερ πωβω ἡπογογνος μενενς 25 θρεκογωνι ἐβολ ἡι δητογ. Αλλα νιχινογωμ
- $\overline{p}\overline{\lambda}\overline{B}$. A. \overline{e} TAYCEBTWT | OY NAN \widehat{n} фооу псшма \widehat{n} ф† пе фаі \overline{e} TAY ер форін \widehat{n} Мооу Бен өнехі \widehat{n}

Τπαρθενός εθ ογαβ μαριά †ειέβι η ατ θωλεβ φαι έταςτης βαρου ωατεςτογχου έβολει τότς η πίχαχι. Πιηρπ έταγχας βαρών η φοογ ογηρη η εγλικόν αν πε φαι έωανςω η βητε ητένθιβι ογος ήτε ογμετατωάς ωωπι 5 η βητεν. Αλλά πισμός πε έτ α πιματοι χότε πόφιρ η φ† πιλογός ει πισταγρός αφφούς εβολ βαρού ωατε ς τογχού έβολβεν

- ρλε. λ. φοογ ενσωκ έβολ η βητη ή π ερ φμεγί 20 ή πεςταιο νεμ πεςτοπος έτανκοτς βεν πεςταιο έθ ογαβ. Ζαρα τετενίρι ή φμεγί ή θωτεν αν ή εγφημιά † εγνκλητική τεζινι ή αρισταρχός πεςτρατγλατής φαι έτα πογρο ή εγςεβης οννογρίος θαως ζίσεν † ημέσε ήτε 25 † ρακή. Τετένς ωσήν γαρ τηρογ ώ πίλαος ή μαιχρί σε ογεγςεβής πε έμαωω πε πίςτρατγλατής έτεμμαγ έτ ερ μέθρε ωαρος

ειτεν ογον νίβεν σε νεφωλήλ νεμ νεφνέθ
ρλί. β να ταγὶ ἐξρηι κὶ πεμθο κὶ φτ κὶ φρητ κορνηλίος κὶ πισησ. Παι ρωμι ἐτ ταιμογτ ἐτεμμαγ αρισταρχος πιστρατγλατής ὶς σεν ἐταφδι κὶ πιωμς ἐθ ογαβ ἐβολειτοτη κὶ πενίωτ 5 ἐτ ταιμογτ ογος κὶπαρεςτοβω πινιωτ ὶωλημης το το ἐβολ εςτ ὰγαπη νέμ εληπροςφορα κὶ σογ ῖβ κατα ὰβοτ βεν φραν κὶ πιαρχημαγγέλος ἐθ ογαβ μίχαμλ. Νέμ σογ κα ον κατα ὰβοτ βεν φραν κὶ τπαρθένος το ὲθ ογαβ μαριὰ νέμ σογ κθ ον κατα ὰβοτ ἐτε πὲξοογ κὶ μιςι πε κὶ πενός ιπς πιςς εγτ

ρλδ. λ. ѝ εληπροςφορλ μεμ ελημετηλητ | ѝ ατ δί μπι διμώση è π ερ φμεγὶ δι φ† πιλογος. Μθος οι πιρωμι ѝ θμηι λεφωπι εξίρι δι 15 παι ρη† ѝ ογ μιω† ѝ сноу. Μενενέλ και δε λ πεςτογ σωκ έβολ εθρεςωε νλς ελ πλζ δι φρη† ѝ ρωμι μιβεν ογος λεμογ† è εγφη μιλ † εγηκλητική τεςτειμι πέχλη νλς. Σε τλέωμι ὶς εμππε τένλη έροι σε λ πλ εμογ 20 σωκ έβολ εθριεωλ έρλτη δι πδε δι φρη† ѝ μλιο† τηρογ. Αρεςωτεμ εωι è μιεβωσηὶ ѝ

ρλδ. Β. ωης ἐταγεοηξεη ἐμωος ἐ τοτεη | με πιτριεμακαριος ὰ ιωτ ὶωανημε φαι ἐτ α ται ημε ος τηρε δι ογωινι ἐβολει τοτη ογος 25 αγεογεη φ \dagger . Εγμήω γαρ ὰ εοπ ὰρεςωτεμ ὲβολει τοτη δεη νεμαώς ὰ πηι ἐιμο σε ἐιμοη π ετ οι ὰ νιω \dagger ὲ \dagger λγαπη. Ογος οη σε

фарепнацфоуфоу ймод ехен †крисис апамс й п ке сепі й місахі й содсед ётадхотоу нам евве поухаі й менфухн йхе пініф† етеммау їшаминс доіпон гиппе †гонген

- ρλε. λ. έτστ κι φοος είχω κι φτ βεν τλωνή νένι 5 ε βλτλεν κίπατ αι εβολβεν παι κοςμός σε χας κνη χα τοτ εβολβεν νη ετενίρι κιμώσος τος δεν σος κι πίλβοτ πέζοος κι πιαρχηληγελός εθ ογαβ μιχαμλ νέμ βεν σος κα ον κι εξοος κι τογρωθίας δεν σος κα δε ον κι εξοος κι μισι κι φτ πίλογος. Ανας σε ον κίπερ ερ καταφρονιν κι τπροσφορα κτε πιαρχηληγελός εθ ογαβ μιχαμλ σε ογηι κιθος έτ τωβς έσεν ογον νίβεν σε χας κτεςτωβς 15
- ρλε. Β. έζρηι | έχων κι πεμθο κι φ† ύτες ερογηλι κι αγαπη μεμαν ύτεςωνη έρος κι ταψύχη κι ταλεπωρος. Μθος δε †ς είμι κι ς αβη έτεμ μας πέχας κι πές αι σε πάδε ογος πας ον ς ομό κίχε πός φαι έταννας† έρος σε †μαχω 20 έφαζος αν δεν νη έτ ακογαζελενι κιμωος νηι αλλα †νατογζο έζρηι έχωος κιζογό. Πλην ογον ογελί δεν παζητ †ογωω εθρεκ ερ πληροφορίν κιμοι κι δητός ογος κτες σοκο νηι έβολ δα τζη κιπατε κχα εωμά έδρηι. 25

 $\overline{p}\overline{\lambda}\overline{s}$. A. $\widetilde{N}\theta oq$ de hexad hac be substituted in $\widetilde{p}\theta o\gamma \omega \omega$ and $\widetilde{p}\theta o\gamma \omega \omega$

εθρεκογαζοαζηι η ογζωκραφος εθρεφφωτς ημι έβολ η φλγημη η πιαρχηληγελος έθ ογαβ μιχαμά ε ογφωςι η ωε ητεκτηις ημι ηταχας ε βογη ε πικοιτωη ε τηκοτ η βητφ. Ογος ητεκτηίτ ε τοτα ζως παραθηκή σε χας 5 ακωανί εβολβεη ςωμα ητεαμωπι εαρωίς έροι ογος εανοζεμ ημοι έβολζα μεγί νίβεη ετ χωογ ήτε ποατανας. | Επι αμ ακωανί

ρλπ. λ. ѝ сон маре пекна! Ταζοι ѝτεκθωτ ѝ πα ζητ βεν παι κε ςαχι ζινα χε èpe πα ζητ ναχω èβολ ογος ѝτα ερ θαρπι χε ѝιμον ζλι νε πιβογλη νατωογνογ èχωι ακωανχα ςωμα 15 èβρηι. Йθος αε πεχας νας χε ζωβ νιβεν ὲτε èpeτιν ѝιμωογ †ςεβτωτ èχοκ ογν èβολ ζως èpe ςωογν χε ѝιπι † ѝικας ѝ ζητ πε βεν ζλι ѝ ζωβ èνες. ѝθος αε πεχας νας χε †ογωω εθρεκτηιτ è τοτς ѝι πιαρχηληγελος 20 èθ ογαβ μιχαηλ φαι èτακ ερ ζωγραφιν ѝιμος è ται φωχι ѝ ωε ογος ѝτεκ†ξο èρος èξρηι

ρλπ. β. έχωι χε χας έφεωωπι η ναωή νηι ωα πιέ-200γ η πα μογ. Χε ακωανί έβολδεν ςωμα ήμον ελι η εελπις η ωνό ήτηι ήμαγ έβηλ 25 έ φή νεν πιαρχημαγγελός μιχαηλ. Κε γαρ κοωογν χε ωαρε ής είνι η χηρα ογωμ η . πεςώικ δεν ογρικι νεν ογφιά εον. Νοοφ де пестратулатно ётароштем ё нагар ер йкаг й гнт ёхен наголгій холн есхо ймооу над плин над ер ффиргй песиф† й наг† ёЬоун ё піархилігелос ёв оуав

- ρλο. Β. τεικων γι φ† πιπαντοκρατωρ εμππε †† 15 è τοτκ γι φοος γι εγφηνιά τα ςεινιι γι φρητ γι ογπαραθική σε πας έκερωις έρος ογοε γιτεκναενές έβολεα πιβογλη νίβεν γιτεκναενές εβολος πιβογλη νίβεν γιτεκναενές εγβολοί για έκες ωτέν έρος ογοε γιτεκναενές νίπου ελι γι εκλπις γιταν έβηλ è φ† νένακ. Ναι σε έτας ωτέν έρωος γίσε εγφηνιά αςραωι έναωω ογοε ας ερ θαριν δεν ογνιωτ γι ναεν σε γιων ελι γι κοτς γιτε πίπασι ναωσένταση έρος αν ίσσεν παι 25 νας σε ογον γιτας γιτας γιτας γιτας γιτας γιτας και το παι 25 νας σε ογον γιτας γιτ
- \overline{p} \overline{n} . A. Mixahà eqpwic èpoc. Menenca nai de ac- \hat{w} \hat{n} \hat{n}

νελος φωτε έρος αςταεος è ρατς δεν πικωιτων èτ εςνκοτ à δητη. Αςωωπι δε ες è πωωι δα †εικων à εανςθοι à ογηι ναωεν- ςογενογ ογος ναρε ογφανός μος èρος πε à πιέξοογ νεν πιέχωρε δεν ογμεταθμογνίς 5 ογος ναςογωωτ άμος πε à τ à coπ à μηνι εςερέτιν άμος έσγβοθοιά νας. Αςωωπι δε

рм. в. мененса наг | à фф шиг йса пібусевно арістархос пістратудатно фагётан вршорп йтаоу è пефран Бахен оукоухі афше наф 10 è фишіт й ршні нівен. Тогімі де йсаве буфимій фоунклитіки фогімі й арістархос пістратедатно йпе сха тото ёводбен несагапн èт боірі йімшоу нем неспросфора наг è наре пістратудатно їрі йімшоу ёті 15 брон йпате фіоу бен фран й піархнаго гелос èв оуав міханд. Оуог насіно йімос пе è тоуго è хшоу èмашш пара пісноу è

ΡΜΑ. Α. ΝΑΡΕ ΠΕC ΖΑΙ | WN Β. Πιδιαβολος δε μ ΠιΜοςτε π εθ νανε η νίβεν μτε πενγενος 20
ὶς σεν φορπ μπε ηφαλι έρος εσναγ ε νι π
εθ νανεγ έρε ται ς είμι ὶρι μμφογ βεν φραν
μ πιαρχηληγελος εθ ογαβ μιχαηλ ασχος
έρος αφογωφ ε τακο μ πεςβέχε φαι ετ ες
σογωτ έβολ βα σως εβολείτεν φτ. Ας ωωπι 25
δε μ ογέξοος αφδί νας μ ογέχημα μ μογναχη έρε ξαν κε δεμών μοψι νέμας μ
πομοτ η ξανπαρθένος ογος νας νας δι ογέχη-

ΡΜΑ. Β. ΜΑ Ν ΝΟΥΒ ΑΦΙ ΑΦΟΣΙ È ΡΑΤΟ ΒΑΤΕΝ ΦΡΟ Ν ΠΕ ΟΥ ΑΕ ΑΣΟ Ο ΝΑΣΗ ΚΑΗΤΙΚΗ ΤΟ ΖΙΝΙ Ν ΑΡΙΟΤΑΡΧΟΟ ΠΙΟΤΡΑΤΥΛΑΤΗΟ ΣΕΙΟ ΟΥΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΟ ΝΙΜΟΥΝΑΧΗ Ο ΖΙ È ΡΑΤΟ ΖΙΡΕΝ 5 ΠΙΡΟ Ε ΟΥ ΜΟΨ È ΕΡ ΠΡΟΟΚΥΝΙΝ ΝΙΜΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΟ ΚΕ ΘΕΡΙ ΕΘ ΝΑΝΕΟ. ΤΟ ΖΙΝΙ ΔΕ Ν CABE È ΤΕΜΜΑΥ È ΤΑ COUTEN È ΝΑΙ CASI ΑΟ È BOΛΖΑ ΠΙΜΑΖ Α Ν ρο ΝΤΕ ΠΕ ΟΝΟ ΑCOYAZCAZΝΙ ΕΘΡΟΥΕΝΟ È ΒΟΥΝ ΘΑΡΟΟ Ε ΟΝΕΥΊ ΣΕ ΟΥΜΟΥ- 10 ΝΑΧΗ Ν ΤΑΦΝΗΙ ΤΕ. ΟΥΟΖ ΕΤ Α ΝΙ ΚΕ

ΡΜΒ. Λ. ΕΒΙλὶΚ ὶ ΕΒΟΛ ΑΥΝΑΥ ΕΡΟΟ ΝΘΟΟ ΠΙΣΙΆΒΟΛΟς
ΕΘΌΖΙ Ε΄ ΡΑΤΟ ΕΘ ΕΡ ΦΟΡΙΝ Ν ΟΥ ΕΧΗΝΙΑ Ν
ΝΟΥΣ ΑΥΟΥΜΩΤ ΝΙΝΙΟΟ ΟΥ ΟΖ ΑΥΟΥΑΖΕΑΖΝΙ
ΝΑΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΗ Ε΄Θ ΝΕΝΙΑΟ Ε΄ Ι Ε΄ΘΟΥΝ. ΠΙΣΙΆ-15
ΒΟΛΟΕ ΣΕ ΑΘΙ Ε΄ΘΟΥΝ ΕΡΕ ΠΕΟΖΟ ΦΑΖΤ ΕΠΕΟΗΤ
Ζως ΜΟΥΝΑΧΗ Ν ΤΑΦΗΗΙ ΟΥ ΟΖ ΝΗ Ε΄Θ ΜΟΩΙ
ΝΕΜΑΟ ΝΑΥ ΙΡΙ Ν΄ ΠΑΙ ΡΗ ΟΝ ΠΕ. ΕΥΦΗΜΙΆ
ΣΕ ΤΕΥΝΚΑΗΤΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΕΝΑΥ Ε΄ΡΟΕ ΘΕΝ ΠΑΙ
ΕΧΗΜΑ ΝΙ ΠΑΙ ΡΗ Ας ΕΡ ΩΦΗΡΙ ΕΜΑΏΦ Ν΄ 20
ΠΕΟΝΙΩΤ Ν ΘΕΒΙΟ Ας Τωνις Ας ΑΝΟΝΙ ΝΙΜΟΟ Ν΄

рыв. в. ходем епі дн ад ер форім й оусхнма і й сгімі пе асода è боум è песні. Ётадфог де è пікоітом піма èре тгіком йі піархнартейос міхана й бита ад ер гот йхе пі-25 діаводос è год è боум йвод мем ин èв мемад. Тсгімі де й сави èтеммау мастатіо мас пе есхо ймос хе арі тагапи

ΤΑΜΕΝΡΙΤ Ν COMI ΝΤΕ Ι Ε ΔΟΥΝ Ε ΠΑΙ ΚΟΙΤΟΝ ΝΤΕΝΕ ΦλΗλ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΦΟΠΙ Ν ΔΗΤ Q. ΕΠΙ ΔΗ ΤΕΡΜΕΘΡΕ ΝΕ Ν ΠΕΜΘΟ Ν ΦΤ ΝΕΜ ΠΕQ-ΑΡΧΗΆΓΓΕλΟΣ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΙΧΑΗλ ΣΕ ΙΣΣΕΝ ΠΙΕ-200Υ ΕΤ Α ΠΑ ΠΑΚΑΡΙΟΣ Ν ΖΑΙ ΑΡΙΣΤΑΡΧΟΣ 5

ρπιρ. λ. ώτου διμος ωλ τυος διπε ογρωμι δι ογωτ ερ ςλ δογυ δι φρο δι πλι κοιτων έβηλ έ νλ εβιλίκ δι ς είνιι διμαγατος. Νλι έτ ω εμω ωι υμι δι μιχριλ ότε πισωμά μεμ μιξιόμι δι εγγενης δι ς γυκλητική έθ υμος ωλ ροι 10 λγδι δι πλ ωινι κατα ογλραπη ότε φτ. Ας ερ ογω δίχε πιλιλβολός εςοι δι πομοτ δι τημογναχή εςω δίμος σε εθβε ογ ρω δίπε ρωμι δι έ δογυ δευ φρο δι πεκοιτων ζολως ρω μαι νιβευ έτε διμου χωος το δητη δίμου 15

ρπις. Β. ελι μι βομθιλ | μτε φ† μι βητα λη. Μιξιομι τηρογ ετ εισεη πκαξι σεξεμεί μεμ πογελι έβηλ è ται σειμι μι ογωτ σε μαριλ θμαγ μι πχς. Λοιποη έωωπ τεογωω è ρανας μι φ† βεη πεξητ τηρα τη τοδηί με è πιξωβ èθ 20 μανεγ μι πεμθο μι πδς. μθος σε πεσας σε αω νε. Πεσε πιδιλβολος νας σε èπι ση τεσωγη σε κγρι ήλαριχος πινιω τ λαπρχος φαι èτ οι μι νιω τ βεη πιασπασμος ήτε πογρο οννογρίος πασγρεθής πε ογος αβεντ è 25

рма. л. 6 до рен педгенос от да тецсгімі мот ватен й наі егоот. Лоіпон етацсфтем хе адійтон імод йхе пегаі арістархос пістратулатно ет таіноут адхос хе оудікеон ан пе ефрі бі сгімі едшнш пара рог
Бен па таіо. Алла фиатшит йтабі ниі й
еуфимій фоунклитіки ет ейфо пе оуог
фиатаншо й теобихі пара пішорп й соп іс 5
наі таіо адтнітоу ниі хе миітоу не хе
йтафет пегит è гемсі немад оунішф гар
рма. в. Бен піпаллатішн оуог поуро меі йінод.

Ογος σεν τογνος λαταμος ε ογμιω ν νος νεν τογνος λαταμος ε ογμιω ν νος νεν τος σεν νεακος και νος νεν ογως ε τος δεν νεακος ετ εφογωω ε ερ ελλ νιμος σε ν νεακοτς ετ εωος. Νθος σε τς μινι εμλωω λς ερ ογώ σεν ογνιωτ ν νιετρεμρλος χε ν λω ν ριτ ογονωχομ νιμοι ε ερ ογεωβ νι πλι ριτ σεν πλ ογωω νιμοι ε το ογεωβ νι πλι ριτ σεν πλ ολλλτωρ ετ λ πλ μλι κλριος ν ελι τιιτ ε τοτα σαλλογλες λει νιι κλριος ν ελι τιιτ ε τοτα σαλλογλες κλι νιι επολωμο ογος λαωλιογλες λει νιι νιι επολωτικού και νιι νιι επολωτικού και και νιι επολωτικού και νι επολωτικού και νιι επολωτικού και νι επολωτικού και νι

ρΜΕ. Β. ΕΘΡΈΣωκ ΈΒΟλ ѝ ΝΙΕΝΤΟΛΗ ΝΤΕ ΠΟΌ ΟΥΟΖ ΖΗΠΠΕ ΆΡΕ ΨωΠΙ ΆΡΕ ΖΙΨΟΥΤ ѝ ЬΗΤΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ. ΚΕ ΓΑΡ ΑΥΣΟΟ ΝΣΕ ΠΟΌ ΣΕ ΦΗ ΕΘ ΝΑΖΕΊ ЬΕΝ ΟΥΕΝΤΟΛΗ Ν ΟΥ ΜΤ ΑΥΨΟΠΙ ΕΥΖΙΨΟΥΤ Ν ЬΗΤΟΥ ΤΗΡΟΥ ΟΥΟΖ ΤΕΌ ΕΟΝ ΣΑΥΙΣ ΣΟ ΜΝΙΟΌ ΕΝ ΠΙΜΑΖ Ε Μ ΨΑΛΜΟΌ ΣΕ ΠΟΌ ΝΑΤΑΚΕ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΤ CASI Ν ΤΜΕΘΝΟΥΣ ΟΥΟΖ ΆΡΕ ΨΟΠΙ ΆΡΕ ΣΕ ΜΕΘΝΟΥΣ ΦΤ ΝΑΤΑΚΟ Ν ΧΟΛΕΜ ΜΗ ΜΠΕ ΣΟΟ ΝΗΙ ЬΑ ΤΖΗ Ν ΟΥΚΟΥΣΙ ΣΕ ΙΟΣΕΝ 10

ρης. Δ. πιέζοος έτ α πα ζαι ὶ έβολθεν ςωμα ωα ε βογν ε τνος μπε ογρωμι η ογωτ ερ ςαβογν ε φρο η πα κοιτων ωα έβρηι ε να κε έβιαικ. Ας ερ ογώ ήνε εγφημιά νε θημί πε τνω ήμος νε ογος ογμεθνος αν πε 15 τνω ήμος ώ τα ςωνι έτ ταιμοςτ. Τωρκ νε η φτ πιπαντωκρατωρ νεμ πεσνιωτ η αρχηαγγελος έθ ογαβ μιχαλλ φαι έτας βωτεβ η πιζος η αρχεός νε ιςνέν πιέζοος έτ α πα μακαρίος η ζαι ὶ εβολβεν ςωμα 20 ωα εβογν ε φοος η έζοος ήπε ογρωμι η

ρμς. Β. ογωτ ερ ςαβογη è φρο è πα κοιτωη ογαε è πι ερ ανέχεσθε εθρογ βωντ è βογη èροι σε χας à τογναγ è πα εο è πτηρα. Ας ερ ογώ è με πιδιάβολος εςοι èι πεμοτ à τμογ-25 ναχη πέχας à εγφημιά τογναλητική σε à ωορπ μεν àρε σος èπε ογρωμι à ογωτ ì èβογη ωα ροι ìςσεη èτ α πα εαι èτον èμος.

Τνογ Σε εμππε λρε ερ νοβι ογος τκε λνοκια λρε Σοκ εβολ εμππε λρε Σε νιεθνογ λρε ώρκ η νογ . ΜΗ τίπε Σος νηι βα τεμ η

- ρΜζ. Δ. Ογκογχι ΣΕ ΧΑς ѝ φορπ ὰτα φε κηι ἐ βογκ ἐ πα κοιτωκ ὰταςοδκι ἐ πα κογλατωρ ἐτ 5 α πα εαι τηιτ ἐ τότα ἐπατ εαὶ ἐβολβεκ κωμα κια πικογλαταρ ογρωκιι ακ πε κια φαγκτε ὰ εογτ κογλατωρ ἐ εεικι ἐκεε ογκ όγα όγοι ογρωκιι ἐ βογκ βεκ πεκοιτωκ του όγο ογος παι κε ογαι οι ἐφ οςοκ αισεκι το παι ρωκι ει βογκ βεκ πεκοιτωκ ἐ αρε σε μεθκογς ὲ σωα όγος ὰρε ωρκ ὰ κογς ὰ ταφεπτό τα ὲ πτηρα ὰι πα εγγγενης αρε ψακὶ και ὰτε μετρακιαὸ τηρς. † εεικι ρπζ. Β. Σε ὰ ςαβι εγφηκιὶ λαιετα ρως ὰ ςωβι 15
- ΡΜΖ. Β. ΣΕ ѝ СΑΒΗ ΕΥΦΗΝΙΑ ΑCNET Ο ΡΟΟ ѝ СΟ ΕΙ 15

 ΔΕΝ ΟΥ COUBL Ἡ ΠΠΑΤΙΚΟΝ ΟΥ OZ ΠΕΣΑ C Ἡ ΠΙ
 ΔΙΑΒΟΛΟ C E QOL Ἡ Π C ΜΟΤ ὰ ΤΜΟΥΝΑΧΗ ΣΕ ὼ

 ΤΑ COUNT ΠΑΙ ZOB ΡΟΟ ΣΕ ZEMCI ΝΕΜ ΖΑΙ ΟΥΜΕΤΑΤΣΟΜ ΝΗΙ ΠΕ ΦΑΙ ΟΥ OZ ΤΣΟ ἩΜΟ C ΝΕ

 ΣΕ ΟΥ ΜΟΝΟΝ ΝΙΧΡΗΜΑ ΕΤ ΑΡΕ ΕΝΟΥ ΝΕΜ 20

 ΝΙΚΟ C ΜΗ ΟΙ ΜΙΧΡΗΜΑ ΕΤ ΘΕΝ ΠΙΠΑΛΑΤΙΟΝ ἩΤΕ

 ΟΝΝΟΥΡΙΟ C ΠΙΟΥΡΟ ѝ ΕΥ C ΕΒΗ C ΝΕΜ ΝΙΚΟ C ΜΗ C IC

 ΕΤ ΘΟΠ ΝΑ Q ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΧΡΗΜΑ ἩΤΕ ΠΑΙ

 ΚΟ C ΜΟ C ΤΗΡΟ ἡ ΝΕ C ΘΟΠΙ ἩΜΟΙ ΕΘΡΙ ΕΡ ΠΑΡΑ- 25
- рмп. а. венін і і пісунонки ёт аісеминтоў нем па макаріос и даі арістархос пістратулатно бутаіноўт Мта ер кшіншнін нем ке ршмі

й шеммо ша фше ині в рата вітоувноут EBOY SY ROBEM MIBEN OLOS VIZOC ZE LIYκογλατωρ έν δογν δεν πα κοιτων ογος ή † ΣΕ ΜΕΘΝΟΥΣ ΑΝ ΠΙΚΟΥΆΛΤωρ ÈT A ΠΑ ΘC À ZAI тніт є тото охор єготе коудатшр мівем 5 ием иιογρωογ τηρογ ήτε πικοςмос. Φλι д ер хрій ин ефреке отал тамод ефве рмп. в. оүновт те бөве оүйглөөн те фи бө нлөшш ε χως αλλα φη ετεπηλμεγί έρος ιε φη ετενиамокмек ерод Бен пенгнт нем неихогис-10 мос <u>ω</u>λαένιι έρωογ ѝ †ογνογ. Κλη ογκογχι Η ΜΕΥὶ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΔΙΔΒΟΛΟΟ ΠΕ ΑΥΜΑΝΖΟΝ Ε ΠΖΗΤ ν ογαι ητεφωωπι έρε εθης ΧΗ έ πικογλαтор етеммау ісхен пінау днатова е педран йматата. Кан ере отпот й стратетма 15 ντε πιδιλβολος κωή èpoq ie νιςεί è πεακωή ωλαί η τολνολ μτεθορολεωρ έβου η φρητ ат ф фользый што зольчий физиро и.к. выд сши тиатит в тото й пікоудатшр втем-ΜΑΥ ΝΤΕΟΨωΠΙ ΖωΙ Ν ΒΟΉΘΟΟ ΜΑ ΠΙΕΖΟΟΥ 20 ET ED AI EBONDEN COMA. OYOZ DEN MEKEMOY он днатыт в тото й фт підгавос й фрнт й оудшрон è нанед йте ер канрономин й πιωηδ ή ενες. Ας ερ ογώ ήνε πιλιλβολος EQOI N TICMOT N THOYNAXH OYOZ TEXAY NAC 25

хе матамог го è пагроми й паг рн èпг де гар ката фрн èре хо ймос оунот рмб. в й рамао пе паг роми | ас ер оуо йхе εγφημιλ πέχας μας σε τωμι ѝ φορπ ὶτεμκωτ ѝ πέμεο è πελ ѝ τληλτολη ὑτεμφληλ ὑτεμτ ѝ ογπροςεγχη ѝ πέμθο ѝ πός έρε ερ ομολογια ѝ φη èτ λρε μεγὶ èρος ben πέχητ è boγα è πικογλατωρ èτεμμαγ èρε 5 σω ѝμος ѝ παι ρητ. σε φτ χω μηι èβολ ѝ φη èταιμεγὶ èρος è boγα è πικογλατωρ μεμ τεχιμι èτ λ πέςγλι τηις è τότη ογος τηλταςθοι λα σε εθρε μεγὶ ѝ παι ρητ λληι èχει πα γητ è boγα è φη èθ ογαβ ѝτε πός. 10 Ογος αρε φαι ερ ομολογια ѝ παι ρητ ληοκ

- ρπ. λ. ἐθ καταμο ἐπικογλατωρ κ ζογοβεζο μενεκςως κτε ερετικ κίμος ἐ ογβοθθιὰ νε ογος κι καψ† κι ςα τζη. Πέχε πιδιάβολος κας χε αγ† κιτολη κηι βα τζη κιπατογ μορτ κι 15 παι σχημα ἐθ ογαβ χε χας κι καφωρω κι κιαχίχ ἐβολ ἐ ωληλ ωα †ταςθοι ἐ ταμοκη ογδε εωτεμογωμι μεμι ζλι κι κοςμικοι ἐωωπ ς ερ φορικι ακ κι πεκοχημα. Αε ερ ογώ κίχε εγφημιά πέχας κι πιδιάβολος χε ἐπι δη 20 άρε χος κηι ζε φη ἐθ κα άρες ἐ πικομος
- ρπ. в. τηρα ήτεςει | δεν ογεωβ ή ογωτ αςωωπι ή ενοχος ήνωος τηρος. Νθο εωι αιταξο δεν ρω ήνηιν ήνο αρε ερ παραβενίν ή τεντολη ήτε πός έτε ναι νε νη έταςενησεν 25 ήνωος έ τοτος ή νεςάποςτολος έθ ογαβ ίς το πενές. Πιδιάβολος δε πέχας νας τε αω νε νιεντολη έτ αι ερ παραβενίν ήνωος

ρπλ. β. αγχε à πχε èboλ τε mπε qì ben | τεαρχ ε σχω mmoc τε εωβ niben èτογναχαγ ba 15 ρωτεν ογομογ ατόνε botbετ ογωμ ben ογωεπ εμοτ. Ογος ον à πιαποςτολος εονεν è τοτεν ben νεφέπιστολη εσχω mmoc χε ωληλ ben ογμεταθμογνικ ογος ωεπ εμοτ ben εωβ niben κε γαρ ρωμι niben nte φ† 20 μπαγ χα τοτογ èboλ εγωληλ m πιè 200γ νεμ πιè χωρς. Εωωπ τε εωι nθο ογος imi ογος mmon νογνι n χρος εηπ n bη τωνι

ρνβ. α. Ντενωληλ εγεοπ ογος μενένεα πιώληλ της το πικογλατωρ έτεμμας ήτενας έρος 25 ογος ήτεν ερ αςπαζέςθε ήμος ή ρως νέμ ρως έωωπ ζολώς τε ήπωα ήχογωτ έβογη βεν πείζο. Πιδιάβολος δε έτας έμι κε λ

εγφημιλ † τηνκλητική ορβες έβογη τατα μιβεν αςκω† ντα πιρη† νι φωτ ογος ας ερ εντο νι ωιβ† νι πεςίνι ας ερ φοριν νι ογμορφη εςωεβινογτ έμαωω. † τείμι αε ετ ταιμογτ εγφημιλ † τηνκλητική έταταγ έρος ας 5

- ρπΒ. Β. αφωιβ† βεν πεφίνι ας ερ ζο† έναωω αςωω έβολ εςω ήνως σε πιαρχημαγτελος μιχαμλ λρι βούθιν έροι βεν ται ογνογ ή αναγκή φη έταφβονβεν ή †σον τηρς ήτε πισασι λρι βούθιν έροι σε κςωογν ω πός σε ήθοκ πε 10 έτ α πανιακαριος ή ζαι τηιτ è τοτ κ βα τρη ήπατ èφì èβολβεν ςωμα σε χας èκεωωπι έκρωις èροι ογος εκοι ή cobt èτ τασρησγτ èβολβα èπιβογλη νίβεν ήτε πίσασι. Φαι σε èταςσος ας ερ cφραγίζιν ήνως βεν φραν 15
- ρπΓ. λ. ἡ φιωτ μεμι πωμρι μεμι πιππλ έθ ογλβ υγος δεμ †ογμος λ πιδιλβολος βωλ έβολ μεμι μεφειέρτιλ τηρος ἡιπεςἡθο έβολ ἡι φρη† ἡ ογςτλσογλ. Μεμεμςλ μλι δε λ πιδιλβολος ογουςς έρος μεμεμςλ ογςμος έςοι ἡι παμοτ 20 ἡι ογρωμι ἡι έθωω εςωμος έμλωω έρε ογμορφη ἡμος ἡι φρη† ἡι ογδιε ἡι βλεμπι έρε μεςβλλ ἡες ἡι ςμος ἐμλωω έρε πιςωι ἡτε τες λφε τες ἐιπωωι ἡι φρη† ἡι ογριρ ἡτωος έρε ογςμηι ἡι ρο Βι θοκεμι δεμι τεςδις έςοι 25
- рыг. в. й хале выащо. Отог втадогл вратд і й песіно ввод д педсольом фоф ввод награс выащо. Етраній де Тстиклитіки

έτας καγ έρος έτας ωι τος πεςίκι δεκ τογκογ ας ωλ έξογκ è πεςκοιτωκ ας λκιοκι ѝ
τεικωκ έρε πιλγκική μτε πιαρχηλειτελος èθ
ογαβ κιιχαμλ ερ ζωτραφικ έρος ας ωμπι ας
ερ ακαλής έδογκ έρος ας ωμ έβολ ες χω 5
κικός σε πιαρχηλειτελος èθ ογαβ κιιχαμλ
λρι βοηθικ έροι κτεκκαζ κετ ѝ τοτς κι πιςακικός. Πιδιλβολός σε ας ωμπι ες δει έρατς

ρπλ. λ. caboλ κι φρο κι πικοιτων έπι αν κιπε σχενισων κι πιαρχηλης το τολος έθο ογαβ κινχαλλ έτασμας πικοιτων ασταλε πεστηβ είχεν πεσωλι ασεκβρωος έβολβεν πεσχεβωλι εσωω έβολ εσχω κικος χε ω βιλ ογ πε τναλίσ κε εγφηκιά λαί έβογν ωλ ρο ειογωω έ ερ ελλ κικο ογος 15 κτας κι έπτακο νεκηι λίζεντ έρε δρηοςτ έροι έθβε ται φοχι κι ως άρε άμονι κικος κι ωρηπ μεν λίτογνος πίλλος κτε κιιογαλι

ρπδ. β. έχει μεσίας φι έτ ογμογτε έρος νε πχ̄ς είμεγὶ νιι πε νε †ναωκωρς ντεςνομ αςθε-20 βιοι νεμ τα νομ τηρς βατεί πιωε ντε πιςταγρος Ογος ίςνει ωορπ ανόκ πε έτ αι ερ ζαλ ν αδαμ νεμ εγλ αιθρογ ερ παραβανίν ν †εντολι ντε φ† αιαίτογ ν ωεμμο έ πιπαραδίςος νεμ νίμα ν ωωπι ν ογωίνι. Ανόκ 25 ον πε έται ερ ζαλ ν να αγγελός ωατ ογγείτογ έβολβεν πογωογ ανόκ πε έται ρε νιάφωφ ερνόβι ωαντε φ† σότογ έβολβεν

πιμωος η κατακλύς μος. Ανόκ πε εταιταμε ρπε. α. πιρεμοσομα μεμι σομορρα μεμι θεαωίμ πεμι ζωβοιν εθρος ίρι η ναι νιωτ ή παρακομιά ωλητε φτ ζωος έχωος η ογχρωμ κεμι ογθην ητεμοτος έβολ. Ανόκ πε έται-5 ταμε ίεζαβελ έ φνοβι αιθωτεβ ή πι κε αχαβ κεμίας βενι τες παρανομιά. Ανόκ πε έταιτογνός νενωμρι η πιζά έχεν αλρων αγωωπι εγτ ήκας νας ωατε ςθαμιό νωος η ογμαςι ητογωενιωι ήμος έ à φτ χωντ έρωος ογός το αροστος έβολ. Απλως νοβι νιβεν άνοκ πε

ρπε. β. έτλιθρογωωπι. Ϣ μιχληλ μη ήθοκ λη πε έτλκελτ έβολδεη τφε μεμ μα αγγελος αγδιτ έδρηι ε τλγμη ή χρωμ έθ μος. Ϣ μιχληλ ίς τφε μεμ πικλει λιχλη μακ ληφωπι ήξηλ 15 εμπη μεμ μαι δεμ πιληρ ήμαγλτεη έμχορ ε ημ έτεμηλωσεμχομ ήταςωογ. Ογλι δεμ ογπορηίλ κε ογλι δεμ ογμετημικ ογλι δεμ ογληλιλίλ ογλι δεμ ογχρος κε ογλι δεμ ογκαταλλλίλ ογλι δεμ ογχρος κε ογλι δεμ ογελκωλι ογλι δεμ ογχος κε ογλι δεμ ογελκωλι ογλι δεμ ογδιογί. Εφωπ ληψληθμί σε ήπε μω-

рпг. а. хемхом èрод | Бен оухорхс ѝ патрн фанѝ п èгрн èхшд ѝ оугилы едоф хе хас ѝ медршс ѝ тед ер оусоп ѝ фана Ба недновг. 25 Знппе холон анхш ѝ тфе нем пікагі нак ефтемвреннау è пекгох е текморфн † гот нан èмащш оуог текстойн èт Бен тат zшгραφιλ έτ δεν ται φοχι ή ως εςφωτς δεν δανφαδρι η αογίλβαν αςδρο έ ται νιω ή ή χονι ή φοογ. Ογως φη έταγαις η стаγρος ωατε φφωρκ η τα νογνι δα τεμ ή φοογ

- Τος. Β. ογωε οη τηση πε ερε τεκεικών φοτε έρος 5 ώ μιχληλ πε έτας ερ κωλιν ήμοι ογος λεσρο έροι νέμ τα σομ τηρο ή φοση ήπ λέχλτ ήτασωκ ή πλ ογωω έβολ νέμ εγφημιλ τεγνικλητική. Ο βιλ ή φοση έρε μιχληλ τωι νή ελ ελ νίβος αν έρε το ήμος τος ω εγφημιλ τεγνικλητική λρέ σω ήμος τηση σε τηλωσεμσομ έρο λη έρε ερ θλριν έ τλι κογαι ή φοςι ή ωε έτ δεν νέσις. Ισσε λελ ίε λρι έμι νε σε τημογ ωλ ρο ον δεν ογέσος όρε σωσην ήμος λν έτε σος ίβ ή 15
- ρηζ. Α. Πλώνι Πιζοογ ΕΤΕΝΜΑΥ ΦΑΥΣΕΜ ΜΙΧΑΗλ ΕΘΘΟΥΗΤ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΛΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΕΘΦΑΣΤ ΝΕΜ ΤΑΓΓΕΛΙΚΗ ΤΗΡΟ CABOλ ΝΙ ΠΙΚΑΤΑΠΕΤΑΟΜΑ ΝΤΕ ΦΙΜΤ ΕΘΒΕ ΝΙΜΦΟΥ ΝΤΕ ΦΙΆΡΟ Ν ΧΗΜΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΘΒΕ ΝΙΝΌΤ ΝΕΜ ΝΙΜΦΟΥ Ν ΖΦΟΥ. ΟΥΟΖ 20 ΤΟΦΟΥΝ ΑΝΟΚ Ν ΦΑΙ ΣΕ ΦΑΟΦΜΠΙ ΝΤΕΘ ΕΡ Τ Ν Ε΄ΖΟΟΥ ΝΕΜ [Γ] Ν Ε΄ΣΦΡΖ ΝΙΠ ΑΘΚΗΝ ΕΘΤΟΒΖ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΘΦΑΣΤ ΑΤΌΝΕ ΤΦΟΥΝΟΥ Ε΄ ΠΦΟΙ ΦΑΝΤΕ ΦΤ ΟΦΤΕΝΙ Ε΄ΡΟΟΥ ΝΤΕΘΕ ΕΝΑΘΙΑΙΑ. ΑΟΙΠΟΝ ΑΙΦΑΝΙ Ε΄ ΠΙΕ΄ΖΟΟΥ Ε΄ΤΕΝΙ- 25

 $\overline{pn}\overline{z}$. B. May | that he eicebtot ben tal night hzom htaàmoni à tal fozi à we êt ben neziz àtaàl à mepoc mepoc èsphi èzen te àfe àtenay se

τερανε ή πιαρχημαργελος μιχαηλ ήτη ήτες ερ βοηθιή è ρομπι è 200γ è τεμμάς. Ναι δε ες ωτεμ è ρωογ ήνε † εξιμι ή ςαβή è τεμμάς αςδι πας ή † εικωή ήτε πιαρχημαργελος μιχαηλ αςδονί ής ως ςαβολ ή φρο ή πεςκοιτωή 5 ογος δεή † ογηογ ας ερ αθογωής èβολ ή

ρππ. λ. πες ήθο †ς είνιι δε ετ | τλιμογτ ετεμμαγ εγφημιλ †ς γικλητική λεφωπι ες είρι η ελη ξο νεμ εληφλήλ εγοφ η πιέξοογ νεμ πιέχωρε ίς σει πιέξοογ ετ λ πιδιλβολός φε ηλη το έβολ ελρός φλ πιέξοογ εταίσος σε τημογ ητα τ μεμε έτε σογ τε η πλώμι πε. Ογος ηλοτεο η φτ πε νεμ πιαρχηληγελός εθ ογαβ μιχλήλ εθρες φωπι νας η βοήθος νεμ ηλώτ. Ας φωπι δε βεν σογ τε η πλώνι το πεξουγ η πιαρχηληγελός μιχλήλ λ εγφημιλ

рын. в. сов т и инетоу на ер хрід мімод è пшал гі міханд їте тпросфора нем тапархи йте підаос бен пітопос їте псов т й нісиноу бен піма й шшпі мененса тгірнин апдшс 20 асці фршоуш й пішаі й кадшс ката петсше ёпі ди не оурамад те ёмашш. Підідводос де пімасте пернанед й сноу нівен йпе дшдаї ёрод еднау è підгарос ёре таї сгімі їрі йімшоу ессов тімшоу ефреститоу бен 25 пшаг йі підрхнаггедос ёр оудв міханд

 $\overline{p}\overline{n}\overline{\theta}$. Δ. \widetilde{E} Τ λ πιογωινι ὶ ἐβολ ἢ ελνατοογὶ ἢ \overline{c} ογ $\overline{i}\overline{g}$ ἢ πλώνι ἐτι εςοει ἐ ρλτς εςωληλ ἢι

φναγ ѝ ωωρπ εςερέτιν ѝ φ† δεν φραν ѝ πιαρχημαργελός μιχαμλ εθρεσόζι ἐ ρατς κεμας ωατ εςχωκ ἐβολ ѝ πιωεμωι ἐτας- ειτότς ἐρος ογος ὑτεςναζημές ἐ πικότς τηρογ ὑτε πιαιὰβολός. Ζηππε ὶς πιαιὰβολός 5 αςὶ αφὸζι ἐ ρατ ς ὑπεςνθο ἐβολ εςοι ѝ πομοτ ѝ ογαρχημαργελός ἐρε ζαννιω† ὑ τενς ѝμος εςνιηρ ѝ ογμοχό ѝ νογβ ζίχεν

ρπο. Β. τεσήπι εστότο ѝ ώνι μνιμί ερε ογχλομ είχεν τεσάφε ασθαμικογτε εβολθεν εανώνι 10 μι μαργαρίτης ενάφε ѝ σογενογ έρε ογωβωτ ѝ νογβ θεν τεσχίχ ѝ ογίναμ αλλα πιμικι μτε πισταγρός εθ ογάβ χη είχως αν. Ετασί ασοει έρατς μπεσήθο εβολ εσθεν παι νιωή ѝ ωογ ѝ ται μαιή ετασναγ έρος 15 ας ερ εσή εμάωω αςει είχεν πικάει. Μθος αε ασήτοτο αστογνός πεχάς νας χε μπ ερ ερεσή ω ήςειμι ετ ταικογτ μπεμθο ѝ φή

ρΞ. Δ. ΝΕΜ ΝΕΡΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΕΘ ΟΥΔΒ ΧΕΡΕ ΤΟΣΙΝΙ ΕΤ

Α ΠΕΣΜΑΚΑΡΙΟΣ Ν΄ ΖΑΙ ΣΕΜ ΖΜΟΤ ΜΠΕΜΘΟ Ν΄ 20

ΦΤ. ΝΘΟ ΣΕ ΖΟΙ Α ΠΕΜΑΚΑΡΙΣΜΟΣ ΦΟΠΙ Ν΄

ΦΡΗΤ Ν ΟΥΛΑΜΠΑΣ ΕΡΕ ΟΥΘΙΝΙ Ν΄ ΠΕΜΘΟ Ν΄ ΦΤ

ΧΕΡΕ ΘΗ ΕΤ Α ΝΕΣ ΘΥΣΙΑ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΣ ΆΓΑΠΗ ΦΟΠΙ Ν΄

ΦΡΗΤ Ν ΟΥΣΟΒΤ Ν΄ ΑΣΑΜΑΝΤΙΝΟΝ Ε΄ ΤΟΙΚΟΥΜΕΝΗ

ΤΗΡΟ ΣΕ ΝΝΕ ΠΙΣΙΆΒΟΛΟΣ ΕΤ ΖΟΟΥΘ ΕΡ ΖΑΛ 25

ΜΜΟΣ. ΑΡΙ ΠΙΣΤΕΥΙΝ ΝΗΙ Θ΄ ΤΟΣΙΝΙΙ ΕΤ ΣΜΑ
ΡΟΟΥΤ ΣΕ ΕΙΝΗΟΥ ΕΒΟΛΖΙΤΕΝ ΦΤ ΠΙΠΑΝΤΟ
ΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΑΙΝΑΥ Ε΄ ΝΕ ΘΛΗΛ ΕΤ ΑΡΕΛΙΤΟΥ Ν΄

- ρ̄Ξ. Β. Φοογ αγὶ ὲ πωωι ἢ πεμθο ἢ φ† εγ ερ ογωικι ὲζοτε φρη ἢ ογθβα ἢ κωβ ἢ coπ αγωωπι εγζι ακτικ ὲβολ ἐκιαωω αγωθορτερ ἢ †αγγελι τηρς. Ογος αφογορπτ ωαρο ἢςε φ† ογος αφω ἢ ζακαχι κηι τε ἢτατότογ 5 κε τε τας ἢτεςωτεμ ἢκη ὲθ καὶ ἐβολβεκ ρωι ζικα ἢτετικι ἢ ογκιω† ἢ ταιὸ ἢ πεμθο ἢ φ†. Τε ςωογκ τε αφκηκ ὲτος ἢτε φ† τε φςωτη ἢτεπιςωτεμ ὲζοτε πιωογωωογωι ογος ὲ αρε ωλκ ερ ατ ςωτεμ ἢςα κη ὲ †κατότογ 10
- ρΞλ. λ. νε λνοκ αν πε έτ αρε ερ ατ σωτενι νοως αλλα φτ πε σοσκογτ γαρ σε ατ σωτενι νιβενι αφωοπ δεν πτακο. Ας ερ ογω νισε τς είνιι νι ς αβνι ες συν νικος σε ματαμοί σε αφ νε νις απι εταγενισωνικ έρωογ νισε φτ εθρέκ- 15 σοτογ νηι λνοκ τναλίτογ ογος ντααρές έρωογ. Αφερ ογω νισε πιδιλβολος εφσω νικος σε λ φτ εονεεν ε τοτ είνηογ έβολει τοτη είνηογ ελρο σε εω έρο έρετακο νι πετέντε πενακαρίος νι ελι λρε σω νιμος σε 20
- ρξλ Β. ει † λγαπη βα πουχαι | ѝ τεφψυχη. Ις πεζαι ας ερ κληρονομιν ѝ νιαγαθον ѝτε θμετουρο ѝ νιφηουρὶ. Ου γαρ έρο πε è παωαι ѝ ναι προσφορὰ νεω ναι λγαπη τηρου έρε † ѝμωου νεω ναι ωληλ èτ οω ερε ὶρι ѝμωου. † ου-25 κουχι ουος χα ουκουχι βεν περι μηπως ѝτε ερ βαιὲ νιενενςα ους ους. Ουος μενενςα ναι έωωπ ѝτε πιδιλβολος ναν έρο ѝ παι

ρητ έρε ταγαπη αναχος έρο ντεαχωρ έβολ νι πετέντε κατα φρητ έτααχωρ έβολ νι ρχε. α. μιζγπαρχοντα ντε ιωβ | Επι αη ιωβ εωα ναφίρι νι παι ρητ νι νιζηκι έθε φαι αφτακο νι πενταφ τηρα ογος αφβωλ νιπες κε σωνα 5 δεν εαναξέντε εγεωογ νενι νιώκας νεντ ντε νεαωμρι νενι νεαωμρι (sic) αφθρε πιμι ελρηι έχωογ ογος αγνιογ νι ογοπ νι ογωτ. Ιο φη έθ ογαβ ον αλογβία αφχος έρος εθβε νιμετνά τ ε ναφιρι νιωωογ εφκως νι 10 νισωμα ντε νη έτ εφναχενογ εγνιωγτ εφθωνιο νιμωογ λι πιαιλβολος χος έρος

ρΣΒ. Β. αφίνι έχρηι έχως η ογμετεμκι κε περ ογραμαό έμαωω πε. Ε πόλε αφθρε νισαχερμή έχει νεαβάλ αγλία η βελλε μάλλον 15 εάνελλα αν νε η παι ρη αλλα ήθος πιδιάβολος πε νεω εάν κε δεμών αγ ερ πιςμότ η νιξαλά αγαίς η βελλε εθβε πογχος έφογη έρος. λοιπον ταωερι έωωπ τερας έφογη έρος. λοιπον ταωερι έωωπ τερας τεν ής κατα πιογαξολενι ήτε πός 20 εω έρο δεν ναι εβμογί η παι ρη. Αςχος νηι ον ήχε φ τε άχος νε σε εμππε ήγιον ωμρι ωωπ νε νεω πεμακαρίος η εαι άρις-

рті. л. тархос пістратулатне лоіпон | тшні йте гемсі нем оуршы едтаіноут че ере чфо 25 й оушнрі немад Хе хас арешані евольен сшыл йтед ер клінрономін й фн т енте оуог йтедшші едірі й пемеуї арешані евольен

сωμα Ερε ερ ογ έρε οι η ατ ωμρι ήμου ελι η σελπις ναωωπι νε ωα ένες. Ογος αφογασσαστι νηι ον ήσε πός σε άσος νε έωωπ τερασωτεμ ήσωι ήτε σενιςί νεν σαι τε σενιςί νενι πάλαρισος φη ετ ήτων νενι 5

ρξι. Β. οππογριος πογρο | Ζηππε γαρ αφογωω è cobt ѝ περετρατεγμα ερογωω è ωλι ѝτερ μετογρο ѝ τοτρ ογος ѝτερ ερ σς è πιχρημα τηρογ ѝτε πιρωμεός τς είμι δε è τεμμαγ ѝ καβε εγφημιά ας ραμές ε ε ιμετςαπκότς το ѝτε πιδιάβολος ογος ας μι σε ѝθος πε èτ κασι πέμας είτεν νερκασί èθ μες ѝ παθος λίθος δε πέχας ναρ σε ματαμοί σε ας δηργτ ѝθων δεν νιγραφή σε ѝπ ερ τ άγαπη ογδε προςφορά ìε σε ѝπ ερ ωληλ ìε σε εξέμει 15

ρξδ. λ. νεμ ζαι β Κε γαρ τενχικι κὶ φ‡ εσζουζεν καν δεν ογκιήω κὶ μα χε ωαρε †λγαπι χωβς έβολζι χε κὶ ογκιήω κὶ νοβι ογος ον χε πίναι ωασωογώογ κὶ μος είχεν †κρισία Ογος ον τεναστεκι ε πιπροφητής εσωώ εβολ εσχω 20 κὶ μος χε () αι κὶ νετενθής κὶ λιώε νωτεν έδογη ε νεσαγλήογ ογος ον κε μα χε ογθής κὶ νέν και κὶ νός κι κι ογος ον χε †θησιά κὶτε πός ογχητ ες ογαβ πε Ογος ον τεναωτεμι ε παγλός πιρες †ςβω εςζιωίω 25

DEZ B. NAN BEN NEQCAZI ÈT ZOÀZ ZE WÀHÀ BEN OWB TOMS TOMS OYOZ ON AKZOC NHI ZE ZEMCI NEN ZAI

снау ѝ шорп мен ке оуді етактлоу е перан че генсі немар оугеретікос пе ѝ авноут фаі ере фт натакор атбне шск йтерт ѝ оухадіноус è ршр йтерсонгр бен піпедагос йте фіон оуог йтеревіор нем 5 терхом тырс ба ратр ѝ пірусевыс онноуріос Падін че он евве пімаг в ѝ гаї содо-

- рте. Л. МШИ ТАМО ЙМОИ È ФЛІ БЕН | ПІФУСІЙЛОГОС ЖЕ АРЕ ПІШОРП Й ЗАІ ЙТЕ ТОРОМПШАЛ МОЎ ЙП АСЗЕМСІ НЕМ ЗАІ Й КЕ СОП АЙЛА ШАСШЕ НАС 10 È ПШАЧЕ ЙТЕС ЕР ЗНІВІ ША ПЕЗООЎ Й ПЕСМОЎ ЕЧТАМО ЙМОИ ЖЕ ЙП АРЕ ПГЕМОС Й НІЙВОКІ ЗЕМСІ НЕМ ЗШОЎТ Й ШЕММО ЁВНЯ È ОЎЗШОЎТ Й ОЎШТ ОЎОЗ Й ФРНТ È ШАМАІС Й ФШЬ Й НЕМЗВШС ЗІЖЕЙ ОЎСОЙ ЙТАЙ ЗОТАЙ АЧШАЙМОЎ 15 ФЛІ ПЕ Й ФРНТ ЙРЕШАЙ ПЗАІ Й ОЎЙВОКІ МОЎ ШАСЇЙІ Й ПЕСЙАС ЁВОЙ ЙМІЙ ЙМОС Й ТЕСФАЬЧ
- ΡΞΕ. Β. ΔΕΝ ΠΕCIEB Ν ΦΑΤ ΣΕ ΧΑΟ ΑΟΜΑΝΟΜ ΕΒΟΛΔΕΝ ΤΕΟΛΟΠΙ ΝΤΕ ΟΥΟΝ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΜΙ ΧΕ ΝΙΜΟΝ
 ΤΕΟΖΑΙ ΝΙΜΑΥ ΕΘΒΕ ΦΑΙ ΆΡΕΜΑΝ ΟΥΆΒΟΚ 20
 ΟΥΟΜ Ε΄ ΘΙΤΟ Ν ΣΟΝΟ ΜΑΟΜ Ε΄ΒΟΛ Ν ΤΟΥΝΟΥ
 ΟΥΟΖ ΜΑΥΟΜΤΕΝ Ε΄ ΤΕΟΟΜΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΜΑΥΈΝΙ ΣΕ
 ΟΥΑΙ ΟΥΟΜ Ε΄ ΘΙΤΟ Ν ΣΟΝΟ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΝΕΟΛΑΟ Ε΄Τ
 ΦΟΡΣ ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΜΑΥΘΟΟΥΤ Ε΄ ΡΟΟ ΝΣΕ ΠΙΆΒΟΚ
 ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΤΟΥΜΟΠΙ ΝΑΟ Ν ΒΟΗΘΟΟ ΟΥΟΖ ΝΟΕ 25
 ΕΡ ΕΠΙΤΙΜΑΝ Ν ΦΗ ΕΘ ΟΥΟΜ Ε΄ ΘΙΤΟ Ν ΣΟΝΟ
 ΕΘΒΕ ΦΑΙ ΆΡΕΜΑΝ ΝΙΑΛΟΟΥΝ ΝΑΥ Ε΄ ΝΙΆΒΟΚ
 ΡΞΓ. Α. ΕΥΘΟΥΗΤ Ν ΠΑΙ ΡΗΤ ΕΥΟΜ Ε΄ΒΟΛ ΕΥΟΥΟΜ

È ΕΡ ΕΠΙΤΙΜΑΝ Μ΄ ΦΗ ΕΘ ΟΥΦΟ Ε΄ ΤΙΤΟ Μ΄ ΣΟΝΟ ΣΕ ΕΡΟΥΦΟ Ε΄ ΕΡ ΖΑΛ Μ΄ ΦΗ ΕΤ Α ΦΤ ΖΟΝΖΕΝ ΜΙΝΟΡ Ε΄ ΤΟΤΟΥ ΜΑΥΣΟΟ ΜΣΕ ΜΙΑΛΜΟΡ ΤΟ ΤΟΥ ΜΑΥΣΟΟ ΜΣΕ ΜΙΑΛΜΟΡ ΤΟ ΤΟΥ ΜΑΥΣΟΟ ΜΣΕ ΜΙΑΛΜΟΡ ΤΟ ΤΟΥ ΜΑΙ ΕΝΕΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΟ ΤΟ ΤΑΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΑΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΑΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΑΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΑΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ ΤΙΚΑΙ ΤΟ Τ

- ρξς. Β. έβολ αν δεν ναπροςφορα νεν ναλγαπη ναι 10 έτ εφίρι ήνωση δα του ήπατ εφνοή ήσε πα μακαρίος η γαι δεν φραν ή πιαρχη-αγγέλος έθ ογαβ μιχαμλ Πλην ματαμοί σε ήθοκ μιμ ή παι ρητ λκ έκ ερ φοριν ή παι μιωτ νωση ή ται μαιή ὶε έτεκὶ έβολ θων 15 ὶε νιμ πε πεκραν έπι αμ λ πεκσινὶ ωαροί αφωθορτερ έμαωω Ας ερ οςὼ ήσε πιαιλβολος εςςω ήνως σε μι ήθο ον πε έτ αρετιν
- ρΞζ. Α. Ντεν φτ ισσεν πιέζοος ετ α πιδιαδολος | ι ωαρο εφοι νι πονοτ νι τκιοναχή εφούωω 20 ε ερ ζαλ νινο Μη νιπ εφούο νε σε τνηος ωαρο νι σος ιβ νι παωνι έτε φαι πε πεζοος νι πιαρχημαντέλος ε αφός νε σε πιαρχημαντέλος κιιχαμά ερωτη αν νι πιέζοος έτενταλη εφαδτ νι πενθο νι φτ εθβε νινωος 25 ντε φιαρό νεν νινος νι ζωος νεν νιωτίτος σος δε ανός σε ανός σε νινωτίτος ετ ανός σε ανός πεν νινος σε ανός σε νιναρί νι χωος νεν νιωτίτος σος σε ανός σε

- Ερο ωλτε φρη εωτη η φοος νε χλς ηνε ΤΞΞ. Β. η ηνε πίσερης ετ εωος | ητεη ερ η ετ εωος πε Εθβε φλί η ετ εωενε πε ήτει ήτε ογώωτ ημοί νε λίχω ηςωι η τλ αγγελι λίι ωλρο Ας ερ ογώ ηνε εγφημιά †ςγηκλητική πέχλς 5 πλη νε λίςωτεμ βεν πιεγληγελίου εθ ογλβ νε βεν πίζηος ετ λ πιδιάβολος † η περογοί ε πενέωτηρ η ληλθός εθρέη ερ πιρλζίν ημοί αλος πλη εωη νε φλετκ ήτεκογωωτ ήμοι αλοκ †πλ† πλκ η νίμετογρώος τηρος 10 ητε πικόςμος μενι πογώος Ογος à πχς έμι
- ΡΞΗ. Α. Ν Τογνογ ΣΕ ογελ Ν ΠΕΤΖΟΟΥ ΝΕ ΑΦ ΕΡ
 ΕΠΙΤΙΜΑΝ Η ΑΦ ΜΗΠΟΙ ΝΘΟΚ ΠΕ ΦΗ ΕΤΕΜΜΑΥ
 ΕΚΟΥΟΟ Ε ΕΡ ΖΑΝ ΜΗΟΙ ΑΦ ΕΡ ΟΥΟ ΝΣΕ
 ΠΙΣΙΑΒΟΛΟΙ ΣΕ ΑΝΟΚ ΑΝ ΠΕ ΦΗ ΕΤΕΜΜΑΥ ΝΗΕ 15
 ΕΦΟΠΙ ΜΗΟΙ ΕΝΕΖ Ν ΑΟ Ν ΡΗΤ ΕΡΕ ΦΗ
 ΕΤΕΜΜΑΥ Η ΑΣΙΜΙ Μ ΠΑΙ ΝΙΟΤ Ν ΟΥ Ε ΤΕΡ
 ΦΟΡΙΝ ΜΝΙΟΦ ΙΟΣΕΝ ΠΙΝΑΥ ΓΑΡ ΕΤΑΦ ΕΡ ΑΤ
 ΕΘΤΕΜ ΝΕΛ ΤΕΝΤΟΛΗ ΝΤΕ ΠΟΙ ΑΦΣΟΝΤ ΕΡΟΦ
 ΑΦΟΥΛΖΕΛΖΝΙ ΝΗΙ ΑΝΟΚ ΜΙΧΑΗΑ ΑΙΒΑΘΦ ΕΒΟΑ 20
 ΜΠΕΦ ΘΟΥ ΤΗΡΦ ΑΟ ΕΡ ΟΥΟ ΝΣΕ ΤΟΣΙΜΙ
- ΡΞΗ Β. ΕΤΤΛΙΝΟΥΤ ΕCZW ΡΙΜΟΣ ΣΕ ΊΣΣΕ ΉΘΟΚ | ΠΕ
 ΗΙΧΛΗΛ ΑΦΘWΗ ΠΙΜΗΙΝΙ ΉΤΕ ΠΙΣΤΛΥΡΟΣ ΕΦ
 ΖΙΣΕΝ ΠΕΚϢΒWT ΚΑΤΑ ΠΙΡΗΤ Ε ΤΗΛΥ ΕΡΟΦ
 ΕΦΦΟΤΖ Ε ΤΑΙ ΖΙΚWΗ ΕΡΕ ΠΙΧΑΡΑΚΤΗΡ ΉΤΕ 25
 ΗΙΧΛΗΛ ΦΟΤΖ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΡΟΣ ΑΦ ΕΡ ΟΥΘ ΉΣΕ
 ΠΙΣΙΑΒΟΛΟΣ ΕΦΣW ΡΙΜΟΣ ΣΕ ΝΑΙ ΖWΓΡΑΦΙΆ
 ΕΥΟΥWW Ε ΤΑΛΕ ΚΟΣΗΙΙΚΙΣ ΕΣWΟΥ ΉΣΕ ΝΙΖΦ-

τραφος σε χας έρε τογτέχη μαδι ώογ η εογό Επι αι πιμικι ήτε πιςταγρός η τότει αι ογαε δει †αγγελι της Ας ερ ογώ ήχε εγφημιά εςςω ήμος σε η αω η ρη† †νατει-

- ρΞΘ. Δ. 20γτ ΝΕΚΟΔΣΙ | ΚΕ ΓΔΡ ΜΑΤΟΙ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΈΘ ΝΑὶ 5 ΕΒΟλ 21ΤΕΝ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΜΠΑΡΕ 2λι Ν ΡωΜΙ ΧωΚ ΜΠΟΥΑ2CA2ΝΙ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΤΑΥὶ ΕΘΒΗΤΟ ΟΥΔΕ ΜΠ ΑΥΜΟΠΟΥ ΕΡωΟΥ Ε ΠΤΗΡΟ ΕΘΒΕ ΣΕ ΤΤΕΒΟ ΝΤΕ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΝΤΟΤΟΥ ΑΝ ΟΥΟΖ ΟΝ ΝΙ ΚΕ ΟΔΑΙ Ε ΜΑΡΕ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΟΥΟΡΠΟΥ ΕΒΟλΔΕΝ ΤΕΟΜΕΤΟΥΡΟ ΚΑΝ 10 ΧΑΝ ΟΥΟΣ ΟΝ ΝΙ ΚΕ ΟΔΑΙ Ε ΜΑΡΕ ΝΙΣΕ ΟΥΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΕΜΟΠ СΕΤΗΒΟ ΑΝ Ε ΤΟΦΡΑΓΙΟ ΝΤΕ ΠΟΥΡΟ ΦΑΙ ΔΕ ΖωΟ ΠΕ Μ ΦΡΗΤ Ν ΝΙΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ ΑΥΜΑΝὶ 21ΣΕΝ ΠΙΚΑΖΙ ΕΡΕ ΠΙΝΙΝΙΝΙ ΝΤΕ ΠΙΟΤΑΥ-
- ρξθ. β. ρος ντε πογρο ντε πωογ | εισως αν ν 15 παγτενεογτογ σε εαναστελος νε Αλλα τενναγφωτ ςα βολ νιωος σε εανασενών νε μαλιστα πινιω ν αρχημαστελος ντε νιαστελος τηρογ ν αω ν ρη ηναί εισεν πικαει ντεηωτένεν πιεοπλον ντε †ςφρασίς 20 ν ογχαι ντε περογρο ερνηογ έτε φαι πε πισταγρος έθ ογαβ ντε ιπς πχς πωηρι ν φ έτ ον Εωωπ χογωω ντατέν εογτκ σε νθοκ πε μιχαηλ πιρερνοξένι χατ νταίνι
- ро. л. гарок нтедгікшн н і нтек ер аспадесое 25 ньос очог анок тидоушшт ньок атбие гнт в è птира Підіаводос де èтаднау де асорвед è Боун са са нівен очог ніп еддем

ελι η απολογιά έχω η πεςήθο έβολ ογος αςτωνς δεν πιμα έ νας εμοι ή βητς εςογωω εί εαρος η †εικων ήτε πιαρχημέντελος έθ ογαβ μιχαμλ Αςωιβ† ήπες απότ αςδι ή πίνι η ογμογι ες εμερω εως δε ήτε πες βρωος 5

- ρολ. λ. ΜΜΟς ΣΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟς ΜΙΧΑΗΛ | Άρι ΒΟΗΘΙΝ Εροι ΕΕΝ ΤΑΙ ΟΥΝΟΥ Ν ΑΝΑΓΚΗ ΕΤΙ ΣΕ ΕΥΚωτ Ετ ΝΚΑΖ ΝΑς ΝΣΕ ΠΙΣΙΆΒΟΛΟς Ις ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛ-ΓΓΕΛΟς ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΑΥΟΥШΝΖ ΝΑς ΕΒΟΛ Ν ΤΟΥΝΟΥ ΕΥ ΕΡ ΦΟΡΙΝ Ν ΟΥΆΖΙШΜΑ Μ ΒΑςι-20 λικον Ερε ογον ογωβωτ ν νογβ ΧΗ ΕΕΝ ΤΕΥΣΙΣ Ν ΟΥΝΑΜ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΡΕ ΠΤΥΠΟς Ν ΠΙςτλγρος ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΧΗ ΖΙΣЩ ΟΥΟΖ Ά ΠΙΜΑ ΤΗΡΗ ΕΡ ΟΥШΝΙ ΕΖΟΤΕ ΦΡΗ Ν ΟΥΘΒΑ Ν Κωβ Ν СОΠ ΠΙΣΙΆΒΟΛΟς ΣΕ ΕΤΛΗΛΑΥ ΕΡΟΥ ΑΥΜΟΘ ΕΒΟΛ ΕΕΝ 25 ΟΥ 201 ΕΥΣω ΝΙΜΟς ΧΕ ΠΑ Θς ΠΙΑΡΧΗΛΓΓΕΛΟς
- ρολ. Β. ΜΙΧΑΗλ ΔΙ ΕΡ ΝΟΒΙ | È ΤΦΕ ΝΕΜ ΠΕΚΜΘΟ ÈΒΟλ ΣΕ ΔΙ ΕΡ ΤΟλΜΑΝ ΖΟλως ΔΙΙ È ΡΟΥΝ È ΠΙΜΑ ΕΡΕ

ΤΕΚΖΙΚωΝ Ν ΣΗΤΟ ΤΕΟ ΕΡΟΚ ΜΠΕΡ ΤΑΚΟΙ ΣΑ
ΤζΗ ΝΙ ΠΑ CHOΥ À ΠΙΡΕΟ ΘΑΜΙΟ ΓΑΡ ΕΡ

CΥΝΧωΡΙΝ ΝΗΙ Ν ΖΑΝ ΚΕ ΚΟΥΣΙ Ν Ε΄ ΖΟΟΥ ΝΘΟΚ
ΔΕ ὼ ΠΑ ΘΕ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΕ ΝΘΟΚ ΠΕ ΕΤΑΚΑΙΤ

Ν ΦΕΝΝΟ Ε΄ ΝΙΜΑΝΦωΠΙ ΝΤΕ ΝΙΦΗΟΥΙ ΟΥΟΖ 5

ΤΝΑΦΕ ΝΗΙ ΝΤΑ ΦωΤ ΕΛΒΟΛ ΝΙΜΟΚ ΦΑ ΠΙΕ΄ ΖΟΟΥ

ΝΤΕ ΠΑΙΝΙΦΤ Ν ΦΙΠΙ ΤΕΡ ΟΝΙΟΛΟΓΙΝ ΝΑΚ ΟΥΟΖ

Τωρκ Ν ΠΕΜΘΟ Ν ΦΤ ΣΕ Ν ΝΑΤΑΘΟΙ ΑΝ ΣΕ

- ров. л. ісхен плі нау è єр пірадін ганромі іє сгіні Бен піма ён акхн ймок Маі де єре 10 підійвойос хо ймооу єдсонг й тота й пілрхнаггейос ён оуль міханй й фрн й оубах Бен тхіх й оукоухі й ййоу оуог ётадаіа й оухов ёмадо адхаа ёвой Бен оуніо й оупо пілій пілій теуфний теункантіки хе бро ймо оуог хен моміт йп єр єр гот Ба тги й пілійвойос ёпі де дилохенхом єро ди хе ісхен
- ρόβ. Β. Πλι ΝΑΥ ΑΝΟΚ ΠΕ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΟ φη έτ ερ διλκωνιν έρος φη έτ λ πεμα-20 καριος η ελι αρισταρχός πιστρατγλατής τηι τ έ τοτ Ανόκ πε μιχαήλ φη έρε τωβε ήμιος ή μημι ή πεμθό έβολ ή τα είκων έρε πα χαρακτήρ εδηούτ έρος έ δούν δεν πε κοιτών Ανόκ πε μιχαήλ φη 25 έτ ώλι η νε τωβε έ δούν ή πεμθό ή φτ Ανόκ πε έτ οει έ ρατς ή πίνας έρε ςαχί νεω πε ελί σε μαρούφωτε νηι έβολ ή πι-

ρος. Δ. Χαρακτηρ κι πιαρχημαγγελος μιχαηλ ήταχας δεν πα μι κι ναωτ ογος ήτεκτητ ε τοτς ήτεςωωπι και κογλατωρ ήτες ερ ναωτ και δατεν πός ωατ εςωινι και ήταςωλ ωαρος κι φρητ κι ρωκι νιβεν Άνοκ πε κιχαηλ 5 φα ετ ςωτενι κι ογον νιβεν ετ τωβς κι φτ δεν πα ραν Μπ ερ ερ εοτ εμππε γαρ μενενςα θρε χωκ κιπε ωεμωι έβολ έρε τρι κιμος δεν παραν τημογ κιςωι άνοκ κενι κε κιμω κι αγγελος ήταολτ ε κι μα κι εμτον ήτε φτ 10

ρογ. β. ηλι έτ λ πε ζλι ερ κληρονομίν | κίμωος † ζιρηνη νεμε Ογος έτλησε ναι νας νσε πιαρχήλη- γελος μιχαηλ ληζωλ έ πωωι è νιφηος εν ογνιω† ν ωος εςοςι è ρατς εςςομς ν ςωη Μενένςα ναι σε αςωε νας è † εκκληςιλ è 15 ρατη ν λββα ανθύμος πιξπισκοπος ντε ται πολις Πιωορπ ν φωωεν δεν νενσις ν πιχρηςος τομος èθ ογαβ νωλνης πιαρχήξητιςκοπος ντε κωςταντινοςπολις φη èτ λ

ροδ. λ. τλι νης ος τηρς δι ογωινι έβολει τοτη ογοε 20 λετλμος έ νη τηρογ έτ λ πιλρχηληγελος χοτογ νας ας ψογ ή φ† νενι πινιω† ή λρχηληγελος έθ ογαβ μιχαηλ Ογοε αςθωογ† ή †ςγναζις αςχω ή πιωέμως έβολ δεν ογχωλέμ νενι ογνιω† ή ταιό Μενένςα ή †25 ςγναζις αςὶ έβολδεν †έκκλης λαςωλ έ πες ογοε αςχωκ έβολ ή πιωέμωι ήτε νιςνησγ ή εμκι ές ερ διλκωνιν έρωογ Ογοε

ΕΤΑΥΚΗΝ ΕΥΟΥΦΗ ΟΥΟΖ ΕΥΟΦ ΑΟΟΥΦΡΙΝΟΛ

ΤΟΣ. Β. ΠΑ ὶ ΦΤ ΕΝΕΠΙΟΚΟΠΟΟ ΑΟΤΖΟ ΕΡΟΦΕΘΑΙΟ

ΝΕΜΠΜΑ ΝΤΕΘΖΟΜΑ Ε ΠΕΟΗΙ ΟΥΟΖ ΑΘΖΟΜΑ ΜΑ
ΡΟΟ Ν΄ ΧΦΑΕΝ ΕΤΑΥΕΛ ΠΙΜΙΝΙ ΣΕ ΝΑΟ ΝΤΕΘ

ΠΑΡΟΥΟΙΑ ΜΑΡΟΟ ΑΟΙ ΕΒΟΛ ΣΑ ΣΦΟ ΜΑ ΠΙΝΑΖ 5

Τ Ν΄ ΡΟ ΝΤΕ ΠΕΟΗΙ ΑΟΦΑΣΤΟ ΕΣΕΝ ΝΕΘΚΑΛΑΥΣ

ΑΟΤΦΙ ΕΡΦΟΥ Ν΄ ΟΥΝΙΜΤ Ν΄ ΝΑΥ ΝΘΟΘ ΣΕ

ΠΙΕΠΙΟΚΟΠΟΟ ΕΘ ΟΥΑΒ ΑΘΤΟΥΝΟΟΟ ΕΖΡΗΙ ΕΘΣΦ

ΝΜΟΟ ΝΑΟ ΣΕ ΤΦΝΙ ΕΖΡΗΙ Φ΄ ΤΟΖΙΝΙΙ ΕΤ ΟΝΑ
ΡΦΟΥΤ ΖΙΤΕΝ ΦΤ ΝΕΜ ΠΙΡΦΗΙ ΑΛΗΘΦΟ Α ΦΤ 10

ΤΟ Ν΄ ΝΕ ΘΥΟΙΑ ΝΤΟΤ Ν΄ ΦΡΗΤ Ν΄ ΑΒΕΛ ΠΙΘΗΙΙΙ

ροξ. λ. ογος | λαφωλεμ è μεδλιλ è φρη è μλ μελχισελεκ πογρο è σλημη πιογηβ èτε φ† èτ δοςι τε λρε èn ογ βεη ογαφογτεη Νθος δε λαλμοιι èμος βεη ογημω è τιμη λαολα 15 εβογη è πεσκοιτων èρε τεικών èι πιλρχηλη- γελος μιχληλ è βητα λαχω βλροα èι ογθονος èι ελεφλητικόν μεν ελησαμμελιον èι ελτ εθρε νιπρεσβγτερος νεν νιδιλκών εξωςι ειχωογ Èτλγωληλ δε λγεμαςι ογος 20

ροε. Β. Αςογωη ή πιρωος ήτε πεςηι ας ίπι ή πεςεγπαρχοντα τηρος έβολ ισσεν ος κεφαλεον ωλ ος έλαχιστον φιι έτ ταιμοςτ νεν φη έτ σοσεβ ασχας ήπες ήθο έβολ Πεσας νας σε παιωτ έθ ος αβ δι ή ναι κος χι ή χρηνία 25 ή τοτ ήτεκς ορος έ νιζηκι βαροί νεν πα μακαρίος ή ελί βεν φράν ή πιάρχη τερός έθ όγαβ μιχαήλ είνα ήτες †20 έχωι ή πενιθο μι φτ λνοκ νεμ πα μακαριος η ζαι λρισταρχος πιστρατγλατης εθρε η ερ ογναι ρος. α. νεμ ταταλε | πωρος μι ψυχη δεν πεηβημία ετ οι η ζοτ Πιεπισκοπος σε αφουαζοαζνι εθρου ωλι νεν χαι νιβεν ετ εντας ε τεκ- 5 κλησιά ουος νεςεβιαικ ασχαυ έβολ ευοι η ρεμζε Ασωωπι σε δεν παι έζοου η ουωτ ετε σου τε μι παωνι πε Ετι ενζεμοι νεμ πιεπισκοπος η σαζι ανωωλεμ ε ουνιωτ η ενες επι τη ναι μιαν ζω πε ειζεμοι νενι πα ιωτ ανθυμος πιεπισκοπις (sic) εθ ουαβ

ρος. Β. πιωορπ | κι φωωεν δεν νενχιχ κι φη έθ ογαβ ιωλνημο πιπιχρης [ος] τονίος είοι κι πρεςβγτερος Ετληωωλέμ σε κι παι νιωτ κι όθοι 15 κι ογαι ανχα τότεν έβολειτεν ται νιωτ κι θεώρια Μενένς αςτασθός γα πα ιωτ κι έπιςκοπός πέχας νας σε ττεο έροκ πα ίωτ εθρέκτεο έχωι είνα κτα έρ απαντάν έ φτ δεν ογογνογ è νανές Σε ογηι αςδωντ έροι 20 κας τογνογ έτογναφωρχ κι τα ψχχη έβολ-

ροζ. λ. δεν πα ςωμα η έβινη ωα πιέζοος ήτε πινιωτ η ζαπ Κε γαρ ις πιαρχναγγελός μιχανλ αφί ήςωι έρε αρισταρχός πα ζαι μοωι νενίας νεν ζαν κε μηω η αγγελός 25 νεμάς Ετας ενκότ ας έχεν πεςνία εν κότ έτας φορως δεν νεςχια α πιέπιςκοπος ωληλ έχως η ογνιωτ η ναγ Μενενςώς ας σαι

ή πεςχο è πωωι βεν πζο ή πιέπιςκοπος νεν πικιήω τηρα πέχλς νωού νε †ωινι èρωτεν βεν πός Άρι †ληλπη ѝ τετεν† νηι ѝ

- ροζ. Β. Τεικων κι πιαρχηριγελός μιχρηλ ήτα ερ αςπαζεςθη κίνος κι παι κε ςόπ βα τεη κίπας τι εκολβεν ςωμά βεν τογνογ α πιεπισκόπος απόσι η τεικων αφτηίς νας ήθος αε ας ερ αςπαζεςθη κίνος εςχω κίνιος αξε πα δς πιαρχη αγγελός εθ ογαβ μιχρηλ όξι ε ρατκ νέμμι βεν ται ογνογ θαι ετ οι η ξότ Ναι αξε το εν ςωτέν έρος εςχω κίνωση ανόν αξε νέμι πίνηω ανόστενι ε πβρωογ η ογνιωτ η κίνω εγδοχι εναφω έχεν νογέρηση κι φρητ ή
- рон. а. ογκαταρακτης εσωω | èвой ογος à nenbad ѝ иімію мікоухі пем иіпіф нізшоут пем 15 иізіомі аунау è піархнаггейос èв оуав міханй ед ер оушіні й фрит й фри едогі è ратд гіхей еуфимій тсунклитіки Ере иісіві й ратд оі й фрит й оугоміт й варшт едфосі Бей оухршм ере оуой оусайпіггос 20 Бей тедхіх й оуйнам èвой èре оуой оутрохос ѝ фрит ѝ оугарма Бей тедхіх ѝ бахи èре оуой оустаурос гіхшд Ед ер форій й
- роп. в. оудевсо | ессштп едоте ва мюуршоу йте пікосмос й оувва й кшв й соп Етаннау де 25 ерод й плі риф анфвортер оуод анха тотен евой еве теддоф Оуод аннау ерод едоді è ратд едсшоутен йтедстойн й оушімі

έβολ εως εφεολεελ η Τψγχη η Τεειμί η μακλρια ετεμμαγ εγφημία Τεγηκλητική εθρεεί έχεν τεφετολή έθ ογαβ Παι ρητ δε αςτ η πεςπηλ έρε τεικών ήτε παρχηλη-

- ροθ. Β. Τεκκλησιλ | εθρεη ερ Τσημαζις λ πιέπις- 15 κοπος ὶ έβογη ἐ πιτοπος φαι ѝ θογητ ѝ βητη Τνογ σε βεη φραη ѝ πιαρχημαγγελος ἐθ ογαβ μιχαηλ Ογος ἐτας ως ἐβογη ἐ πιθγειλετηρίον κατα τεςσημηθιά ας απαγ ἐ τζικων δι πιαρχηλιγελος θη ἐταςζαλαι ἐβολβεν πιηι 20 ὰ εγφημιά εςλωι βεν πιάμρ ατόνε χις ѝ ρωμι βεν Τχογκη ѝτε πινα ἐθ ογαβ Πιέπις-κοπος σε ας αφω ὲβολ ες ω μιρωμι ѝτε Ττρακη Τημεος λημοικι ѝ τετενημαγ ὲ
- ρπ. α. ται μιωή | η νομ ήτε πιαρχηληγελος έθ 25 ογαβ μιχαμλ Ογος λ πιμήω τηρή δονί έ δογη è πιθηςιλετηρίου ογος αννάς δεν νέν βαλ è †εικών ήτε πιαρχημαγγελός μιχαμλ

έςλωι δεν πιληρ λτόνε χιχ η ρωμι γε κε ελι η παι ρη Αλλα ναςταχρηοςτ η ατκιμ η ογετγλλος η αχαμαντινού έτε ηπ αγκιμ ηςα ελι η εα έ πτηρα Φογηρ νε νιδρώος εταγωωπι η νίνας έτεμμας έρε πίμηω τηρα 5

ρπ. Β. ωω έβολ εγτώος κι φτ νενι πιαρχηαργελός εθ ογαβ μιχαηλ Ογος à πωινι κι ται ωφηρι κι ται μαικ φος ωα πιογρωος κι μαι ποςτ ερκαδιός κι εγδοξιά τογρω βενι κωςταντινος πολίς νενι πογρο ομπογρίος βενι ρωμη Ογός 10 αγεεμμητό εθρος ερ απάνταν ε ται νης νενι ογέρηος Ογος παι ρητ ας ερ απάνι τανι νενι ογέρηος εγόση νενι τογρω αγνας βενι νογβαλ ε τωφηρι κτε τεικών κτε πιαρ χηαργελός εθ ογαβ μιχαηλ Ογός αγοςωωτ 15

ρπλ. λ. είχεν πικλει είχεν πισλού | ήτε πιμακαρίος ιωλννής πίχρης οστόνος έτας ωκ έβολει χως φαι έτας ήρι η εάννιως η τάλσο δεν ται νής ος δε ρωνί νίβεν δεν τογνός αγωάν η κότ είχεν πισλός έτεμμας ήτε 20 πίλριος ιωλννής ωλητική η πιογχαι ςα τότος (Ο) νίν εθναωάχι ε νίωφηρι έτας ωπι έβολειτεν τείκων έτεμμας ήτε πιαρχήλης ρελος μιχαήλ θαι έτ αννάς έρος τνος δεν

PΠΛ. Β. ΝΕΝΒΑΛ ΈCOYONZ ÈBOλ ΕΝ ΠΕ ΤΟΠΟ Ο ΕΘΟΥΑΒ 25

ΦΑΙ ΈΤΕΝΘΟΥΗΤ ΈΡΟ ΕΝ ΠΕ ΤΕ ΤΕ ΜΕΥΊ ΕΘ

ΟΥΑΒ Μ΄ ΦΟΟΥ ΖΟ ΔΕ ΚΑΤΑ COY ΙΕ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΒΟΤ

ΝΤΕ ΠΕΖΟΟΥ ΠΕ Μ΄ ΠΙΑΡΧΗΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ ΜΙΧΑΗΛ

πε ωλρε τεικών έτεμμας τλογό έβολ ελη-ΣΑλ η Σωιτ η πιΣ η ελητάς εγοπτ η καρπός εσεολά κατα παι ρητ εως σε ογώε η σωιτ τε τφοσι έτεμμας έρε τεικών φοτε έρος Ζαρα τετενίρι η φμεςί αν ήθε έρε ςα βογη 5 μπος ώωνι βεν πιώωνι έτογμοςτ έρος σε λποςτηνα έτε πιχάλκων πε νέν πιρητ έ-

- ρπε.λ. τλοώμα έβολ è πτηρο ογος λο ερ ατ σομ εμαώω ειτεν πιώωνι νεν πι βισι ετ ει σως ογος έταςὶ βεν πεσνιώτ ѝ ναετ è βογν è 10 παι τοπος èθ ογαβ αςδι èβολβεν πικαρπος ναωιτ èτ à τεικών τλογώογ èβολ ѝ σογ τε κι πιλβοτ èταοςινι Ογος à τετενναγ èρος σε βεν πσινθρές ογων èβολβεν πογτας ѝ τεικών à πιώωνι èτ σαβογν μνος φοσι 15 ѝ τογνογ αςτογβο υγος αςογσαι αςώε νας è πεσνι εςτώογ ѝ φτ νεν πιαρχη-
- рпг. а. сфрагідін й педго Бен фран й фішт нем | пшнрі нем піппа ев оуав Оуог адбі й оу-

Σωβι Θεη ημ έρε † ζικων τλογό ήμωσγ έβολ λαχλς είσεν πιμλ έθ μοκε ήτε τεαλφε λασόγσλι ή † σύνος ογος λαωε ήλα ε πεαμί βεν ογειρημή Τεν ηλολσί έ λω ίε τενήλχλ λω έβολ ω πλ δς ογος πλ ήμε μενένολ 5 φ† Αληθώς ήθοκ πε πιρεαέργημι ήτε ρωμί ήμεν η μεν νίτεβνωσή έκ εροικονομιν ήμωσς τηρος ή πενίθο ή φ† Αω πε πιτλίό ετ

рпб. в. енилютлюк й энто й пілрхнстратікос йте тхом й ніфноді вісшоди хе ймон тлю 10 одно мем фшк хе одиі когі è ратк й снод нівен й пемно й півронос йте піпанто-кратфр ектшве ймод è ве птаго è ратд й фыетршмі тиро Одог тенсшоди хе йнок пе èте півроїщі й тотк внрекдлі è грні è 15 пікатапетасна йте ф† піпантократфр атбые вр кодін ймок Маренгш èрон фа плі ма висахі вне палітедос й пбо наі рефомы й фаг й хршн пілрхнагтедос èв одав

ρπΣ. λ. Ογος ήτενσος εων | μενι πιπροφητής δαγίδ 20 φαι έτας κας παν έθρης βεν ταρκη ή πιλογος ήτεν σός εων ή παι ρη Σε ωαρε παγγελος ή πος εικοτ ή πκω † ή ογον νίβεν έτ ερ εο † βα τες η ογος ήτες ηλεμογ Μαρεντάς ο ή πιζακί είκεν πιρές ο ογος 25 πιρές διαδοί ογος πιξηιώκος φαι έτας δρο βενι αγων νίβεν έτ εμπ νένι νη έθ ογώνε έβολ φαι έτας ή τα μενί ήτε πίπη έθ

ογαβ φαι έταφρωστ è σρηι η χολσογομορ ρπδ. β. η βερι φη έτ ερ ογωινι è κωσταντινογπολις ημαγατς αν αλλα νεμ νι κε νης ος νεμ τοικογμενη τηρς εισασι è πα δς η ιωτ
ιωαννης πιαρχηθηιςκοπος ήτε κωσταντινογ- 5
πολις μαλλον σε τοικογμενη τηρς Û νιμ
εθναφφιρι è νεκς ασι èθ μες η πων b èθ μες
η ςολς ελ νιβεν η ππατικον Û νιμ εθναφσασι ογος ήτες δι ηπι η πα ωαι η νεκεσεγης ετακ ερ εξηγηζιν ημωσγ ω πι- 10
χρης ος τολος έθ ογαβ ιωαννης πιλας η νογβ

ρπε. λ. Εκ ερ ενχριλ η ρωκ ήμιν ήμοκ εθρε καω η πεκταιό α ογηι ήμου ωσομ η λλο η σαρξ ήλος ω η πταιό η πεκвιος έθ ογλε Δκαφι όη ελνογρωος ήκωιπι λη βεν παινθρογρακος 15 σα βολ η τμεθμηι κατα φρητ έρε αλγια ερ προφητεγιή βα νενίοτ η αποστολός είσεν ήμος αξ α πογβρωος ωε ναι έβολ είσεν πκαξι τηρί ογος η ογσααί αγφος ωλ αγρημό η τοικογμένη Νθοκ εωκ ω πίνιωτ 20 ιωλνημό αω πε πιμωίτ με λω πε πιμογνάς.

ρπε. Β. ΤΗΡΙΟΝ Ε΄Τ ΒΕΝ ΤΟΙΚΟΥΜΕΝΗ ΤΗΡΟ ΕΤΕΚΝΑΣΙΜΙ Ν΄ ΒΗΤΟΥ ΑΝ Ν΄ ΠΕΚΒΙΟΟ ΝΕΜ ΝΕΚΕΖΗΡΗΟΙΟ Ε΄Τ ΖΟΛΣ ϢΑ Ε΄ΒΡΗΙ Ε΄ ΝΗ Ε΄ΤΟΥΜΟΥΤ Ε΄ΡΦΟΥ ΣΕ ΦΥΟΙΟ ΟΝΟΥΤ ΑΥΊ ΙΟ ΠΕΝΠΟΛΙΟ Ε΄ ΠΟΛΙΟ ΝΕΜ 25 ΊΟΣΕΝ ΧΦΡΑ Ε΄ ΧΦΡΑ ΑΥΟΥΦΤΕΒ Ν΄ ΝΕΚΛΟΓΟΟ ΑΥΧΑ Ν΄ ΤΟΤΟΥ Ν΄ ΦΥΛΑΚΤΗΡΙΟΝ ΕΥ ΕΡ ΜΕΛΕΤΑΝ Ν΄ ΒΗΤΟΥ Ν΄ ΟΝΟΥ ΝΙΒΕΝ ΤΝΆ ΕΡ ΤΟΛΜΑΝΝΤΑΧΟΟ ΣΕ Ε΄Τ λ † ογρω ερ εξωριζια κινιόκ ε ται από το βεολ είτεα ογεγαχωραςιε ατε φ† ε ακφωάς ατεαφγείε εθ αλώτ α φρα† α αιωαί

- ρπς. λ. ογος λκθρογόμου ἐμλωω Ογος ληχω ὰςων ὰ †μετωληώς ὶδωλου ε ληψεμώι ὰ 5 φ† πιρεφθλαιό ὰτε πιεπτήρα Ε λκὶ ἐ τλι υπόσος ὰ φρη† ὰ ογωεμμό λκως νακ εκτευθωντ ὲ ογσοι εφνονι δευ πιπαλατιού ὰτε πιογρωογ εφοπτ ὰ εχηλλωτός ὲ λκλίτογ ὰ ρεμζε ὲ λγτλοθωογ ὲ πογκαςι δευ ογει- 10 ρημη μεμ ογώση σε ογηι ὰ πιδιαβολός ερ εχηλλωτεγιη ὰμωση ὶςσεν ωορπ ογος λφζιτογ ὲ δογη ὲ πιχλκι ετ τεμθωμι Α πογρο
- ΤΟΥ ΕΝΕΙΝΑΣΙΑΝ ΕΝΕΙΝΟ

 $pπ\overline{z}$. λ. Μλη $\dot{\epsilon}$ ογεωβ εq cλ πωωι \dot{n} ηλ μετροή $|z_5\rangle$ $\dot{\epsilon}$ τε φλι πε εθρε casi $\dot{\epsilon}$ πεκτλιό †μεγ $\dot{\epsilon}$ $\dot{\omega}$ ηλ μενρλ† χε $\dot{\lambda}$ πιωι \dot{n} casi ωωπι cλ cλ ηιβέν $\dot{\omega}$ λρε πιξοογ \dot{n} casi γλρ έθρε $\dot{\kappa}$ έρ

The last words of this Encomium are wanting. After the words وكل كرامه, which = NEM TAIÒ [NIBEN], there is written by another hand الان والى ابد الابدين امين

The Ms. has EGEGETWB2.



SPECIMEN OF THE ARABIC VERSION

OF THE

ENCOMIUM UPON SAINT MICHAEL

BY

ABBA THEODOSIUS OF ALEXANDRIA.

كان انسان شحب للاله بار من سنهور المدينة تحبأ للصديقات والمعروف (sic) اسمهُ دوروثاوس وكان لهذا معينة السهها ثاأوبستا وكانت هاذه عابده جدًّا .Fol. 35b. الم كامله في المرحمة والمحبّه مثل زوجها وكان لهم 5 قرابيين عظيمة على اسم اله رئيس الملائكة الاطهار ميخادِيل * وكَأَنا منذُ زمان زيجتهما شباب وكانا والديهما قد خلفو لهما ارث عظيم بسعة غنا واموال عظيمة وانعام كثيره من الاعنام والبقر والبهايم جدّا مع Fol. 36a. من بقيّم زينة هذا العالم وكان لهم الاثنان نية صالحه 10 لله ورئيس ملايكته الاطهار ميخاييل 🧀 وكانوا اذا بلغوا الى اثنى عشر في الشهر يهتموا بالقرابين من باكر اليوم الحادي عشر الي اليوم الثاني عشر في الشهر يرسلوا القربان والخمر آلى كنيسة ربيس الملايكة ميخائيل بنشاط عظيم بغير تواني ، ومن بعد هذا 15 يذبحوا الاغنام ويرجعوا الى الاهتمام بالطعام بحيرة . Foi. 36b. كما يليق بالشعب ومن بعد التناول من السواير

المحيية في اليوم الثاني عشر من الشهر يجمعوا كل المعوزين من الاعتام العميان والعرج والمعوزين من الايتام والارامل والغربا ويقفوا يخدموهم بانتشاط نفس وسعة

روح وفرح قلب حتّي يكملوا الأكل حينيذ يقدموا عدد المحموا عدد المحتوا ويسقوهم حتي يكملوا الشرب يدهنوا وووسهم بدهن مُكرّم قايلين امضوا بسلام ايتها الاخوة الاحبا لاتا قد استحقينا عظم هذه الكرامه اليوم وهذا المجد العالي بنقل اقدامكم الي منزل عبيدكم ه فهكذا كانوا يعملون في كل اثنى عشر عميدكم ه فهكذا كانوا يعملون في كل اثنى عشر الشهر حتّى انّ سيطهم (sic) ذاع في كل مكان من من

رجاهم كان ثابتا بالله وربيس الملايكة الاطهار 381. آمريك ميخائيل وكان من بعد زمان كبير وهم مواطيدن على هذا العمل هكذا امر الله ان لا تمطر السّمآء على هذا الارض ثلثة سنين من اجل خطايا بنى البشر على حتى قلقت جميع ارض مصر وكل سكانها لاجل شدة عدم الشبع وموت الجزع كما هو مكتوب وحيندن تجالاً

(sic) كثيرين وماتوا وغنيت البهايم معا لان مآ النبل 160. 38b. لم يطلع ولم ينزل علي الارض مطرا (sic) منذ ثلثة سنين وكان هذا الرّجل القديس وزوجته لم يفتروا مما كانوا 25 يعملود في كل شهر يطلموا من اللّه وريبس ملايكته ميخايمل قايلين يا اله ميخايمل لا تنزع قربانك ولا

تحبتك لذا فن عبيدك وفيها هم في هذا لم يجدوا عوضا وكثمر من بهايمهم هلكوا فلها كهلت استنين ١٥٥٠. واستقبلوا الثالثه فرغ كل شيء لهم وعوزوا ولم يبق لهم الا القليل ومات جميع غنمهم سوي خروف وحده الأ القليل ومات جميع غنمهم سوي خروف وحده الرجل العابد لزوجته الطوبانية الم تعلمي يا اختى ان اليوم هو الحادي عشر من بابه وغدا يكون عيد ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل فلنهتم بقربان ندفعة للاقيوم ونذيع هذا الخروف فهي عبد ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل وان متنا المالايكة عبد ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل وان متنا المالايكة

المهاديمة المحكود ميكاديمة وال مملك المكاويمة وال مملك المختل المرب وان عشنا فنحن له ايضًا وليكون اسم الرب مباركا التي الابلا في فقالت زوجته حتى هو الرب يا اخبى ان هذا الحزن كاين معى من داخل قلبى من قبل امس لكنى لم اجد جساره ان اسالك لانى اعلم ما الذي كان منا والان فعظيم هو الوكل لم تنس قربان الله فاصنع يا اخبى كما

قدُ قلت | فلما كان باكر الثاني عشر من بابه قاموا Fol. 40a سحوا جدا وكملوا جميع خدمهم ولم يقصّروا شيء عن رمان سعتهم ولم يبق لهم شي خلا قليل دقيق ويسير من الخمر وفنيت ثيابهم ما خلا الذي تزوّجوا 20 فيهم فقط وكانوا مع هذا يمجدون الله وريبس الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل بتسابيم وبوكات في الليل

والنهار بدموع كثيرة | قايلين يا ربّنا يسوع المسيط 160.400 عيننا (sic) يا ربيس الملايكه ميخابيل اسال الربّ غينا لكي يفتح لنا يد نعمته وبركته لملا يفنى منّا رجا 25 تحبتك وقربانك هذا الذي نقدمه للّه على اسمك الطاعر يا ربيس الملائكه ميخابيل ، انت تعلم

قلوبنا ومحبتنا فيك وليس لنا شفيع الا انت انت هو شفيعنا المنف صغرنا والي الان تشفع فينا قدّام الله Fol. 41a. الله مخلَّصنا * نحن الَّان نظَّلب اليك أيَّها المهتم الصالح ميخائيل ربيس الملايكة الاطهار فأن هذا الحزن 5 العظيم ادركناً في اخرتنا من بعد ما كنا قد قرنا مع الله ومعك ان لا نقطع قربانك وصدقاتك فليدركنا صلاحك واطلب الي الله ليصنع معنا رحمه عظيمه ويتخرجنا من هذا العمر الباطل مثل جميع ٢٥١٠ ٩١٠٠ ابائنا فهاهوذا انت توا یا شفیعنا ما قد اصابنا 10 لاجل خطايانا وجيد لنا أن نموت الان فأنّ الموت لكل احد خير من الحياة بغير ثمرة صالحه ليّلا تدوم علينا هذه الشدّه فننسى قربانك وصدقاتك الذي قررناهم مع الله ومعك ايضًا لانَّ المسكنة تصنع اعمال كثيره تجلب الي الموت وتلجى الناس | الي الملل & Fol. 42a. 15 والان فلحن نظهر ضعفنا بين يديك يا ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل فلا تنسانا من اجل خطايانا بل اصنع معناكمثل ما هو مكتوب أنّ ملاك الربّ يحوط بجمع الذين يتخافونه وينتجيهم وقال داوود ايضا من اجل اقوام انه يقوتهم في اوان الجوع وقال البارّ ايضا 20 يطلب خُبرًا النهار كله والربّ يعطى ويرحم أوالان .Fol. 42b ايها الشفيع الطاهر ميخائيل ربيس الملايكة انت تراكل ما تفعله عبيدك وليس لنا كلام نقوله الا هذا فقط انا قد بلغنا ان نموت فاعنّا يا اللّه تخلّصنا ونقول ايضًا هذا القول الاخر نبارك الربّ الربّ اعطا 25 والربّ اخذ فلتكن مشية الربّ وليكن اسم الربّ مُبارك الى الابد امين ﴿ وبهذا الكلام وما اشبههُ كان

القدّيسين يقولون منذ الثاني عشر من بابد 160.43 مواطبين الطلب الي الاه ميخاييل الي الحادي عشر من شهر هتور الذي يكون صبحته الثاني عشر مند يوم العيد العظيم الذي لربيس الملايكد ميخاييل 5 كما نحن مجتمعين فيد اليوم نعيّد معكم يا احبّانا فلما بلغوا وقت الاهتمام بالتيبان المقدّس عشدة

فلما بلغوا وقت الاهتمام بالقربان المقدّس عشية اليوم الحادي عشر ليلة الثاني عشر كل شهر كعادتهم

عاد ذلك الرجل المؤمن البالحقيقة التي المراتة العابدة المحابدة العابدة وقال لها يا اختى انتى جالسة ماذا تعملين الست المحالم التعلمين ان غذا هو العيد هل نسيتى القربان الصالح او هل ثقل عليك ذكر ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل الكريم الحلو على قلبك يا اختي لا تكوني عديمة الرجا بالله فانة هو الذي ينعم على كل احل المناف المملو فرحًا الطوبانية جيدًا اتيتنى بهذا الانفان المملو فرحًا

15 جيدًا جلبت لي عزا | وفرحًا وغنا النفس وهو تذكر 15 . Fol. 443. وييس الملايكة ميخابيل المكرّم بالحقيقة يا اخبي ان من باكر هذا النهار والي الان لم تمتنع دموع عينيّ والنار تاكل في احشاي من اجل عيد ربيس الملايكة الاطهار شفيعنا ميخابيل والان يا اخبي انظر 20 ماذا تفعل ليلا يهلك قرباننا ويخسر الشي الاخر

الذي فرغنا ان نفعله الآنا سبعنا المعلم بولس يقول 160.446 ان الذي يبتدى بفعل الخير فليكمله الي يوم ظهور ربنا يسوع المسيح وهوذا نحن قد بدينا بالعمل الصالح فلنحرص علي كماله فقال لها فما الذي يكون 25 منا يا اختى اذ ليس لنا كفاف في ما نعجزه فقالت بفرم هودا عندنا قليل خبر تحب أن نضعه قدام

الاخوة وقليل زيت يلقى في الطعام ومسم رووس الاخوة | Fol. 45 a لكن ليس عندنا دقيق ولا قمح فقال الحقيقه يا اختى ليس لنا شيء ولا عندنا خروف نذبحه لكن ارادة الربّ تكون ليس يطالبنا اللّه الا بقوتنا كما 5 هُو مكتوب احبّك يا ربّ توتي نجيّد ان نعطى قليل افضل من ان لا نصنع شي البتّه لكن الذي خطر بمالي اناً اقوله لك هوذا ثياب كل واحد واحد ممّاً الذي للاكليل قد بقوا إنا أخد ثوبي أوَّلا اشترى Fol. 45b. به قمم للقربان فهر يكفي لقربان الشعب من اجل 10 الجوع وغلا القمح واذا كأن غدًا اخذتُ ثوبِك انتبي ايضًا ﴿ وامضي فاشترى به خروف ونذبحهُ صُبحةً العيد فانه عيد عظيم لربيس الملايكه الأطهار ميخابيل وان وجدنا اكلنا وان لم نجد عجدنا الله ، وان متنا الربّ يقبلنا إلانا لم نقطع قربانه فقالت لله المراة الحكيمة 15 يا أخي ليس ثوبي وثوبك فقط بل ورداي ايضًا واسلم نفسي لاجل قربان الربّ والصّدقه فُقالَّ لها بعلها جيداً يا اختى لقد اظهرتي قريحه صالحه لكن خلَّى رداك لاجل انك تستري راسك به كمثل قول المعلم بولس و بعد هذا اخذ ثوبه الذي تناول فيه السّراير ٢٥١. ٩٥٥. 20 المقدِّسة ودفعة عن القمر ودفع القم اللامنوت (sic) وعاد الي بيته بفرح قايلًا قل هيا لنا الربّ أمر القربان فلما كان باكر اليوم الثاني عشر من هتور اجتمعت به المراة العابدة وقالت لهُ قم ياً اخي لتاخذ ثوبي ولعلَّ تجل به خروف لكبي نهيتي شغلُ الاخود الذبين 25 ياتوا الينا الله فاراد ال يعلم قريحته فقال الها يا Fol. 47a. الها الها يا Fol. 47a. الها الها يا

اختى اذا اخذتُ ثوبك وارادتي ان تماركي فماذا

تصنعى في هذا العيد العظيم اليوم فانى انا ذكر اذا مضيت الى مكان وانا هكذا فلا افتضم والمواة فلا يمكنها ان تعرّي جسدها ولاسيما في الكنيسه في فلما سمعت عابدة الاله هذا الكلام بكت بمرارة وقالت الويل لي يا اخى الحبيب ما هذا الذي تقوله

لي هل افترقنا اليوم وصرنا اثنين اليس انا وانت ٢٥١٠ 47 ١٠ جسدًا واحدًا اليس يكون لي معك نصيب في القربان اليس اخدنا ايضا جزوً في عيد رببس الملايكة ميخاييل لا يا اخى لا تظن بهذا هكذا في قلبك اننى اصير عريانة فان الحاضرين في الكنيسة الدكور والاناث بالمسيم فم ملايكة ورووسا ملايكة والشاروبيم والسارافيم والمخلّص في وسطهم وكانت تقول هذا وهي

تبكي بمرارة فلما راي عظم احتراف نفسها قلق Fol. 48a. بسببها وفوح لقوة ايمانها ﴿ وقال لها قومي فاهتمي المايدة على 15 بالقربان واريت لنرسلها التي الكنيسة فنضع المايدة مع الخبز القليل واهتمى بيسير من البقل حتى امضى لعلّ يعدّ اللّه لنا خروف فنجهّز للاخوة طعام في

هذا العيد العظيم. وللوقت قام باجتهاد عظيم . Poi. 48b. ونيّة صالحة باللّه وربيس ملايكته الاطهار ميخاييل 20 واحد التوب وسار طالبًا من الاه ميخايبل ان يسهّل طريقه وبينها هو جايز مرّ براعى غنم فقال له السلام لك يا حبيب فقال له الراعي ولك انت ايضا فقال الرجل العابد للراعي هل اجد عندك اليوم خروف

فأنَّ انسان كبير قُل جا الينا فقال الله الراعي الي Fol. 49a. 25 كم يكون ثمنهُ فقال لهُ يكفى ثلث دينار فقال لهُ الراعي اعطيني الثمن لكي اعطيه لك فدفع لهُ ذلك

الرجل الصالح ثوب زوجته قايلا خذ هذه عندك الي ثلثه ايام فاذا لم احضر اليك ثلث دينار تخذه وانَّت في حلّ منه فاجابه الراعي قايلا وما افعل انا بهذا الثوب وليس احد في بيتي يلبس عليه الله 5 صوف إورد الثوب الي الرجل العابد فعاد في طريقه Pol. 49b. موف إورد الثوب الي الرجل العابد فعاد في طريقة باكيًا بمرارة مفكرا في نفسه ان ماذا يفعل وماذا يقول لزوجَته وفيماً هو ساير في طريقه باكيا وعيناه ثقيله من البكاء فنظر قدّامه فراي ربس الملايكه ميخاييل جاديًا راكب غرس اشهب كمثل ارخين 10 الملك العظيم وملايكه اخر سايرين معه في شبه اجناد فخاف جدّا إوكان يسعى في الطريق المسلوك Fol. 50a. فترك طريق الارخن واجناده الله الله الله ربيس الملايكة ألاطهار ميخادبل حيد (sic) باللجام الذي في فم الفرس الي دوروثاوس فوقف وقال افرح يا دوروثاوس 15 المارّ الصالح الي اين انت ماضي ومن اين اتيت وانت هكذا الأبس هذا الثوب تسير وحدك في الطريق فاجاب دوروثاوس قايلاً نحو ُذلك الربيس السّلام عليك انت أيضًا إيا سيّدى ومَولاي الربيس Fol. 50b. حسنًا كان مجيّل الينا الموم، فقال له الربيس الذي 20 هو ميكائيل اليس ثااوبستا حيّه ، فاجاب دوروثاوس ووجهه فاظرا الي الارض من اجل مجد الارخين وقال عبدتك حيّه يا سيدي فقال له الامير ما هو هذا الذي معك مفاجابه دوروثاوس وهو مستكي هي ثوب زوجتى فقال له ذلك الأرخن مادا تفعل بها فاجابه 25 دُوروثاوس ان انسان عظيم قد جا التي اليوم ولم اجد شیء ایلایمه ولیس بیدی ذهب من اجل ۴۵۱، 5۱۵،

الزمان الذي بلغنا البه اخذتها لاعطيها في ثمن خروف غلم ياخذها الراعبي وليس اعلم ماذآ اصنع ومأذا اضع قدام الربيس ف فقال له الارض الذي هو ميخايبل فاذا أناً ضمنتك منه واخذتُ لك خروف 5 تضيفني اليوم والذين معي ﴿ فاجاب دوروثاُوس وقال نعم یا سیّدی اجعلنی مستحق ان تدخل تحت | سفق بيت عبدكم فاجاب الارخن الذي هو Fol. 51b. ميخائيل وقال لاحد الملايكة التابعين لذ اذهب مع دوروثاوس الي الراعي فقل له قال لك الربيس الذي 10 جازبك السّاعة ارسل له خروف ثمنة ثلث دينار وانا اخذ ثمنه في نصف النهار وارسله اليك ، فذُهُب دوروثاوس مع ذلك الملاك المتشبّه بالجند الي Fol. 52 a. الراعي على أسم ربيس الملايكة واخذوا الخروف فتفرس الربيس الذي هو ميخائيل في دوروثاوس وقال له هوذا 15 الحُروف قد حصل من اجل صنيع ذلك الرجل العظيم بفرج الله يعدُّهُ لاشتريه ﴿ إفقال لَهُ الارخِينَ بِلَيِّ Fol. 52b. شي تشتريد فقال له اضع هذا الثوب رهنا حتى اعطى 20 الثَّمن فقال الارخين اذا كان هكذا ضع الثوب عندك وانا ارسل باسمي واخذ الحوث حتى ترسل له الثمن * ودعا ذلك الارّخن احد الاجناد الذين معه وقال لهُ اذهب الي الموردة وقل للصيّادين قال لكم الربيس الذي جاز بَّكم | أرسلوا الي حوثًا جيدًا يكون ثمنه Fol. 53a. x 25 ثلث دينار وانا ارسل اليكم الثمن مع دوروثاوس في نصف هذا النهار فذهب ذلك الملاك الذي هو في

حلية جندى باسم ميخايمل الى صيّادين السّمك واخذ منهم حوثًا وجاً به الي ألوييس نقال ذلك الارخن لدوروثاوس قد كمل الشغل فقال دوروثاوس نعمُ يا سيّدي | قد كمل كلّ شيء ﴿ فاجابِ الْارِحْسِ ٢٥١. 5٥b 5 وقال انطلقوا تحملوا الخروف والحوث وذهبوا وكان دوروثاوس يسير وهو مفكرً في قلبه من اين اجد ثمن الخروف والحوث مع ما يتحتاجه هذا الربيس من الخبر والخمر والفرش وكانت افكار كثيره على قلبه ان ما هُو الذَّى يصنعه وكان مواطب علي الصّلاة إلى 10 اللّه ولربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخانِّيل قايلاً يا ٢٥١. ١٠٥٠ ربيس الملايكة الاطهار شفيعنا الامين قف معي اليوم انا عبدك فانك عالم انني صانع هذا كله علي اسم ربتنا يسوع المسيح وكان دوروثاوس مفكر بهذآ وهو يمشى وكان ربيس الملايكه يعلم فكر قلبه وهو 15 متاني عليه حتي يري قريكته الصالحه فلما بلغوا الي بيت دوروثاوس قرع | ميخابيل اوّلًا باب المسكن ٢٥١. ١٠٥١ فخرجت ثاوبستا المرأة الحره فقال ميخابيل السلام لك يا ثاوبستا المراة الصّالحة حبّة الاله ما هو عملك في هذه الايام فاجابته ثاوبستا وعليك السلام انت 20 ايضًا يا سيّدى ومولاي الارخين حسنًا أمّا بك اللّه الينا اليوم وربيس ملايكته الاطهار ميخايبل ادخل يا سيّدي ولا تقف خارجا وفيما ثاوبستا المواة العابده تقول هذا واذا بدوروثاوس زوجها عد اقبل والخروف Fol. 55 a. معم والحوث والثوب ايضًا فتركهم امامها فقالت له يا 25 سيّدي واخي من اين وجدت هولاي وانيت بهم معك الى هاهنا ولا سيما انا انظر الثوب معك فقال لها

دوروثاوس الارخن استوهبني انا ودفع لي هولاء فقالت له ثااوبستا حسنًا اتا الله الينا اليوم بهذا الربيس وربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل والذيس معه بالحقيقة نعد اللذين قد ضهنونا وكانت تقول هذا 55b. 55b.

و بفرح فقال الربيس الذي هو ميخايبل هوذا انا اذهب الي القداس فأن اليوم عيد ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل وقد حان الوقت فاجلسوا انتم وهيّوا المكان جيّدًا اما الخروف فاذبحوه والحوث فلا تدنوا منه الي ان احضر اعمل فيه ارادتي فقالوا يكون كامر سيّدنا

10 وذهب عنهم فامّا هم افلم يعلموا من هو لكنهم كانوا Fol. 56a. يظنوا انّهُ ربيس ارضي فقال دوروثاوس لزوجته ثااوبستا ما الذي نصنعه وما الذي نفرش تحت هذا الربيس ومن اين نجد خبرا يصلح لكرامته دعيني اتسوّل اليوم لنصنع ما نقدر عليه فقالت له روجته يا اخى اليوم لنصنع ما نقدر عليه فقالت له روجته يا اخى عنا قم لعل تجد انسان يذبح

الخروف ونجهّر الة | البيت فصنع كذلك فقالت لَهُ 101.56b. النصاً قدّم القليل الخمر لنعلم هل يصلح للارخين ام لا ه فذهب وفتح فم المطمورة فوجدها مملوّة خمر الني الباب فذعر دوروثاوس وعاد التي زوجته وسالها 20 قايلاً هل احد احضر خمر التي هنا مين حين الوقت الذي فقالت لهُ حيّ هو الربّ انّ من حين الوقت الذي

فقالت لهُ حي هو الربّ انّ من حين الوقت الذي اخرجت فيه القليل الخمر الي القربان اليوم لم يفضل شي في المطمورة سوا ضرف واحد داخلها فقال لها Fol. 57 a. لها

تأني حتي ننظر كمول الامر ثم عادوا ليتخرجوا قليل 25 زيت لاجل النفقه ومسم رووس الاخوه في فلما دخلوا الي مكان الزيت وجدوا سبع ضروف زيت مملوه الي

فوق وامطار مملود من كل شيء من جميع ما يعوزه البيت ه سمن وجبن وعسل وخلّ وبقية ما يكون Fol. 57b. في البيت امّا هو فوقع عليهم الخوق من بعد ذلك دخلوا الى قيطونهم فوجدوا صندوق مملوا من كل 5 صنفٍ من القماش المكرّم يفوق من عرسهم وايامهم الاولي بعد هذا مضوأ الي موضع استعداد الخبر فوجدوا خبرًا سخناً مختارًا فعلموا للوقت بالنعمة التي جَااتِهِم فهتجُده وا الله وربيس الهلايكه ميخابيل ، Fol. 58a. فقال دوروثاوس لثااوبستا زوجته انّ الله قد اعد 10 لنا كل شي تعالي نفرش للارخين لان الوقت دنا من حضور والقدّاس (sic) الطاهر فهيوا كل شيء وفرشوا فرش عظيم كبير كما يليق بكرامة الربيس ونصبوا مايده للاخوة كمأ جرت عادتهم ولبسوا عليهم حلل مختاره ومضوا الي الخدُّمة المقدَّسة في كنيسة ربيس الملايكة . Fol. 58b 15 الاطهار ميتخابِيل وهم فرحين فرح عظيم جدا علما دخلوا الاثنيين الي الكنيسة سجدوا امام الاراديون وصلوا لله بشكر عظيم وستبحوا امام صورة ربيس الملايكه ميخابيل قايلين نشكرك يا ربّنا يسوع المسيح وابيك الصّالح والروح القديس الي الابد 20 امين ونبارك ربيس ملايكتك الاطهار ميخابيل لانك لم تكتم | رحمتك عنّا ولم تنس قرابيننا لكن ارسلت Fol. 59a. البنا تحننك سريعًا ﴿ بعد ذلك تُناولوا من السَّواير وقبلوا الشلام واسرعوا وخرجوا امام الاخوة وجلسوا ينتظروا الرديس باجتهاد عظيم وجمعوا النسآء والرجال 25 حتى امتلا المكان ذكور واناث وكان دوروثاوس وثاا وبستا مشدودین (sic) قیام یخدموهم نے کل شیء ادام

يعوزوه تحتفلين بالخمر الجيّد والنفقات المختارة وفيما هو هكذا واذا بالربيس الذي هو ميخابمل قد جا واجناده معه وقرعوا الباب فاسرع دوروثاوس وثاوبستا وخرجوا بفرح وفتحوا الباب وتبلوم وتايلين حسنا استحقينا محبيّك الينا اليوم يا سيّدنا

الربيس واجنادك حقًا نفرح اليوم الانه اليوم العظيم ه 60.60 عيد سيّدنا ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل ادخل اليها الرجل المبارك الله يفرح معك فلما دخل ذلك الربيس وجدا (sic) المكان كله مملوا رجال ونسآء صغار 10 وكبار صار كمن هو متعتجب وقال لدوروثاوس وثااوبستا ايّها الاخود ما حاجتكم بكثرة هولاء الجموع الرجال والنسآء الذين انا اراهم هكذا اليس قد حمّلتم

نفوسكم ثقل عظيم اليوم من اجل محيّنا اليكم Fol. 60 b. اليس انتم ترون هذه الشده الان كان هذا ينبغي اليس انتم ترون هذه الشده الان كان هذا ينبغي I5 ان يصنع في زمن الرخا فقالوا يا سيّدنا الربيس اغفر لنا فاننا لم نحمل نفوسنا ثقل من اجلك لكمّا نشكر اللّه وربيس ملايكته ميخابيل لانّ كل الذين تراهم ليس احد منهم غريب منّا لكن كلهم اتربانا وكلنا جميعنا واحداً في اللّه وكانوا اوليك

20 القُديسين يقولون هذا وميخآييل ربيس الملايكة Fol. 61a. يفرح معهم ليكمّل همتهم ومن بعد هذا دخل مع الذين معه الي المكان الذي هيوه لهُ فلمّا دخلوا اجلسوا ربيس الملايكة علي كرسي فقال لدوروثاوس احضر الحوث من قبل ان تعملوا فيه شيًا فلما 25 احضروة قال لدوروثاوس اجلس وشقّ بطنة. ففعل كذلك فقال لهُ الربيس اخرجرانة فاخرجهُ واذا

هو عظیم جدّا فقال لهٔ وما هو هذا یا سیّدی Fol. 61 b. فقال لهُ افتحهُ فلما فتحهُ دوروثاوس وجد فيه صرَّه داخله مختومه بخواتيم فتحجّب دوروثاوس فيماكان وقال ما هو هذا يا سيّدي الربييس فقال لهُ الارخي ة الذي هو ميخابيل أن الحيثان الكبار هم هكذا يبتلعوا كل شي يجدوه في المماه لكن افتح الصرّد حتى ترى ما الذّي هو داخلها فقال لهُ دوروثاوس يا سيّدي ٢٥١. ١٤٥١ وكيف يبتلعها وعي مختومه دمة ميخاييل ربيس الملايكة يده واخذ الصُرِّه واذا هي مملوه ذهبا 10 مختاراً فعدهم فوجدهم ثلثماية دينار وثلثة قراريط فاخذهم ورفع عينيه الي السّماء وقال أنت عادل يا ربّ واحكامك مستقيمة ولا يخزون المتوكلين عليك فقال الربيس للموروثاوس وثااوبستا زوجته تعالوا ٢٥١. وقال امامي أيها الاخوة الاحبا لاكلمكم لانكم اناس 15 متواضعين ومن اجل انكم تعبتم بزياده لاجلي اليوم في حجى اليكم ها الله قد اعطاكم هذا الذهب بهذه الخواتيم لان هذا هو مال سيدى الملك وهذه خواتيمه والأن فعوض محبتكم وتعبكم مع جنس البشر الذي صنعتم معي ومعهم اليوم النعم الله عليكم بهذه الماء العم التوم 20 الثلثماية متقال وهذه الثلاثة اثلاث خذع اعط واحد للراعى وواحد للشماك عوض الحوث وخذا هذا الاخر أدفعهُ عوض القميم الذي دفعتم الثوب عنه امس واعطيتموه للقربان فخرّوا وسجدوا امام الربيس اعنى دوروثاوس وثااوبستا واجابوا قايلين 25 ما هو هذا الذي تقولهُ لنا يا مولانا وسيّدنا الارخين لعلك اتبت الينا نحن عبيك لناخذ منك شيء .Fol. 63b.

اليس واجب على كل انسان ان يخدم اجناد الملك اليس انت مُسلّط على أجسادنا لكي تصنع نينا ارادتك الا تنال شي من نعمة الله وكرامته اما تعوف ايها السيد الربيس مقدار هذا العيد العظيم اليوم 5 وأن هذا الخبر القليل الذي اكلته مع اقاربنا ليس هو لنا لكنّهُ للّه ولوبيس ملايكته الاطهار مخابيل ١٥١، 64 ه الذي نحن نعيّد له اليوم * لكن ان كانت هذه ارادتُّك يا سيّدنا الربيس فنعن ناخذ هذه الاثلاث فقط عوضًا عن الخُروف والحوث والاخو نخلّص به 10 الثوب كما اشرت ﴿ فاجابهم الربيس الذي هو ميخابيل وقال بالحقيقه وحقّ حياة سيّدى الملك لا بد ان تاخذوهم كلهم ولا تفضّلوا منهم شي وان كمتم تكافون من سيّدي الملك | ليلّا يسمع <mark>فيغضب Fol. 64 b.</mark> انا احتج عنكم عند سيّدي الملك وارضي قلبه ان I5 ينعم عليكم بكرامات اعظم من هذه واريد أن تعرفوا الحق انّ ليس هُولاءً فقط نصيبكم منى اعطيه اليكما لكن اذا رجعت الى مدينتي انا اوهبكم (sic) روس مالكم وكراماتٍ عظيم اعظم من هذا لكن اقبلوا هذا فاندُ فايده * فتعجب دوروثاوس وثااوبستا زوجته لما Fol. 65a. لما 20 سمعوا هذا وقالوا لهُ نطلب اليك يا سيّدنا ان لا تضحك بنا نحس عبيدك ولا تكلمنا بما يفوق طبيعتنا متى جيَّت الينا يا سيّدنا واعطيناك ذهب حتى ناخذ فايدته منك بالحقيقة لم نراك قط يا سيدنا ولم تدخل بيتنا ابدا ومتى راينا وجهك غير 25 اليوم فكيف تقول انك اخذت منا شيئًا | فاجاب Fol. 65 b. الربيس وقال اسمعنى لاخبركم متى دخلت الى بيتكم

من وقت ماتوا ابايكم وورتم اموالهم ونحاسهم همن ذلك الوقت والي اليوم انا في بيوتكم مرّد في كل شهر ومن بعد مضيي ترسلون الي مدينتي كرامات عظيمه الي سيدي الملك وقد فرغ إن يكتب

5 اسمائكم عليهم جميعهم الي حين حضوركم عند | Fol. 65 a. السيدي الملك يعطيها لكم متضاعفه فاجاب دوروثاوس وثااوبستا قايلين نظلب اليك اينها السيد الارخن اصنع معنا معروفا وعرفنا اسمك لاننا مذعورين من اجل الكلام الذي قلته لنا فاجاب الربيس الذي 10 م ميخاييل وقال لهما انا اعلمكما باسمي واسم مدينتي

ان اردتم ان تسمعوا الله انا هو ميتخابيل ربيس احناد السّمايين والارضيين انا هو ميخابيل ربيس اجناد قوات السّموات انا هو ميخابيل ربيس الذهور النيّرة انا هو ميخابيل القوي مفرق الحروب كلها امام 15 الملك انا هو ميخابيل فخر السّمايين والارضيين انا هو ميخابيل العظيم الذي تحنن اللّه جميعة (sic) ساكنة فية انا هو ميخابيل كرسى المملكة السّمايية الله انا هو ميخابيل كرسى المملكة السّمايية انا

هو ميخابيل ربيس الملايكة الواقفين بين يدي يدي 161.67 الله انا هو ميخابيل الذي يقدم قرابين وكرامات 20 الناس الي الله الملك انا هو ميخابيل الماشي مع الناس الذين رجاهم بالربّ الله الملايكة المهتم بكل البشرية باستقامة وخدمتكم

انتم ايضا منذ صغوكم والي الآن ولا افتر عن خدمتكم الم Fol. 67b. الي ان تبلغوا الي ملكي المسيح الغير زايد كما 25 خدمتموني انا ايضا وسيّدي بقوة عظيمة هل انسي ترابينكم او اترك عنّى كراماتكم وصدقاتكم الذي

تدنعوهم لله على اسمى اليس انا كنت واتف بالامس في وسطكم اسمع ما كنتم تقولون مع بعضكم بسبب عادتكم في القربان والعيد اليس كنت معكم Fol. 68a في الوقت الذي بكيتم فيه وطلبتم اليّ وقلتم اسال و الله ان ينقلنا من هذا العالم من قبل ان ينقطع عنا رجاً صدقاتك اليس انا كنت اراكم في الوقت الذي اخرجتما ثياب بركتكما وابعتموهم من اجل تربانّي ﴿ أَقُولُ لَكُمَا أُنتُّى مُوجُودٌ فِي هَذَا جَمِيعُهُ معكماً ولم انسُ شيا مما إ دفعتموهُ من منذ صغركما .Fol. 68b 10 والى الأن لكني معترف بهم الجميع عنكم قدام الله الذي هو ملكي ﴿ بِأَلْحَقِيقَهُ قِدْ احْذَتُمْ مُواحْمَكُمْ مَثْلُ هابيل ونوح وابرهيم لانكم دفعتم باستقامة طوباكما والخير يكون لكما مثل اسمايكما كذلك ايضا بركاتكما * لان تفسير دوروثاوس هو قربان الله وتفسير ثااوبستا 15 هي المؤمنة باللّه إنا هو ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل القايم ابين يدي الله وقد صرتُ شفيعًا فيكما عند. Fol. 69 a. الله انا هو ميخاتيل الذي اخذتُ صلواتكما وطلباتكما وقرابينكما ومراحمكما واصعدتهم الي الله وهكذا ايضا قرنيليوس انا الذي مضيتُ اليه واعلَمتهُ طريق الحياة 20 من قبل المعمودية التي نالها من بطرس الرسول العظيم لا تتخافا فانني لاَّ افارقكما وقد اقتربت منكما | Fol. 69b. عند سيّدي بسبب قربكما مني ومن اجلُ محبتكما العظيمه فيَّ لانه مكتوبُ اقتربوا من اللَّه يقترب اللَّه منكم والان يا دوروثاوس وثأاوبستا اقبلا اليكم القوة 25 والرحمة من يديّي لانّي قد فرغت أن أقول لكما أن هذه الفايده والتاج في يروشليم السماميه مدينة

ملك السّمادِين والارضدِين * قل فرغت ان اشكر لكما قدام اللّه عوضًا من قرابينكما وصلاقاتكما * ١٠٥١. ٢٥٥. ولما قدام اللّه عوضًا من قرابينكما وصلاتا التي فلما قال هذا اعطاهم الذهب والسّلام وصعد التي السّمآء والملايكه وكان دوروثاوس وثااوبستا ناظرين 5 اليه بخون حتى دخل التي السّمآء بسلام من اللّه امين فصنع دوروثاوس وثااوبستا كما امرهما رديس الملايكة الاطهار ميكاييل واكملا العيد بفرح واكلا ومجدا اللّه ولم يكسلا في عملهما ومراحمهما التي المحاوا عمرهما يصنعاها باسم اله ميكاييل حتى اكملوا عمرهما *

SPECIMEN OF THE ARABIC VERSION

OF THE

ENCOMIUM UPON SAINT MICHAEL

BY

SEVERUS, BISHOP OF ANTIOCH.

فاسمعوا الاعلمكم هذه االاعجوبة العظيمة التي كانت بقوة الله وربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل وتطلباته التي اخبرنا بها من جهة اناس مؤمنين بها في كان انسان كاتب يسمى اولاً قطسُن من اهل بها في كان انسان كاتب يسمى اولاً قطسُن من اهل ولم يكن يعرف الله لكنة كان كافراً يعبد الشمس وكان هذا مقيماً بين المته وكانت ارادة الله خلاصة في فلما كان مرة وقد حمل تتجارته في سفينة ومضى الي مدينة من كورة فيلبايس تسمى قلونية وكانت عبادة شهر هتور فاقام في المدينة ليبيع تجارته فبلغ الي اليوم الحادي عشر من شهر هتور فلما كان وقت الطهيرة في ذلك اليوم اجتاز ببيعة ربيس الملائيكة الطهيرة في ذلك اليوم اجتاز ببيعة ربيس الملائيكة ميتخب الظهيرة في ذلك اليوم اجتاز ببيعة ربيس الملائيكة ميتخب الطهيرة في ذلك اليوم اجتاز ببيعة ربيس الملائيكة التي ميتخب القناديل والشموع تعتجب الله لينظر كمال الامر فلما كان المكان وكان بتدبير من الله لينظر كمال الامر فلما كان المكان وكان بتدبير من

الشعب الذين اجتمعوا بذلك المكان يصنعون الحانا | Fol. 93 a. ويقولوا تراتيل حلوه فتعجّب الرجل ومن زيادة تعجّبه رقل علي باب البيعه فاجتُمع الكهنه وبقية الشعب أيضًا في الليل ليعملوا العيد و فتعتجب 5 الرجل ايضًا جدًّا لاجل ما سمع فلما كان باكرًا حضر ذلك الرجل الي اثنين مسيحيّين شكان في تلكُ المدينه وطلب اليهم قايلًا ﴿ يَا احْوِتِي مَا الذِّي كَانِ | Fol 93b. وما هذا الرسم الذي كان في هذه المدينة اليوم فقالا له اوليك أن اليوم الثاني عشر من هتور وهو 10 عيد ريبس الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل لانه اهو الذي يطلبُ التي اللّه عنا ان يغفر لنّا خطايانا وينقذنا من كلّ شر فقال لها الكاتب واين هو ذلك لاتكلم انا ايضا معه واطلب منه ان ينقذني من كل شرّ فاجابًا وقالا لهُ ليس يمكنك أن تراه الآن حتّي | تصير كاملًا لكن Fol. 94a 15 ان اردت ان تصير مسيحيًا فاطلب منهُ وليس العبد فقط ترا بل وسيدة ايضًا تنظر وتتعجّب من جده وهو ينجينك من كل شر فقال لهم ذلك الكاتب يا اخوتي اطلب اليكم ان تاخذوني معكم باكرًا واصبر نصوانيا وانا اعطيكم دينارا لكلَّلْ واحد الآنَّ قلبي 20 قل أمال الي معبودكم فقال لله الرجلين اليس تقدار Fol. 94b. تصير مثلنا حتي يصلي عليك انبنًا الاسقف ويرشمك ويعمّدك باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس فتصير نصرانيًا لكن طوّل روحك حتى ينفرغ ابينا الاسقف نحملك اليم ويصيّركُ مثلنا اماً هو فصنع كما قالا له 25 وتانّا ذلك اليوم وني الغد اتا اليهما وقال لهما يا

اخوتي الصالحين اقبلاني اليكما لكي الله | الذي قلتما .Fol. 95 a.

لى من اجلة يعطيكما اجركما فاتيا به اوليك الرجلين المؤمنين الي الاسقف واعلماه بكلما كان فقال الأسقف لذلك الوجلَّ الكاتب من اي كورة انت فقال لهُ انا من كورة انتيكي فقال لهُ الاسقف قلمك راضي بان 5 تصير نصرانيًا فقال ذلك الكاتب نعم يا ابي فان الذي قد رايته وسمعته في هذه المدينه اضطَّوني ان ٢٥١٠ و١٥٠ اصير فصرانياً فقال لهُ الأسقف اي الاله تعبل فقال لهُ انا اعبك الشهس فقال لهُ الاستقف فاذا غابت الشمس عن الأرض وتلحقك شدّه فاين تجدها مه لتعينك فقال لهُ الكاتب يا ابي لتدركني رحمتك وتعمّدني انا اطلب اليك ان تصيّرني فصرانيًا مثل رجال هذه المدينة كلهم فقال لهُ الاسقف فهل لك زُوجه او بنون امّا هو فقال له انّ زوجتي واولاني Fol. 96a. في مدينتي ﴿ فقال لهُ الاسقف ان كان نَّعم فليسُّ 15 نباً ركك الآن ليلًا لا يرتضوا زوجتك وبنوك بهذا فيصير بينكم شقاق مع بعضكم البعض ويفترقوا منك والمّا ان تجمدوك العبادة والصّبغة التي نلتها فانّ المخالفة الاولي لم تكن الله بالمراة لكن | أن Fol. 95b. ارتضوا بهذا فتعالوا الجعلكم مسيحيين فلما سمع 20 الكاتب هذا فرح جدّا حينئذٍ قبل من الاسقف البركه وخرج واستغد ليمضى الي مدينته وان الشيطان مُبغض كلُّ خير لما علم انَّ ألرجل قد مال بقلبه الي الله حسدة ولما توسَّط البحر اقام عاصف شديد الي ان صارت الامواج يعلوا السّفينة حتى عن قليل 197 . Fol. 97 a. ويموت كلمن فيها فصرح ذلك الرجل . Fol. 97 a. الكاتب قايلًا يا سينى يسوع المسيح عينني في

هذه الشّدّة العظيمة وإنا أوّمن بالمجد العظيم الذي رايته في بيعة ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل الآنى انا واهل بيتى مقبلين لنكون نصارا الي يوم موتنا وفي تلك الساعة جآ الية صوتاً قايلًا لا تخف فليس

5 شيء من الشرّ إيصيبك ففي السّاعة صارت الامواج Fol. 97 b. الله والتي مُستقيمة وبامر التي سكون وهدات السّفينة وسارت مُستقيمة وبامر اللّه وصل التي مدينته ولم يصيبهُ شي من الشرّ فلما دخل التي بيتة فرح فرحاً عظيماً وقصّ على اهله الاعجوبة التي كانت في البحر وكلما كان منة في 10 مدينة قلونية * ثم قال لهم ايضًا بالحقيقة ان

الشّمس التي نخدمها ليست هي الآله بل اهي عبدة ١٥٥٠ الله الله العظيم السماني يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحي ذاك الذي هو اله الكلّ الذي به كان كل شيء وكلّمهم ايضا بكوامة ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل نتعجّب 15 ابنه الاكبر عجمًا شديدًا ثم عاد الرجل الى زوجة

اجمه الديم جب سديدا دم عاد الرجل الي روجمو

ونصير نصاري ونتعبّد للمسيح من غيران نشك الما 198 مراك وهوذا قد بقى البتّه وان كنتى غير راضيه فانا اتركك وهوذا قد بقى لي ثمانية الف مثقال اعطيك منهم الف مثقال 20 وابقي في عبادتك وانا امضى لكي انال مغفرة خطاياي فقالت له زوجته جيدًا يا اخي وسيّدي بالحقيقه كل طريق تمضى فيه انا ايضًا الي معك والموت الذي تموت به انا ايضًا الي معك والموت الذي تموت به انا ايضًا اموت به وهكذا جهروا كل مالهم

وركبوا واتوا الي مدينة قلونيه المعاضدة الله لهم 90 . 60 وركبوا الي الرجلين الاولين فسلموا عليهما واعلموهما انهم قد حضروا ليصيروا نصاري واوليك ادخلوهم

الي الاسقف واعلماه ان هذا ذلك الرّجل الذي اقا وروجته رمانا لكي يصير نصرانيًا فها هو قد اتا وروجته وبنيه لكي يصيروا مسيحيّين ففرح الاسقف فرحا عظيما جدّا من اجل رجعة نفوسهم ﴿ فلما دخلوا

5 اليه قال لهم نعم انتم بالحقيقه تريدوا ان تصيروا .Fol. 99b. نصارا فاجابوا بتواضع قايلين بمشيّة الله يا ابينا وصلواتك المقدسه حينيد امر الاسقف ان يهيّوا الاردن في بيعة رببس الملايكه ميخابيل ووعظ الرجل وزوجته واربعة اولاده وعبيده ثم عمّدهم باسم الاب والابن

10 والروح القدس وكان اسم الكاتب اوّلا كتسون فغيّرة Fol.100a. واسمالا مثاوًس ودعا اسم زوجته السّلامه ، واربعة اولاديم اسما الاوّل يوحنّا والثاني استفانوس والثالث يوسف والرابع دانيال ثم قدّم القداس وناولهم من السراير المُقدّسه جسد وهم ربّنا يسوع المسيم ، 15 ومن بعد الصبغة اقاموا شهر ايّام عند الاسقف

وهو يعظهم بكلام الايمان المستقيم فامّا مثاوًس Fol. 100b. الكاتب من زيادة الفرح الذي ادركه دفع ستماية مثقال لبيعة ربيس الملايكه عن خلاصه بعد هذا تزوّدوا البركه من الاسقف ليمضوا الي مدينتهم عظيم روًسا المدينة وجميع الشعب بفرح عظيم

وبمشيّة اللَّه ورجعوا التي كورتهم مسترشدين بربيس بدوتهم الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل فلما مضوا التي بيوتهم صنعوا عيدًا عظيمًا لاهلهم وفرقوا صدقات عظيمه للمعاجزين والارامل والايتام وكان اهل الكورة يتحجبون 25 منهم وكان اسمهم في فم كل احدٍ وكانوا يضوا في جميع تلك الكورة بسيرتهم الحسنة فلما كان من بعد

انقضا شهرين ايام تنيّج الانسان المختار مثارًس وصل الى الساعة الحادية عشرة واخذ اجرة النهار Fol. 101b. كلُّه بطلَّمات ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل فأمَّا أولاده الصّغار وامّهم فلم يملّوا من الخيرات التي يصنعوها 5 أكثر من زمان حياة ابيهم فامّا ُ الشّيطان وجنوده فلم يحتمل ما كان يرا من الخيرات التي يصنعوها هولاء القديسين بل اقام اهل المدينة عليهم وجعلهم يبغضوهم بغضه شديده فقاموا عليهم واخذوا اموالهم بالظلم وكلّما كان في مخازنهم * فقال يوحنّا لامّه 10 واخوته اما ترون انها قد تعبنا جدّا من حين مات ابينا فقوموا بنا نترك هذه المدينة ونمضى الي مدينة المملكه ونسكن هناك فانه مكتوب في الانجيل المقدّس اذا طردوكم من هذه المدينة فاهربوا الي اخرى وها هوذا هم قد طردونا واتعبونا فلتكن ارادة Fol. 102b. قاما 15 الربُ علينا وهكذا قامواً في خفيه واخذوا بقيه ما فضل لهم وذهبوا الى مدينة المملكه وسكنوا هناك وكانوا يقولوا يا اله ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل كن لنا عونًا ثم زادوا على صدقاتهم التي كانوا يعملوها اولاً فلم يحتمل الشيطان هذا لكنه قلق لانه كان 20 ينظر ان القديسين يعطوا الصّدقات بامانة ولم يعلم أن ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخايبل كان يفخحه Fol. 103a. مُححدة وهو فكان يبزير كالاسد فلما مضت ايامًا قليلًا دخلوا حراس المدينة وسرقوا دار ارخين المدينة الاعظم واخداوا له اموال عظيمه فاعلم ذلك الارخس الوالي 25 المسلط على تلك المدينة بهذا فسال الوالي عن الامر من نواب المدينه وانّ النواب مسكوا الحرّاس

وكلفوهم ان يبحثوا عن انبة ذلك الربيس وفيما هم Fol. 103b. مضطربين لهذا الامر واذا الشيطان قد تشبّه بانسان وصار يُمشى في المدينة كلها ويصرخ قايلًا انا اعرف من سُرق انبة سيلون الارخن * لاتَّى ارا هولاي الاربعة 5 صبيان الغربا الذي اترا الي هنا في هذه الايام عم الذي دخلوا الى البيت وشرقوه اناً اعلم بالحقيقه ان الامر هو هكذا منذ سكنهم هذه الكورة وان رجال تلك المدينة لما سمعوا هذا اعلموا به الوالي ٢٥١٠١٥٩٨ وفي الساعة جذبوهم بشعور رووسهم كما امر الوالي 10 وجاً و بهم امامه وكانوا يجذبوهم بالا رحمه وكانت امهم يمشي خلفهم وتبكي وتعزيهم قايلاً ﴿ لا تَخافوا يا اولادى لانّ الله الذي امنّا به وعظيم رووسا ملايكته الأطهار ميخاييل قادر ان يخلصكم من كل شرّ ومن الذي كذبوا عليكم بسببه ﴿ وفيما هي تتكلُّم بهذا ١٥٩٥٠ الذي 15 كان نحوهم صوتا من السّماء قايلًا لا تخافوا فانبي لا ادع شيًا من الشر يصيبكم انا هو ميخاييل حافظكم من كل شرِّ وفيما هم قيام المام الوالي وهو يسالهم واذا برييس المُلايكة قد تشبّه بوزير الملك واتا من بعدٍ فلُما راة الوالي قام ووقف لهُ وطلب اليه ان ياتي 20 ويجلس لكي يسمع هو ايضًا هذا الاحتجاج اما هو Fol. 105a. ويجلس لكي يسمع نجلس * قامر القايد ان يقدّم اليه الصبيان فقال لهم لعلكم ان تردّوا عملة الارخين اليه من قبل ان اعدُّ بكم اما هم فاجابوا قايلين حيّ هو الربّ الاه المسيحيين ومجد اعظم روسا ملايكته الاطهار ميخاييل 25 لم يتفق لنا مثل هذا الامر ابدًا فقال ربيس الملايكه ميخايبل للوالى انا اعرف كيف يظهر الحقّ * ليمسك .Fol. 105b

الاصغر في اخوة هولاء القوم ويدخل به الي دار ربيس الحراس ألذى قلبه متعوب بهولاء الناس ويصوخ قايلا باسم سيدي يسوع المسيح تظهر عملة سيلون الارخين هذه التي اهتمونا بها ففي تلك السّاعة يظهر والحقى ﴿ وللوقت امر الوالي ان يؤخذ الابن الاصغر ويدخل به الي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال ربيس به الي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال الربيس به التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال الربيس العراس كما قال الربيس به التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي دار ربيس الحراس كما قال التي دار ربيس الت الملايكة ميخابِيل ثم صرخ قايلًا باسم سيّدى يسوع المسيج وربيس الملايكه الأطهار ميخابيل تظهر عملة سيلون الارخن من وفي تلك السّاعة كان صوتاً وكلّ ما احداً يسمعه أنزلوا الي اسفل الدهليز فتجدوا كل شيء وهولاء الصبيان ابرياً كل ذنب فنزلوا الوقت الي اسفل الدهليز فوجدُوا العملة كلها واعلموا المملة الم الوَّالِي بالذي كان فُتحجّب جدّا نحوّل وجهه مستحيا ان كَيف يقول الذي كان لذلك الوزير الذي هو در ميخابيل ثم لم يعلم الي اين مضي حينين تعجّب على الله علم الي الاربعة صبيان وعم يريين فلاخلوا الي بيوتهم وهم محجّدُين لله وربيس ألملّايكه ميحاييلًا فامّا القدّيسين فلم يملوا من الخيرات التي يصنعوها مع كل احدٍ حتى إن الجميع تعجَبوا من سيرتهم 20 الصالحة | وكان ايضًا من بعد زمان مذ كان هذا Bol. 107a. أ سعى انسان في رجلين عند الملك أن له عليهما دين قديم المناه الملك الرجلين الي اجناد حتى يعطيه كل منهما ماية مثقال ولم يكن لهما ما يعطود وانّ القديس يوحنّا وجدهما صدفه فرآ الاجماد 25 يقتلان الرجلين بغير رحمه فقال للاجناد ما هي العلم التي انتم تضربون هذين الرجلين بسببها " Fol. 107b.

فقال له الاجناد انهم ممسوكيين على ماية مثقال كل واحلي منهم فقال لهم فأذا أخذتم المايتي مثقال تطلقوهم فقال الاجناد نعم واذا لم يعطونا اياهم فسنقتلهم فطلب يوحنّا الي الجندان يتانّوا قليلاً 5 الى ان يعود اليهم اما هو نمضّى واحضر المايتي مثقال ودفعها لهم وعتق اوليك الرجلين والاربعة اجناد المترسمين بهما دفع لكلّ واحد منهم مثقال فلم Fol. 108a. تحمل الشيطان عدو كل صدي بل امتلا حسد علي القديسين من اجل اعمالهم الحسنه فاتار عليهم 10 تجارب صعبه جدًّا بزيادةٍ وهي هذا وكان من بعد هذا استضاف رجل من اهل تلك المدينه برجل صديق له وكان المسآء وكان ذلك الرجل ساكن بجناب بيت اوليك القديسين فلما اكلوا وشربوا قام ذلك الرّجل ليذهب الي بيته | وبينها هوٍ ماشيّ في شوارع .Fol. 108b 15 المُدينة فلدغته عقرب فوقع ميتًا في السَّاعة ولم يعلم انسان بما كان وفيما كان حرّاس المدينة يطوفوا مع احدابهم وجدوا ذلك الرجل ميتاً فاتوا بسواج وفتشوا جسده ولم يعلموا بماكان منه ثم كفنوه فلما كأن بأكرا ارادوا أن يحملوه الي القبر واذا بالشيطان 20 قد تشبّه بانسان وكان يصيح في المدينة كلها قايلًا انّ هذا الرجل الميت | الذي لمّ يعلم احد من ٢٥١٠ ات الناس بموته ولا من قتله لم يكن هذا الشر من احد من الناس الا هولاء الاربعة صبيان الغربا وانا اشهل بهذا الامر فذاع هذا الكلام في المدينة كلها فذهب 25 الوالي واعلم الملك كسنطس بهذا وني تلك الساعة امر الملك بأن ياتوا بالاربعة صبيان مكتفين اليدين

الى خلف وان يعملوا في اعماقهم جمازير فحااو بهم واوقفوهم امام الملك فكان نحوهم صوتًا قايلًا الـ Fol. 109b. كا تكافرا فها قل انقضى زمان التعب وحصل لكم النياح من قبل الربّ حينين لما اقاموهم امام الملك 5 بشبه ظلمه ففي تُلك السّاعة تشبّه ربيس الملايكة ميخاييل بشبه اميرا كبيرًا لملك الروم واتى المناها راه الملك كسنطس قام ووقف امامه فلما بلغ اليه جلسا مع بعضهما بعض فلما راى رييس الملايكم ميخاصل الصبيان اقيام قال للملك كسنطس ما هو ١٥٥،١١٥م 10 امر هولا الصبيان فاعلمه الملك بالذي كان فقال لهُ ميخاييل فمن يعلم من الذي قتل هذا الرّجل فقال لهُ الملك قد اخبرتُ ان هولاء هم الدين عَتلود ع فقال میخاییل ان عُندنا اذا کان امرًا هکذا وهو ان يموت واحدًا ولم نعلم ما الذي كأن منه فنحضر 15 الرجل الميت في الوسط ونساله فيكلمنا | ويتخبرناً Hoi. 110b من الذي قتله والان أن كنت تريد أن تعرف الحق فليقدّم ايضاً ذلك الرجل الميت الله هنا ونساله وهو يكلُّمنا ويعرِّفنا من الذي تتلهُ وفيِّي تلك السّاعه امر الملك فقدمُوا الميت في الوسط فقال ربيس الملايّكة والملك فقدمُوا الميت في الوسط فقال ربيس الملايّكة 20 ميخامِيل لذانيال اصغر اخوة القدّيسين اذهب وقل لهذا الميت باسم سيدى يسوع المسيم الاه السما والارض اخبرنا ما الذي كان منك ففعل الفتي الصغير هكذا وانّ اللّه محبّ البشر المريد ان يتمجّد اسه عُكذا وانّ المقدّس في كل مكان ليومنوا به اعاد نفس الرجل 25 اليه مرةً اخري وعاش من اجل خلاص الملك والجمع

كله الذي في تلك الكورة وصوخ ذلك الرجل قايلا الويل

لك ايّها الملك كسنطس لانك تجاسرت وجلست مع ريس الملايكه ميخاييل رييس اجناد القوات السّمادية ان هولاء الرجال الذين اتهمتموهم هم Fol. IIIb. صديقين وابريا من الذنب وليس هم الذين قتلوني 5 لكن عقرب للاغنى فمتَّ لكن لاجل صفوة هولاء الرجال ادركك هذا الخير العظيم واستحقيت أن تنظر الي ريبس الملايكه الاطهار ميخاييل والان فقد رايتم اعاًجيب الله فارجعوا من كل قلوبكم واتركوا عنكم هذه اللذات وهذه الاصنام الميته التي لا رُبِّح إفيها .Fol. 1128 10 لكي الله يغفر لكم ما سلف من خطاياكم وأمّا انا فادركتنى نعمة عظيمة لاننى رايث ريبس الملايكه ميخأيبل من اجل هولاء الرجال الابرار * وفي تلك الساعة ارتفع رييس الملايكة صاعدا بمجّد عظيم والملك ينظره وكل الجمع وهو صاعدا التي السماء 15 وأخذ معهُ نفس ذلك الميت الي السموات وآما الملك وكل احدٍ فصاروا في خوفٍ عظيم جدّا ومن بعد وقت | Fol. II2b. كبير اطمان قلب الملك من الخوف ومن ذلك الامر المعنجب الذي راه وقام وقبل فم يوحنا قايلاً مماركة هي الساعة التي دخلتم نيها الي هذه المدينه 20 اطلب اليكم أن تعرفوني الاهكم الذي امنتم به لنومن نحن به ايضًا فنتخلص ﴿ فقال لهم يوحنّا نحن مؤمنون بالربّ يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحيّ فصرخ الملك قايلًا وكل الجمع معم بالحقيقم الم حيّ Fol. 113 a. هو يسوع المسيم وليس الاه سواه * فقال يوحنّا 25 للملك قم فاكتب لملك رومية قسطنطين واعلمه بكل شئى واطلب اليه ان يرسل الينا واحدًا من

الاساقفه الي كورتنا فيعظكم باسم الاب والابن والروح القلاس فكتب الملك كسنطس البي الملك قسطنطينوس قايلًا له هكذا كسنطس الذي يقال له ملكا استجرا Fol. 113b. ا وكتب لعظمه الملك وجلالته قسطنطين عبد يسوع 5 المسيح السلام لك أن نعمه عظيمه قد أدركتنا من قبل الله الصّالج فذكرنا واخرجنا من عبادة الاصنام الطمثة واعادنا اليه من قبل صلاحيته الكبيره وظلبات ريبس الملايكة الاطهار ميخايبل هذا الذي حعلني مستحقًا أن انظره بُعيني وجعل الميت 10 يكلمنا مشافع من بعد موته وبعد هذا مضى صاعدًا 10 Fol. 114 a. المضي صاعدًا Fol. 114 a. المنافع من بعد موته بمجرٍ، عظيم ونحن باجمعنا ننظره والان نطلب الي سيادتك أن ترسل الينا واحدًا من الاساقفه الذي عندك ليضى لنا بالامانة المستقيمة ويعرفنا نحس ايصًا الطريق المودّية الي الله ويهب لُنا الخاتم 15 المقدس وأذا فعلت معناً هذا تنال اكاليلًا عظيمه عند المسيم على هذا الامر كن معافا ايّها الملك الالهي بقوة المسيح ملك الكلّ وباجتهاد عظيم الالها اخذ الملك البار قسطيطين الكتب فقراهم وتعتجب جدّا مما كان وعجّد الله * وباهتمام عظيم كتب الي 20 القديس يوحنّا ربيس اساقفة افسُس هكذا ﴿ قبل كلَّ شيِّ اقبَّل يديك الطاهوين اللتين يقلبوا جسد ابن اللُّه الله بالحقيقة صار الينا فرح عظيم من اللَّه هوذا انا ارسل اليك انت ايضًا فانني عارف انك تفرح بزيادة اريد ان تتعب تعبًا قليلًا وتجتهد بقلبك Fol. 115a. اريد 25 كله اذ تعلم ان تعبك لا يسقط فافعل من اجل المسيم الذي تعب من اجل جنس البشر وتتكلف

وتمضى الى مدينة انتياس لتشفى المرضا الذين بها باسم المسيح وتتخرجهم من خدمة عبادة الاوثان النجسه وتعمّل باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس فهذا يصير لك افتخارًا عند الربّ | وعند ملايكته الاطهار 60 لكى نخلص معا بقوة المسيح الاهنا ﴿ هذه الكتب ارسلها الملك قسطنطين الي انبا بوحنّا ريبس الساقفة افسس مع رسالة كسنطس الملك فلما ترا ريبس الاساقفة الكتب فرح جدّا على رجوع الكورة كلها حينيّذ اخذ معه شماسين وقسوس واغنسطسين 10 وثلثة مرتلين واثني عشر من | الشعب واخذ معنا 161 المتعداد الهيكل وهي مايده ذهب واربعة كاسات

فضّه وثلثه كاسات ذهب وملعقه من الحجر الكريم والاربعة اناجيل والمزمور والرسول والابركسيس ورسايل القتاليقون وعلي الجمله كلّ استعداد البيعة ثم ساروا على الطريق وهم يصلّوا بفرح فلما قربوا من المدينة

عرَّفوا الملك بحبي ربيس الأساقفة والكُنين معة نخرج ٢٥٥٠ الملك ويوحنّا وكل جماعة المدينة ليتلقوا ربيس الاساقفة مجد له الملك وكل الجمع وتباركوا منة وقصَّ الملك على ردمس الاساقفة وكل الجمع وتباركوا منة وقصَّ الملك على ردمس الاساقفة 20كلما كان منة واعلمة بيوحنّا قايلًا انّ من قبل هذا

واخوته رحمنا للله وهكذا مضوا الي مدينه بهذو التي عظيم وان الملك سال ربيس الاساقفة وادخلو التي القصر لان المدينة لم يكن بنى فيها كنيسة بعد فلما كان الغد قال ربيس الاساقفة للملك لنحدد رسم علما كان العلم قال الملك يا ابي ان لي طريق جديد وهم يبنون فية امض بنا لنظرة فان كان موافق صنعناه

كنيسه فمضى ريبس الاساقفه والملك معا فنظروا الى الطريق الذي يبنون فيه فارضا ذلك ريبس الأساقفه Fol. 117b. يقارضا فامر الملك ان يصرح المنادي في المدينة كلها ان ياتي ساير الناس ويعملوا في الكنيسة وهكذا اجمع والعلى المدينة كلها وعملوا في الكنيسة من الريبس الي المسكين حتى الي الملك كان هو ايضًا يُعمل بيديه مثل كل احدي مؤمن انه ينال بركه من المسيم وبارادة الله كمل البنا في ستة عشر يومًا | وكرّز رييس Fol. 118a. الاساقفة الكنيسة على أسم العرذي القديسة والدة 10 الاله مريم فلما راى كثرة الجموع يعمدون قال للملك في اين يعتمد هذا الجميع العظيم لانّ المدينة لم يكن بنى فيها كنايس ولم يكن فساقى فاجاب الحكيم يوحنًا وقال للملك ولرييس الاساقفه انا اقول ان هذه البركة الماء التي هي شرقي المدينة انها Fol. 118b. مستحقم لهذه الكرامة العظيمة وفي تلك السّاعه 15 كان صوت من السَّمَاء وكل احد يسمعه قايلًا هذا هو الذي رسمه الله يا يوحنّا ابن الرسل ؛ فلما سمع ربيس الاساقفة والملك وكل الجمع ذلك تعجبوا ثم امر رييس الاساتفة والملك ان يجتمع الجمع الي تلك 20 البركة وصلّى ربيس الاساقفة على الماء كعادة الفساقي كلَّهُم وكانت أعجوبه عظيمه في ذلك | الوقت وهو Fol. 119a الماء يقول التقاليس مع رييس الاساقفه فلما كمّل ربيس الاساقفة الصّلوات امر ان ينزل الجمع كلّه الى 25 المآء فانظر حوا كلَّهم في المآء وهم يصرخون قايلين

ننصبغ باسم الاب والابن ولروم القدس ثم اعتمد

الملك وكل الجمع واتا بهم رييس الاساقفة التي الكنيسة وقسم اليوحنّا اسقفًا لهم وأخوته الثلثة قسم احدهم احدهم قسيسا والاثنين الاخر شمامسة ﴿ وكان للملك ابنًا السمة اقلاس فصيّرة شماسًا وكان جميع الشعب يجذلون و بالربّ حينيَّذ اهتم ريبس الاساقفة بالقربان فوفعه على المذبح وقدّس علية ﴿ فتعجّب الملك وكلّ الجمع المها رآوا وسمعوا لانهم لم يسمعوا كلام هكذا 120 هـ ابدًا ولم يروا هذا المثال البتّة وهذا كان اوّل مرةٍ رفع القربان في تلك الكورة ﴿

SPECIMEN OF THE ARABIC VERSION

OF THE

ENCOMIUM UPON SAINT MICHAEL

BY

EUSTATHIUS, BISHOP OF TRAKÊ.

اترى تذكرون انتم اوفيميه زوجة ارسطرخوس الامير هُذًا الذَّى ولَّاه الملك العابد انوريوس على جزيرة الاتركى انتم تعرفون كلكم ايها الشعب المحب للمسيح الله هذا الامير كان عابدًا جدا كما يشهد لهُ بذلك كل احدٍ انّ صُلواته وصدقاته صعدت قدّام 5 الله مثل التونيليوس زماناً كان هذا الرجل المكوم. Fol. 133b ارسطوخوس اميرًا ومنذ اخذ المعموديّة المقدسة من يد ابينا المكرّم والمعلم العظيم يوحنّا لم يفتو من الصد قات والقرابين في كل اثني عشر من الشهر باسم ربيس الملايكة الآطهار ميتخابيل وفي الحادي 10 وعشرين من الشهر باسم العذري الطاهره مريم والتاسع وعشوين من ألشهر ميلاد ربنا يسوع المسيح وكان يعطى القرابين | والصَّدقات التي لا عدد لها Fol. 134a. لذكر اسم الله الكلمه كان هذا الرجل البار يصنع هذا زمانا كبيرًا من بعد كمل زمانه ليمضى الي المسيح مثل كل انسان فدعا اوفيمية زوجته وقال لها

يا اختى هوذا انتي ترى ان زماني قد تمّ المضي الى الربّ كمثل ابايي كلهم ﴿ وقد سمعتى انتي كلَّ التعاليم المحيية التي اوصانا بها | الأب الطوباني Fol. 134b. يوحنا هذا الذي به استمنأت هذه الجزيره كلها 5 وعرفت اللّه وقدّ سمعت منه مرار كثيره باذنك في بينك يقول ان ليس شئي اعظم من المحبُّه وايضا قال ان للرحمة نخر في الدينونة وعلي الجملة بقية وصاياه المعزيهُ التي قالها لنا من اجل خلاص نفوسنا اعني ذلك العظيم يُوحمّا ﴿ وايضًا هوذا انا اوصيك وقدّ 10 جعلتُ اللّه رقيبي | وامامي من قبل خروجي من 15. Fol. 135a. هذا العالم انك لا تفتري ولا تتركي ما كنا نصنعة الان في اليوم الثاني عشر من الشهر عيد ربيس الملايكة الأطهار ميخاييل والحادي والعشرين عيد الملكه ام ملك الملوك والتاسع والعشريين ميلاد الاله الكلمه 15 واحذري ان تحقري قربان ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل لانه يطلُب عن كل احدٍ فلعلهُ يطلب Fol. 135b. ميخابيل لانه عنّا امام اللّه ليصنع معنا رحمه صدقه ويقبل اليه نفسى الشقيّة فاما تلك المراة الحكيمة فقالت لبعلها يا سيدي واخي حي هو الربُّ الذي امنّا به انني لا اترك 20 خلفي شيَّ مها اوصيتني به لكني ازيد عليه بالاكتّر بل في قلبي كلام اريدك ان تحتملني فيه وتكمله لي من قبل ان يدفن جسدك اما هو فقال الهاكلّ .Fol. 136a شي تريديه قوليه لي وانا اكمّله لك بمشيّة اللّه فقالت لَهُ انا اربه ان تامر مصوّر ان ينقش لي صورة 25 ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل في لوح خشب وتعطيها لي الجعلها في قيطوني اللهي أنام فيه

وتسلمني له كالوديعه لكي اذ خرجت من الجسد يكون لي حارسًا ومنجّياً من كلُ الافكارُ الشريوه الشيطانية | لانك اذا خرجت من الجسد اكل خبري Fol. 136b. بالبكا ووجع القلب لأن منذ الوقت الذي يمضى 5 زوج المراة عنها ليس يبقى لها رجا في الحياه مرة اخوی وتکرن تشبه جسل بغیر راس وجسل یعلم الراس هو ميت وحده الله الحكيم بولس فوغ ان يقول ان راس المراة بعلها وامراة بغير زوج تشبه سفينه بغير مدبّر مستعده للغرق | وكل الزّكاب فيها Fol. 137a. المنابع بغير مدبّر 10 فالان يا سيُّدي وأخي كما انك لُم تحرن قلبي البته بكلمة فهذا الذي سالته منك ايضًا لا تُوجعني بسببه ليكون ربيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابيل حافظاً لك 🔅 فان ليس رجاً بعد لكنني مترجيه رحمة الله وربيس ملايكه الاعظم ميخاييل فلمّا سمع الاسفهسلار ذلك 15 الكلام عجّل ليكمّل ما سالته وللوقت من السّاء امر 1376. Fol. 137b ان يوتا اليه مصّور حكيم فامره ان ينقش شخص ريِبس الملايكة الأطهار ميتخابيل في لوح خشب ويطليه بالذهب المختار والحجارة الكريمه فلما كمله ودفعه لها فرحت به جدًّا كمثل من وجدُ غنايم كثيره 20 كما هو مكتوب وقالت له يا سيّلي الآخ لتذركني Fol. 138a. رحمتك وتسلّى في قلبي في هذا الكلام الآخير لكي اذا تتخلَّد قلبي وصرت ضعيفه فلا ينور على شيَّ من الموامرات من بعد أدفن جسدك م فقال لها كلما تتمنّيه انا مستعد ان اكمله لك كما تعلمي انني لم

25 احزن قلبك في امر من الامور البتّه اما هي فقالت له انا اريد ان تسلمني ليد ربيس الملايكة الاطهار

ميخابيل هذا الذي صوّرتهُ لي ني هذا اللوح الخشب وتطلب اليه عنّي لكي إيكون لي عضدًا الي يوم.Fol. 138b مماتي لانّ بعد خروجك من الجسد لا يبقا لي رجآ، الا بأَللَّه وربيس الملايكة ميخابيل لانك تعلم انَّ 5 الامراة الارملة تأكل خبرها بالبكاء والتنهِّل فلمَّا سمع ذلك الامير هذا تآلم الجل هذا الكلام المرّ الذي قالتهُ لهُ لُكنّه تعجّب من عظم امانتها في ربِيس الملايكة الاطهار ميخابِيل ثم امسك إبيدها وسلّمهاً .Fol. 139a لربيس الملايكة ميخاييل الذي نقش صورته في اللوح 10 الْخَشْب وصرخ قايلا يا ربيس الملايكة ميْخابِيلْ الذي قتل الثعبان الاول الذي زرع العظمة وقاوم سيّده فربطه وجعله في البحيرة النار المملوة من النيران والكبريت اتبها السّاجد في كل حين امام الاب الصالح من اجل جنس البشر شبه وصورة الله إضابط الكلّ (Fol. 139b. 15 هـ انذا اسلم اليك اليوم اوفيمية زوجتي كمثل الوديعة لكي تحرسها وتنجّيها من كلّ الموامرات الشيطانيه التي يتيرهم عليها واذا طلبت اليك تعينها وتسمع لها وتخلُّصها لانّ ليس لنا رجآ الَّا اللَّه واياك فلمَّا سمعت اوفيميه فرحت جدّا ووقفت بامانة عظيمه انّ 20 ليس بقى سيَّ من حيل الشّيطان يقدر عليها من ذلك الوقت لأنّ ربيس الملايكة ميخابِيل صار ١٤٥٥٠ ال لها حارسًا ﴿ ومن بعد هذا اخذت صورة ربيس الملايكه ُ المنقوشه فاقامتها في القيطون الذي تنام فيه وصارت ترفع امام الصورة بخورا فايق وقنديل 25 موقودًا امامها ليلًا ونهارًا بغير فتور وكانت تسجد له ثلاث دفوع في كل يوم وتساله أن يعينها 🐞 وكان

من بعد هذا افتقد الله الامير ارسطرخوس العابد Fol. 140b. الذّي سبقنا فذكونا اسمه عن تُعليلُ فُمضى الي طريق ساير الناس فاما اوفيمية المراة الحكيمة زوجة ارسطوخوس الامير فلم تملّ من الصدقات والتي تصنعهم والقدّاسات التي كان ارسطرخوس يعملهم وهوحتي قبل وفاته باسم ربيس الملايكه الاطهار ميخاييل ﴿ وكانت مسرعه في ان تزيد عليهم جدا اكثر من ذلك الزمان الذي كان | زوجها حتى ﴿ Fol. 141a. وان الشيطان المبغض الخير لجنسنا منذ الاول لم 10 يحتمل أن ينظر الى تلك الخيرات التي كانت الامراه تعملهم باسم ربيس الملايكه الاطهار ميخابيل نحسدها واراد ان يضيع اجرها الذي كانت تترجاه من الله ولمًّا كان ذات يوم التمس شكل راهبه وسار معه شياطيين اخر في شكل عذارا لابسين اساكيم ذهب وجا فوقف Tol. 141b. جاب ابيتها وارسل اليها جارية قايلًا اذهبي Fol. 141b. فقولى الاوفيمية النقية زوجة ارسطرخوس الامير الله هوذا عذري راهبه واقفه على الباب تريد إن تخضع لك هي وُبنتها معها وان تُلك الامراةُ الحكيمة لما سمعت هذا الكلام خرجت الي البأب الرابع من 20 بيتها وامرت ان تدخل اليها تطن انها راهبه بالحقيقه تخرجوا العبيد فرآوة واذ هو الشيطان قايمًا متوشحًا Fol. 142a. الم باسكيم زور * فالمجدوا لهُ فامروه بالدخول هو والذين معه ﴿ فلاخل الشيطان ووجههُ مطرق الي الارض كانها راهبه بالحقيقة والذين معه عملوا عم ايضًا هكذا فلما

المحتشمة On the margin المحتشمة.

راتهم اوغيمية البارّة وعم بهذا الشكل هكذا تعجبت حدّا من عظم تواضعهم فقامت وامسكته لانه كان لابس شكل امراة وادخلته التي بيتها فلما بلغ التي Fol. 142b. القيطون حيث صورة ربيس الملايكة ميخاييل خاف وذلك الشيطان ان يدخله هو ومن معه فاما تلك الامراة الحكيمة فكانت تكرمهم قايلة اصنعوا محبّة يا احباى الاخوات وادخلوا التي هذا القيطون لتحلّ (sic) صلواتكم المقدّسة فيه الانتي اشهد لكم الله علي صلواتكم المقدّسة فيه الانتي اشهد لكم الله علي وربيس ملايكته الاطهار ميخاييل ان مذ يوم توفي

10 زوجي الطوباني ارسطرخوس والي الان لم يدخل Fol. 143a. انسان قط من داخل باب هذا القيطون الآ جواري خاصّه الذين يحدموني في حاجة الجسد والنسوان اقاربي المتقيات الآتيات اليّ ليتفقدوني كحيبّة الله الله فاجاب الشيطان المتشبّه بالراهبة قايلًا لماذا لم يدخل رجلًا البتّة من داخل قيطونك وكل مكان لا

يكون فيهُ ذكرًا ليس يكون معونة الله فيه ﴿ وجَهِيعِ ٢٠٥١. النسوة اللاتي على الارض متزوّجين سوا امراةً واحدة وهي مريم امّ المسيح ﴿ واذا اردتي مرضاة الله من كل قلبك فانا ابشر عليكبا مر صالح امام الربّ فقالت وما هو فقال الشيطان اما تعرفي السيد اللوروخس الربيس العظيم هذا كمير في اصلاح امر الملك انوريوس هو نسيبي وهو قريب الملك في جنسه (Fol. 144a)

انوريوس هو نسيبي وهو قريب الملك في جنسه Fol. 1448. اوقد ماتت امراته قبل هذه الايام وعند ما سمع بنياح زوجك ارسطرخوس الامير الحجل قال ليس هو عدل ان 25 اتزوج امراه حقيره دون كرامتي لكن اقوم فاتزوج اوفيميد البارة وهي انتي واقدّم لها الارجوان اكثر

من المرة الاولي وقد اعطاني هذا المهركي اعطيه لك ليطيب قلبك أن تجلسي معه فانه كبير في البلاط والملك المحبَّمُ جدّا ﴿ وللوقت أوراها ذهبُ كثير وفضه Fol. 144b. وحلى ذهب يقصد تطغيها بحيله الشريره وان العفيفه الحابت بوداعة عظيمه كيف يمكنني أن اعمل امرا هكذا من ذاتى وحدي دعيني حتي امضي واستشير كفيلي الذي سلمني اليه زوجي الطوباني قبل خروجه من آلجسد فان امرني ان اقيم مع زوج فانا أقيم Fol. 145a. من غير تشكّل واذ لم يامرني بذلك فلا افعل شيء ١٥ من ذاتُي ابدًا فاجاب الشيطّان قايلًا واين هو ذلك الكفيل قَقالت اوفيميه ها هوذا داخل قيطوني معي مل يوم سلمني له زوجي يحرسني ليلا ونهارا والي هذه السّاعه من فاجاب ألشيطان وقال لها اتعلمين انك قد وضعتى في قلبك ان تكمُّلي وصايا الربُّ Fol. 145b. 15 فها هوذا قد صرتي مدانه بهم كلهم لان الربّ قال انَّ الذي يسقط في وصيّة واحده فهو مدانا بالكلّ اما تعرفي ان الله يبعن الكذب جداً وداوود ايضًا يقول في المزمور الخامس الربّ ينبذ كل الناطقين بالكذب فهتى أعتهدتي الكذب فأن الله يهلكك 20 سريعًا الم تقولي لي عن قليل إن من يوم خرج روجي من الجسد والي هذه السّاعة لم يدخل رجل Fol. 146a. واحد الي قيطوني حتى ولا عبيدى فاجابت اوفيمية قايله اني انما قلُّتُ لك الحقّ ولم اكذب اقول لك يا اختى المكرِّمة واحلف لك بالله ضابط الكلّ 25 وبرييس مالايكته الاطهار ميخاييل الذي قتل الحيَّه الاولي ان مذ يوم توفي الطوباني زوجي والي هذا

اليوم لم يداخل رجل واحد داخل باب قيطوني (Fol. 146b ولم احتمل ان يقترب منى فلا سيما ان يرا وجهي فأجاب الشيطان المتشبه بالراهبه وقال لاوفيميه الم تقولي من الاول انه منذ تنيّع زوجي لم يدخل اليّ 5 ولا رجل واحد فها هوذا الان قد اخطيتي واكملتي زوجي لهُ من قبل خروجه من البجسلي اليس الكفيل رُجِلُ هل يوهن كفيلُ علي امراةٍ قطّ هوذا الرجل 10 الَّان داخل قيطونك وقل وجدَّتهُ انا من داخل مخلىعك فالا قد كذبتي واقسمتي كذبًا وانا فلا اقبلك البته ولا اخذك لقريبي ولو دفعت لي جميع ما لك امَّا اوفيميّه فضحكت ضحكًا روحانياً وقالت Fol. 147b. للشيطان المتشبّم بالراهبه يا اختى أنّ هذا الامر 15 عسر علي معما انّ ليس هذا المال ولا هذا الحلي الذي احضرته معك فقط بل ولو اعطيت بالتحقيقه الاموال والتكعف التي في قصر الملك البارّ اتّوريوس وجميع رينته وكل كنور العالم لا يكون لي ان اخالف Fol. 148a. العهود التي قررتها مع الطوباني بعلي ارسطرخوس 20 الامير التجليل ولا اتفق مع رجل اخر غريب حتى أمضى اليه طَاهره من كل دنس واذا قلتُ أن كفيلي داخل قيطوني لم اكذب فان الكفيل الذي سلمنّى اليه سيّدي وبعلى هو اشد من كل الكفلا الذي للعالم * فانه عَير محتاج ان يعرّفه احد عن خطيه | ولا عن Fol. 148b. 25 صلاح ومُهما اضمرناه او فكّرناه في قلوبنا وحواسنا

يعلمهُ للوقت وانّ خطر ببال احد فكر شيطاني

فيمضى ويتوكل ذلك الكفيل للوقت ويستشفع باسمه خاصّه وان احتاطت عساكر الشيطان احد وسيّجت عليه فياتيه ومن ساعته يتفرقون مثل الدخان ا ١٠٥١.١49a وان اخترتي يا اختى فانا اسلمك لذلك الكفيل و ليكون لك أنتي ايضاً معينًا الي يوم خروجك من البجسل * ومن بعد موتك ايضًا يسلمك الى الاله الصّالح مثل قربان طيّب وترثين الحياة المؤبدة فاجاب ذلك الشيطان المتشبّه بالراهبه وقال لها اريني انا ايضا هذا الرجل فانه كما تقولين عظيم 10 هو غناه | فاجابت اوفيميّه وقالت لها قومي بنا Fol. 149b. لنكول وجوهنا لناحية الشرق ونصلى صلاة امام الرب وتعترفي لذلك الكفيل بما قد اضمرتيه في قلُبُك وتُقولين هكذا * اللهم اغفر لي عمّا اضمرتهُ في هذا الكفيل وهذه المراة التي سلمها زوجها لهُ وانني بعد ذلك تسالينه في معونتك واسعافك فقال لها الشيطان ان على وصيه من قبل ان اتوشيم بهذا الاسكيم المقدّس اننى لا ابسط يدي للصلاة حتى 20 اعود الى مكانى ولا أكل مع احد منّ العلمانين اذّ لم يكن متشكل بشكلنا فاجابت أوفيميه وقالت للشيطان انك قد قلتى لي ان من دُفظ الناموس كله ويسقط في شئ واحد فقد صار مدانا بالكلّ .Fol. 150b

ا On the margin ديقصد.

فهوذا انتى قد وقعتى من فمك وحدك وخالفتي وصايا الربّ التي اوصا بها رسله القديسين منذّ البدء فقاًل لها الشيطان وما هي الوصايا التي خالفتها اعلميني بهم ليلا اقيم عليك حرب عظيم 5 للموت اذ لم تطهر بهم لي الأن فاجابتُ اوفيميّه وقالت لذلك الشيطأن اليس في الاول اوصا مخلَّصنا .Fol. 151a الصالح تلاميذه عند ما ارسلهم ليكرزوا قايلاً وايّ بيت دخلتموه فسلموا عليه وقولوا السلام لهذا البيت فان سلامكم يحل عليه وان كان لا فسلامكم 10 يرجع اليكم واوصاهم ايضًا ان يصلوا في الموضع الذِّي يدخلونه وإن ياكلوا ايضا مع كل احدٍّ ما خلا الذين لا يعترفون بان المسيم جآ بالجسد اذ Fol. 151b. أ قال كلوا مها يقدم لكم وكلوا بغير فحص وكلوا بشكر وقد اوصانا الرّسول ايضًا في رسايله قايلا هكذا I5 صلّوا ً بلا فتورٍ واشكروا في كل شِيء وان رجال اللّه ايضًا يصلُّون علي الدوام ليلًا ونهارًا فأن كنتي انتي امراه وليس فيك شئى من اصل المكر فأنهضى بنا نصلى ومن بعد الصّلاة انا احضر لك ذلك Fol. 152a. لك الكفيل ونراه ونسلم عليه فم لفم وان كنا غير 20 مستحقين لنظر وجهه 🌞 فلمّا علم الشيطان انَّ اونيميّه قد حصرتهُ من كلّ جهةِ احتار كيف يهرب فبدا يغيّر شكله وتشكّل بشكلٍ شنع جدا ا تلك المراة الكريمة اوفيميّة لما رات انّ شكلة قد تغيّر خافت جدّاً | وصرخت قايله يا ربيس الملايكه Fol. 152b. هذا 25 ميخُابِيل اعتبي في هُذه السّاعة الشُديده يا من سحق كل قوة العدوِّ اعنيِّ فانك تعلم يا سيّدي ان

الطوباني زوجي اسلمني اليك قبل خروجه من الجسل لكى تحرسني وتكون لي حصناً منيعًا من كلّ مضرّات العدرِّ ولما قالت هذا رشمت ذاتها باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس وفي تُلك السّاعة انحل .Fol. 153a الحرب والابن وكل افعاله من قدامها كمثل العنكبوت ومن بعد ذلك بزمان ظهر لها الشيطان بشكل انسان حبشي شنع جداً وعليه جلود المعزي وعينيه مملوه دمًا وشعر راسه مثل شعر خنزير بتري وفي يديه سيفين مسلوله يلمعان جدا ﴿ فوقف المامها وكانت .Fol. 153b 10 رايحته فايحه امامها كثيرًا فلمّا راتهْ اوفيميّه انه قد تُغيّر في شكله نهصت للوقت ودخلت الى قيطونها ومسكت المثال الذى صورة رببس الملايكة ميخابيل مصوره فيه وكانت تعانقه وتصرخ قايله يا رببس الملايكه الاطهار ميخابِيل اعِنِّي ونجني من هذا المكَّار وان 15 الشيطان وقف خارجًا من باب القيطون فانه لم Fol. 154a. لم يقدران يدخل لاجل مجد ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل الذى ملاه وجعل اصابعه في انفه وصاح من انفه صارخا قايلا الغوث ما الذي افعله ياوفيميّه دخلت اليك اريد ان اطغيك واحدتك الي الهلاك معى 20 فغلبتيني بهذا اللوح الخشب الذي مسكتيه انا من الاول حرّكت شعب اليهود علي ماسيا | الذي يُدعي ٢٥١٠ ١٥٠٤ المسيح طَانًّا اني ابطل قوّته فذلني وكل قوتي عند خشبة الصليب ومنذ البدء انا الذي اطغيت ادم وحوّا وصيّرتهم خالفوا وصيّة الله وغوّبتهم من 25 الفردوس والمساكن النورانيّه وانا ايضًا الذّي اطغيت

الملايكة حتى سقطوا من مجدهم انا الذي جعلت

الجمابرة اخطوا حتى محقهم الله بما الطوفان وانا الذَّي عرَّفت اهل سلاوم وغامورا | وثادويم Fol. 155a وزاوبين ان يصنعوا هذه الاثام حتى امطر الله عليهم نارًا وكبريتًا ومحقهم وانا الذي عَّلمت أزبال الخطأ 5 وِتَتَلَتُ أَحَابُ مِعِهَا بِمِخَالَفَتِهَا وَانَا الذَّي هَيِّجِتُ بني اسرابيل على هرون حتى كلفوه أن يصنع لهم العجل يعبدوه وغضب الله عليهم وابادهم وعلي الجملة انا الذي جعلتُ كل الخطايا يا ميخابيل (Fol. 155b. انت الذي اسقطّني من السّمآء وملايكتي والقيتني في 10 البحيرة النار المتوقدة ﴿ يا ميخادِيل ها قد توكت للا السَّمَاء والارض وصرنا نتطاير في الحوّ وحدنا ونصيد الذين نقدر على صيدهم واحد بالزنا واخر بالفسق واخر باليمين الكاذب واخر بالنميمه واخر بالمكر واخر بالحيل واخر بالحسد واخر بالاحتقاد واخر 15 بالشَّرِقِه وان علمنا أنَّنا لا نقدر علي احدٍ ا نصيده Fol. 156a. ا هكذا جلبنا عليه نومًا ثقيلًا حتى لا يسهر يصلي على خطاياه ولا مرّه واحده فالان هوذا قد تركنا لك السّماء والارض حتى لا ننظر وجهك لانّ صورتك مخيفه لنا جدا وحليتك التي هي مصوّره في هذا 20 اللوح الخشب المذهب منقوشه للاشفيّة غلبت بهذه القوه العظيمة اليوم خشبه عملت صليب فكطمت اصلى قبل اليوم وخشبه ايضا | منقوش Fol. 156b. فيها صورتك يا ميخابيل هي التي منعتنى وغلبتنى وكل (sic) قوتي اليوم ولم تدعني ان اكمل مشيتي اليوم 25 مع اوفيميّه يا للغوث اليوم فانّ ميخابيل اتعبني من كل جهه ما الذي اعمل يا اوفيميّه وانتي تقولي

انني ما اقدر عليك لانك قد تعلقتي بهذا اللوح الذي في يديك فان كان نعم فاعلمي انني اتي اليك في يوم لا تعرفيه وهو الثاني عشر من ابؤونه . Fol. 157a. من في ذلك اليَّوم يكون ميخابِيل وجميع الملايكه 5 مجتمعين ساجدين خارج حجاب الاب من اجل مياه نهر مصر ولاجل النداء والامطار فاني انا اعلم هذا انه يقيم ثلثة ايام وثلثه ليال لايفتر من الطلبه ساجدًا من غير أن يرفع راسه حتى يستجيب الله له ويهبه جميع مسالاته هوذا انا أجيك في اذلك ٢٠٥١.١٥٦٨ 10 اليوم واهيى قوات عظيمة وامسك هذا اللوت الذي ني يديك واجعله جزوًا جزوًا على راسك حتى انظر <mark>این تجدی مخابیل</mark> ربیس الملایکه لیعینک نی ذلك اليوم فلمّا سمعت المراة الحكيمة هذا اخذت صورة ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل وطردته بها حتى 15 خرج عن باب القيطون وفي تلك الساعه صار غير طأهرًا امامها فاما تلك المراة الكريمة اوفيميه. 401. 1581 نصارت تصنع طلبات عظيمه وصلوات كثيره ليلًا ونهارًا من يوم مضى عنها الشيطان الي اليوم الذي قال الله النبي انيك فيه واحاربك وهو اليوم الثاني 20 عشر من بوونه وكانت تطلب من الله ورسيس الملأيكة ميخابيل المعونة والظفر فلما كان في الثاني عشر من بوونه عيد رببس الملأيكه ميخابيل اعدّت اونيميّه كلّ ما اتحتاج اليه لعيد ميخابيل من الاهامان Fol. 158b القربان والخمر للشعب في الكنيسة وهيَّت للاخوة 25 في بيتها بعد البركة وعلى الجملة اعدّت العيد حسنًا كما ينبغي لانها كانت غنيّه جدّا وانّ الشيطان

مُبغض الخير كلّ حين لم يحتمل ان ينظر الصّالحات التي صنعتهم هذا المراه وهيتهم لعيد ربيس الملَّايكت الاطهار ميخابِيلُ ﴿ فلما كأن النهار | باكر ٢٥١٠،١٥٩٠ الثاني عشر من بوونه فيما هي قايمة تصلى وقت 5 الصباَّح وتسال اللّه باسم ريبس الملايكة ميخابيل ان يقف معها حتى تكمل الخدمة التي ابتدات بها وينجّيها من جميع حيل الشيطان واذا بالشيطان قد اقبل ووقف امامها بشبه ريبس ملايكه وله اجنحه عظيمه متمنطق بمنطقة دهب على حقويه مرصعه 10 بحجارة كريمه 🔅 | وعلى راسه اكليل مصنوع من ٢٥٠٠ ٢٥٠ جواهر كريمةً مُثمنه وبيده اليمني قضيب من ذهب لكن ليس عليه علامة الصّليب نجا ووقف امامها وهو بهذا الحجد العظيم فلما راتهُ خافت جدّا وسقطت على الارض امّا هو فعضدها واقامها وقال لها لا 15 تخافي ايتها المراة الكريمة امام الله وملايكته الاطهار الخرجي ايَّتها المراة الذي وجد الطوباني Fol. 160a. بعلها نعمه قدام الله وانتني ايضا صارت طوبانيتك مثل المصملح يضى قدام الله افرحى يا من صارت قرابينها وصدقاتها مثل السور يصدّ عن المسكونه 20 كلُّها طغيان الشيطان الشرير صدَّةيني ايتها المراة المماركة فاننى اتيتُ من عنكُ الله ضابط الكل لما رايت صلواتك التي صنعتيهم اليوم صعدوا قدام الله Fol. 160b. م مضيّه اكثر من الشمس اضعافا كثيره بشعاع عظيم جدا حتى أضطربت جميع عساكر الملايكة وارسلني 25 الله اليك وقال لى كلام أقوله لك فاسمعى جميع ما يخرج من فمي لتجدي كرامه عظيمه قدّام اللّه

اما تعلمين أن اللَّه قال أن الطاعة أفضل من القرابين فإن كنتي لا تسمعي الذي اقولهُ لك فليس انا ُالذَّى | تخالفيني بل اللَّه فقد كتب انَّ كل من Fol. 161a. هو غير مُطيع فانه صاير للهلاك فاجابت تلك المراة و الحكيمة قايلًه عرّفني ما هو الكلام الذي اموك اللُّه ان تقوله لي وانا اصنعهم واحفظهم فاجاب السيطان وقال لها أن الله اوصاني ان اخرج من عنده واتي اليك واقول لك الا تتلفي أموال الطوباني زوجك وتقولي اننى أصنع صدقات لخلاص انفسه هوذاً زوجك قد اندام ٢٥١٠ اننى 10 ورث خيرات ملكوت السموات كقيى قليل عن هذه القرابين وهذه الصدقات الكثيره ألتي تصنعيهم في عندُى اصرفى قليل ودعى في بيتك قليل ليلا تعوزي بعد زمان ثم بعد هذا آذا رای الشیطان هذاه الصدقات هكذا يحسدك ويبدّر ما لك كما بدّر مال I5 ايتوب افان ايوب قل كان هو ايضا يفعل هكذا Fol. 162a. التوب للمساكيين فلهذا ضاع كلما له وانحل جسده بالدود الردى ومات مع ما حصل لهُ من الحزن على اولاده وبناته فان البيت وقع عليهم وماتوا كلهم في دفعة واحدة والقديس دويد ايضا حسده من اجلَّ 20 الصدقات التي كان يصنعهم فانه كان يكفن اجساد الموتى الذين يجدهم ويدفنهم فغار عليه ايضا وجلب عليه المسكنة معما انه كان غنيًا جمّا المسكنة معما الله واخيرًا جعل العصافير دمّعت في عيناه فعمى وليس الطيور هم هكذا لكنه الشيطان وجنوده تشبهوا 25 بالطيور واعموه لاجل حسدهم له والان يا ابنتي ان انتي اطعتيني كاوامر الربّ والا انتي تقعي في هذه

الافعال هكذا لانّ اللّه قال لي ان اقول لك انّ ليس لك ولد من الطوباني زوجك ارسطرخوس الامير والان افقومي وتزوّجي برجلٍ جليل لتزرقي منه الاولان Fol. 163a. لکے اذا خرجتی من الجسد يوت كل مالك ويكون 5 ينجَدَّد ذكركُ بعد موتك فاذا اقمتى بغير ولدٍ فلا يكون لك رُجآ ابداً ﴿ وامرني الرب إيضا ان اقول لك ان كنتي لا تطيعيني وتتزوجي أحدًا والا فتزوجي باللوروخس الذي يحارب اتوريوس الملك ﴿ الآتَه ١٠٥١ ١٥٥٠ ٢٠٥١ هوذا ُقد هيا عساكرة يُريد أن يقلع منه المملكة 10 ويسلط على جميع كنوز الروم وانّ تلك المراة الحكيمه اوفيميّه ادركت حيل الشيطان وعلمت انه هو المتكلم معها بكلام مملو اوجاع فقالت له اعلمني في ايّ الكتب مكتوب أن لا اصدّق وان لا اصنع قريانً وأن لا اصلي وان اتزوج رجلين لانا نجد الله Foi. 164a. ما 15 يوصيتا في آماكن كثيره قايلا أنّ المحبّه تغطى كشرة الخطايا وايضا ان الرحمة يكون لها فخر في الدينونه وسمعنا ايضا النبي يصرح قايلًا احملوا قرابينكم وانطلقوا فادخلوا ديار وفي موضع اخر يقُول ذبيحه وتسبيم هو يمجدني وايضا ذبايم 20 اللَّه قلوب طاهره وسمعنيا بولس ايضًا المعلم يكرز لنا ﴾ | بكلامه الحلو قايلًا صلوا بغير فتور واشكرواً Fol. 164b. في كل شئى وتقول إلي اجلس مع رجلين لا سيما الرجل اللَّذِي ذَكُرِتُهُ لَي اولَّا أَن أَجلس مَعْهُ هُو هُواطقي ليس له الله هذَا الذِّي يهلكه اللّه سريعًا ويجعُل في فاه 25 لجام ويربطه في لجمّة البحر ويذله مع كل قوته تحت رجلين الملك البار اتوريوس وايضًا لاجل الزوج

الثاني فقد اعلمنا سُليمن بهذا في جوابه انّ Fol. 165a الزوج الأول الذي لليمام اذا مات الله يتجلسوا مع روج اخر مرة اخري بل يذهبوا الي البريّة ينوحوا الْي يوم الممات ويُعلمنا ايضًا أنّ جّنس الغربان لا 5 ينجلسوا مع ذكر غريب بل ذكر واحد وكمًا أننا نشق ثيابنا علي أن لنا عند ما يموت هكذا يكون أذا مات زوج أحد الغربان تخرج لسانها وحدها وتشقّه بظفرها لكي أذا زعقت بلغتها يعلم ١٥٥٥، ١٥٥٠ كل احدٍ أنّ ليس لها روج من أجل هذا أذا أراد 10 غراب ان يغصبها تصرخ فللوقت اذا سمعوا صوتها يعُلموا ان واحدًا اراد ان يغصبها بالسانها المشقوق وهكذا تجتمع ساير الغربان ويساعدوها 15 وهم يصرخون قاصدين ُ زجر ذلك الله يقصد الاغتصابُ لانهُ اراد ان يطُغيُ الذي اوصاهم الله عليه فيقولوا اوليك الصبيان الجهله أن الغربان يصنعوا عرسًا ولم يعلموا انهم يقصدوا أن يزجروا ذلك المريد الخطاء بتلك التي مات زوجها فلا 20 یکون لی ان اخلط مع سیدی ارسطرخوس بعلی زيجة اخَّري ابدًا ولا أفتر من قرأبيني وصدقاتي ٢٥١٠ ا التي كنت أصنع قبل موت الطوباني زوجي باسم ريبس الملايكة الاطهار ميخاييل لكن عرفيني من انت هكذا اذ انت لابس هذا المجد العظيم ومن اين 25 اتيت وما اسمك فان مجيّك التي قد افلقني جدّا ا فاجاب الشيطان قايلا اليس انتى سالتى الله منذ

اليوم الذي جا اليك الشيطان فيه المتشبّة بالراهبة Fol. 1670. يطغيك الم يقول لك انّه ياتى اليك في اليوم الثانى عشر من بوونه وهو عيد ربيس الملايكة فانّ ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل لا يتفرغ في ذلك اليوم من السجود امام اللّه من اجل مياة الانهار والمطر والبشدّا ﴿ والان فانا هو ميخابيل ربيس الملايكة ارسلنى الربّ اليك لاعينك قبل غُروب الشمس اليوم ليلا ياتى زارع الشر فيصنع بك شرّا فلذلك يتجب Fol. 167b.

وللوقت علم المسيح انه الشرير أ فزجره فلعلّك . Fol. 168a الشيطان هو ذاك تريد تطغيني و فاجابها الشيطان ليس انا هو ذاك لا يكون لي أن اكون هكذا ابدًا ومن اين يجد ذاك هذا المجد العظيم الذي انا لابسه لان من الوقت الذي خالف وصيّة الربّ فيه فغضب عليه وامرني انا ميخاييل فعرّيته من جميع فغضب عليه وامرني انا ميخاييل فعرّيته من جميع

انت | هو ميخابيل فأين هي علامة الصليب التي .Fol. 168b علي صليبك كما انا اراة منقوش في هذه الصورة التي هي هذه الصورة التي هي شخص صورة الملاك ميخابيل فاجاب الشيطان قايلا هولاء المصورين يقصدوا زينه بصورتهم 25 لتمجّد صنعتهم بالاكثر فان ليس عندنا علامة الصّليب في جميع الملايكة فاجابت اوفيميّة قايلة

كيف يمكن ان اصلّ قولك افانّ كل جنديّ Fol. 169a. يتخرج من عند الملك لا يكمل احد من الناس الامر الذي جآ بسببه ولا يقبلوه البته فانهُ ليس مرسوم برسم للملك وهكذا ايضًا الكتب الذي يرسلهم 5 الملك من مملكته وان كانت كتب سلامه فالا يقبلهم احد فانهم ليسوا مختومين بخواتم الملك وهكذا ايضا الملايكة اذا نرلوا على الارض اذ لم يكن معهم علامة صليب ملك المجمد ألا يصدَّقوا انْهم ٢٥١. ١69b. ملايكه لكن يهربوا منهم فانهم شياطين ، لا سيما 10 ربيس جميع الملايكة كيف ينزل على الارض ولا ياتي معد بسلاح خاتم التخلاص الذي للملك وهو الصليب المقدّس الذي ليسوع المسيم أبّن اللّه الحيّ ﴿ فأن كنت تريد أن أصدّق أنك أنت ميخابيل المنقد فدعني اقدّم لك صورته | وتقبّلها وعند ذلك انا ١٥٥٠ ا٢٥٥٠ ١٥ اسجة لك من غير اكون ذا قلبين فلما راي الشيطان انها قل حصرته من كل جهة ولم يقدر على حجة يقولها امامها وانها قامت من المكان الذي كانت جالسه فيه تريد ان تحضر له صورة ربيس الملايكه ميخابِيل غيّر شكله وصار شبه اسد يزير حتى انّ 20 صوته علا المدينة كلها واسرع فامسك المنجرتها .Fol. 170b. ا وخنقها حتى قاربت الموت وكان يقول لها هكذا هذا اليوم الذي فيه وقعتى في يدي تعبث ولي زمان كبير اصيدك لكن لم اتمكن الي ألان عليات ألان الذي انتي مُعتمل عليه ويخلصك من يدي وان 25 تلك المراة الحكيمة فانها ضافت جدّا حتى انها قاربت المُوت فصرخت قايله يا ريبس الملايكه ميخابيل Foi. 171a.

اعتى في هذه الساعة الشديدة وفيما كان الشيطان يولمها كثيرًا واذا بربيس الملايكه ميخابيل ظهر لها للوقت الابسًا كوتبه ملوكيه وبيده اليهني قضيب من ذهب وعليه موضوع علامة الصليب فاشرق 5 المكان اكثر من الشمس اضعاف كثيره فلما راه الشيطان صرَّخ بخوفِ قايلا يا سيَّدي ربيس الملايكم ميتخابِيل اخطات افي السّمآء وقدَّامكُ فانني قد Fol. 171b. م استجريت ودخلت التي المكان الذي صورتك نيه اسالك أن لا تهلكني قبل زماني فان الخالق سمح 10 لي ايامًا قلايل ، وانت يا سيّني يا ربيس الملايكة اللَّذي غرِّبتني من مساكن السموأت والان فانا اهرب منك الي يوم الخزي العظيم انا اعترف لك واقسم قدّام الله اننبي لا أعود من هذا الوقت ان اجرّب Fol. 172a. رجل ولا امراه في الموضع الذي تكون فيه هذا ما كأن 15 الشيطان يقولة وهو مربوط مع ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل مثل عصفور في يل طفل صغير وهو حقير جدا ثم بعد ذلك اطلقه بخري عظيم فقال رييس الملايكه ميخابيل الوفهية اغلبي الشيطان وتقوي ولا تخافي منه فانه لا يقدر عليك من هذا الوقت | انا هو . Fol. 172b 20 ميخاييل ريبس الملايكة الذي انتى تخدمينهُ الذي سلمك لي ارسطوخوس زوجك الامين الطوباني انا هو مبتخابيل الذي تساليني كل يوم امام صورتني الذي شخص منسوخ داخل قيطونك انا هو ميخابيل الذي ارفع طلباتك امام الله انا كنت قايم في الوقت 25 الله فيه خاطبتي زوجك قايله انقش لي شخص ريِمسَ الملايكة الجعلةُ | في بيتك ناصرًا لتي سلمني .Fol. 173a

له لیصیر لی کفیلا ویکون لی عضدا عند الربّ ويتعاهدني آذا مضيت اليه مثل جميع الناس انا هُو ميخابيل سامع كل الذين يدعون اللّه باسمي لا تتخانی لان هوذا من بعد ان تکملی خدمتك 5 التي تصنعيها باسمي تاتي التي انا مع كثير من الملايكة لارفعك التي اماكن النيم التي الله التي ورثها زوجك السلام لك ولما قال لها ربيس الملايكة Fol. 173b. ه ميخابيل هذا صعد الي السموات بملجد عظيم وهي واتفه تنظر اليه ومن بعد ذلك مضت الي الكنيسة 10 حيث انبا انتموس اسقف المدينه اول من كرّز من يد القديس يوحنا فم الذهب ربيس اساقفه مدينه فسطنطينيه الذي استضت جميع الجزاير من قبله المناه Fol. 1749. واعلمته جميع ما قاله لها ربيس الملايكه فمتجد الله وربيس ملايكته الاطهار ميخاييل وقدم القداس وخدم 15 بسرعة وكرامة عظيمه ومن بعد القداس خرجت من البيعة ومضت الي بيتها وكملت الخدمة مع الاخوة الفقرا وهي تخدمهم فلما فرغوا ياكلوا ويشربوا ارسلت خلَّف الآب الاسقف | وطلبت اليه ان ياهلُها ١٠٥٠. ٢٥١٠ للحضور الي بيتها فجآ اليها سريعًا فلمّا بلغها 20 مجيّهُ اليها خرجت للقايه الي ثالثُ باب من بيتها وخرّت على قدميه وقبلتهما زمان كبيراً وانّ الاسقف القدايس اقامها قايلاً قومي ايتها المراةُ المباركة من اللَّه والناس بالحقيقة قدّ قبل اللَّه منك قربانك مثل هابيل الصدّيق واشتم بخورك مثل بخور ١٠٥١ الم 25 ملكيسداق ملك ساليم كاهن اللّه العلى لانك فعلتي باستقامه الما هي فاخذته بكرامة عظيمه وادخلته

الي قيطونها الذي فيه صورة زبيس الملايكه ميخابيل ونصبت لهُ كرسي من عاج والات من فضه لكي تحلس عليها القشا والشمامسه فلما صلوا وجلسوا فتلكت | ابواب بيتها واخرجت ساير اموالها من Fol. 175b. 5 الجليل الي الحقير المثمن والدون ووضعتهم تدامها وقالت له يا أبي القدّيس خذ منّي هذا المال القليل وفرّقه علي الفقوا عنّى وعن الطّوباني زوجي باسم رببس الملآيكه الأطهار ميخابيل ليسال الله في انا والطوباني زوجي الامير ارسطرخوس ليصنع الله في انا والطوباني زوجي الامير ارسطرخوس ليصنع ادفسي الشقيّه امام منبر المخوف فامر ١٥٥٠ الاسقف ان يحمل كلّ مالها الي الكنيسة وامّا عبيدها فصيّرت الكلّ احرارًا فلما كأن في هذا اليوم الواحد الذي هو الثاني عُشر من بوونه فيما نحن جالسين نتكدت مع الإسقف شممنا رايحة بخور 15 عظیم لم یشتم مثله ابدًا ﴿ وانا کنت جالسا مع انتيموس الاب الاسقف القدّيس اوّل العسمة الاب. Fol. 176b. القدّيس ابنا يوحنّا فم الذهب وكنت انا قسّا فلما شممنا رايحة ذلك البخور العظيم بهتنا لذلك المنظر العجيب من بعد ذلك رجعت اوفيميّه الى 100 الاب ألاسقف وقالت لهُ اسال لك يا ابي ان تطلب عني كي التقى الله في ساعة جيده فان السّاعه قد اقترب الذي فيها تفترق نفسى من جسدي المسكينُ الي يومُّ | الحكم العظيم فان هوذا ميخابِيلُ Fol. 177a. ربيس الملايكه قد اتانى وزوجي ارسطرخوس معه 25 وكثير من الملايكة وانها انضجعت على مرقدها وبسطت يديها وان الاب الاسقف صلى عليها وقتا

طویلا ، من بعد هذا رفعت وجهها فی وجه الاسقف والجميع كلة وقالت لهم إذا اسالكم بالرب ان تصنعوا محبّه وتعطوني صورة رييس الملايكه ميخابيل القبّلها مرة اخرى قبل خروجي من ٢٥١٠ ١٦٦٥ 5 الجسد وفي الساعد تناول الأسقف الصورة وناولها لها اما هي فَقبّلتها قايله يا سيّدي ربيس الملايكه الاطهار ميخابيل قف معي في هذه الساعة المتخوفة وفيماً نكس نسمعها وهي تقول هذا والجميع كله سمعنا ايضاً صوت جموعاً كثيره مسرعين جدّا مع 10 بعصهم مثل الميازيب الكبيرة فرفع الجمع الصّغار .Fol. 175a والكمار والرجال والنساء أعينهم فرآوا ميخابيل ردمس الملايكه يضى مثل الشمس وهو قايما عند اوفيميّه المحتشمه وقصب رجليه مثل النحاس المبرق المسبوك بالنار وبيده اليمنى بوق وبيده 15 اليسري بكره مثل المركبة وعليها صليب وهو لابس "لباس المختار احسن من لباس ملوك Fol. 178b. الباس المامات المختار احسن من الباس المامات ا العالم اضعاف كشيرة فلما رايناه هكذا اضطربنا وبهتنا من خوفه ﴿ ورايناه قايمًا يهيى حلَّة نورانيه يزين بها نفس تلك المراة الطوبانيه اوفيميّه لتخرج 20 في حلَّت المقدّسة ﴿ وَهكذا اسلمت روحها وصورة ردِيس الملايكة ميخاييل علي عينها قبل خروجها ١٦٥٥. ٢٥١ من الجسد ، وسمعنا اصوات جماعه يوتلون قايليس ان الربّ عارف بطريق الابرار وميراثهم يدوم الى الابله ، وكانت صورة ربيس الملايكه ميخابيل موضوعه 25 على وجه المراة الي ان اسلمت روحها والموقت طارت الصورة ولم نعلم آلى اين مضت وان نحن جعلنا

المراة في قبر زوجها ارسطرخوس ولما دفنّاها اتينا الي الكنيسة النقدّس وانّ الاسقف دخل الي المكان Fol. 179b. الذي نحن مجتمعين فيه الآن باسم ميخاييل ربيس الملايكة ولما دخل الى المذبح كعادتة راى صورة وبيس الملايكة ميخاييل التي طارت من بيت اوفيميّة مُعلقة في الجوّ من غير يد انسان في القبة المقدّسة فصرخ الاسقف قايلا يا رجال جزيرة الاتراكي تعالوا

لكي تنظروا عظم | قوة ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل فاسرع 1808 الجميع كلة الي داخل المذبح فرينا باعيننا صورة الجميع كلة الي داخل المذبح فرينا باعيننا صورة 10 ميخابيل ربيس الملايكة معلقة في الجوّ بغيريك انسان ولا بشي اخر لكنها ثابتة كعمود لا يتحرك ولا يترعزع بشي البته الله في اللاصوات التي كانت في تلك السّاعة من الجمع كلة صارخين ممجّدين لله

وربيس الملايكة ميخابيل وبلغ خبر هذا الاعجوبة Fol. 180b. وربيس الملايكة ميخابيل وبلغ خبر هذا الاعجوبة Fol. 180b. والعظيمة الي الملك ارغاديوس المحبّ للالة والي اودكسيّة الملكة بمدينة قسطنطينية والملك اتوريوس برومية ومرروا أن يلقوا بعضهم البعض في هذا الجريرة وهكذا تلقوا بعضهم مع الملكة ونظروا باعينهم الاعجوبة وهي صورة ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل

20 وسجد والعلى الأرض على سرير الطوباني يوحنا فم .Fol. 1818 الذهب الذي تنبيح عليه هذا الذي صنع اشفيه عظيمه في هذه الجزيرة حتى كان كل انسان يوقد على ذلك السرير للقديس يوحنا يحصل لهم البر للوقت من يقدر أن يصف العجايب التى كانت من 25 صورة ربيس الملايكة ميخابيل هذا التى رايناها الان

باعينناً ظاهره في بيعتم المقدّسه | الذي نحن Fol. 181b.

تجتمعين في تذكاره المقدس اليوم حتى انها كانت في كلّ اثنى عشر يومًا من الشهر عيد ربيس الملايكة متخابيل يجرج من اربعة جوانيها اربعة أغصان زيتون مثمرة ثمرة طيّبة فإن ذلك اللوج الذي كانت الصورة و منقوشه عليه كان من خشب الريتون اترى تذكرون منقوشه عليه كان من خشب الريتون اترى المارية ا تلك التي كان في احشاها مرض الاستسقا وكانت تسمى ابسطينا وكيف ورمت إوصارت بغير قوة من Fol. 1820. الضعف والشده التي كانت فيها وأنها اتت بامانه عظيمه الى هذه البيعة المقدّسه واخذت من ثمرةً 10 ذلك الزيتون الذي خرج من الصورة في الثاني عشر من الشهر الماضي وقد رايتم كلكم أنه عندما اكلت من ثمرة تلك الصورة فأرقتها العلم التي كانت في احشاها للوقت وتطهرت وبريت ومضت الي بيتها ممجّده لله وربيس ملائكته الاطهار ميتاييل (Fol. 182b. 15 حتى كانها لم تمرض ﴿ اسمعوا ايضا هذه الاعجوبه التي كانت فاننى لا اتركها رايتم ذلك الرجل الضعيف الذي كان باضارب الشّديد في احدي اجناب راسه حتى أن عينه الأيمن كادت عن قليل تنقلع وتتخرج من راسه قاتا الى البيعة المقدّسة واخذ قليل زيت 20 من القنديل ورشم وجهد باسم الاب | والابن والروح .Fol. 183a القدُّس واخذ من الورق الذي اخرجتهم الصورة وجعل منه علي الموضع الذي يوجعه ُ في رأسه فبري للوقت ومضي الي بيته بسلام الله

THE ETHIOPIC VERSION

OF THE

ENCOMIUM UPON SAINT MICHAEL

BY

SEVERUS OF ANTIOCH.

በሚካኤል ፡ ምንባብ ፡፡

Fol.156a. በስመ ፡ አብ ፡ ወወልድ ፡ ወመንፈስ ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ፩ አምላክ ።

ድርሳን ፡ አመ ፡ ዓው፡ሩ ፤ ወስንዩ ፡ ለጎዳር ፡ ዝደረስ ፡ ሌቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ዝአንጽኪያ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ሌቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ወአፍቅሮት ፡ ለሰብእ ፡ ወተናገረ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ሰንበት ፡ ቅድስት ፡ እስመ ፡ ጎበረ ፡ በዓለ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ በይ 5 እቲ ፡ ዓመት ፡ ምስለ ፡ ዕለተ ፡ ስንበት ፡ ወክሪበ ፡ ተናገረ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ማተያስ ፡ ታግድ ፡ ወብእስታ ፡ ወው ለ-ዱ ፡ ዝክ መ ፡ አመን ፡ በእግዚአብሔር ፡ በስእለተ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ሌ ቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ እስመ ፡ ይቤ ፡ ዝንተ ፡ ድርሳን ፡ አመ ፡ ፫ ወ ፪ ፡ ለጎዳር ፡ እንዝ ፡ ጉቡ አን ፡ ሕግብ ፡ በቤተ ፡ ክር 10 ስቲያን ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ሌ ቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ይባበሩ ፡ በዓለ ፡

ስምው ፡ ለመዘምር ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ዳዊት ፡ ዘነገረነ ፡ ጎብረ ተ ፡ ገነንቱ ፡ በሃል ፡ ዮም ፡ ይትሬ ሣሕ ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይኬልሕ ፡ ወይብል ፡ ይትወየን ፡ መልአክ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ አው ዶ ፣5 ሙ ፡ ለእለ ፡ ይሬርህዎ ፡ ወያድ ነና ሙ ፡ አፍ ቴሬ ንየ ፡ ክ

ልኤቴ፡ በያል፡ የ-ም፡ በያለ፡ ሚካኤል፡ ቅዱስ፡ ሊቀ፡ መላአክት ፡ ወበያለ ፡ አሐ-ድ ፡ ትንሣኤሁ ፡ ለመደግኒን ፡ ናሁ ፡ አፊኢ ፡ ህድአተ ፡ ሃቢያ ፡ ወአልበ ፡ ሀከከ ፡ ዘይከል Fol. 156b. ተምህርት : ዘንነግረክሙ ። ወአንተሙሂ : እለ ፡ ተለ ም 5 o : በአማን : ዘንተ : ነገረ : ስምo : ክይቤ : በዛምኢት : መበ ፡ በስሳ ፡ መበ ፡ በውላሳ ፡ ከመ ፡ ታ አምሩ ፡ ኢ ከን ፡ ር.ሐ. ቀ ፡ እምኔን ፡ ዘይውብ ፡ ዕሴተ ፡ በአማን ፡ እግዚእን ፡ ሊየ ሱስ : ክርስቶስ : ወልደ : እግዚአብሔር : ሕያው : እስመ : ይቤ : አምአፉሁ : ዘምሉት : ሕይወት : ወዠሎ : ጽድቀ ። 10 ጎበ ፡ ሀለው ፡ ክልኢቱ ፡ ወሠለስቱ ፡ ጉቡአን ፡ በስምና ፡ ህየ ፡ ሀሰ። ነ፡ ማሕከሰ። መነ ፡ ወእመስ ፡ አምላክን ፡ ምስሴ 5 : 3ትወክፍ : እንከ : 51ረ : 5ቢይ : ዳዊት : መዘምር : ህይቤ ፡ በፍሥል ፡ እስም ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ዲ በ : ትሉ : ምድር : 11ምሩ : ልብወ : ነግሥ : እግዚሉብሔ 15 ር ፡ ሳዕለ ፡ ነተሉ ፡ አሕዛብ ። አእምሩ ፡ ፍቁራንየ ፡ ከመ ፡ በዓለ ፡ ለመደኅሂነ ፡ የ ም ፡ ሕንተ ፡ ይሕቲ ፡ ሰንበት ፡ ቅ ድስት ፡ ይደልወነ ፡ ንስብሐ ፡ ወንባርክ ፡ ወናክብሮ ፡ ለእ ግዚአብሔር: ቀዳመ : አስመ : ይደልዎ : ዠሉ : ክብር : በክሉ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ ለያለመ ፡ ዓለም ፡ ኢሚን ፡

ቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ቅዳሳን ፡ ስማዕከሙ ፡ ማተዎስ ፡ ዘይቤ ፡
በመንጌል ፡ ቅዳስ ፡፡ ይቤሎን ፡ መልአክ ፡ ለአንስት ፡ ኢ
ትፍርህ ፡ አንትንስ ፡ አአምር ፡ ከመ ፡ ኢየሱስን ፡ በተሰቅ

Fol. 157a. ለ ፡ ተግግ ፡ ኢህላ ፡ ግየስ ፡ ተንሥአ ፡ በከመ ፡ ይቤሎ 25
መ ፡ ለአርዳኢ ሁ ፡ መረአዩ ፡ ከመበ ፡ መብረቅ ፡ መአልበ
ሲሁ ፡ ጸማዳ ፡ ከመ ፡ በረድ ፡ ግው ኢተ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡
ቅዳስ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ቀዳሚ ፡ ሗራ ፡ ኢምሳይለ ፡ ሰማያት ፡

ወእምዝ : 33ግር : ክብሮ : ለሚካኤል : ዓቢይ : ለ.

ንግበር ፡ በዓለ ፡ የ·ም ፡ አፍቀራንየ ፡ አስመ ፡ አግዚአን ፡ ሀለ፡፡ ፡ ማእክሌን ፡ ወዠ ለ፡፡ው ፡ ስራዊታ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ይገ

ብሩ ፡ በያለ ፡ ለበዓለ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ መልአክ ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ወ **ሚካኤልչ : ይስእሶ ፣ ለእግዚአብሔር ፣ በአንተ ፣ ዘወ**ደ ፣ ስብል : በተነለ : ጊዜ : ወእግዚአብሔር : ይንደግ : ለº ወ› : 5 <u>ጎመ አቶሙ ። መን ፡ እም</u> የተለ ፡ ቅዳላን ፡ በኢሀሶ ፡ ም ስሌሁ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ወበኢ ያደንነዋ ፡ እምክለ ፡ ም ንዳቤሁ ። መኑ ፡ ኢምትሌ ፡ ሰማፅት ፡ በኢሀሶ ፡ ምስሌ ሁ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ሲቀ ፡ መላሕክት ፡ መበኢያዳንደ ፡ ለትሕ ነበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ከመ ፡ ይንሣት ፡ አክሊሎ ። ወለት 10 መ፡ ፊቀደነነሙ ፡ ታእምሩ ፡ ፍቀራንየ ፡ ከሙ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መሳአክት ፡ ይሀሉ ፡ ምስለ ፡ ከተሉ ፡ ሰብእ ፡ አለ ፡ ይቀርቡ ፡ ጎበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ በፊሉ ፡ ልበሙ ፡ ወይስ እሎ ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር ፡ በእንቲአሆው ፡ ከመ ፡ ይህና መ· : ረዳኤ ። ስምው ፡ ሕንግረክመ· ፡ ዘንተ ፡ ታአምረ ፡ 15 የቢያ ፡ ዘኮን ፡ ሕም ጎይለ ፡ ሕግዚአብሔር ፡ ወሚካኤል ፡ Fol. 157b. ሲቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ በስአለቱ ፡ በአገርናክመ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ስብእ። እለ። የአምጉ። ሀለ። ፡ ብእሲ። ዘየአምን። ቀዳሚ። ስሙ : ቂስን : እምስብአ : ደወስ : ቆ ሎ ንያ : ወባልል ፡ ው እ ነ፡፡ ሬ.ደዓ.ደ ፡ ወይግብር ፡ ዓቢያ ፡ መንግደ ፡ ወአ.ያምር ፡ ለች 20 ግዛ አብሔር ፡ አላ ፡ መስግል ፡ ው ኢተ፡ ፡ ወያመልክ ፡ ጠዖ ተ : ከመንበ : ከን : በአበዓ. : ወእግዚአብሔርስ : ፈቀደ : ያደግና ፡ ወእንዝ ፡ ይወለደ ፡ መንግዶ ፡ በሐመር ፡ በጽሐ ፡ ሀገረ ፡ እንተ ፡ ሰሚ ፡ ቀሎንያ ፡ ወስብእስ ፡ ያመልክዎ ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር ፡ ወበጽሓ ፡ ህየ ፡ አመ ፡ አሚሩ ፡ ለኅዳር ፡ 25 ወሀለ። ፡ ውስተ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ምስያጠ ፡ ሐንግዲ ። ወአመ ፡ ከነ፡ ፲ ወ ፩ ፡ ለወርኅ ፡ ኅዳር ፡ በይችቲ ፡ ዕለት ፤ ጊዜ ፡ ቀ ተር። ነለፈ። ሚከኤል። ሊቀ። መላሽክት። እንተ። ምሥ

ያጥ : ወርአየው : ለመያጥ : እንዘ : ያሚኒዩ : መታትወ : ወአልባስ ፡ ወአንከረ ፡ ሬድፋደ ፡ ወነበረ ፡ ህደ ፡ ወበምክሩ ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር ፡ ርሕየ ፡ ተፍጻሚተ ፡ ግብሩ ። ወመስ የ ፡ ርሕየ · ወ፡ ፡ ለክለ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ሕለ ፡ ተጋብሉ ፡ በው እ ተ፡ መከን ፡ ወንብሩ ፡ ጳለግተ ፡ ስርክ ፡ ወይቤሎ ፡ ዝማራ ፡ 5 ዋውመ ። ወውነት ተ፡ ብእሲ : አንከረ : ወእምብግነ : uc እየ ፡ የመ ፡ አንቀጸ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ። ወበሌሊት ፡ ክ ዕበ : ተጋብሉ : ካህናት : መጠቢባን : ከመ : ይጸልዩ : ጸ ለግተ፡ ነግሀ፡ ወው ኢተስ፡ ብእሲ፡ አንከረ፡ ፈደዓ.ዴ፡ በ ክርስቲያን ፡ አምስብአ ፡ ይእቲ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ወተስእውሙ ፡ ወይቤ : አኅዊና : ምንተኑ : በኮን : በዛቲ : ዕለት : ወልለ. ት፡ ውስተ፡ ዛቲ፡ ሀገር፡ ብዝጎ፡ ዘምሮ፡ ወፍሥሓ። ወ ይቤልያ : ክልኤሆሙ : የሚ : ፕ ወ ፪ : ለኅዳር : ንንበር : በዓለ ፡ ለሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ እስመ ፡ 15 ይስአለ ፡ ለአግዚአብሔር ፡ በእንቲአን ፡ ከመ ፡ ይስረይ ፡ ለን ፡ ጎመ.አተን ፡ ወደደግንን ፡ እምዋል ፡ እኩይ ፡ ወደቤ ስ^ነመት ፡ መነሕተ ፡ ብሕሲ ፡ አይቲ ፡ ሀለ፡፡ ነከመ ፡ ሕተንገር ፡ ምስሴሁ ፡ ወእስአለ ፡ ከመ ፡ ያደኅንኒ ፡ አምዠሉ ፡ ምን ዳቤየ ፡ አውሥሉ ፡ ወይቤልዎ ፡ ኢትክል ፡ ትርአዮ ፡ ይ 20 ሕዜ ፡ ሕስከ ፡ ትከውን ፡ ፍጸ.መ ፡ ወለአመ ፡ ከንከ ፡ ክርስ ተያናዊ ፡ አካ ፡ ንብረ ፡ ባሕቱ ፡ በትስአል ፡ አላ ፡ ትሬእዮ ፡ ለአግዚሉ ፡ ወታንክር ፡ ኢምስብሐቲሁ ፡ ወው ኢተ ፡ ደደ፡ ጎንክ፡ እምስላ ፡ እኩይ ፡ ወይቤሎው ፡ ው እተ፡ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ አስተበቀ፡ ዓክሙ ፣ አኅዊና ፣ ትስዓኒ ፣ ምስሌክሙ ፣ ወእ 25 ስን : ክርስቲያናዊ : ወአህብከሙ : በበ : ዲናር : ወርቅ : አስመ ፡ ተመይጠ ፡ ልብየ ፡ ኅበ ፡ አምልክት**ክ**ሙ ፡ ኅበ**፡**ፈ ፡ ወይቤልዎ ፡ አለ ፡ ዕደው ፡ ኢትክውን ፡ ከጣን ፡ እስከ ፡ ይ

ዱሊ ፡ ለዕሌክ ፡ አቡን ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ ወር ነት መከ ፡ ወደጠም ቀ ከ ፡ በስመ ፡ ኢብ ፡ ወወልደ ፡ ወመንፈስ ፡ ቀዳስ ፡ ወትከ Fol. 158b. ውን : ክርስቲያናዊ : ዳኤሙ : ተወገስ : ኤስከ : ይሬ.2 ም ፡ አቡን ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ወንወስደክ ፡ ኅቤሁ ፡ ወይሬ ስየከ : ከማን : ወንብረ : በከመ : ይቤልዎ : ወታወንስ : ይ 5 እተ፡ ዕለተ፡ ወበሳሂታ፡ በጽሐ፡ ኀቤሆ^ሙ፡ ወደቤል፡ ሙ : ኢኅዊያ : 'አራን : ተወከፉኒ : ኅቤክሙ : ከመ : እግ ዚሉብሔር ፡ ዘንገርክሙ ፡ ከ.የሁ ፡ የሀብከሙ ፡ ዕሴትክ ሙ ። ወክልኤሆሙ ፡ መሀይምናን ፡ ወሰድዎ ፡ ጎበ ፡ ኢ **ጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ወይቤሎ ፡ ለው** እተ፡ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ እምአይ ፡ ብ ፣o ሐር፡አንተ፡ወይቤ፡አንስ፡አምደወለ፡ ቆ ሎ ንያ። ወይ ቤሎ : ኤጲስ : ቆጶስ : ሥምረት : ልብስ : ትኩን : ክርስቲ ያናዊ ፡ ወይቤ ፡ ውሕተ፡ ፡ ነግድ ፡ ሕወ ፡ ሕባ ፡ ዘርኢኩ ፡ ወበሰማሪኩ ፡ በዛቲ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ውምረን ፡ ኢኩን ፡ ክርስቲያና ዌ ። ወይቤሎ ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ መነ ፡ ታመልክ ፡ ሕምአጣልክት ፡ 15 ወአውምት ፡ ወደቤ ፡ አመልክ ፡ ዐሓየ ፡ ወደቤሎ ፡ ጳጳ ስ ፡ ሶበ ፡ የዐርብ ፡ ዐሓይ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ምድር ፡ ወይረክበከ ፡ ምንዳቤ ፡ በአይቴ ፡ ትረክበ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይርዳአከ ። ወአው ሥአ፡ ውእተ፡ ነባድ፡ ወይቤ፡ ምሕረትክ፡ ትብጽሐኒ፡ ከመ : ታተምቀኒ ፡ ወአስተበቀነዓስ ፡ ተረሲያኒ ፡ ክርስቲያ 20 ናያ : ነመ ፡ ተለማ ፡ ዕብል ፡ ዛቲ ፡ ሀገር ። ወይቤሎ ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ ብስን ፡ ብእሲተ ፡ ወው ሱደ ፡ ወደቤ ፡ ቢያ ፡ ህና ፡ ብእሲተ ፡ ወው ሉደ ፡ በሀገርየ ፡ ወይቤው ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ በእንተ Fol. 159a. ገነ ፡ ኢንክል ፡ ናጥምቀ ፡ ይሕዜ ፡ ሕስከ ፡ ተሐውር ፡ ኅቤ ሆሙ ፡ ከመ ፡ አ.ትትናሬቁ ፡ በበይናቲክሙ ፡ ወአ.ትትሪ. ₂₅ ለጡ ፡ አው ፡ ትክሕድ ፡ ቅኔክ ፡ ወዋምቀትክ ፡ እንታ ፡ ታ ወከፍከ ፡ ኢስመ ፡ ቀዳሚት ፡ ዕልወት ፡ ከ5ት ፡ ኢምኅበ ፡ ብእሲት ። ወባሕቱ ፡ ለአመ ፡ ስምረ ፡ ልባ ፡ ምስልክ ፡ ን

O· : ወአሬስናክሙ : ክርስቲያን : ወውሕቱ : ነግድ : ስ በ ፡ ስምወ ፡ ዘንተ ፡ ተራሥሐ ፡ ፌደኒኒደ ፡ ወሶቤሃ ፡ ተባረ ከ፡ እምኤጲስ፡ ቆጶስ፡ ወወፅአ፡ ወተደለወ፡ ይሐር፡ ብ ሔር ። ወናው ፣ ስይጣን ፣ ጸላኤ ፣ ከሱ ፣ ውናይት ፣ አእ ማር : ከመ : መጠወ : ልቦ : ውእተ : ብእስ : ነበ : እግ 5 ህ አብሔር ፣ ቀንአ ፣ ላዕሴሁ ፣ ወረብ ፣ በጽሐ ፣ ማእከለ ፣ ባሕር : አንረግት : ዐውነው : ጸን-ዐ : ወረሰና : ማዕበት : ዝይ ተሴያል ፡ እም ፡ ሐመር ፡ እስከ ፡ ሕቀ ፡ ከመ ፡ በአምተሰ ዋመት ፡ ወእሞቱ ፡ የተለማ ፡ አለ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ሐመር ። ወ መነአተነስ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ ንግድ ፡ ከልሐ ፡ ወይቤ ፡ እግዚአ ፡ ኢ 10 የሱስ : ክርስቶስ : ርድአኒ : በህንቱ : ዓቢይ : ምንዳቤ : ወአን ፡ አአምን ፡ በእንተ ፡ ስብሓት ፡ ዓቢይ ፡ ዘርኢ ኩ ፡ በዝ። ቤተ። ክርስቲያኑ። ለሊቀ። መላአክት። ሚካኤል። ቅዱስ ፡ እስመ ፡ እመጽእ ፡ እን ፡ ወদለ ፡ ቤትየ ፡ ወንከ ውን : ክርስቲያነ : እስከ : ዕለተ : ንመውት # ወዕቤሃ : 15 መጽአ : ኅቤሁ : ቃል : እንሀ : ይብል : ኢትፍራህ : አል በ ፡ አኩያ ፡ ቢይቀርብ ፡ ኅቤከ ፡ ወበጊዚሃ ፡ አርመመ ፡ ጣ Fol. 150b. ዕበል : ሕስከ : ታሕተ : መከነ : ዛሕነ : መተወረዩ : ሐመረ : ወሐረ ፡ በርቱዕ ፡ በትእካበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ወበጽሐ ፡ ብሔር ፡ ወኢረክበ ፡ ምንተኒ ፡ አኩያ ፡ ወኢቲያ ፡ ቤቶ ፡ 20 ተፈሥሓ ፡ ይቢያ ፡ ፍሥሕ ፡ ወንገሮሙ ፡ ለሰብኢ ፡ ተኢ ምረ : በከን : ጎቤሁ : በውስተ : ሐመር ። ወለተው : በከን : አስከ : ሃገረ : ቆ ለ ንያ : ወይቤለ መ : በአማን፡ኢ ከነ : ፀ ለአምላከ ፡ ሰማይ ፡ ጎያል ፡ ኢየሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ወልደ ፡ 25 እግዚአብሔር ፡ ሕያው ፡ ውእቱኬ ፡ አምላከ ፡ **ሰ** ሱ ፡ ወ ከተሉ : አምኅቤሁ : መንገሮሙ : ዕበየ : ከብሩ : ለሊቀ : መ ላእክት ፡ ሚካኤል ። ወአንከረ ፡ ፈድፋደ ፡ ዘየዐቢ ፡ ወል

ዱ ፡ ወሐረ ፡ ውእተ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ ጎበ ፡ ብእሲተ ፡ ወይቤላ ፡ እመ ፡ ሰማሪክን ፡ ተንሥኢ ፡ ምስለየ ፡ ንኩን ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ወንት ቀንይ ፡ ለክርስቶስ ፡ ወኢትኩኒ ፡ በክልኤ ፡ ልቡ ፡ ግሙሪ ። ወ**ለ**አመ ፡ አመምረ ፡ ልብከ ፡ አንስ ፡ ኢየአዝ ዘኪ ፡ ናው ፡ ሰማንያ ፡ ምሕት ፡ ወርቅ ፡ በተርፈረ ፡ ወአን ፡ 5 አሁብኪ ፡ ወውርተ ፡ ምእተ ፡ ዲናረ ፡ ወንበራ ፡ በአምልክ ትኪ ። ወአንስ ፡ አሐውር ፡ እንሣእ ፡ ስርየተ ፡ ኒጢአት የ። ወትቤሎ ፣ ብእሲተ ፣ ሥናይ ፣ እግዚእየ ፣ እጉና ፣ በ አማን ፡ ዠው ፡ ፍናተ ፡ ጎበ ፡ ተሐውር ፡ አንሂ ፡ አሐውር ፡ ምስሌክ ፡ ወጥተ ፡ እንተ ፡ ተመውት ፡ አመውት ፡ ምስሌ 10 Fol. 160a. h : whore: tu Sho: : Thouse: DOCT: hav ረ : ወመርሐሙ : እግዚአብሔር : በረድኢተ : ወበጽሐ : ሀገረ : ቆሎንያ : ወሐሩ : ጎበ : ክልኤ : ዕደው : አለ : ት ከት : ወአም ነዎው : ወነገር ያው : ከው : መጽኬ : ይከ ኑ : ክርስቲየን ። ወእሙንተኔ : ወስድዎሙ : ጎበ : ጳጳ ፣5 ስ ፡ ወይቤልዎ ፡ ውእታ፡ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ ዘመጽአ ፡ ቀዲሙ ፡ ይ ኩን ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ናው ፡ መጽአ ፡ ምስለ ፡ ብእሲቱ ፡ ወው **ሉ**ዓ. ፡ ይኩን ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ወተራሥሐ ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ ዓቢና ፡ ፍሥሕ ፡ በእንተ ፡ መደግሂተ ፡ ነፍስ ፡፡ ወቀርስ ፡ ኅቤሁ ፡ ወይቤሎው፡ : በአማንሉ ፡ ትሬቅዱ ፡ ትኩሉ ፡ ክርስቲየን ፡ 20 ወአው ሥሉ ፡ በተሕተና ፡ ወይቤሉ ፡ አቡን ፡ ለአመ ፡ ሬ. ቀደ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ወደሎትክ ፡ ቅድስት ፡ ወሰቤሃ ፡ አስተዳለወ ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ ጥምቀተ ፡ በቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ዘሊ ቀ፡መሳእክት፡ቅዳስ፡ሚካኤል፡መመሀሮ፡ለውእቱ፡ ብእሲ ፡ ወለብእሲተ ፡ ወለአርባዕቱ ፡ ውሉዳ ፡ ወለአባብ 25 ርቲሆሙ : ወአዋመቆሙ : በስመ : አብ : ወወልደ : ወ መንፈስ ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ወቀዳሚ ፡ ስሙ ፡ ለውኢተ ፡ ባዕል ፡ ቄሶን ፡ ወወለጠ ፡ ስሞ ፡ ወስመዮ ፡ ጣቲዎስ ፡ ወለብችሲ

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ተ፡ ሰመያ ፡ 'ቴራና ፡ ወለአርባዕቱ ፡ ውነሉዳ ፡ ሰመዮ ፡ ለ ቀዳሚ ፡ ዮሐንስ ፡ ወለካልሉ ፡ አስጢፋኖስ ፡ ወለሣልስ ፡ ዮሴፍ ፡ ወለራብዕ ፡ ዳንኤል ፡ ወሥርዐ ፡ ቅዳሴ ፡ ወመጠ Fol.160b. ዎሙ ፡ አምስጢር ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ | ወደሞ ፡ ለእግዚአን ፡ ኢየ ሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡

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ወእምድኅረ ፡ ተጠምቁ ፡ ነበሩ ፡ ወርጎ ፡ ፍጹመ ፡ ጎ በ ፡ ጳጳስ ፡ ኡንዝ ፡ ይሜህሮሙ ፡ ነገረ ፡ ሀይማኖት ፡ ርትዕ ት ። ወጣቴዎስ ፡ ነግድ ፡ እምብዝጎ ፡ ፍሥሐ ፡ ዘረከቦ ፡ ወሀበ ፡ ፫፻ ፡ ዲናረ ፡ ለቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላሕክ ት ፡ በእንተ ፡ መደግሂቱ ። ወእምግ ፡ ተባረኩ ፡ እምጳጳስ ፡ 10 ወሐሩ : ብሔሮሙ : እንዘ : ይሚኒይዎሙ : ዕብይተ : ሀን C: OMLA7: AOLE: F. BA: OA: 6. P. R: 3. 711 አብሔር : ኢተመ : ሃገሮሙ : እንዘ : ይመርሐሙ : ሊቀ : መላእክት ፡ ሚካኤል ። ወአቲዎሙ ፡ ቤቶሙ ፡ ንብሩ ፡ በ ዋተ ፡ ለንዳደን ፡ ወለምበለታት ፡ ወለች3ለ ፡ ማውታ ፡ ችስ ከ ፡ ያንክርያሙ ፡ ተለው ፡ ሰብች ፡ ወጥውም ፡ አስጣቲሆሙ ፡ በአፈ ፡ ክሉ ። ወተለምዕ ፡ በብሔርሙ ፡ ሥናይ ፡ ምግባ ሮሙ : ወእምደኅረ ፡ ክልኤ ፡ አውፈን ፡ አዕረል ፡ ውእ ቱ ፡ ብእሲ ፡ ማቲዎስ ፡ ኅሩይ ፡ እስመ ፡ መጽአ ፡ በ ፲ ወ ፩ ፡ 20 ስንት ፡ ወንሥለ ፡ ወስበ ፡ መያልት ፡ ፍጸመ ፡ በስእለቱ ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ። ወደቂቁስ ፡ ምስ ለ ፡ ሕምሙ ፡ ሕ ያንተጉ ፡ ሠናየ ፡ ዝይንብሩ ፡ **ሬድሩ**ድ ፡ እመዋፅለ ፡ አባሆሙ ። ወዲያብሎስሰ ፡ ምስለ ፡ ኢ**ጋንን**ቲ

Fol. 161a. ሁ ፡ ኢተወገስ ፡ ይርአይ ፡ ሂሩተ ፡ ዘይንብሩ ፡ | ኢሉ ፡ ቅዳስ 25 ን ፡ አላ ፡ ኢቀመ ፡ ሳዕሌሆሙ ፡ መካንንንተ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ወአስ ተጻልአሙ ፡ ዐቢና ፡ ጽልአ ፡ መቆሙ ፡ ሳዕሌሆሙ ፡ ወነ ዶ"ኢ ፡ ንዋናሙ ፡ በዐመፃ ፡ ወዝወስተ ፡ መዝግብቲሆሙ ፡

ወዮሐንስስ ፡ ይቤሎሙ ፡ ለአሙ ፡ ወለአጎዊሁ ፡ ናሁ ፡ ን ሬኢ.ዮ.ሙ : ለእሱ : እንዚ ፡ ይሣቂዩን ፡ ፌደፋዴ ፡ እምአ መ። ምተ። አበታ። ተንሥሉ። ንጎድጋ። ለዛቲ። ሀገር። መንሐር ፡ ሀገረ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ወንጎድር ፡ ህየ ፡ አስመ ፡ ጽሑ ና፡ በወንጌል ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ሶበ ፡ ይሰዳክሙ ፡ አምዛቲ ፡ ሀገ 5 ር ፡ ጕዩ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ከልሽታ ። ወይሕዜን ፡ ናው ፡ ሰደዳን ፡ መጣቀዩነ ፡ ወአሕመሙነ ፡ ዳሕሙ ፡ ይኩን ፡ ሬ.ቃደ ፡ ሕግ ዜ<u>ሉብሔር</u> ፡ በሳዕሴን ፡፡ ወእምዝ ፡ ተንሥሉ ፡ በኅቡአ ፡ ወነሥሉ ፡ በተርፈ ፡ ንዋየሙ ፡ ወሐሩ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ሀገረ ፡ <mark>ንጉሥ ፡ ውኅደሩ ፡ ህየ ፡ ሕንዝ ፡ ይብለ ፡ ሕግዚ</mark>ሉ ፡ ለሚክ ፣o ኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ኩንን ፡ ረዳኤ ። ወወሰኩ ፡ ክዕበ ፡ ምጽዋተ ፡ እምበ ፡ ይንብሩ ፡ ቀዳሚ ። ወሰይጣንስ ፡ ኢተ 07ስ ፡ አላ ፡ ተሀውስ ፡ ሶበ ፡ ርእዮሙ ፡ ለቅዳለን ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይሁብ : ምጽዋተ : በሀይማናት : ወኢ የአመረ : ከመ : ያስተነፍሮ ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ወአኅ ፣5 በ ፡ ይጠሐር ፡ ከመ ፡ አንበሳ ፡ ወእምደኅረ ፡ ሕዳዋ ፡ መዋ ዕል ፡ ሐሩ ፡ ወቀብተ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ጎበ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ኢሒና ፡ ባዕል ፡ ወሠረቁ ፡ ቤቶ ፡ በይአቲ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ወነሥሉ ፡ ፡ ብዚጎ ፡ ንዋ Fol. 161b. የ ፡ | ወነገሮ ፡ በዕል ፡ ለመስፍን ፡ በይኳንን ፡ ይሕተ: ፡ ሀገ ረ ። ወሓተቶሙ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ለስገራት ፡ ሕለ ፡ ይእቲ ፡ ሀገ 20 ር ፡፡ ወሰንራትኔ ፡ አኅብዎሙ ፡ ለአለ ፡ የዐቅቡ ፡ ወአሰር ዎሙ : ከሙ : ያርኢዩ : ንዋየ : ውንኔቱ : በዕል : ወእንዘ : ይሀው ክዎሙ ፣ በእንተገነ ። ወናሁ ፡ ስይጣን ፡ ተመሰለ ፡ ከመ፡ሰብአ፡ወአንሶስወ፡ወስተ፡ দለ፡ሀገር፡ እንበ፡ ይኬልሕ ፡ ወይብል ፡ አን ፡ አአምር ፡ በዕረቀ ፡ ንዋዮ ፡ ለሴ25 ለ•ም ፣ ባዕል ፣ ወአን ፣ ርአ.ክዎሙ ፣ ለእለ• ፣ አርባዕቱ ፣ ወሬብተት ፡ ሬላሲያን ፡ አለ ፡ መጽኤ ፡ ነበና ፡ በነገንተ፡ ፡ መ ዋዕል ፡ ከመ ፡ በኢ ፡ ቤቶ ፡ ወአአመርኩ ፡ ጥናቀ ፡ ከመ ፡

ዝንተ : ምግባር ሙ : አም : አመ : ሀለው : ብሐር ሙ : መስሚያው ፡ በንተ ፡ ስብአ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ነገርዎ ፡ ለመስፍን ፡ መበጊዜሃ ፡ ስሐብዎሙ ፡ በሥዕርተ ፡ ርአሰሙ ፡ በትእካዘ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ወአምጽአዎሙ ፡ ቅድሚሁ ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይስሕብ ዎው ፡ በሕንበለ ፡ ምሕረት ። ወሀለወት ፡ አሞው ፡ ተሐ 5 ውር : ደኅሬሆው : ወትበከ : ውትናንμው : እንዘ : ትብ ል፡ ሴ ተፍርሁ፡ ደቂቀና ፡ አን ፡ አአምን ፡ ከመ ፡ አግዚአብ ውር ፡ ወሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ማክኤል ፡ በተ**አ**መነ ፡ ከ**.የ**ሁ ፡ ይክል ፡ አደኅናትክሙ ፡ እምተሉ ፡ እኩይ ፡ በእንተ ፡ በ ሐሰው ፣ ላዕሌክሙ ። መዘንተ ፣ ሕንዘ ፣ ትብል ፣ ወናሁ ፣ 10 ታል። አምስማይ። በይብል። ኢትፍርሁ። እነ። ኢዮዓድ Fol. 162a. ማ : ምንተ ሂ : አኩይ : ኢይርክብክሙ : ኢነ : ሚክኤል : በአወቅበክሙ : እም ዙ ለ · . አቡ ይ ። ወእንዘ ፡ ይቀው ሙ · : ቅድመ : መስፍን : ወያአምንምሙ : ወናሁ : ሊቀ : መላ እክት ፡ በአምሳለ ፡ መልእክት ፡ ንን-ሥ ፡ መጽ**አ ፡ እምር** ፣5 ሐቅ ። ወሰበ ፡ ርሕዮ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ተንሥ**አ ፡ ወ**አስተብ ቀ⁵ያ : ይንበር : ከመ : ይስመፅ : ውሕቱ ፡ ፍትሐ ፡ ውነበ ረ ፡ ወአጠ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ያምጽአዎው ፡ ለደቂቅ ፡ ወደቤ ለ⁵መ፦ : አፍዋኑ : አንትመ•ስ : ሀበ• : ንዋዮ : ለባዕል : እ ምቅድመ ፡ ትትዀዅ ፡፡ ወአውሥኪ ፡፡ ወይቤልዎ ፡ ሕደ 20 ው ፡ ሕግዚሕብሔር ፡ አምላከሙ ፡ ለክርስቲያን ፡ ወክብ ሩ ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላሕክት ፡ ከመ ፡ ኢተደ መርን : በገነንተ፡ : ግብር ። ወይቤለ። : ሊቀ : መላሕክት : ሚካኤል : ለመስፍን : አን : አአምር : ዘከመ : ይትከውት : እመነታ : ሕጎገነም : ለዘ : ይንአስ : ሕጎሆሙ : ለእለ : ዕደ 25 ው ፡ ወአብአዎ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ዐቀብት ፡ አለ ፡ አጻመ መንያመን ፡ ለችለን ፡ ሰብች ፡ ወይክላሕ ፡ ወይበል ፡ በስሙ ፡ ለአግዚአን ፡ ኢያሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ይተከውት ፡ ንዋዩ ፡ ለ

ሴሎም ፡ ባዕል ፡ ክበእንቲአሃ ፡ ሪክቡ ፡ ምክንያተ ፡ ወዕቤ ሃ ፡ በአማን ፡ ያስተርኢ ።

ወእምዝ ፡ ሕዘዘ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ይንሥእዎ ፡ ለዘ ፡ ይንአ ስ ፡ ወልደ ፡ ወደብሕዎ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ወቀብት ፡ Fol. 162b. በከመ ፡ ይቤ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ሚ ከኤል ፡ መክልሐ ፡ 5 ወይቤ : በስመ ፡ እግዚእን ፡ ኢየሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ወሊቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ይትክሥት ፡ ንዋዩ ፡ ለሴ ለማ ፡ ባዕል ። ወበጊዜን ፡ ካን ፡ ቃል ፡ ወስምው ፡ ተሎ ሙ ፡ ዘይብል ፡ ረዳ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ዛቲ ፡ በዓት ፡ ወትረክቡ ፡ ዅሎ ፡ ወገነረ ፡ ወልድ ፡ በይንእስ ፡ ወአኅዊሁ ፡ ንጽሓን ፡ 10 <mark>አምሳጢአት ። ወ</mark>ሰቤሃ ፡ ወረዳ ፡ ውስተ ፡ በዓት ፡ ወረክ ቡ ፡ দሎ ፡ ንዋየ ፡ ወንገርዎ ፡ ለመስፍን ፡ <u>በ</u>ከነ ፡ ወአንከ ረ : ፈድፋደ ። ወሰበ : ተመይጠ : ከመ : ይንግር : ለዘ : መስሎ : ላእክ : ዝው እተ : ሚክኤል : ወኢ ረክበ ። ወሰ ቤሃ ፡ አንከረ ፡ ሬድዓዴ ፡ ወፈንዎሙ ፡ ለአርባሪቱ ፡ ደቂቅ ፡ 15 ግው ዛኒሆው ፡፡ ወኢተው ፡፡ ቤቶሙ ፡፡ እንዘ ፡፡ ይሴብሕዎ ፡፡ ለአግዚአብሔር ፡ ወለሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ቅዳ. ስ ። ወእሙንተስ ፣ ቅዱሳን ፣ ኢያንተጉ ፣ ጎሩተ ፣ ዘይገ ብሩ : የተለ ፣ ጊዜ ፣ እስከ ፣ ያንክር ፣ የተለ ፣ እምሠናይ ፣ ግዕዘው ። ወከዕበ ፡ አምደኅረ ፡ ሕዳዋ ፡ መዋዕል ፡ አስ 20 ተዋደየው ፡ ብሕሲ ፡ ለክልኤ ፡ ዕደው ፡ በቀድመ ፡ ንጉ ሥ ፡ ባዕደ ፡ ዘላዕሌሆሙ ፡ እምቅድም ፡ ወመጠዎሙ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ውስተ ፡ እደ ፡ ሐራ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይንሥአዎው ፡ በበ ፡ ምሕት ፡ ዲናር ፡ ወአልበሙ ፡ በይሁበ ፡ ወናሁ ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ዮሐንስ ፡ ተራክበመ ፡ በቅራብ ፡ ወርሊ ዮሙ ፡ ለሐራ ፡ ½ 25

Fol.163a. ንዘ። ይዋን ዓ.ምመ። አለአው። ከአ | ንጠና። ምሕርት። ወይቤለ።መ፦ ፡ ለሐራ ፡ ምንትን ፡ ንብሩ ፡ ዘት ዘብዋዎሙ ፡ ለአሉ ፡ ዕደው ፡ በአንቲአሁ ። ወይቤሉ ፡ ሐራ ፡ ንሐን ፡ ን ሕጎበሙ ፡ በሕንተ ፡ ምሕተ ፡ ዲናር ፡ ወይቤሎሙ ፡ ለአ መ ፡ ወሀቡክሙ ፡ ክልኤተ ፡ ምሕተ ፡ ዲናረ ፡ ተግድግዎ ሙጉ ፡ ወይቤሉ ፡ ሐራ ፡ አወ ፡፡ ዳአሙ ፡ ለአመ ፡ ኢወሀቡ ፡ ንሕን ፡ ንቀትሎሙ ፡፡ ወይ ሐንስ ፡ ስአሎሙ ፡ ላሐራ ፡ ወ ይቤ ፡ ተግንስ ፡ ፡ ንስቲተ ፡ እስከ ፡ አንብአ ፡ ጎቤክሙ ፡ ፡ 5 መሐረ ፡ ወአምጽ ፡ አ ፡ ክልኤተ ፡ ምእተ ፡ ዲናረ ፡ ወወሀበ ሙ ፡ ወሬት ሐሙ ፡ ለክልኤ ፡ ዕደው ፡ ወለአርባዕቱ ፡ ሐ ራ ፡፡ ዝስለ ጣን ፡ ላዕሌሆሙ ፡ ወሀበሙ ፡ በበ ፡ ዲናር ፡፡ ወ ካዕበ ፡ ስይጣን ፡ ጸላኤ ፡ ተለ ፡ ሥናይ ፡ ኢ ተወንስ ፡ አላ ፡ መልአ ፡ ቅንአት ፡ ላዕለ ፡ ቅዱላን ፡ በእንተ ፡ ሥናይ ፡ ግ 10 ብርሙ ፡ ወአንሥአ ፡ ዐቢያ ፡ መክራ ፡ ላዕሌሆሙ ፡ ወዕ ይበ ፡ ወናሁ ፡ ንንግር ፡፡

መእምነነ ፡ ሀለ። ፡ ብሕሲ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ወጸው ዖ

ወሐፈ ፡ መስፍን ፡ ወነገሮ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ከሚቷውስ ፡ ወበጊ 1L7 : አዘበ : ንጉሥ : ያምጽአዎሙ : ለቱአር : ደባራቂቅ : እሱራን ፡ እደዊሆሙ ፡ ዲጎሪተ ፡ ወጋግ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ክሳው ዲሆው : እንዘ ፡ ይስሕብፆው ፡ ጎበ ፡ ንጉሥ ። ወመጽ አ : ጎቤሆሙ : ቃል : ILS·በል : ኢትፍርሁ : ናሁ : መዋ 5 ዕለ ፡ ጸጣ ፡ ጎለፈ ፡ ወቀርበ ፡ ጎቤክሙ ፡ ዕረፍት ፡ አምኅ በ፡ እግዚአብሔር፡ ወአቀምዎሙ፡፡ ቅድመ፡ ንን-ሥ፡፡ ከመሀ ፡ አባሲያን ፡ ወሶቤሃ ፡ ናሁ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መለአክት ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ተመሰለ ፡ በአመሳለ ፡ ዐቢይ ፡ ላእክ ፡ ዘንጉው ፡ ሮም ፡ ወሶበ ፡ ርሕዮ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ከሚተጠስ ፡ ቆ 10 መ፡ ቅድሚሁ፡ ወቀሪበ፡ ኅቤሁ፡ ወነበሩ፡ ኅቡረ፡ ወሚ ክኤል ፡ ሲቀ ፡ መሳእክት ፡ ሶበ ፡ ይሬኢ<u>ዮ</u>ሙ ፡ ለደቂቅ ፡ እንበ ፡ ይቀውሙ ፡ ይቤሎ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ከሚቷጠስ ፡ ምን Fol. 1643. ተ : ንብሩ : አሉ : ሕፃናት : ወነገር : ንጉሥ : ዡ ሎ : በከነ ፡ ወይቤሎ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ በአማንኑ ፡ ኢያአመርክሙ ፡ 15 በከን ፡ ብእሲሁ ፡ ወይቤው ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ አምጽአዎሙ ፡ ሲ ተ፡ለአሉ፡ ወይቤሉ፡ አሉ፡ አሙንቱ፡ አለ፡ ቀተሉ፡ ወይቤሎ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ በኀቤነስ ፡ ሶበ ፡ ይከውን ፡ ከመገ ፡ ወይመውት ፡ ብአስ ፡ ወአ ያአምሩ ፡ በክን ፡ ናመጽአ ፡ ለ ውእተ፡ ብእስ ፡ ዘዋተ፡ ማእከለ፡ ወንሴአሎ፡ ወው፡ አተ፡ 20 ይተናገር ፡ ምስሌን ፡ ወይነግረን ፡ በቀተው ፡ ወይሕዜչ ፡ እመ ፡ ፈቀደክ ፡ ታእምር ፡ ጽድቀ ፡ ያምጽእዎ ፡ ለውእተ ፡ በምተ፡ወሳተ፡ ነንተ፡መነን፡ ወንሴአው፡ ወው፟ለተ፡ ይትናገር ፡ ምስሌን ፡ ወናአምር ፡ በቀተው ፡ ወበጊዜሃ ፡ አዘዘ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ያምጽችዎ ፡ ለዘ ፡ ሞተ ፡ ማችከለ ፡ ወይቤ ₂₅ ሰ ፡ ሲቀ ፡ መሳእክት ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሲዳንኤል ፡ ዘይንእስ ፡ እ'ነ-ሆሙ : ሐር : ወበሎ : ለገነንተ፡ : ምውት : በስመ : ኢ <u>ግዚ</u>እየ ፡ ኢየሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ንጉ*፡፡* ፡ ሰጣይ ፡ ወምድር ፡

ንግረኒ ፡ በኮንከ ። ወንብረ ፡ ውን ተ፡ ወልደ ፡ ንኢብ ፡ ከ ጣሁ ፡ ወእግዚአብሔር ፡ መፍቀሬ ፡ ሰብኢ ፡ ሬ.ቀደ ፡ ይሰ ባሕ ፡ ስሙ ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ በራሉ ፡ መከን ፡ ወይአመጉ ፡ ቦተ ፡ መአግብአ ፡ ነፍስ ፡ ው እተ ፡ ብእስ ፡ ዳግመ ፡ ወፊይወ ፡ በእ ንተ፡ መደግኒተ፡ ንጉሥ፡ መለዠስ፣ ፡፡ ሰብአ፡ ይአቲ፡ 5 ብሔር ፡ ወከልሐ ፡ ውንፈ፡ ፡ ብንሲ ፡ ወይቤ ፡ አልላከ ፡ ከ Fol. 164 b. ሚተጠስ : ንንተ : እስመ : ይፈርክ : ወነበርክ : ምስለ : ሊቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጎይል ፡ ሰጣ ያት ፡ ወእለ፡ / ፡ ለደው ፡ አለ ፡ ተአገልክም ፆሙ ፡ ቅዱለን ፡ መንጽሐን ፡ መስልበሙ ፡ ጎጢአተ ፡ መስከ ፡ አሙንተ ፡ 10 አለ ፡ ቀተሉኒ ፡ አላ ፡ አቅረብ ፡ ኃስከኒ ፡ ወምትኩ ፡ ወበእ ንተ ፡ ከተኅርዩ ፡ አሉ ፡ ዕደው ፡ ረከበተኒ ፡ ዛቲ ፡ ዕባይ ፡ መናይት ፡ መከንኩ ፡ ደ ልወ ፡ አርአዮ ፡ ለሊቀ ፡ መላአክ ት ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ወይእዜኒ ፡ ናሁ ፡ ርኢክሙ ፡ ተ አምረ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ተመየሙከ ፡ **ጎ**ቤሁ ፡ **በ**ዠ**ሉ** ፡ 15 ልብክሙ ፡ ወኅደን ፡ ኢምኔክሙ ፡ ዘንተ ፡ ፍትወተ ፡ ወዘ ንተ፡ አጣልክተ፡ ምው:ታን ፡ አለ፡ አልበሙ ፡ ነፍስ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይስረይ ፡ ለክሙ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ኅጢኢትክሙ ፡ በተክ ት ። ወሊተኒ ፡ ዐቢያ ፡ ዲጋ ፡ ረከበተኒ ፡ ኢስመ ፡ ርኢ ክዎ ፡ ለሊቀ ፡ መሳአክት ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ በአንተ ፡ አሉ ፡ ዕደው ፡ 20 ቅዳላን ፡ ወበጊዜን ፡ ሕረ ፡ ሲቀ ፡ መላአክት ፡ ሚከኤል ፡ ውስተ ፡ አርያም ፡ በዐቢይ ፡ ስብሐት ፡ ወርአዮ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ መዝሉ : ሕንዘብ : እንዘ : የዐርግ : ውስተ : ሰማይ : ወወ ሲደ ፡ ምስሴሁ ፡ ንፍሶ ፡ ለሀ ፡ ሞተ ፡ ወንጉሥ ፡ ወራሎ መ ፡ ራርሁ ፡ ሬደኅ-ደ ። ወእምደግረ ፡ ጉንዳ-ይ ፡ ገብአ ፡ 25 ልቡ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ አምፍርሀት ፡ በአንተ ፡ ዐቢይ ፡ መንክር ፡ ዘርአየ ። ወተንሥአ ፡ ወሰንሞ ፡ አፉሁ ፡ ለዮሓንስ ፡ ወ ይቤ ፡ በርክት ፡ ሰንት ፡ ኢንተ ፡ በአክሙ ፡ ውስተ ፡ በተ ፡

Fol. 165a, ሀገር : ወ 3ስኢላክሙ : ትንግሩን : ኢምላክክሙ : ሀታኢ ምኑ ፡ በቲ ፡ ከመ ፡ ንሕነኒ ፡ ንሕመን ፡ በቲ ፡ ወንደነነን ፡ ወይቤሎሙ ፡ ዮሓንስ ፡ ንሕነስ ፡ ነአምን ፡ በእግዚእነ ፡ ኢኖሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ወልደ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ሕይው ፡፡ መከልሔ ፡ ንንሥ ፡ ወቸውም ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ሕንዘ ፡ ይብሉ ፡ 5 በአማን : አምላክ : ሕያው : ኢየሱስ : ክርስቶስ : ወአል በ፡ አምላክ፡ በአንበልሁ ፡፡ ወይቤሎ፡፡ ዮሓንስ፡ ለንጉሥ፡፡ ተንሥእ ፡ ወለአክ ፡ ኅበ ፡ ቴስጠንጢኖስ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ሮም ፡ ወንግር ፡ ዠው ፡ ወስአው ፡ ከመ ፡ ይሬን ፡ ለን ፡ ኢፊደ ፡ እምኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶሳት ፡ እለ ፡ ብሔሩ ፡ ዘይሚህረክሙ ፡ ወ 10 ያጠምቀክሙ ፡ በስመ ፡ ኢብ ፡ ወልደ ፡ ወመንፈስ ፡ ቀዳ. ስ ። ወለአከ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ከሚተመስ ፡ ኅበ ፡ ቈስጠንጠናስ ፡ **ንጉሥ ፡ ሕንዘ ፡ ይብል ፡ ከመዝ ፡ ከሚታ**መስ ፡ **ዘተ**ሰምና ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ይትጎበል ፡ ይልአክ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ዐቢና ፡ አጎዜ ፡ ቴስጠንመ. ሂያ ፣ ጉብሩ ፣ ለኢ.የሱስ ፣ ክርስቶስ ፣ ሰላም ፣ ለ I5 ከ ፡ አ ፡ ወወባይ ፡ ጸ.ን ፡ እንተ ፡ ረከበተን ፡ እምኅበ ፡ እግ <u> ዜአብሔር ፡ 'ኔር ። ወተክከረን ፡ ወአንገሪን ፡ አምተቀንዮ ፡</u> ለአማልክት ፡ ርኩሳን ፡ ወሚጠን ፡ ጎቤሁ ፡ በአንተ ፡ ዕበና ፡ ንራቱ : በአይት : ጐላዮ : ወስአለቱ : ለዐቢይ : ሊቀ : መሳችክት : ቅዱስ : ሚካኤል : ዘረሰየኒ : ድልወ : ሕርአ 20 የ ፡ በአዕይንቲያ ፡ ወረሰዮ ፡ ለምወተ ፡ ይተናገር ፡ ምስ Fol.165b. ሊነ ፡ አሬ ፡ በአፍ ፡ አምደግረ ፡ ሞተ ። ወእምዝ ፡ ሐሬ [፡] ውስተ ፡ አርያም ፡ በያቢይ ፡ ስብሐት ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይሬኢዮ ፡ ተ**ሉ** ። ወዓይ ፣ ንስእል ፣ ዕበናከ ፣ ትሬን ፣ ለን ፣ አሐይ ፣ እምኤጳስቆጶሳት ፡ አለ ፡ ምዠናንከ ፡ ከመ ፡ ያብርህ ፡ ሳዕ ₂₅ **ሴን ፡ በብርሃን ፡ ህይማኖት ፡ ርት**ኔት ፡ ወይንግረን ፡ ፍኖት ፡ እንተ ፡ ታበጽሕ ፡ ኅበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ወየሀበን ፡ ማኅተ መ፡ ቅዳስ ። ወእመ ፡ ዘንተ ፡ ንበርክ ፡ ለን ፡ ትንሥእ ፡ ዓ

በያ ፡ አክሊለ ፡ በጎበ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ገነንተ ፡ መድ ኅረት ፡ ለንን-ሥ ፡ መሀይምን ፡ በአንተ ፡ ኅይሉ ፡ ለክርስ እቲ ፡ መጽሐፍ ፡ ቄስመንመኖስ ፡ **ንጉሥ ፡ ወአንበባ ፡ ወ** አንክረ ፡ ሬ.ድ.ፋደ ፡ በእንተ ፡ በክን ፡ ወሰብሉ ፡ ለእግዚአ 5 ብሔር ፡ ወወባይ ፡ ጽሂቅ ፡ ጸሐፊ ፡ ኅበ ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ዮሓንስ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ በኤፌሶን ፡ ሕንሀ ፡ ይብል ፡ ቅድመ ፡ ትሎ ፡ እስዕም ፡ እደዊክ ፡ ቅዱሳተ ፡ **እለ ፡ ይእኅዛ ፡ ሥጋሁ ፡ ለ** መልደ ፡ አግዚአብሔር ፡ በአማን ። ያበይ ፡ ፍሥሐ ፡ ዘኮ ን ፡ ለን ፡ እምኅበ ፡ እግዚአ_ግሔር ፡ ናው ፡ ል**አክን ፡ ኅ**ቤከ፡ ፣o ደ : ወንፊትድ : ትደር : ደማ : ወትደለው : በ**ተሉ :** ልብ ከ ፡ አስመ ፡ ታአምር ፡ ከመ ፡ ኢይወደ ቅ ፡ ጸማከ ፡ አስመ ፡ Fol. 166a. ተንብር ፡ በአንተ ፡ ክር ስቶስ ፡ ዘጸመወ ፡ በአንተ ፡ ሰብአ ፡ መተከዘገ ፡ ለሊከ ፡ ወፊር ፡ ሀገረ ፡ ዲድያስ ፡ ከመ ፡ ትፌ 15 ውስ : ሕመ-ማን : አለ : ህየ : በስሙ : ለክርስቶስ : ውትስ ልአሙ ፡ እምተቀንዮ ፡ ለአማልክት ፡ ርኩሳን ፡ ወታመም ቆሙ : በስመ : አብ : ወወልደ : ወመንሪስ : ቅዳስ ። ወ ነነንተ፡ ይከውንከ፡ ምክል፡ በጎበ፡ ክርስቶስ፡ ወመላሽ ከተሁ ፡ ቅዱሳን ፡ ከመ ፡ ትደግኩ ፡ ጎቡረ ፡ በጎይሉ ፡ ለከ 20 ርስቶስ ፡ አምላክን ። ሀንተ ፡ መጽሓል ፡ ለአከ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ቴስጠንመናስ ፡ ለአባ ፡ ዮሓንስ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ <u>ሀ</u>ኤፌ ሳን ። ወክልአት ፡ መልአክክት ፡ በከሚፈጠስ ፡ ንጉሥ ። መሊተ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ አንቢበ ፡ መጽሐል ፡ ተልሥሐ ፡ ልድፋ ደ፡ በአንተ፡ ተመይጠየመ፡ ለተሉ፡ አዲያም # ወሰቤ 25 ን፡ ነሥአ፡ ምስሌሁ፡ ዲያቆናተ፡ ወቀሲል፡ ወእናዮንስ ጠ.ስ ፡ መሥለስተ ፡ መጻሕፍተ ፡ አሎት ፡ ወ ፲ ወ ፪ ፡ መ ምህራት ፡ ወንሥት ፡ ምስሌሁ ፡ በህ ፡ ይትንበር ፡ ምስጢር ፡

ወማአደ ፡ በወርቅ ፡ ወርባኔት ፡ ደዋንት ፡ ብሩር ፡ ወሠለ ስተ ፡ ጽዋንተ ፡ ወርቅ ፡ ወሰበን ፡ በሓሪር ፡ ወመክደን ፡ ዘዲባግ ፡ ወአርባዕተ ፡ ወንጌላተ ፡ ወመጽሐሪ. ፡ ጳውሳ ስ ፡ ወግብረ : ሐዋርያት : ወመድሐሪ, : መዝሙር : ፍደመ : ተው ፡ ዘይትራቀድ ፡ ለቤተ ፡ ክርስተያን ፡ ወ<u>ጸለ</u>ዩ ፡ ወ_{ለ ፡ 5} Fol. 166b. 4 : በፍ የተ ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይትሪልሥሉ ። ወሰበ ፡ አልጻቁ ፡ ሀገረ ፡ ነገርዎ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ምጽ ኢዮሙ ፡ ለሊቃን ፡ ጳጳስት ፡ ወእለ ፡ ምስሌሁ ፡ ወተራሥሐ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ወዮሓንስ ፡ ወ ከሰ•መ• ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ወወፅኤ ፡ ይትራክብዖ ፡ ለሊቀ ፡ ጳጳ ሳት ፡ ወሶበ ፡ ቀርቡ ፡ ኅቤሁ ፡ ስንዱ ፡ ሎተ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ወ 10 **ዠሉ :** ሕዝብ : ወተባረኩ : በኅቤሁ : ወሃገር : ንን-ሥ : ለሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ የተሎ ፡ ዘኮን ፡ ወአርአዮ ፡ የ ሓንስሃ ፡ ወ ይቤሎ ፡ በአንተ ፡ ነነንተ ፡ ወአኅዊሁ ፡ ተሣሀለን ፡ አግዚ አብሔር ። ወከማሁ ፡ ሑጐ ፡ በዐቢይ ፡ አስተርክበ ፡ ውስ ተ፡ሀገር፡ወአስተብቀ፡ዖ፡ ንጉሥ፡ ለሲቀ፡ ጳጳሳት፡ ከ 15 መ፡ ይባች፡ ጽርሐ፡ እስመ፡ ዓዲሆሙ፡ ፡ ኢሐነጸ፡ ፡ ቤተ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ በይእቲ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ወበላሂታ ፡ ይቤሎ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ንሕንጽ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ወይቤ ለ ፡፡ ንንተሥ ፡ ሀለ ፡፡ መከን ፡ ሐዲስ ፡ ኅበ ፡ ይትሔነጽ ፡ ተ ንሥች ፡ ንርይ ፡ ለችመ ፡ ይደሉ ፡ ወንሬሲያ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስ 20 ቲያን ፡ ወሐሩ ፡ ጎበረ ፡ ወርሕይዎ ፡ ለውሕተ ፡ መከን ፡ ጎ በ ፡ የሐንጹ ፡ ወውምረ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ወአነጠ ፡ ንን-ሥ ፡ አዋዴ ፡ ዘይሰብክ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ነተሉ ፡ ሀገር ፡ ከመ ፡ ይምጽ ሉ ፡ ከ'**ሉ** ፡ ሰብእ ፡ ወይግበሩ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ አመሂ ፡ ባዕል ፡ ወሽመሂ ፡ መከ_ወንን ፡ ወሽመሂ ፡ ነዳይ ፡ ወንን ‹ሥሂ ፡ 25 Fol. 167a. 87706: 17 80: how: how: 4060: 874 እ ፡ በረከተ ፡ እምኅበ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ወበፈቃደ ፡ እግዚአብ ሔር ፡ ፊጸሙ ፡ ሕንጹት ፡ በ ፲ ወ ፲ ፡ ዕለት ። ወሊቀ ፡ ጳጳ

ሳት ፡ ቀደሳ ፡ ለይአቲ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ በሰማ ፡ ለቀድ ስት ፡ ድንባል ፡ ጣርያም ፡ ሕሙ ፡ ለሕግዚሕን ። ወርዲዮ ፡ ነበተነ ፡ ሕዝበ ፡ እለ ፡ ይጠመቁ ፡ ይቤ ፡ ንንም ፡ በአይቲ ፡ ታጠቆሙ ፡ ለአለ ፡ አምቅድመ ፡ ይተሓንጽ ፡ ምጥማቃ ት። ነቤተ። ክርስቲያን። አውሥት። ጠቢብ። ዮሐንስ። 5 ወይቤሎሙ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ወለሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ሀሎ ፡ ባሕር ፡ እንተ፡ምስራቀ፡ ሀገር፡ወይመስለኒስ፡ ዘይደሉ፡ ለዝን ተ፡ ፡ የቢያ ፡ ክብር ። ወበጊዜሃ ፡ መጽአ ፡ ታል ፡ ኢምሰማ ይ ፡ ወሰምው ፡ የተለማ ፡ በይብል ፡ ዝንተ ፡ ከንሥአ ፡ እ ም ነበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ የ ሓንስ ፡ ወልደ ፡ ላእክ ፡ ወንጉ 10 ሥ፡፡ ወሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ወዠሉ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ሰሚያሙ ፡ አንክ ራ ፡ ወይቤሉ ፡ ይትጋባች ፡ ዠሉ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ለቡራቴ ፡ ወጸ ለየ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ባዕሌሆሙ ፡ ፍጸመ ፡ ጥምቀት ። ያ, ነት ምሙ ፡ ሰምው ፡ ሕጉሙ ፡ ሕግብ ፡ ቃለ ፡ አምያት ፡ 15 ሀይብል ፡ ቅዳሴ ፡ ምስለ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ። ወሬዲሞ ፡ ጸ ለጣት : አጠመው : ለየተለ ፡ ሕግዛብ ፡ ይረዳ ፡ ውስተ ፡ ምጥ Fol. 167b. ማቃት : ውተወርው ፡ ተለማው ፡ ውስተ ፡ ማይ ፡ እንዘ ፡ ይከልል : ወይብሉ : ንጠመቅ : በስመ : አብ : ወወልደ : ወመንፈስ : ቅዱስ ። ወተጠሚቆሙ : ንጉሥ : ወቼ 20 ለ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ቦአ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ውስተ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲ ያን ፡ ወሚሞ ፡ ለዮሓንስ ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ወለሠለስተ ፡ አኅዊሁ ፡ አሐደ ፡ ቀስስ ፡ ወክልኤ ፡ ዲያቆናተ ፡ ወበቱ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ወልደ ፡ በስሙ ፡ አግላስ ፡ ወረሰዮ ፡ ዲያቆን ፡ ወክሉ : ሕዝብ : ይትኤሥሐ : በእግዚአብሔር **። ወአ** 25 ጎዘ ፡ ሲቀ ፡ ጳጳሳት ፡ ይሥራዕ ፡ ቅዳሴ ፡ ወአንክሩ ፡ ንጉ ሥ፡ ወዠሉ፡ ሕዝብ፡ በዘርእዩ፡ ወሰምው፡ እስመ፡ አ.ር አ.ዩ ፡ በከመግ ፡ ግብረ ፡ ወኢስምው ፡ በከመግ ፡ ነገረ ።

እስመ : ገነንቱ : ቀዳሚሁ : ዘተውህበ : ቀ[,]ርባን : በውኢ

ቱ : ብሔር : ወተመጢያው ፡ ዝውው ፡ እምስጢር ፡ ቅ ዱስ : ወሀበሙ : ሊቀ : ጳጳሳት : ስላመ ። ወለለ : ኢሐዓ. : አሐዱ ፡ አተው ፡ ውስተ ፡ ማኅደሮሙ ፡ ወነበረ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ **ጳጳሳት : ኅቤሆሙ : ወርጎ : ፍጸ.መ : እንዘ : ይ**ንሥጸሙ : 5 ወይሚህርው ፡ ነተው ፡ ሥርዓተ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ከርስቲያን ፡ ወ እምዝ ፡ አተወ ፡ ብሔር ፡ በዓቢይ ፡ ፍሥሐ ። ወንጉሥሽ ፡ ከሚፈ:ወስ፡ ወዠለ፡፡ው፡ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ሰብሕዎ ፡ ለእግዚአብሔ ር ፡ ወአክበርዎ ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ የ-ሓንስ ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቀጶስ ፡ ወለአኅ ዋሁ : እስመ ፡ ይትወሰኩ ፡ ለትምህርት ፡ አግዚአብሔር ፡፡ 10 ወእምደኅ ረ፡ሕዳዋ፡መዋዕል፡ይቤሎ፡ቅዓስ፡ Fol. 168a. ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ለንጉሥ ፡ ንሕንጽ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ በስሙ ፡ ለሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መለአክት ፡ ወይቤሎ ፡ 37 ማሪከ ፡ ወቅዱስ ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ዮሓንስ ፡ ሰረራ ፡ ለቤተ ፡ ፲5 ክርስቲያን ፣ ወክሉ ፣ ሰብአ ፣ ሀገር ፣ ይትራይኤ ፣ ምስሌ ሁ ፡ መበዕቢይ ፡ ጽሂቅ ፡ ሬጸሙ ፡ በሰመንቱ ፡ አውራን ፡ ወቅዱስ ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ቀደለ ፡ ለቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ኢ ሙ ፡ ፲ ወ ፪ ፡ ለወርጎ ፡ ኅዳር ፡ በስሙ ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤ ል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መለአክተ ፡ ወኀበረ ፡ በዓሉ ፡ ለቅዳስ ፡ ሚካ 20 ኤል ፡ ምስለ ፡ ቅዳሴ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያኑ ፡ ወእምደኅረ ፡ ቅደሴ ፡ ሐሩ ፡ ኤጲስ ፡ ቆጶስ ፡ ወንጉሥ ፡ ወዠሉ ፡ ሕዝብ ፡ ኅበ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ኔሮስ ፡ ጠዓት ፡ ወነሠትዎ ፡ ወአው ወዩ ፡ መ ንበር ፡ ለኔሮስ ፡ ወ.ጋኔን ፡ ዘይኅድር ፡ ውስተ ፡ ጣይተ ፡ ከልሐ ፡ ወይቤ ፡ አጸመውከኒ ፡ ፊድፋዱ ፡ አዮሓንስ ፡ ወ ₂₅

> አውባእከኒ ፡ ሕግኅደርየ ፡ ወአዘዘ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ ይሕንጹ ፡ ዕባየ ፡ ቤተ ፡ ክርስቲያን ፡ ኅበ ፡ ው-ኢቱ ፡ ሙከን ፡ ወረሰይ ዋ ፡ በስመ ፡ ሐዋርያት ። ወቅዱስ ፡ ዮሓንስ ፡ ያጸንፆሙ ፡

ለተብመ : ውስተ : ሀይማኖት : ወያከብርያ : ተብመ ። ወስሚያ ፡ ቄስጠንጢኖስ ፡ ንጉሥ ፡ በእንተ ፡ ተሉ ፡ ኃራ ተ ፡ ሀገብረ ፡ የ ሓንስ ፡ ወሰብል ፡ ለአግዚአብሔር ፡ ወለአ Fol. 168b. ከ : ጎቤሁ : መጽሐፈ : አንዘ፡ ይስአሎ : ከመ : ይባርክ : ሳዕሴሁ ፡ መሳዕለ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ መስመዮ ፡ በተ ፡ ዳንኤል ፡ 5 ሐዲስ ፡ ታግተ ፡ አማልክት ። ወብሔረ ፡ አብድያኖስ ፡ ይ ህብ ፡ ምሕረተ ፡ দሎ ፡ ዕለተ ፡ በ৮ሎ ፡ መዋዕሊሁ ፡ ለቅ ዓ.ስ : የ·ሓንስ : በእንተ : ብዝነ : ተአምር : ዘንብረ : እግ ዘ.አብሔር ፡ በአይዊሁ ።

> ርእዩኬ ፣ አፍቀራንየ ፣ ኅይሉ ፣ ለእግዚአብሔር ፣ ወ 10 ግሀሉ ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ይትረክ ብ ፡ ስአለቱ ፡ ለሚከኤል ፡ በእንተ ፡ ፍሬ ፡ ৮ሎ ፡ ዘርአ ፡ ገራውህ ። ወበስአለቱ : ለሚካኤል : ዕፀው : ይሁብ : ፍ ሬሀ'ሙ ፡ ይተረከብ ፡ ለኢላቱ ፡ ለሚካኤል ፡ ላለለ ፡ ኢሕማ C : 60 : 8578 : 08964 : 87660 : 0808 : 07. 15 ክኤል ፡ ለአለ ፡ ይያይሉ ፡ ውስተ ፡ አደባር ፡ ከመ ፡ የጽን የሙ : ለፍልስቶሙ : ይትረከብ : ስአለቱ : ለሚከኤል : ጎበ ፡ ይት ጋብአ ፡ መንከሳት ፡ የሃብ ፡ ሰላመ ፡ ማእከለ።መ ። ይትሪክብ ፡ ስአለቱ ፡ ለሚካኤል ፡ ሳዕለ ፡ ጸሎቶሙ ፡ ለኤ ጲስ ፡ ቆጶሳት ፡ ወቀሳው ስት ፡ ወዲያቆናት ፡ ዲበ ፡ ማ**አድ** ፡ ₂₀ ይትረክብ ፡ ጸሎቱ ፡ ለሚካኤል ፡ በይረድኤሙ ፡ ለማፉዓን ፡ መለአለ ፡ ውስተ ፡ መዋቅሕት ። ይተረከብ ፡ ጸሎቱ ፡ ለ ሚካኤል ፡ ዘይረድአሙ ፡ ለአለ ፡ ውስተ ፡ መንሱት ። ወ ያጸንፆሙ ፡ ለሕያዋን ፡ በመንዳቤሆሙ ፡ ወይስአሎ ፡ ለአ ግዚአብሔር ፡ በአንተ ፡ ምው:ታን ፡ ከመ ፡ ይምሐርሙ ፡ 25 መበኢረደት ፡ በተሉ ፡ ምንዳቤሁ ። ወሙት ፡ አመስጣዕ

Fol. 16ga. ለመን ፡ አምጻድታን ፡ በኢመጽአ ፡ ኅቤሁ ፡ ሚክኤል ፡ ት ፡ በኢመጽአ ፡ ኅቤሁ ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላእክት ፡ ወኢረድአ

መ ፡ በ ነተሉ ፡ ምንዳቤሆው ፡ መልዘናው ፡ ወሥታየው ። ናሁኬ ፡ ፍቁራኒየ ፡ አአመርን ፡ ፍቅሮ ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር ፡ ሳዕለ። ሰብእ። ወስእለተ። ለሚካኤል። ሊቀ። መለአክት። **እስመ ፡ ይተንብል ፡ ለ**ነተሉ ፡ ሰብአ ፡ ወይስአል ፡ በአንቲአ ሆሙ : ቅድመ : እግዚአብሔር : አብ : ከመ : ይምሐር 5 መ· : ለዠሳºመ· : ወይስርሐመ· : ወለነኔ : ይምሐረነ ፡ በአ ንቲአሁ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይምጽአን ፡ ፌድፋደ ፡ ወይስአል ፡ በአን ቲአን ፡ ቅድመ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ወንፋቀር ፡ በበይናቲን ፡ በፍቅረ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ፡ ወንሀሉ ፡ ተልን ፡ በአሐዓ ፡ ፍ ቅር ። ወኢ ንደይ ፡ ውስተ ፡ አፉን ፡ ሕብለ ፡ እስመ ፡ እኩ 10 ይ፡መዝንብ፡ይአቲ፡ሕብል፡ወጽይአት፡ኅሐኢት፡ ገሙት ፡ ወምንንት ፡ በቅድመ ፡ አግዚአብሔር ፡ ወመላ አክቲሁ ፡ ወሞት ፡ ወንዴት ፡ ለነፍስ ፡ ወቅንአት ፡ ፍቁ ራ፡ ለስይጣን፡ ወጽልአ። ለእግዚአብሔር፡ ወመለአክ ቲሁ ፡ ወታጻልአሙ ፡ ለክርስቲያን ፡ ወዓርኩ ፡ ለሐፑል ፡ 15 ወይሕዜኒ ፣ አኅዊነ ፣ ንግድፍ ፣ ኢምኔነ ፣ ፍኖታ ፣ ርኩል ፣ Fol. 169b. ወንሐር : በፍናት : ሥናይ : ወምሕዋር : ርቱፅ : ወ ንሐ ር ፡ ዘእንበለ ፡ ኅ...አት ፡ ወዘእንበለ ፡ ነውር ። ኢ.ከነ ፡ ኢ ውስበ ፡ ንጹሕ ፡ ዘያረዠሶ ፡ ለሰብአ ፡ አምአመ ፡ ኮን ፡ ርሕ ዩ : ሙሴ : አመ : ተናገረ : ምስለ : እግዚአብሔር : ጀ፻ 20 ወ ሮ ፡ ቃለ ፡ ወቦቱ ፡ ብእሲተ ፡ ወው ሉደ ፡ ወኢካኖ ፡ ዕቅ ፍተ። ለበአቱ። ውስተ። ሥናይ። ወበሕቱ። ኢያጽንወ። ቃሎ ፡ ሬድፋደ ። ዳአሙ ፡ ገነንቱ ፡ ይአክል ፡ ስምዐ ፡ በ ብ**ሶ**ይ ፡ ወዝሓዲስ ፡ ዳአሙ ፡ ንሬጽም ፡ ነገረ ፡ ወንቅረብ ፡ ንግበር ፡ በዓለ ፡ የ·ም ፡ ለቅዱስ ፡ ሚካኤል ፡ ሊቀ ፡ መላሕ ₂₅ ክት ። አስመ ፣ ገነንቱ ፣ በያል ፣ ኢይፈቅድ ፣ ባሪለ ፣ ዘይ በልዕ፡ ወይስቲ፡ ወይትፌሣሕ፡ ባሕቲቱ፡ ወይደታሙ፡፡ ለንዳደን ፡ ወምስኪናን ፡ ርጎ-ባኒሆው ፡ ወደው ኢኒሆው ።

ህንተ፡ ፡ በዓል ፡ ኢይፈቅድ ፡ ባለለ ፡ ዘይለብስ ፡ አልባለ ፡ ክብር ፡ ወንዳይል ፡ ዕራቁ ፡ ይቁርር ፡ በአስሐቲያ ። ገንቱ ፡ በዓል ፡ ኢይፈቅድ ፡ ስብአ ፡ አለ ፡ ይዴለው ፡ ለአብያታ ፡ ስርግው ፡ ወንዳይስ ፡ ይስክብ ፡ አፍአ ፡ በቍር ። ዝንተ ፡ 19A: LEAPE: 1181Ab: 1984 - 7311: 887 5 ስ ፡ ንዳይ ፡ በውስተ ፡ መዋቅሕት ። ዝንቱ ፡ በንል ፡ ኢይ 448 : 118464 : 1144 : 1181 : 889 : 148 : 0 ኢይረክብ ፡ <u>ከይጎው</u> ፡ ፡ አሉ ፡ ት እዛዝ ፡ ጽሑፍ ፡ ውስተ ፡ Fol.170a. መንጌል ። ወይሕዜኒ ፣ አኅዊነ ፣ ንስአሎ ፣ ለሚካኤል ፣ ሊቀ ፡ መሳአክት ፡ በርቱፅ ፡ ልብ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይንሣት ፡ ለን ፡ 10 ጸጋ ፡ በቅድመ ፡ እግዚአብሔር ። ወዓዲ ፡ አብ**ለክ**ሙ ፡ ከመ ፡ ይቀውም ፡ ዓለም ፡ በስአለቱ ፡ ለሚካኤል ፡ ወቅ ደስት ፡ ደማባል ፡ ማርያም ፡ ሕመ ፡ ለአግዚእን ። ወይአ ዜኔ ፡ ንስብሐው ፡ በስብሐት ፡ ክይደሉ ፡ **ለ**ዝንቱ ፡ በዓል ፡ እስመ : ንፌኢ : ከመ : ቀርብ : ጊዜሁ : ከመ : ይቀረቡ : ₁₅ ወይፈጽሙ ፡ ምስጢፈ ፡ ቅዳስ ፡ ወንስብሐ ፡ ለዘ ፡ ይደል ዎ ፡ ተለ ፡ ስብሓት ፡ እግዚእን ፡ ወአምላክን ፡ ወመደግኒ ን ፡ ኢየሱስ ፡ ክርስቶስ ፡ ዘሎተ፡ ፡ ይደሉ ፡ ነተሉ ፡ ስብሓት ፡ መከለ ፡ ክብር ፡ ወከለ ፡ ስጊድ ፡ ወለአብ ፡ ምስሌሁ ፡ ወ መንፈስ ፡ ቅዱስ ፡ ማሕየዊ ፡ ዘዕሩይ ፡ ምስሌሁ ፡ ይእዚኒ ፡ 20 መዘልሪ : መለዓለመ : ዓለም : አሜን ።

ስብሐት ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር ፡ ለግለም ።

COPTIC FORMS

OF GREEK AND OTHER WORDS WHICH OCCUR IN THE THREE ENCOMIUMS ON SAINT MICHAEL.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
λ ΒΒ λ	ĸ϶̞ϗ, ʾAββã	1.4; 63.2; 83.3; 125.16.
λ Γ λ θ0 C	άγαθός	19.11; 30.4; 35.23; 36.18; 42.14;
		56.15; 81.20; 104.14; 107.22;
		109.5; 114.24; 121.8; 135.5;
		ΜΕΤΆΡλθΟC 11.17; 30.9;81.22;
APA00N	άγαθόν	11.8; 19.28; 25.17; 31.26; 32.17;
		47.19;49.12;52.12;94.21;107.8;
		116.22.
λΓλΠΗ	ἀγάπη	1.11; 9.21; 22.27; 24.25; 25.10;
		26.3; 28.13; 29.23; 45.10; 49.27;
		51.10; 54.11; 56.2; 96.7; 97.17;
		102.28; 103.11; 115.23; 116.21;
		117.1; 118.14; 120.10; 128.3.
ΛΓΛΠΗΤ ΟC	άγαπητός	39.17.
arreyoc	ἄ γγελος	1.6; 7.15; 9.8; 11.5; 14.2; 19.10;
		94.2; &c.
APPENI	άγγελαι	116.4; 121.4; 122.3.
уьсьукн	ἀγγελική	113.18.
λριλ	<i>άγια</i>	60.24; 63.8; 64.24.
APIAZIN	άγίζω	68.2; 84.21; 87.2.
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Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
APIACMOC	άγιασμός	85.12; 98.7.
ΔΓΙΟ C	άγιος	61.3; 73.7; 82.12; 87.15; 93.3;
		130.21; &c.
λΓΙΟΤΆΤ Ο C	άγιοτατος	1.2.
λρωΝ	άγων	19.27; 132.27.
Arwnizeche	άγωνίζομαι	54.3.
MOMITMIMAKK	άδαμάντινον	115.24; 130.3.
λнр	άήρ	112.16; 129.21; 130.1.
AKTIN	άκτίν (άκτίς)	116.3.
адноинон	άληθινόν	2. I I.
ахнөшс	άληθῶς	60.24; 70.13; 71.2; 81.6; 126.10;
		132.6.
λλλλ	άλλά	3.20; 4.9; 5.25; 6 3; 7.13; 10.10;
		20.5; 21.27; 22.7; 24.17; 25.13;
		30.24; 32.28; 33.4; 34.25; 40.16;
		42.18; 43.23; 46.3; 59.7; 64.7;
		65.7; 66.9; 67.19; 69.12; 70.15;
		73.7; 77.10; 80.6; 89.22; 90.13;
		94 8; 95.6; 97.22; 98.26; 104.3;
		107.9; 115.12; 119.10; 123.11;
		130.2; 133.3.
λλλοθριογη	άλλότριον (?)	50.4.
АМИИ	ješ	1.23; 25.6; 31.11; 42.15; 50.13;
		61.21; 63.21; 91.5; 93.18.
ληγικάζη	αναγκάζω	3.18; 4.8; 70.25; 74.10.
ANAPKH	ἀνάγκη	1.22; 8.12; 19.23; 46.11; 68.25;
		69.26; 88.17; 110.8; 123.17.
ANAPHWCTHC	αναγνώστης	83.8.
ληλετλεις	ἀνάστασις	64.5.
ληλτολη	άνατολή	108.2.
анафора	ἀναφορά	42. I.

Coptic.	Greek ctc.	Passages.
anaxwpin	άναγωρέω	86.11.
ANEXECHE	ανέχω	105.23.
anomia	ἀνομία	106.1.
ANTINOPIA	ἀντιλογία	75.13.
λΣιωΜλ	άξίωμα	59.3; 123.20.
λΠλΝΤλΝ	άπαντάω	63.10; 77.3; 83.21; 127.9; 130.12.
απαξ απλως	άπαξ απλῶς	15.5; 21.23.
апархн	ἀπαρχή	114.18.
апархос	ἄπαρχος	103.23.
λπλως	άπλῶς	7.26; 15.5; 21.23; 83.16; 88.16;
		97.1; 112.11; 114.20.
лпокрісіс	ἀπόχρισις	41.11.
аподогіа	ἀπολογία	123.I .
λπο[c]τλζεςθι		69 9.
AMOCTHNA	ἀπόστημα	131.7.
апостолос	ἀπόστολος	1.5; 5.20; 7.9; 18.12; 49.24;
		55.25; 61.6; 83.15; 85.5; 87.14;
	, ,	108.26; 109.17; 133.17.
λπογθηκη	ἀποθήχη	73.11.
хрет н	ἀρετή	1.4; 5.8; 8.28; 39.2; 51.19.
арістон	άριστον	8.2; 11.9; 13.4; 16.11; 20.24;
	1 ,	22.9; 94.11; λ ρλCT0N 94.22.
аркос	άργός	23.17; МЕТАРКОС 5.5; 26.23.
APXEOC	άρχαῖος	41.22; 100.9; 105.19.
У РХН	άρχή	2.1; 5.12; 25.27; 58.7; 132.21.
архнаггелос	1 7 4 1 1	7.15; &c.
хрхнгоүс	άρχηγός	2.15; 10.17.
•	άρχιδιάχονος	19.6.
архнепіско-	άρχιεπίσκο-	
пос	πος	1.6; 63.2; 82.12; 83.4; 84.2;
		85.5; 86.9; 133.5.
		40

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
архипрофи-	άρχιπροφή-	
тнс	της	55-3-
(архиредрогс		75.24; 76.4).
архистрати-	Ì	
roc		20.22; 65.11.
архистрать-		
кос		94.13; 132.9.
архистрат-	άρχιστρά-	
royc	τηγος	47.26.
архистраті-		
коүс		80.3.
архистрату-		
гоүс	}	4.16; 6.20; 20.26; 21.15; 22.26;
	3	23.3; 58.4.
архистрату-		
λатно	λάτης	94.17.
ybxwn	άρχων	4.15; 5.27; 7.18; 8.18; 9.1; 14.20;
		36.10; 37.2; 38.4; 39.2; 40.1;
		41.28; 42.4; 43.2; 44.9; 45.2;
		46.6; 47.6; 57.3; 59.6; 72.15;
1011710	2	74.4; 75.15; 76.9; 84.15; 94.18.
ACKITHC	άσχητής	88.5.
λοκγοιο	άσχησις	5.21; 88.6.
успудесов	άσπάζομαι	71.8; 82.14; 109.8; 122.25; 128.5.
λοπλομος	άσπασμός	103.24.
λεωμλτος	ασώματος αλλά	4.11.
аүхн	αδλή	7.21; 20.24; 21.13; 22.13; λγλ-
ANTOKO ATON	altrovoátma	Hθγ 22.24; 25.26; 52.22; 118.22. 81.18.
аутократфр ваптістне	αὐτοχράτωρ βαπτιστής	
BACANIZIN	βασανίζω	61.4.
BROZINIZIN	promise	74.16.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
BACANOC	βάσανος	19.26; 88.24.
васілікон	βασιλιχόν	63.13; 123.20; 134.18.
внууом	βῆλον	66.22.
вных	βῆμα	127.3.
Blλ	βία	ù Bià 111.14; 113.9.
BIOC	βίος	30.11; 50.20; 76.24; 113.14.
вітнс	$\pi i \theta o \varsigma (?)$	41.13.
воногу	βοήθεια	100.20; 101.7; 103.16; 108.13.
воноти	βοηθέω	29.20; 31.6; 52.18; 68.26; 69.25;
		88.16; 110.8; 111.7; 114.2; 120.28;
	6. 6.	123.16.
воноос	βοηθός	11.26; 17.22; 26.4; 65.28; 73.24;
2012	22-4	88.13; 107.20; 114.14; 119.25.
воухн	βουλή	99.15; 100.18.
PAMOC	γάμος	89.18; 120.8.
гар	γάρ	65.18; 74.16; 77.23; 81.19; 86.6;
		88.19; 89.18; 90.3; 94.10; 95.26;
		96.26; 98.14; 104.7; 107.27;
		116.23; 118.6; 121.18; 122.5; 124.2; 125.7; 134.28; 135.1.
ГЕИИН	χαινή	8g.25.
LENOC	γένος	8.9; 12.24; 13.17; 45.11; 55.17;
, , , , ,		60.6; 65.17; 82.22; 90.14;
		100.14; 101.20; 103.26; 119.12.
графн	γραφή	1.18; 4.5; 95.11; 118.14.
AAZIC	τάξις	8.19; 24.12; 58.26.
ΣE	δέ	5.23; 32.12; 35.23; 43.1; 46.23;
		109.22; 110.14; 114.2; 122.13;
		123.5; 124.10; 127.4; 128.7; 129.3.
Δτ	06	51.18; 52.18; 56.1; 68.6; 70.25; 76.21; 77.2; 79.23; 82.13; 96.17; 109.22; 110.14; 114.2; 122.13;

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
ΣΕΜωΝ	δαίμων	73.5; 87.9; 101.27; 117.17; 122.17.
ZHMOCION	δεμόσιον	76.27.
ылводос	διάβολος	63.7; 69.17; 73.26; 74.12; 77.16; 78.6; 89.12; 100.18; 101.19; 102.12; 103.12; 104.22; 105.25; 106.17; 107.12; 108.14; 109.3; 110.17; 114.10, 115.5; 117.12;
		118.11; 120.17; 121.7; 122.27;
21221К1 2126НКН	διαδιχέω διαθήχη	123.18; 134.11. 56.20. 54.22.
Διλκον } Διλκων }	διάχων	83.8. 4.13; 85.24; 126.19.
DIAKWNOC	διάχονος	85.26.
ΣΙλΚωΝΙΝ	διαχο <mark>νέω</mark>	25.24; 27.4; 42.28; 45.24; 48.12; 52.13; 124.20; 125.28.
Σιλλογος	διάλογος	63.15.
ДІКАСТИРІОН	δικαστήριον	88.14.
DIKEOC	δίχαιος	44.28; 54.6; 80.5; 88.19; 104.2.
2101KITHC	διοιχητής	74 8.
Σιπλογη	διπλόον	87.5.
Μομπιδ	δεῖπνον	6.26; 11.6; 94.22.
zwpez	δωρεά	45.28; 51.7; 132.28.
zwbon	δῶρον	23 26; 24.4; 25.8; 26.8; 28.13;
		29.7; 30.8; 31.25; 32.14; 33.8; 34.3; 42.18; 45.18; 48.9; 52.14; 54.4; 59.14; 107.23; 134.17.
ELKWHIOH	έγχώμιον	58.10; 93.5; ΕΥΕΓΚωΜΙΟΝ 5.11.
ENKOMION J		93.1.
EONOC	έθνος	5.28; 64.22; METEONOC 66.10.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
ЕКК ХНСІЛ	έχχλησία	22.19; 26.21; 34.15; 35.5; 42.7; 53.20; 83.17; 84.3; 85.21; 86.14; 87.6; 125.15; 127.6; 129.15.
ехахісто н	ἐλάχιστον	126.33.
еуелоерос	έλεύθερος	39.16.
еуефунтион	έλεψάντινον	126.18.
енергіа	ένέργεια	110.18.
енерги	ένερέω	87.25.
ENIWX0C	ήνίοχος	132.26.
EN0X0C	ένοχος	108.23.
ентохн	έντολή	90.13; 105.1; 111.24; нтохн
		11.26; 108.15; 121.19.
EZELHZIN	εξηγέομαι	133.10.
EZELHCIC	εξήγησις	133.10.
EZWDIZIN	εξορίζω	93.3; 134.1.
ЕПА	858	93.1.
ЕПАГГЕЙІА	έπαγγελία	15.19.
EUI ZE	έπὶ δέ	107.27.
EUI 7H		67.26; 86.4; 102.22; 103.2;
		108.20; 111.9; 114.22; 117.3;
		120.16; 122.2; 124.18; 127.11.
ешводун	έπιβουλή	99.15; 110.14.
ешюроп <mark>о</mark> с	έπίτροπος	48.5.
епівуміл	έπιθυμία	18.2.
ЕПІСКОПОС	ἐπίσχοπος	68.1; 69.1; 71.10; 72.8; 81.11;
		82.1; 85.22; 86.18; 87.1; 88.9;
		93.2; 125.16; 126.2; 127.4; 128.1;
2	1	129.15.
ЕПІСТО ДН	έπιστολή	83.4; 87.20; 109.18.
епістоди кано		83.15.
EIIITIMAN	επιτιμάω	119.29; 120.1; 121.13.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
Е р у 2ріон	άρητήριον	42.10.
ЕРЕТІН	ερωτάω	5.2; 6.9; 11.16; 23.15; 29.5;
1		99.17; 101.7; 108.13; 115.1;
		120.18.
ерменіл	έρμηνεία	49.14.
<i><u>Е</u>РО</i> У ФАХТИС	<i>ιεροψάλτης</i>	93.21.
ETHNIA	αίτημα	1.16; 24.1; 113.25.
ETI DE	έτι δέ	75.3; 123.17.
EYAPPEDION	εὐαγγέλιον	53.5; 65.3; 73.16; 83.14; 90.15;
		121.6.
ЕУГЕННС	εύγενής	103.10.
еγкеλλа		41.7.
еүкеріл	εύκαιρία	77.3.
ЕУСЕВНС	εὐσεβής	26.5; 28.20; 31.23; 34.4; 35.17;
		36.3; 95.25; 106.23; 101.8; 119.6.
εγхн	έλχύε	13.8; 85.15.
Еф осон	ද්ශ' ගිනගා	106.10.
EXMAXWCIA	αίχμαλωσία	134.16.
EXMADOTEYIN		134.12.
EXMAXWTOC	αίχμάλωτος	134.9.
EWN	αὶών	25.26; 47.28.
Zorpadia	ζωγραφία	112.28; 121.27.
Zorpadin	ζωγραφέω	99.21; 111.4.
zwrpadoc	ζωγράφος	99.4; 121.28.
Z шкрифос∫		98 1.
θλλαςςλ	θάλασσα	3.3.
θληΕСΘΕ	θανατόω	118 10.
өхрии	θαρσέω	100.23; 113.12; 123.12; ӨАРП1
		(sic) 99.14.
θεοσοκος	θεοτόχος	84.22; 90.21.
ӨЕОСЕВНС	θεοσεβής	34.16.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
θεωριλ	θεωρία	127.17.
θλιψις	θλίψις	24.21; 65 21; 88.24.
өрітом	τρίτον (?)	44.26; 45.13.
өрөнөс	θρόνος	7.16; 44. 5; 53 9; 61 .12; 126 .18;
•	· ·	132.12.
θγειλ	θυσία	24.5; 26.20; 31.20; 49.4; 54.15;
		59.11; 115.23; 118.21; 126.11.
өүсілстиріон	θυσιαστήριον	83 .10; 129.1 8.
ισωλομ	εἴὸωλον	80.13; 81.21; 82.25; 87.10; 134.5.
ITE	εἴτε	25.11; 64.9; 84.15; 114.17.
κλζοφγλλ-	γαζοψυλάχιον	
PIWN		52.6; καζωφγλαΓιομ 52.2.
клөлрос	χαθαρός	20.15.
KAOHKIN	χαθηγόεμαι	71.21; 72.8; 86.13; KAOHPIN
		81.12.
канолікон	καθολικόν	83.16.
кат гар	καὶ γάρ	98.15.
KANIN _	καλέω	77.22.
кадос	χαλός	24.7; κλλογ 33.9.
καλως	καλῶς	4.2; 5.24; 22.14; 32.3; 33.22;
		36.23; 39.20; 40.3; 43.6; 71.1;
		114.21.
KAN	χαὶ ἄν	8.6; 107.11; 122.10.
капнос	χαπνός	107.18.
карпос	καρπός	88.2; 131.2.
κλτλ	χατά	1.13; 7.25; 8.20; 10.21; 19.4;
		23.24; 24.2; 26.19; 28.10; 31.21;
		40.14; 42.3; 46.8; 47.12; 54.7;
		65.3; 68.7; 71.7; 74.22; 77.3;
		93.20; 96.8; 99.10; 103.11;
		107.27; 114.21; 116.12; 117.2;
		29

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
		121.24; 129.19; 130.27; 131.3; 133.16.
κλτλδικος	κατάδικος	78.22.
KATAKION	χατάγειον	76.11.
катакдусмос		121.1.
	χαταλαλιά	10.8; 89.7; 112.19.
катапетасма	•	113.18; 132.16.
катарактис	καταρράκτης	13.18; 128.14.
катафрони	καταφρονέω	97.13.
ке гар	χαὶ γάρ	68.19; 80.4; 82.5; 99.26; 105.3; 109.20; 118.16; 127.23.
ке пер	καὶ πέρ	117.13.
кеуели	χελεύω	76.3; 79.17.
кефууеон	χεφάλαιον	126.22.
кдирикос	xyabrxoe	67.1.
канрономіа	κληρονομία	26.12; 129.8.
кунроиоміи	κληρονομέω	47.9; 107.23; 116.22; 117.27; 125.11.
контин }		41.19; 103.1; 104.24; 105.13;
Kotton		106.5; 124.25; 125.3; 107.3; 111.2;
	χοιτών	114.5; 126.16.
KWITWN		101.2; 102.24.
KOINOMIN	οὶχονομέω	4.I; 13.22.
Koinwni	χοινωνέω	75.20; KWINWNIN 106.28.
кодусіс	χόλασις	75.19; 88.16.
коуи	χωλύω	132.17; кшхін 113.6.
коддарион	collarium	78.16.
кодумвнөрд	κολομβήθρα	84.26; кодумвитра 85.10.
корумфеос	χορυφαΐος	61.6.
KOCMOC	χόσμος	3.8; 6.12; 9.16; 10.11; 12.22;

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
		13.15; 24.21; 25.25; 26.16; 48.28;
		51.17;55.25;90.19;97.6;106.25;
		107.6; 121.11; 128.25.
космікой	κοσμικόν	108.18.
KOCMHCIC	χόσμησις	26.15; 104.10; 106.21; 121.28.
κογλατωρ	curator	104.16; 1065; 107.3; 108.5;
		109.25.
кранион	χρανίον	131.22.
крісіс	κρίσις	97.1; 118.19.
крітне	χριτής	15.25.
κγιωτος	χιβωτός	2.21; 3.11; 13.16; 54.19; 58.11.
күөлрл	χιθάρα	16.11; 94.1.
күрі	χύριος	39.19; 43.7; 45.21; 103.23.
күрілки	χυριαχή	18.21; 63.8; 64.25.
κγριξ	ξυηρυξ	84.12.
λаккос	λάχχος	18.7.
λампас	λαμπάς	115.22.
λλος	λαός	15.17; 17.4; 26.26; 33.9; 55.11;
		60.21; 61.15; 95.26; 111.18;
		114.19.
λεπτον	λεπτόν	5 2.5.
yourchoc	λογισμός	107.10.
λοιος	λόγος	2 .6; 5 .13; 60 .23; 61 .13; 63 1;
		95.7; 96.14; 97.12; 132.22.
богхн	λόγχη	89 .8.
λοιποн	λοιπόν	73.9; 74.2; 81.28; 80.10; 89.25;
		90.16; 97.4; 100.5; 103.19;
		104.15; 115.26; 113.25; 117.19;
		120.7; 135.2,
λγмни	λιμήν	3.1; 98.2.

Coptic.	Greck etc.	Passages.
λγмин		3.1; 84.28; 85.8; 100.11; 111.3;
		112.14.
λγхнікон	λυχνικόν	66.26.
МАӨНТНС	μαθητής	65.8; 109.6.
макаріа	μαχαρία	28.21; 32.2; 129.2.
макарісмос	μαχαρισμός	52.7; 115.21.
макаріос	μαχάριος	93.8; 103.5; 104.17; 105.20;
		106.27; 110.11; 115.20; 116.20;
		117.23; 124.20; 126.27; 127.1;
		130.16.
махиста	μάλιστα	4.7; 21.25; 34.15; 39.28; 122.18.
маууон	μᾶλλον	117.15; 133.6.
ΜΑΠΠΑ	μάππα	83.12.
	μαργαρίτης	115.11.
мартүріл	μαρτυρία	19.27.
мартүрөс	μάρτυρος	19.20; 61.4; 65.21; 88.22.
махера	μάχαιρα	14.15.
медрітис	μετρητής	41.14.
мейетан	μελετάω	133.27.
MEN	μέν	119.1.
мерос	μέρος	34.22; 113.28.
MECITHC	μεσίτης	8.18.
METANOIA	μετάνοια	54.12.
метрои	μέτρον	134.25.
этопніч	μήποτε	2.18; 3.12; 20.11; 21.22; 25.12;
		29.22; 30.16; 32.13; 46.13.
мипшс	μήπως	3.10; 69.6; 116.26; 121.13.
MHTE	μήτε	31.24.
МОНАХН	μοναχή	120.20; ΝΟΥΝΑΧΗ 101.26;
	,	102.5; 103.13; 106.17; 107.25.
MOYNAXOC	μοναχός	88.7.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
моүнастн-	μοναστήριον	
рюн		133.21.
MONON	μόνον	106.20.
морфн	μορφή	110.3; 112 27.
моүсікон	μουσιχόν	94.1.
мүстнрюи	μυστήριον	26.27; 33.27; 42.20; 72.5; 86.9;
		90.24.
инсос	งที่ <mark>ฮ</mark> อร์	14 25; 93.2; 95.25; 96.25;
		125.20; 129.24; 130.11; 133.3;
		134.2.
минои	νόημα	95.11.
NOMICMA	νόμισμα	67.25.
номос	νόμος	108.21.
ноус	νόος	95.13.
иүмфии	νυμφιάω	59.21.
откономіў	οἰχονομία	66.23.
OIKOHOMIN	οἰχονομέω	
01К0И0И0С	οἰχονόμος	
откоуменн	οἰχουμένη	115.24; 133.6.
оуосірікон	δλοσηρικόν	85.13.
омохогін	όμολογέω	108.4; 124.7.
омооустос	δμοούσιος	10.25; 61.19; 91.3.
орөгиои	. 6.10. 6	67.2.
орөододос	δρθόδοξος	xi.8
орфанос	ορφανός	23.4; 27.2; 72.22; 90.2.
ογδε	oပဲဝိ င်	4.3; 10.6; 13.20; 32.26; 37.5;
		42.17; 46.27; 86.5; 105.22;
	*	108.18; 118.14; 122.3.
оγи	oบัง (C	1.17.
ПАӨОС	πάθος	118.12.
падеа	παλαιά	89.24.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
пахін	πάλιν	23.22; 53.28; 119.7.
пахатион	παλάτιον	134.8; παλλατιοπ 6.20; 84.2;
		104.8; 106.22; 134.22; Πλλλλ-
		Δ10N II.II.
пантократфр	παντοχράτωρ	100.15; 105.17; 115.27; 132.12.
Πλητως	πάντως	64.10.
пара	παρά	101.18; 104.2; 131.24.
паравасис	παράβασις	54.13; 69.11.
паравени	παραβιάζομαι	11.25; 106.26; 108.24; Плрл-
		BANIN III.23.
параводн	παραβολή	93.19.
парабісос	παράδεισος	11.25; 111.25.
паравнкн	παραθήχη	98.5; 100.17.
параноніа	παρανομία	112.3.
параномос	παράνομος	18.17.
пареенос	παρθένος	55.21; 60.24; 84.21; 90.20;
		95.1; 96.10; 101.28; 102.5.
пароусіа	παρουσία	63.4; 83.19; 126.5.
парриста	παρρησία	8.16; 21.1; 24.22; 60 7.
патріархис	πατριάχης	5.27; 13.26; 14.20; 61.4; 63.1.
патрікіос	πατρίχιος	75.9; 76.17.
педууон	πέταλον	99.7.
педагос	πέλαγος	2.19; 58.8; 119.5.
пірадін	πειράω	121.8; 124.9.
прасмос	πειρασμός	77.19.
πιστεγιν	πιστεύω	59.25; 115.25.
пістос	πιστός	31.22; 36.18; 39.7; 68.12.
платіа	πλατεῖα	77.26.
пуни	πλήν	9.21; 24.8; 33.24; 51.26; 53.26;
		57.12; 58.22; 68.4; 73.18; 97.23;
		100.3; 120.13.

Coptic.	Greek etc.	Passages.
пуньофорги	πληροφορέω	97.24.
поуемос	πόλεμος	48.1.
πολις	πόλις	66.13; 67.6; 68.20; 69.4; 70.7;
		72.15; 73.8; 74.5; 78.2; 80.2;
		80.28; 83.21; 84.3; 85.1; 87.8;
		123.6; 125.17; 133.25.
поинріл	πονηρία	78.10.
порніх	πορνεία	22.21; 89.12; 112.18.
потнрион	ποτήριον	2.8; 83.11.
прагматіа	πραγματεία	66.8.
прагматеу-	πραγματευ-	
THC	τής	63.12; 66.5; 67.13; 68.14; 69.14;
		71.25; 72.10.
прадіс	πρᾶξις	72.25; 83.15.
препі	πρέπω	20.10; 26.25; 40.27; 90.22;
		91.I.
пресвели	πρεσβεύω	6.19;30.2;57.21;60.11;peqep-
	0 (πρεσεγιν 4.21; 56.4; 59.17.
пресветтно	πρεσβευτής	88.27.
пресвіх	πρεσβεία	60.25.
пресвутерос	πρεσβύτερος	83.8; 85.23; 88.10; 126.19;
	1	127.15.
прета	praeda	74.6; 75.15; 76.8.
προδομάρτη-	προτομάρτυ-	
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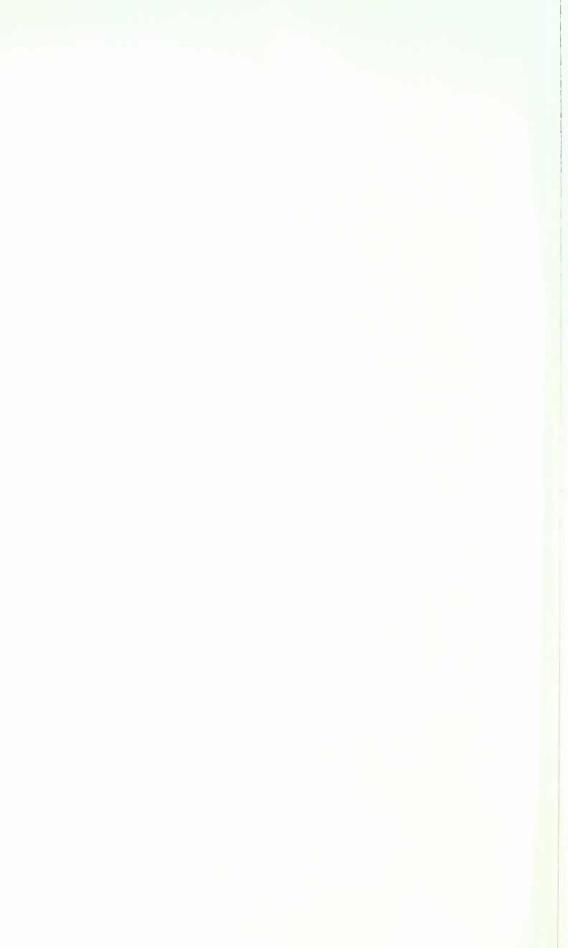
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